

1. For the following matrix, decide which, if any, of the following vectors are eigenvectors and give the corresponding eigenvalue. (8 points)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 3 \\ 3 & -5 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

$$1 - 3 + 6 = 4$$

$$3 - 5 + 6 = 4$$

$$6 - 6 + 8 = 8$$

$$-1 + 6 = 5$$

$$-3 + 6 = 3$$

$$-1 - 3 + 9 = 5$$

$$-3 - 5 + 9 = 1$$

$$-3 + 3 = 0$$

$$-5 + 3 = -2$$

$$-6 + 4 = -2$$

$$3 - 6 + 3 = 0$$

$$1 \ 3 \ 4$$

$$\lambda = 4 \quad \lambda = -2$$

2. Given the following eigenvector $v = (3, 4)$ and sample $s = (1, 2)$, project the sample s onto the eigenvector v . (2 points)

$$\|v\| = 5 \quad v = \left(\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right) \cdot (1, 2)$$

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{8}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$$