### Git Gud!

### Merge and Rebase

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## Merge

- merge --no-commit
- merge --abort

### Rebase

Conceptually: "Moves" a branch to a new location

#### Actually:

- Does not actually move anything
- Makes new commits based on the old ones
- Asks you to intervene when automatic resolution is not possible

### Interactive Rebase

git rebase -i - Clean up your commit's while rebasing.

```
pick 121bce7 Add basic logging
# Rebase 28a42e2..121bce7 onto 28a42e2 (1 command)
# Commands:
  p, pick <commit> = use commit
# r, reword <commit> = use commit, but edit the commit message
  e, edit <commit> = use commit, but stop for amending
  s, squash <commit> = use commit, but meld into previous commit
  f, fixup [-C | -c] <commit> = like "squash" but keep only the previous
                     commit's log message, unless -C is used, in which case
                     keep only this commit's message; -c is same as -C but
                     opens the editor
```

## **History alteration**

```
workshop-git on pmain ↑1 ↓1

• → git status
On branch main
Your branch and 'origin/main' have diverged,
and have 1 and 1 different commits each, respectively.
   (use "git pull" to merge the remote branch into yours)
nothing to commit, working tree clean
```

Your local changes can not be pushed in the normal way since they differ from the remote. They can even possibly miss meaningful changes.

- push --force to the rescue
- push --force-with-lease

# Merge conflict

#### Git merge logic:

- Find "merge base" commit
- Create diffs for both branches
- Play both diffs
- Ask user when both diffs edit the same chunk differently

# Time for a lab