Temporary Tables:

- 1. **Booking** <u>booking id (PK)</u>, checkin_date, checkout_date, number_of_guests, room_price, coupon_percent, total_price, payment_status, booking_date, type_of_booking, service_asked, room_num (FK), user_id (FK), coupon id (FK), employee id (FK).
- 2. Accounts payment id (PK), total_price, paid, due, payment_type, transaction_id, payment_date, booking_id (FK).
- 3. Coupon coupon id (PK), coupon code, coupon percent, is active, created at, employee id (FK).
- 4. Coupon Usage usage id (PK), used at, coupon id (FK), booking id (FK), employee id (FK).
- 5. Feedback feedback id (PK), feedback, date, user id (FK).
- 6. *Housekeeping_History* <u>housekeeping_id_(PK)</u>, date, type_of_service, issue_report, cleaner_feedback, room_num_(FK), employee_id_(FK), supervisor_employee_id_(FK), booking_id_(FK).
- 7. *Inventory* <u>serial id (PK)</u>, item_name, quantity, issued, returned, used, date, ordered, order_price, employee id (FK).
- 8. *Employee* <u>employee id (PK)</u>, name, role, phone, nid, hire_date, status.
- 9. Management management id (PK), email, password, last login, employee_id (FK).
- 10. *Reservation* <u>reservation_id_(PK)</u>, checkin_date, checkout_date, number_of_guests, room_price, booking_date, type_of_booking, used_id (FK), room_num (FK).
- 11. *Restaurant_History* <u>order_id (PK)</u>, quantity, food_price, order_date, booking_id (FK), food_id (FK), employee_id (FK).
- 12. *Restaurant* <u>food id (PK)</u>, item_name, item_price, food_type, description, availability.
- 13. *Room_Item* <u>item_id (PK)</u>, item_name, status, last_checked, issue_report, <u>room_num (FK)</u>, <u>employee_id (FK)</u>.
- 14. **Room** <u>room_num_(PK)</u>, floor, capacity, type, description, room_price, discount, room_status, housekeeping status.
- 15. Salary salary id (PK), amount, payment date, status, employee id (FK), paid by employee id (FK).
- 16. *Salary_History* <u>history id (PK)</u>, action_type, details, bonus, total_Salary, timestamp, **employee_id (FK)**, recorded_by_employee_id (FK), salary_id (FK).
- 17. *User user id (PK)*, name, email, password, phone, address, nid.

List of Modules

1. Admin Module:

2. Auth Module:

3. Billing Module:

4. Booking Module:

- i. **Booking booking id (PK)**, checkin_date, checkout_date, number_of_guests, room_price, coupon_percent, total_price, payment_status, booking_date, type_of_booking, service_asked, room_num (FK), user_id (FK), coupon_id (FK), employee_id (FK).
- ii. Accounts <u>payment_id (PK)</u>, total_price, paid, due, payment_type, transaction_id, payment_date, booking_id (FK).

5. Confirmation Module:

6. Coupon Module:

- i. Coupon coupon id (PK), coupon code, coupon percent, is active, created at, employee id (FK).
- ii. Coupon_Usage usage id (PK), used_at, coupon_id (FK), booking_id (FK), employee_id (FK).

7. Feedback Module:

i. Feedback - feedback id (PK), feedback, date, user_id (FK).

8. Housekeeping Module:

i. *Housekeeping_History* – <u>housekeeping_id_(PK)</u>, date, type_of_service, issue_report, cleaner_feedback, room_num (FK), employee_id (FK), supervisor_employee_id (FK), booking_id (FK).

9. Inventory Module:

i. *Inventory* – <u>serial_id (PK)</u>, item_name, quantity, issued, returned, used, date, ordered, order_price, employee id (FK).

10. Management Module:

- i. *Employee* <u>employee id (PK)</u>, name, role, phone, nid, hire_date, status.
- ii. *Management* <u>management id (PK)</u>, email, password, last_login, employee_id (FK).

11. Reservation Module:

i. **Reservation** – <u>reservation id (PK)</u>, checkin_date, checkout_date, number_of_guests, room_price, booking date, type of booking, **used id (FK)**, **room num (FK)**.

12. Restaurant Module:

- i. Restaurant_History order_id (PK), quantity, food_price, order_date, booking_id (FK), food_id (FK), employee id (FK).
- ii. Restaurant food id (PK), item name, item price, food type, description, availability.

13. Room Module:

i. *Room_Item* - <u>item_id (PK)</u>, item_name, status, last_checked, issue_report, room_num (FK), employee id (FK).

ii. **Room** – **room_num (PK)**, floor, capacity, type, description, room_price, discount, room_status, housekeeping status.

14. Salary Module:

- i. Salary salary id (PK), amount, payment_date, status, employee_id (FK), paid_by_employee_id (FK).
- ii. Salary_History history id (PK), action_type, details, bonus, total_Salary, timestamp, employee_id (FK), recorded_by_employee_id (FK), salary_id (FK).

15.User Module:

i. *User – user id (PK)*, name, email, password, phone, address, nid.

List of Module-wise Functional Requirements

Auth Module

The Auth Module handles authentication and authorization for staff and customers, supporting role-based access control (RBAC) as required for the admin to grant page access.

- Staff Authentication: Staff log in using email and password from the Management table. The system uses secure password hashing (e.g., bcrypt) and provides password reset via email. Example: A manager logs in to access the admin dashboard.
- **Customer Authentication**: Customers log in using email and password from the User table, with similar security measures. Example: A guest logs in to view bookings.
- **Session Management**: The system maintains user sessions using JWT tokens, allowing logout to end sessions. Example: A staff member logs out after their shift.
- Role-Based Access Control (RBAC): Access is restricted based on roles in the Employee table (e.g., manager, receptionist). Example: Only managers access the Admin Module.
- **Permission Management**: The admin assigns permissions to roles for accessing modules or pages, such as the restaurant page. Example: The admin grants 'view_restaurant' permission to staff.

Admin Module

The Admin Module provides the admin with master control over the system, including user management and reporting.

- **Dashboard**: Displays real-time metrics like occupancy rates, daily check-ins/check-outs, and revenue summaries, aggregated from Booking and Accounts tables. Example: Shows 80% occupancy today.
- **User Management**: Allows CRUD operations on staff (Employee, Management tables) and customer (User table) accounts. Example: The admin adds a new receptionist.
- Role and Permission Management: Defines roles and assigns permissions, possibly through a dynamic interface. Example: Grants 'manage bookings' to managers.
- **Reporting**: Generates reports on bookings, revenue, and staff performance using queries across multiple tables. Example: A monthly revenue report from Accounts.
- **System Settings**: Configures settings like tax rates or hotel policies, if stored in the database. Example: Sets a 5% service tax.

Billing Module

The Billing Module manages payments for bookings, integrating with the Accounts table.

- **Record Payment**: Logs payments with details like amount, payment type (cash, card), and transaction ID. Example: Records a \$100 card payment.
- **View Payment History**: Displays all payments for a booking, showing total paid and due amounts. Example: Shows \$200 paid of \$300 total.
- Calculate Due Amount: Computes dues as total_price minus paid amounts. Example: \$100 due after \$200 payment.

- **Support Multiple Payment Types**: Handles various payment methods. Example: Accepts online payments with transaction IDs.
- **Generate Invoices/Receipts**: Creates printable invoices or receipts. Example: Generates a receipt for a \$200 payment.
- Update Booking Payment Status: Updates payment_status in the Booking table (e.g., 'paid' if fully paid). Example: Sets status to 'paid' after final payment.

Booking Module

The Booking Module handles room bookings, central to guest management, using the Booking table.

- Create Booking: Allows customers or staff to create bookings by selecting rooms, dates, guests, and services, checking availability. Example: Books room 101 for 3 nights.
- Check Room Availability: Queries the Booking table to find unbooked rooms for specified dates. Example: Shows room 101 available for May 10-12.
- **Apply Coupons**: Validates coupons from the Coupon table and applies discounts. Example: Applies a 10% discount coupon.
- Calculate Total Price: Computes cost as room_price * nights * (1 coupon_percent/100). Example: \$300 for 3 nights at \$100/night with 10% discount.
- **Record Booking Details**: Stores booking data, including user_id, room_num, and service_asked. Example: Records breakfast service request.
- Update Booking: Modifies bookings, rechecking availability. Example: Changes check-in date to May 11.
- Cancel Booking: Cancels bookings, possibly with fees. Example: Cancels a booking with a \$50 fee.
- View Booking History: Displays past and upcoming bookings. Example: Shows a guest's bookings for 2025.
- Manage Booking Status: Handles statuses via type_of_booking (e.g., confirmed, pending). Example: Sets booking to 'confirmed' after payment.
- Request Additional Services: Records extra services in service asked. Example: Adds airport pickup request.

Confirmation Module

The Confirmation Module ensures guests receive booking confirmations.

- Generate Confirmation: Creates unique confirmation codes for bookings or reservations. Example: Generates code HM12345.
- **Send Confirmation**: Sends emails or SMS with booking details. Example: Emails confirmation for a May 10 booking.
- View Confirmation: Allows customers to view confirmation details. Example: Displays code and dates on the
 website.

Coupon Module

The Coupon Module manages discount coupons, supporting the Coupon and Coupon Usage tables.

- Create Coupon: Staff create coupons with codes, percentages, and status. Example: Creates a 20% off coupon.
- Update Coupon: Modifies or deactivates coupons. Example: Deactivates an expired coupon.
- **Delete Coupon**: Removes coupons. Example: Deletes an unused coupon.

- List Coupons: Displays all coupons. Example: Shows active and inactive coupons.
- Apply Coupon to Booking: Validates and applies coupons. Example: Applies a 15% discount during booking.
- Record Coupon Usage: Logs usage in Coupon Usage. Example: Records coupon use for booking ID 100.
- View Coupon Usage: Reports coupon usage. Example: Shows 50 uses of a coupon.

Feedback Module

The Feedback Module collects customer feedback using the Feedback table.

- Submit Feedback: Customers submit text feedback. Example: A guest submits a review of their stay.
- View Feedback: Staff view feedback, filtered by date or user. Example: Shows all feedback from May 2025.

Housekeeping Module

The Housekeeping Module tracks room cleaning and maintenance, using the Housekeeping History table.

- **Record Housekeeping Service**: Logs service details like type (cleaning, maintenance) and issues. Example: Records room 101 cleaned on May 10.
- View Housekeeping History: Displays service history. Example: Shows cleaning records for room 101.
- **Report Issues**: Records issues found. Example: Notes a broken lamp in room 101.
- **Update Room Housekeeping Status**: Updates housekeeping_status in the Room table. Example: Sets room 101 to 'clean'.

Inventory Module

The Inventory Module manages hotel supplies, using the Inventory table.

- Add Inventory Item: Adds items with quantities. Example: Adds 100 towels.
- Update Inventory: Modifies quantities or details. Example: Updates towel quantity to 80.
- **Issue Items**: Records issuance to departments. Example: Issues 20 towels to housekeeping.
- **Return Items**: Logs returned items. Example: Records 10 towels returned.
- Track Usage: Calculates used items (issued returned). Example: Shows 10 towels used.
- Order Items: Records new orders. Example: Orders 50 towels at \$5 each.
- View Inventory Status: Displays current levels. Example: Shows 80 towels in stock.

Management Module

The Management Module handles staff management, using the Employee and Management tables.

- Manage Employees: Performs CRUD operations on employee records. Example: Adds a new housekeeper.
- Assign Login Credentials: Creates login accounts in the Management table. Example: Sets up a login for a manager.
- View Employee List: Displays employee details. Example: Shows all active staff.

Reservation Module

The Reservation Module manages preliminary room reservations, using the Reservation table. Reservations likely differ from bookings by not requiring immediate payment.

- **Create Reservation**: Allows reservations with room and date selection. Example: Reserves room 102 for May 15-17.
- Check Availability: Verifies room availability. Example: Confirms room 102 is free.
- Confirm Reservation: Sends confirmation. Example: Emails reservation details.
- **Convert to Booking**: Converts reservations to bookings upon check-in or payment. Example: Converts reservation to booking ID 101.
- Cancel Reservation: Cancels reservations. Example: Cancels a May 15 reservation.
- View Reservations: Displays upcoming reservations. Example: Shows all May reservations.

Restaurant Module

The Restaurant Module manages the new restaurant, using the Restaurant and Restaurant History tables.

- Manage Menu: Performs CRUD operations on menu items. Example: Adds a new pasta dish.
- Place Order: Allows orders linked to bookings. Example: Orders 2 pizzas for booking ID 100.
- **Record Order History**: Stores order details. Example: Records pizza order on May 10.
- Calculate Order Total: Computes order costs. Example: Calculates \$20 for 2 pizzas.
- View Order History: Displays past orders. Example: Shows all orders for booking ID 100.
- Integrate with Billing: Optionally adds charges to guest bills. Example: Adds \$20 to booking ID 100's bill.

Room Module

The Room Module manages rooms and their items, using the Room and Room Item tables.

- Manage Rooms: Maintains room records with type, price, and status. Example: Adds a new deluxe room.
- Manage Room Items: Tracks items like TVs, with status and checks. Example: Records TV in room 101.
- **Report Issues**: Logs item issues. Example: Notes a faulty TV.
- Update Room Status: Sets status (e.g., available). Example: Sets room 101 to 'occupied'.
- Update Housekeeping Status: Sets housekeeping status. Example: Sets room 101 to 'clean'.
- View Room List: Displays room statuses. Example: Shows all available rooms.

Salary Module

The Salary Module manages staff salaries, using the Salary and Salary History tables.

- Record Salary Payments: Logs payments. Example: Records \$1000 payment to employee ID 1.
- View Salary History: Displays payment history. Example: Shows all payments to employee ID 1.
- Manage Bonuses and Adjustments: Records bonuses. Example: Adds a \$200 bonus.
- Audit Trail: Maintains action records. Example: Logs a salary adjustment.

User Module

The User Module manages customer accounts, using the User table.

- Register User: Allows account creation. Example: A guest creates an account.
- Login: Authenticates customers. Example: Guest logs in to book a room.
- Update Profile: Enables profile updates. Example: Updates guest's phone number.

- View Booking History: Displays bookings. Example: Shows the guest's May booking.
- Manage Preferences: Sets preferences, if applicable. Example: Opts into newsletters.
- **Delete Account**: Allows account deletion. Example: Guest deletes their account.