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1 Basic Test Results

```
Running...
1
    Opening tar file
   Makefile
   PitPlugger.c
4
   RadiusReader.c
   Draw2DCharArray.c
   OK
8
   Tar extracted O.K.
   Checking files...
9
10
   OK
   Making sure files are not empty...
11
12
   Importing files
   OK
14
   Compilation check...
15
   Compiling...
16
   gcc -Wall -c Draw2DCharArray.c
17
    gcc -Wall -c DrawArrayDriver.c
   gcc -Wall Draw2DCharArray.c DrawArrayDriver.c -o DrawArrayDriver
19
20
21
    gcc -Wall Draw2DCharArray.c PitPlugger.c RadiusReader.c -o PitPlugger
22
23
24
   Compilation went without errors, BUT you must check to see if you got warnings!!!
   Check some inputs:
25
26
   Running test...
27
28
29
   _____
30
   = Checking coding style =
31
32
    ** Total Violated Rules
33
   ** Total Errors Occurs
34
   ** Total Violated Files Count: 0
```

2 Draw2DCharArray.c

```
2
     * Draw2DCharArray.c
3
     * Created on: Jul 29, 2014
           Author: roeia1
5
6
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include "Draw2DCharArray.h"
8
9
10
    * Initialize the given char array to be filled with space (' ') characters.
11
12
    void initializeArray(char arr[ROWS][COLS])
13
14
15
         int currRow;
        for (currRow = 0; currRow < ROWS; currRow++)</pre>
16
17
18
             int currCol;
             for (currCol = 0; currCol < COLS; currCol++)</pre>
19
20
21
                 arr[currRow][currCol] = ' ';
22
        }
23
    }
24
25
26
     * Draw the char array on the screen.
27
28
     * After each row go down a line (' \ n').
     * Stop drawing when a nul character ('\0') is met.
29
30
31
    void drawArray(char arr[ROWS][COLS])
32
33
        char flag = 0;
34
        int currRow;
        for (currRow = 0; currRow < ROWS; currRow++)</pre>
35
36
37
             for (currCol = 0; currCol < COLS; currCol++)</pre>
38
39
                 if (arr[currRow][currCol] == '\0')
40
41
                     flag = 1;
42
43
                     break;
44
                 printf("%c", arr[currRow][currCol]);
45
             }
46
47
             if (flag == 1)
48
             {
49
                 break;
50
             printf("\n");
51
        }
52
53 }
```

3 Makefile

```
TARGETS = DrawArrayDriver PitPlugger
1
2
    C = gcc
   FLAGS = -Wall
3
   LOCATION = /cs/course/2014/slabc/public/ex2/inputOutput/
4
    PITFILE = pit_radius_1.in
   STONEFILE = stone_radius_1.in
6
    EXPECTED = map_pit_1_stone_1.out
8
    RESULT = my_map_pit_stone.out
9
10
    DrawArrayDriver: DrawArrayDriver.o Draw2DCharArray.o
        $(C) $(FLAGS) Draw2DCharArray.c DrawArrayDriver.c -o DrawArrayDriver
11
12
    PitPlugger: Draw2DCharArray.c PitPlugger.c RadiusReader.c
13
        $(C) $(FLAGS) Draw2DCharArray.c PitPlugger.c RadiusReader.c -o PitPlugger
14
15
    all: $(TARGETS)
16
17
18
        tar cvf ex2.tar Makefile PitPlugger.c RadiusReader.c Draw2DCharArray.c
19
20
21
    PitPlugger.o: PitPlugger.c RadiusReader.h Draw2DCharArray.h
        $(C) $(FLAGS) -c PitPlugger.c
22
23
24
    Draw2DCharArray.o: Draw2DCharArray.c Draw2DCharArray.h
        $(C) $(FLAGS) -c Draw2DCharArray.c
25
26
27
    DrawArrayDriver.o: Draw2DCharArray.o DrawArrayDriver.c
        $(C) $(FLAGS) -c DrawArrayDriver.c
28
29
    test1: PitPlugger
30
        rm $(RESULT) -f
31
        PitPlugger $(LOCATION)$(PITFILE) $(LOCATION)$(STONEFILE) > $(RESULT)
32
        diff $(RESULT) $(LOCATION)$(EXPECTED)
33
34
    clean:
35
       rm -f *.o
36
37
   .PHONY: all tar test1 clean
38
```

4 PitPlugger.c

```
* PitPlugger.c
2
3
     * Created on: Jul 30, 2014
           Author: roeia1
5
6
   #include <stdio.h>
9
    #include <stdlib.h>
   #include "Draw2DCharArray.h"
10
11 #include "RadiusReader.h"
13 #define TRUE 1
14 #define FALSE 0
15
    #define NUM_OF_FILES 2
   #define NUM_OF_ARGUMETNS NUM_OF_FILES + 1
16
17
   #define PIT_LOCATION O
   #define STONE_LOCATION 1
18
   #define NUMBER_OF_DOTS 3
19
   #define ROOF_STONES 1
    #define FIRST_LEVEL 0
21
    #define MIN(a, b) (((a) < (b)) ? (a) : (b))
22
   #define EMPTY_SIGN ' '
   #define STONE_SIGN '-'
24
   #define GROUND_SIGN '*'
25
   #define FLOOR_SIGN '+'
26
27
28
    * Printing a message indicates the status of the pit.
29
30
     * This method getting an array representing the stone in each level, and array containing the
31
     * depth of the pit and the number of stones.
32
33
     * It is calculating the sum of the follows:
     * -Levels left open
34
     * -Stones thrown to pit
35
36
     * Printing the information in a detailed message.
37
     * {\it Qparam\ stonesInPit\ -\ An\ array\ representing\ stone\ in\ each\ level.}
38
     * Oparam numOfLines - An array containing the number of lines of each file.
40
41
    void printResultMessage(unsigned int const* stonesInPit, unsigned int const* pit,
                            unsigned int const* numOfLines)
42
43
44
        char isBlocked = FALSE;
        int openPits = 0;
45
46
        int stonesUsed = 0;
47
        // Checking if the first level of the pit is 0
48
49
        if (pit[0] == 0)
50
            isBlocked = TRUE;
51
        }
52
53
        else
54
             // Calculating how many stones was used
            for (currPit = 0; currPit < numOfLines[PIT_LOCATION] + ROOF_STONES; currPit++)</pre>
56
57
                 if (stonesInPit[currPit] != 0)
58
59
```

```
60
                      stonesUsed++;
                  }
 61
              }
 62
              // Checking if the pit is blocked
 63
              currPit = 0;
 64
              while ((currPit < ROOF_STONES + 1) && (isBlocked == FALSE))</pre>
 65
 66
              {
                  if (stonesInPit[currPit] != 0)
 67
 68
                  {
                      isBlocked = TRUE;
 69
                  }
 70
 71
                  currPit++;
              }
 72
         }
 73
 74
          if (isBlocked == TRUE)
 75
 76
              printf("Hurrah!! You have successfully plugged that pit ;)\n");
 77
 78
         else
 79
          {
              printf("Oy Vey!! The pit is still open, what will we do now? :(\n");
 80
              currPit = ROOF_STONES;
 81
              while ((currPit < numOfLines[PIT_LOCATION] + ROOF_STONES) && (stonesInPit[currPit] == 0) &&
 82
                     (pit[currPit-ROOF_STONES] != 0))
 83
 84
 85
                  openPits++;
                  currPit++:
 86
              }
 87
         }
 88
 89
         printf("This pit is %d levels deep, of which %d levels remain open.\n", \
 90
                  numOfLines[PIT_LOCATION], openPits);
          printf("We had %d stones and threw %d of them into the pit.\n\n", numOfLines[STONE_LOCATION],
 91
 92
                  stonesUsed);
 93
     }
 94
 95
      * Dividing a number by 2 and round up.
 96
 97
       * @param dividend - The number to divide by 2.
 98
      * Oreturn The result of the division.
 99
100
     int divTwoRoundUp(int const dividend)
101
102
103
          return (dividend + 1) / 2;
     }
104
105
106
      * Inserting a given char number of times to the matrix in a row.
107
108
      * Oparam pitMatrixLine - The line in the matrix to insert the char.
109
      * Oparam numOfChars - The number of times to insert the char.
110
111
       st @param charToPlace - The char to insert.
112
       * @param currCell - Pointer to the number representing the cell in the line from there the char
                              will be inserted.
113
114
     void insertChars(char* pitMatrixLine, int const numOfChars, char const charToPlace,
115
116
                       int* const currCell)
117
         int currCharNum:
118
119
          for (currCharNum = 0; currCharNum < numOfChars; currCharNum++)</pre>
120
121
              pitMatrixLine[*currCell + currCharNum] = charToPlace;
122
          *currCell += numOfChars;
123
     }
124
125
126
127
      * Calculating the pit status after throwing the stones to block it.
```

```
128
129
      * For each stone, while the pit isn't blocked, the method checks if the stone radius isn't bigger
      * then the pit level radius till the last level that is still open.
130
131
       * Complexity:
132
      * M - the number of stones.
133
       * N - the number of levels in the pit.
134
      * The first loop will run O(N). (will run on all the levels)
135
136
      * If M = N or M < N then the second loop will run O(M*N):
       * The internal loop will run O(N) and the outer loop will run O(M).
137
      * If M > N then the second loop will run O(N*N):
138
139
       * The internal loop will run O(N) and the outer loop will run O(N) too because the maximum stones
140
       * that will take to plug an N size pit would be N stones.
       * The memory usage will be O(MAX_DEPTH) because this is the maximum size in this program that
141
142
       * being stored, an array in this size.
143
144
      * Oparam pit - An array representing the radius of each level in the pit.
       * Oparam stones - An array representing the radius of each stone.
145
       st Oparam stonesInPit - The array being created (the pit status), the stone radius in each level
146
147
                                 in the pit.
      * Oparam numOfLines - An array containing the number of lines of each file.
148
149
     void stonesToPit(unsigned int const* pit, unsigned int const* stones, unsigned int* stonesInPit,
150
                       unsigned int const numOfLines[NUM_OF_FILES])
151
152
153
          char isBlocked = FALSE;
          int currPit = 0;
154
155
          int currStone = 0;
          int currBlock;
156
157
          // Searching the first block of the pit
158
          while (currPit < numOfLines[PIT_LOCATION] && pit[currPit] != 0)</pre>
159
160
              currPit++;
161
         currBlock = currPit:
162
163
          if (currBlock == FIRST_LEVEL)
164
              isBlocked = TRUE;
165
         }
166
          while ((currStone < numOfLines[STONE_LOCATION]) && (isBlocked == FALSE))
167
168
169
              while ((currPit < currBlock) && (stones[currStone] <= pit[currPit]))</pre>
170
171
                  currPit++:
172
              }
173
174
              stonesInPit[currPit] = stones[currStone];
              if (currPit < ROOF_STONES + 1)</pre>
175
176
              {
                  isBlocked = TRUE;
177
178
179
              currBlock = currPit - 1;
180
              currStone++;
181
     }
182
183
184
185
      * Initialize an array with 0.
186
187
      * Oparam array - The array being initialized.
       * @param arraySize - The size of the array.
188
189
     void initArray(unsigned int* array, unsigned int const arraySize)
190
191
192
          int currCell:
          for (currCell = 0; currCell < arraySize; currCell++)</pre>
193
194
195
              array[currCell] = 0;
```

```
196
         }
     }
197
198
199
      * Creating a matrix of chars representing the pit status.
200
201
       * Oparam pitMatrix - The matrix being created representing the result, the pit status.
202
       * Oparam pit - An array representing the radius of each level in the pit.
203
204
       * @param stonesInPit - An array representing the result (the pit status), the stone radius in each
                                 level in the pit.
205
      \ast Cparam numOfLines - An array containing the number of lines of each file.
206
207
     void createPitMatrix(char pitMatrix[ROWS][COLS], unsigned int const* pit,
208
                           unsigned int const* stonesInPit, unsigned int const numOfLines[NUM_OF_FILES])
209
210
     {
          int currLine = 0:
211
          int pitsToPrint = MIN(ROWS, numOfLines[PIT_LOCATION]);
212
213
          int currCell;
         int stoneSize:
214
          int currStone;
215
         for (currStone = 0; currStone < ROOF_STONES; currStone++)</pre>
216
217
              stoneSize = stonesInPit[currStone];
218
              if (stoneSize != 0)
219
220
              {
221
                  if (stoneSize > COLS)
222
223
                      stoneSize = COLS;
                  }
224
225
                  currCell = 0;
226
                  insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], (COLS-stoneSize) / 2, EMPTY_SIGN, &currCell);
                  insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], stoneSize, STONE_SIGN, &currCell);
227
228
                  insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], divTwoRoundUp(COLS - stoneSize), EMPTY_SIGN,
229
                              &currCell);
                  currLine++;
230
231
              }
232
         }
233
          char pitBiggerThenCols;
          int currPit;
234
         for (currPit = 0; currPit < pitsToPrint; currLine++, currPit++, currStone++)</pre>
235
236
237
              int pitSize = pit[currPit];
              stoneSize = stonesInPit[currStone];
238
239
              pitBiggerThenCols = 0;
              currCell = 0;
240
241
              if (pitSize > COLS)
242
              {
                  pitSize = COLS;
243
244
                  pitBiggerThenCols = 1;
245
              if (stoneSize > COLS)
246
247
              {
248
                  stoneSize = COLS;
249
              }
              insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], (COLS - pitSize) / 2, GROUND_SIGN, &currCell);
250
              insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], (COLS - stoneSize) / 2 - currCell, EMPTY_SIGN, &currCell);
251
              insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], stoneSize, STONE_SIGN, &currCell);
252
253
              insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine],
                          divTwoRoundUp(COLS - stoneSize) - divTwoRoundUp(COLS - pitSize), EMPTY_SIGN,
254
255
                          &currCell);
              insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], divTwoRoundUp(COLS - pitSize), GROUND_SIGN, &currCell);
256
257
              if (pitBiggerThenCols == 1)
258
                  currCell = 0;
259
                  insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], NUMBER_OF_DOTS, '.', &currCell);
260
                  currCell = COLS - NUMBER_OF_DOTS;
261
                  insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], NUMBER_OF_DOTS, '.', &currCell);
262
              }
263
```

```
264
         }
265
         if (pitsToPrint < ROWS)</pre>
266
              currCell = 0;
267
              insertChars(pitMatrix[currLine], COLS, FLOOR_SIGN, &currCell);
268
269
     }
270
271
272
      * Getting the data from the files.
273
274
275
      * Oparam argc - The number of arguments received in the main.
       * Oparam argu - The array of the arguments received in the main.
276
       * Oparam filesData - An array that will contain the data from the files.
277
278
       * Oparam numOfLines - An array containing the number of lines of each file.
279
280
     int getDataFromFiles(int const argc, char* argv[],
                           unsigned int filesData[NUM_OF_FILES][MAX_DEPTH],
281
                           unsigned int numOfLines[NUM_OF_FILES])
282
283
284
          if (argc != NUM_OF_ARGUMETNS)
285
              printf("Usage: PitPlugger <Pit Radius input file> <Stone Radius input file>\n");
286
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
287
288
289
          int currFileNum;
         for (currFileNum = 0; currFileNum < NUM_OF_FILES; currFileNum++)</pre>
290
291
              FILE* currFile = fopen(argv[currFileNum + 1], "r");
292
              if (currFile == NULL)
293
294
                  printf("Unable to open file %s.\n", argv[currFileNum]);
295
                  return EXIT_FAILURE;
296
297
              numOfLines[currFileNum] = readVector(currFile, filesData[currFileNum]);
298
299
              fclose(currFile);
300
          return EXIT_SUCCESS;
301
     }
302
303
304
     int main(int argc, char* argv[])
305
         unsigned int filesData[NUM_OF_FILES][MAX_DEPTH];
306
307
          unsigned int numOfLines[NUM_OF_FILES];
          if (getDataFromFiles(argc, argv, filesData, numOfLines) == EXIT_FAILURE)
308
309
310
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
         }
311
         unsigned int stonesInPit[numOfLines[PIT_LOCATION] + ROOF_STONES];
312
          initArray(stonesInPit, numOfLines[PIT_LOCATION] + ROOF_STONES);
313
          stonesToPit(filesData[PIT_LOCATION], filesData[STONE_LOCATION], stonesInPit, numOfLines);
314
315
          char pitMatrix[ROWS][COLS];
316
         printResultMessage(stonesInPit, filesData[PIT_LOCATION], numOfLines);
317
          createPitMatrix(pitMatrix, filesData[PIT_LOCATION], stonesInPit, numOfLines);
          drawArray(pitMatrix);
318
         return EXIT_SUCCESS;
319
     }
320
```

5 RadiusReader.c

```
2
     * RadiusReader.c
3
     * Created on: Jul 29, 2014
4
5
           Author: roeia1
6
   #include <stdio.h>
    #include "RadiusReader.h"
8
9
10
    * Read a vector of unsigned ints from a given FILE
11
    * each line contains a single unsigned integer
12
    * @return number of lines read
14
    unsigned int readVector(FILE* file, unsigned int vec[MAX_DEPTH])
15
16
        int currLine = 0;
17
        while ((readSingleUInt(file, &vec[currLine]) == SUCC_CODE) && (currLine < MAX_DEPTH))
18
19
            currLine++:
20
21
        return currLine;
22
    }
23
24
25
    * Read a single unsigned int from a given FILE
26
27
     * each line contains a single unsigned integer
    * @return SUCC_CODE iff successful, FAIL_CODE otherwise
28
29
    int readSingleUInt(FILE* file, unsigned int* val)
30
31
        if (fscanf(file, "u", val) == 1)
33
            return SUCC_CODE;
34
35
        return FAIL_CODE;
36
    }
37
```