



# **Placement Empowerment Program**

## Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre

Day 06-Log File Monitor&Alert Script Create a script to monitor log files(e.g.,/var/log/syslog) In real-time and alert when specific keyword like "error"or "failed"appear

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## Introduction

In system administration, log monitoring is essential to **detect issues** in real-time. This Proof of Concept (PoC) uses Linux commands to track the system log file (/var/log/syslog) and alert the user when specific keywords are detected.

## **Overview**

This PoC demonstrates how to monitor Linux log files in real-time and trigger alerts when specific critical keywords such as "error", "failed", or "critical" appear.

Using a simple shell script with tools like **tail, grep, and echo**, system administrators can quickly detect abnormal system behavior and take immediate action. This solution is lightweight, efficient, and ideal for early detection of issues in production or development environments.

### **Key steps in this PoC:**

### **⊘Open Terminal**

Launch a terminal on your Linux system to begin the process.

### **⊘** Create the Monitoring Script

Use a text editor like nano to write a shell script (log\_monitor.sh) that monitors the system log file.

### **⊘** Use tail -f to Follow Logs

The script uses **tail -f /var/log/syslog** to track new log entries in real-time.

### **∀** Filter for Keywords

Pipe the log entries through grep to detect keywords like **error**, **failed**, **or critical** using case-insensitive matching.

### **⊘** Trigger Alerts

If a match is found, the script displays an alert message and the matched log line on the terminal.

### **⊘** Make the Script Executable

Change script permissions using **chmod** +**x** log\_monitor.sh.

### **∀** Run the Script

Start the log monitoring by executing the script (./log\_monitor.sh).

## **Objectives:**

### **⊘**Monitor System Logs in Real-Time

Continuously observe /var/log/syslog to detect system activity and issues as they happen.

## **Detect Critical Events Automatically**

Search for specific keywords such as "error", "failed", and "critical" that indicate potential problems.

### **∜Trigger Immediate Alerts**

Notify users instantly via console output whenever a critical log entry is found.

## **⊘** Implement Lightweight Automation

Use a simple shell script that runs efficiently without needing external tools or heavy monitoring solutions.

## **∀** Lay the Foundation for Advanced Monitoring

Establish a base that can be extended to send email alerts, system notifications, or integrate with monitoring tools like Nagios or Prometheus.

# **Importance:**

### **System Security & Stability Stability**

Real-time log monitoring helps detect unauthorized access, service failures, and system errors as soon as they occur.

### **⊘** Proactive Troubleshooting

By identifying critical keywords instantly, administrators can address issues before they escalate into bigger problems.

#### **⊘Time-Saving Automation**

Manual log checking is time-consuming. This script automates the process, increasing efficiency for system monitoring tasks.

#### **⊘Lightweight & Customizable**

Requires no third-party tools—runs with basic Linux utilities. It can also be customized for different log files or keywords.

#### **⊘** Scalable for Production Use

This basic setup serves as a foundation for building more advanced alerting systems (e.g., email, Slack, or cloud alerts).

# **Step-by-Step Overview**

Step 1:Open Terminal

Launch a terminal window on your Linux system.

Step 2:Create a Shell Script File

Create a new shell script named log\_monitor.sh:

rogini26@LAPTOP-H69F05A7:~\$ nano log\_monitor.sh

# Step 3:Write the Monitoring Script

In the nano editor, Paste the following code:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Log file to monitor
LOG_FILE="/var/log/syslog"

# Keywords to look for
KEYWORDS=("error" "failed")

# Function to check each line for keywords
check_keywords() {
    local line="$1"
    for keyword in "${KEYWORDS[@]}"; do
        if echo "$line" | grep -iq "$keyword"; then
            echo "ALERT: Found keyword '$keyword' in log:"
            echo "$line"
            fi
            done
}

# Monitor the log file in real-time
echo "# Monitoring $LOG_FILE for keywords: ${KEYWORDS[*]}"
tail -F "$LOG_FILE" | while read -r line; do
            check_keywords "$line"
done
```

## Step 4:Save and Exit

Press  $Ctrl + O \rightarrow Enter$  (to save)

Press Ctrl + X (to exit)

## Step 5: Make the Script Executable

Back in the terminal:

rogini26@LAPTOP-H69F05A7:~\$ chmod +x log\_monitor.sh

This gives the script permission to run as a program.

## Step 6: Run the Script with sudo

Since you're monitoring a protected system log file,run the script using:

rogini26@LAPTOP-H69F05A7:~\$ sudo ./log\_monitor.sh

You'll be promoted to enter your Linux password.

# Step 7:Script Starts Monitoring

Once running, you'll see:

```
rogini26@LAPTOP-H69F05A7:~$ sudo ./log_monitor.sh

Monitoring /var/log/syslog for keywords: error failed
```

This means it's actively watching the log file in real time.

# Step 8:Test the Script(Optional)

If nothing is appearing, you can simulate a log message by typing:

You should see output like:

rogini26@LAPTOP-H69F05A7:~\$ echo "This is a fake error message for testing" | sudo tee -a /var/log/syslog [sudo] password for rogini26: This is a fake error message for testing

## **Outcomes:**

### **Real-Time Log Monitoring**

You gain the ability to watch log files live and instantly detect system issues or failures.

#### **Automated Alerts**

Critical events containing keywords like error, failed, or critical are immediately flagged without manual log inspection.

### **⊘** Improved Troubleshooting Speed

Instant feedback helps reduce downtime by allowing you to act on issues as soon as they occur.

### **∀** Hands-on Shell Scripting Experience

Reinforces core Linux skills—especially in using tools like tail, grep, conditionals, and script automation.

### **Scalable for Production Environments**

Forms the base for future enhancements like sending email/SMS alerts, integrating with monitoring tools, or monitoring custom log files.