

ex show $L = \{w \in \{a,b\}^* : n_a(w) < n_b(w)\}$ is not regular.

Assume L is regular $\Rightarrow \forall s \in L, |s| \geq p$ (pos int),
 $s = xyz$ where $|xy| \leq p, |y| \geq 1 \Rightarrow s_i = xy^i z, \forall i \geq 0$
 $s_i \in L$.

let $s = a^p b^{p+1}$

since $|xy| \leq p, |y| \geq 1 \Rightarrow$

$y = a^k, 1 \leq k \leq p$

$s = \frac{a^k}{y} \frac{a^{p-k} b^{p+1}}{|y|}$

$s_i = a^{ki} a^{p-k} b^{p+1}$

let $i = 2$

$s_2 = a^{2k} a^{p-k} b^{p+1}$
 $= a^{p+k} b^{p+1}$

\Rightarrow since $k \geq 1 \Rightarrow n_a(s_2) \geq n_b(s_2)$

$\therefore s_2 \notin L \Rightarrow L$ is not regular!!

~~$s = b^p$~~
 ~~$s = a b^p$~~
 $s = a b^{p+1}$

aside [wrong]:

let $i = 0$

$s_0 = a^{k \cdot 0} a^{p-k} b^{p+1}$
 $= a^{p-k} b^{p+1}$

$\Rightarrow n_a(s_0) < n_b(s_0)$
 $s_0 \in L$

$y = a^k, 1 \leq k \leq p$
 $x = a^m, 0 \leq m \leq p-k$
 $z = a^{p-k-m} b^{p+1}$

$s = \frac{a^m}{x} \frac{a^k}{y} \frac{a^{p-k-m} b^{p+1}}{z}$

$s_i = a^m a^{ki} a^{p-k-m} b^{p+1} = a^{ki} a^{p-k-m+m} b^{p+1} = a^{ki} a^{p-k} b^{p+1}$

$\Rightarrow n_a(s_i) = a^{ki+p-k}$
 $n_b(s_i) = b^{p+1}$

let $i = 2$

$n_a(s_2) = a^{2k+p-k} = a^{p+k}$
 $n_b(s_2) = b^{p+1}$

show $L = \{ww^R : w \in \{a,b\}^*\}$ is not regular.

Assume L is regular $\Rightarrow \forall s \in L, |s| \geq p$ (pos int)
 $s = xyz \Rightarrow |xy| \leq p, |y| \geq 1$ and $s_i = xy^i z \in L$
 $\forall i \geq 0$.

let $s = a^p a^p$

$s \in L, |s| = 2p \geq p$

~~$y = a^k, 1 \leq k \leq p$~~

~~$s = a^k a^{p-k} a^p$~~

~~$s_i = a^{ki} a^{p-k} a^p$~~

let $i = 0$

~~$s_0 = a^{p-k} a^p$~~

$a^p \rightarrow a^{p-2} \quad a^p$
 ~~$a a a \dots a \mid a a a \dots a$~~
 $a^{p-1} \quad a^{p-1}$
 $\in L$

let $s = a^p b b a^p$

$s \in L, |s| = 2p+2 \geq p$

$y = a^k, 1 \leq k \leq p$ since $|xy| \leq p, |y| \geq 1$

$s = \frac{a^k}{y} \frac{a^{p-k} b b a^p}{|y|}$

$s_i = a^{ki} a^{p-k} b b a^p$

let $i = 0$

$s_0 = \underbrace{a^{p-k}}_w \underbrace{b b a^p}_{w^R}$ since $k \geq 1 \Rightarrow n_a(w) \neq n_a(w^R)$
 $\therefore s_0 \notin L$.

$\therefore L$ is not regular.

ex prove $L = \{a^n b^m : n \neq m\}$ is not regular

let $s = a^{p!} b^{(p+1)!}$

target! $n_a(s_i) = n_b(s_i) \therefore s_i \notin L$