

## A tiny word counter

We will build a minimal word counter and explain its parts.

The program runs in  $O(n)$  over the bytes of the input.

We assemble the final script in the chunk `<<wc.py>>=` by referring to named subchunks that we define later.

### wc.py

## Imports

### imports

```
import sys

from collections import Counter

from pathlib import Path

import argparse
```

## Argument parsing

### parse-args

```
def parse_args(argv=None):

    p = argparse.ArgumentParser(

        description="Count words in a file or stdin."

    )

    p.add_argument("file", nargs="?", help="Path to text file; default: stdin")

    p.add_argument("-n", "--top", type=int, default=10,

                    help="Show top-N words (default: 10)")

    return p.parse_args(argv)
```

## Counting logic

### count-words

```
def words_from_text(text: str):
```

```

# Very naive tokenization: split on whitespace and punctuation

# Lowercasing makes counts case-insensitive.

import re

for w in re.findall(r"[A-Za-z0-9]+", text.lower()):

    yield w


def count_words(stream) -> Counter:

    c = Counter()

    for line in stream:

        c.update(words_from_text(line))

    return c


Program entry point

main-guard

def main(argv=None):

    args = parse_args(argv)

    if args.file:

        data = Path(args.file).read_text(encoding="utf-8", errors="ignore")

        stream = data.splitlines(keepends=True)

    else:

        stream = sys.stdin

    counts = count_words(stream)

    for word, n in counts.most_common(args.top):

        print(f"{n:7d} {word}")


if __name__ == "__main__":

    main()

```