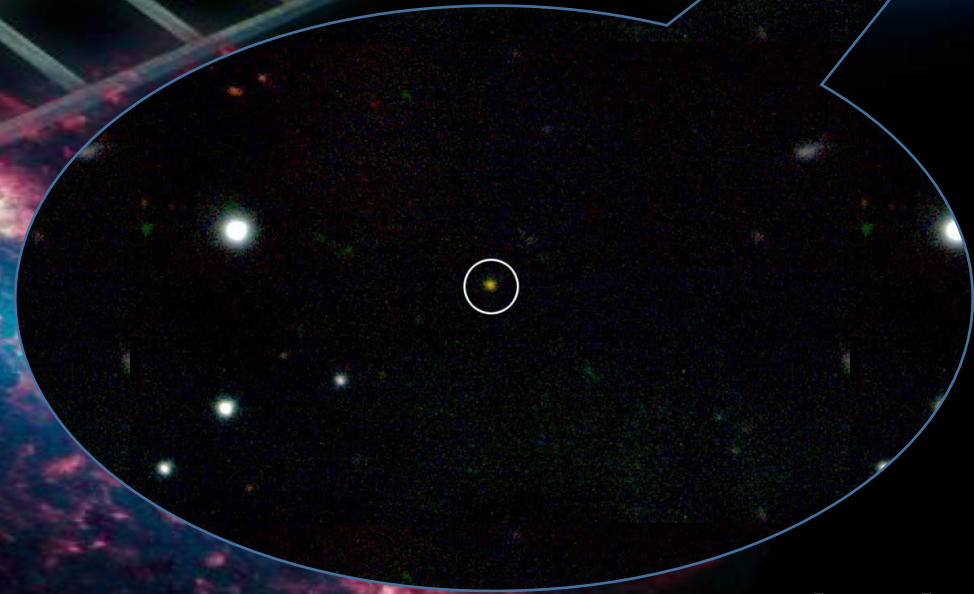


The Cosmic Distance Ladder

Where it takes us and how

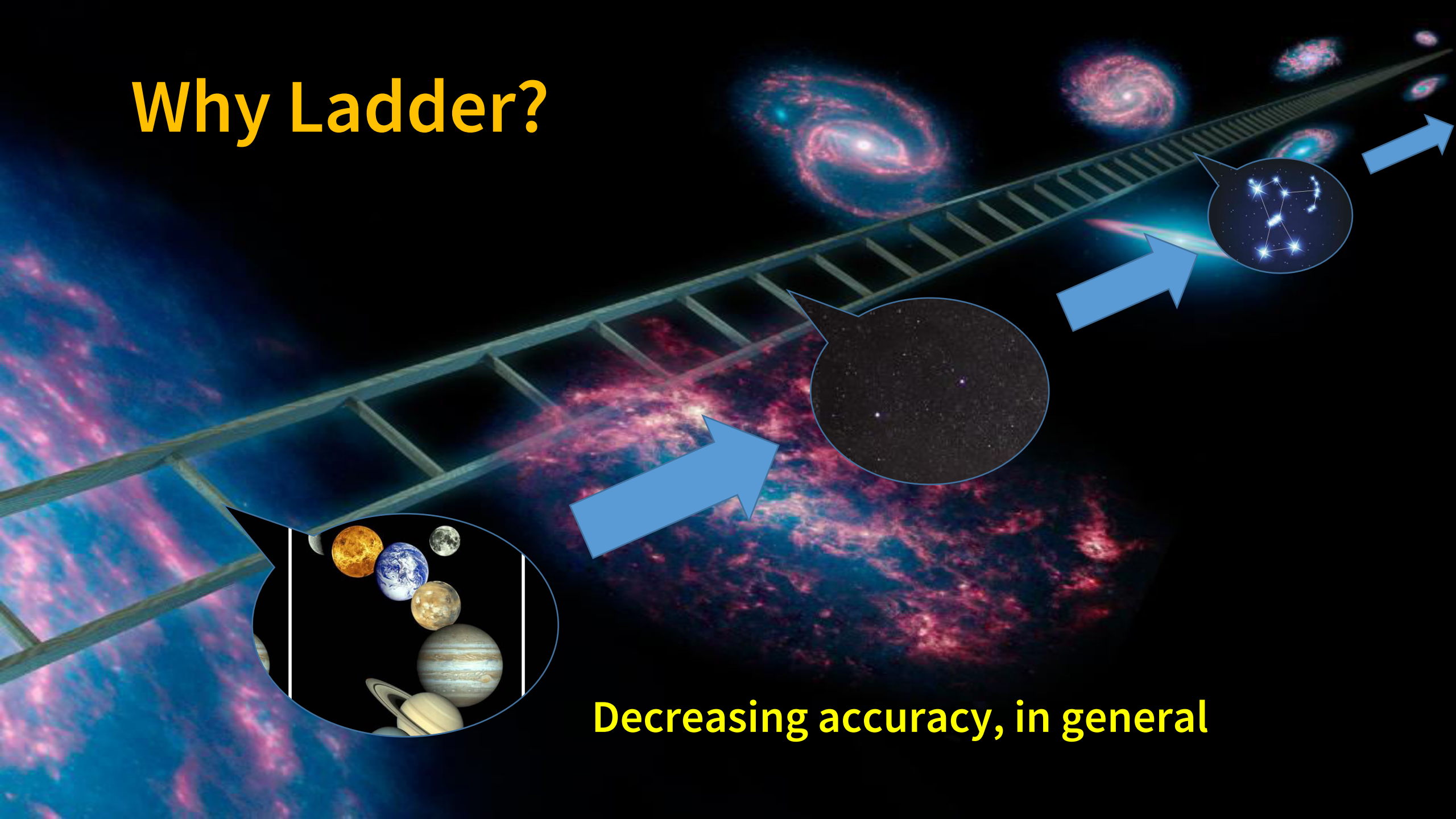


Alankar Kotwal
EEES, IITB

Distances in Astronomy are BIG!

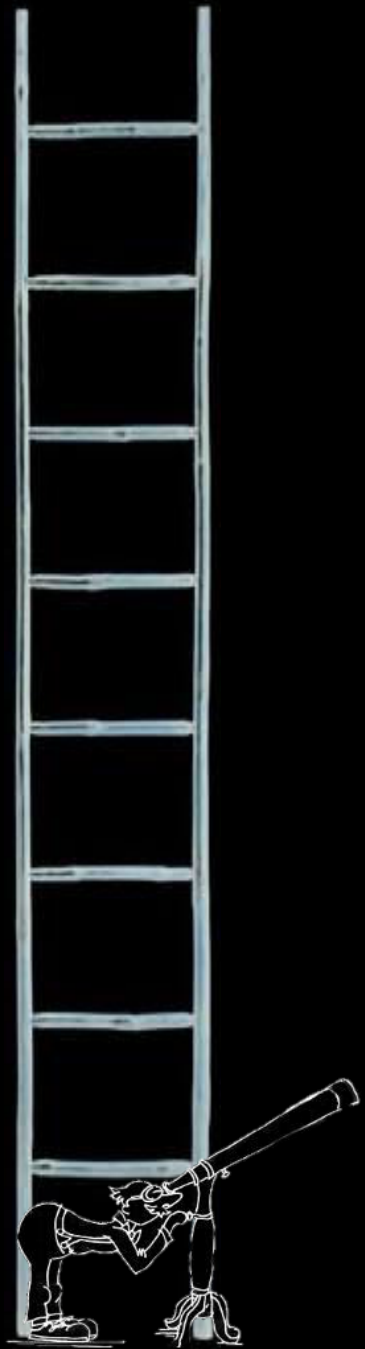
Distances measured by their effects, not by a ruler!

Why Ladder?



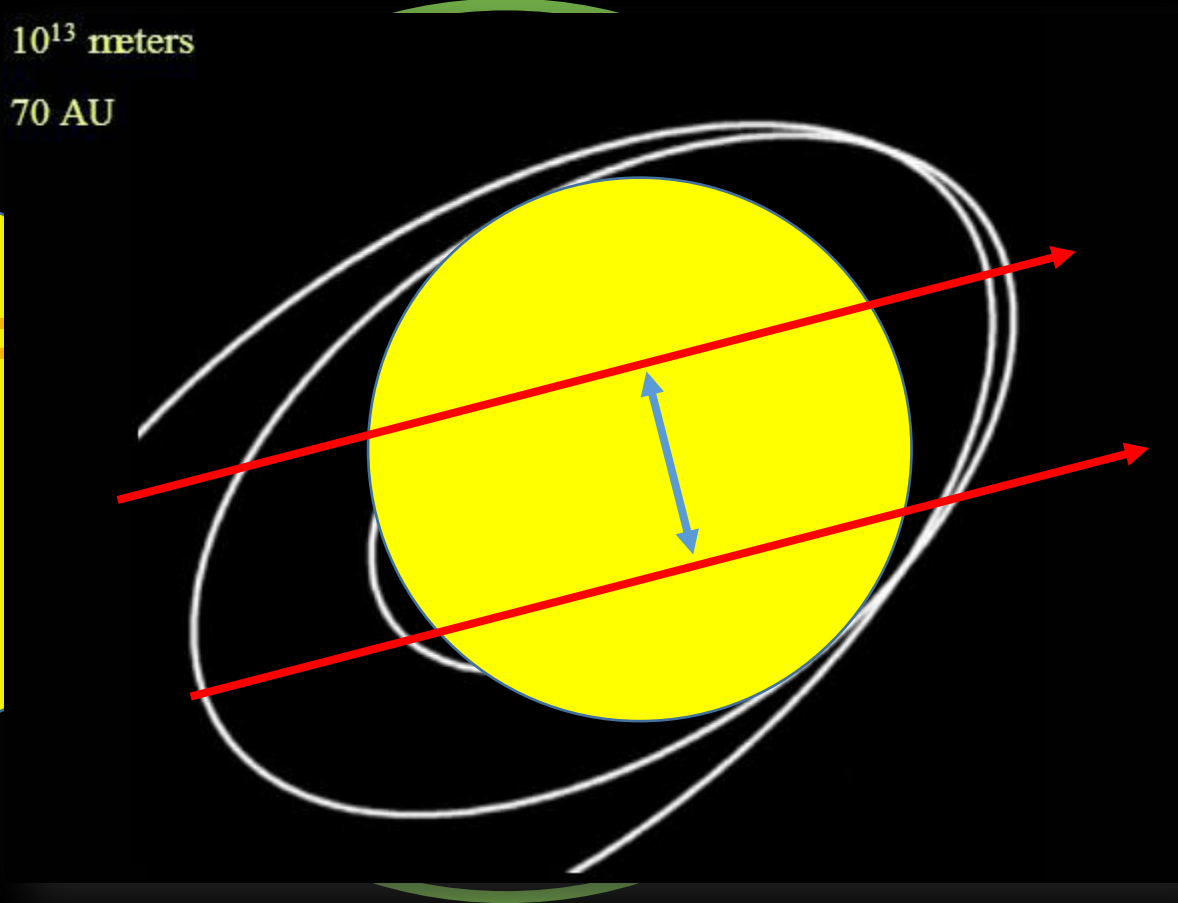
Decreasing accuracy, in general

Direct Measurement



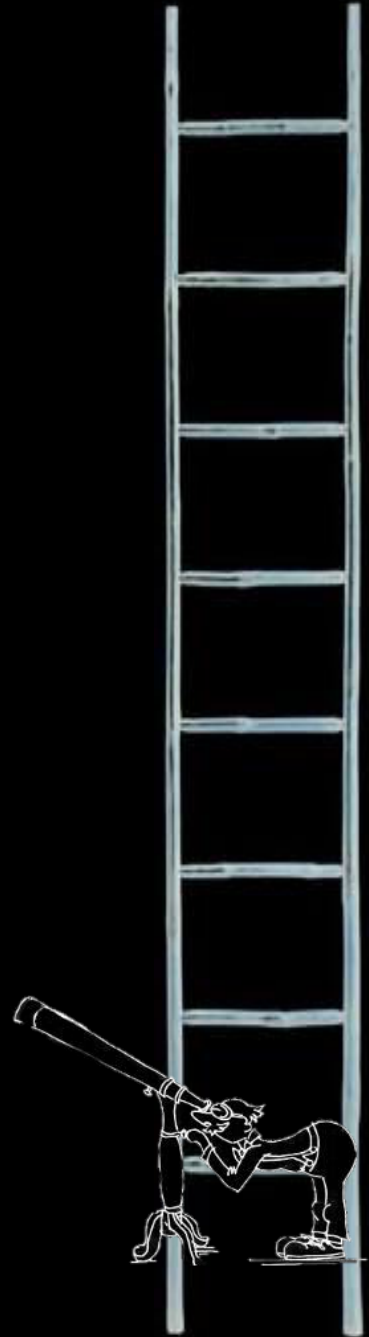
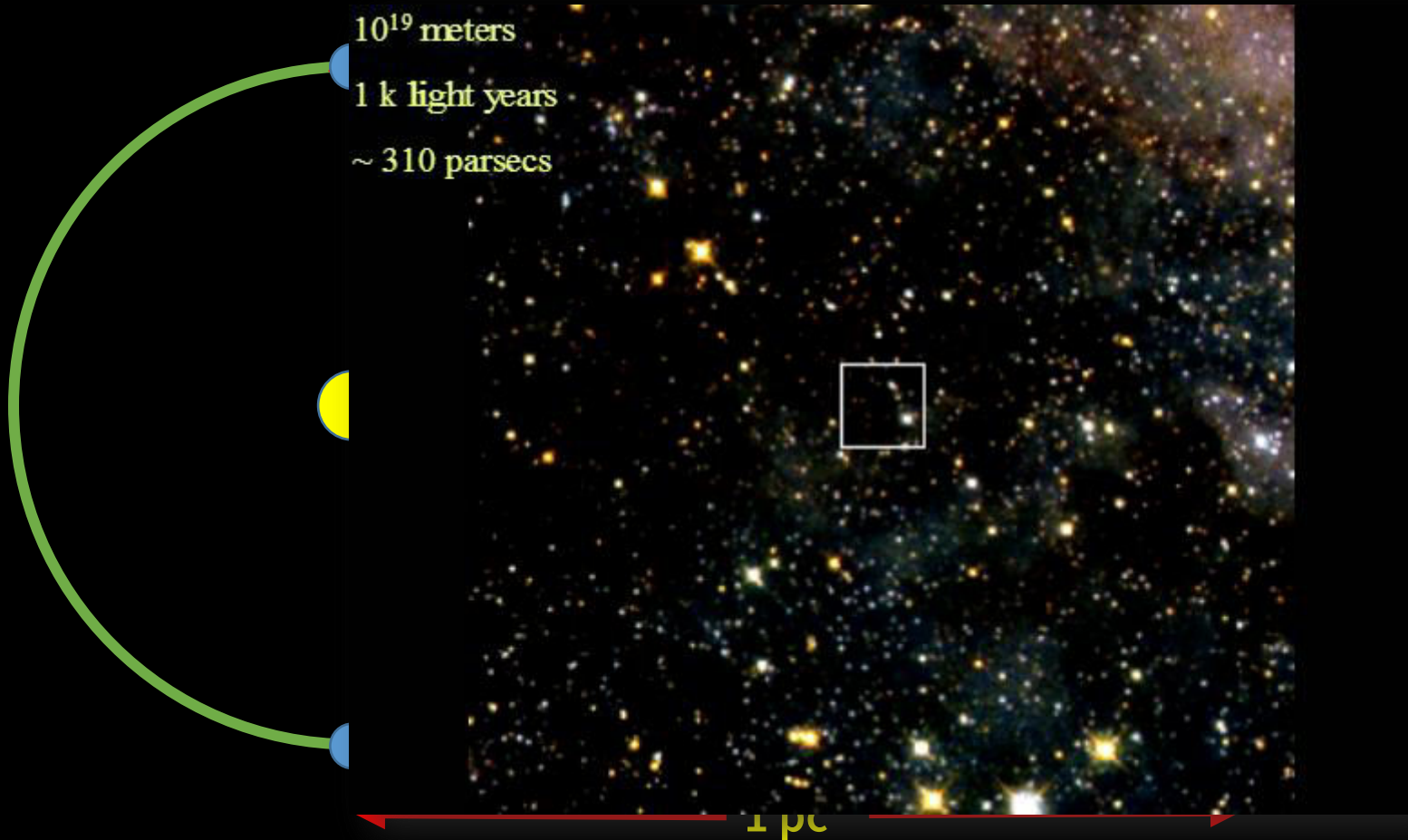
Radar =

10^{13} meters
70 AU

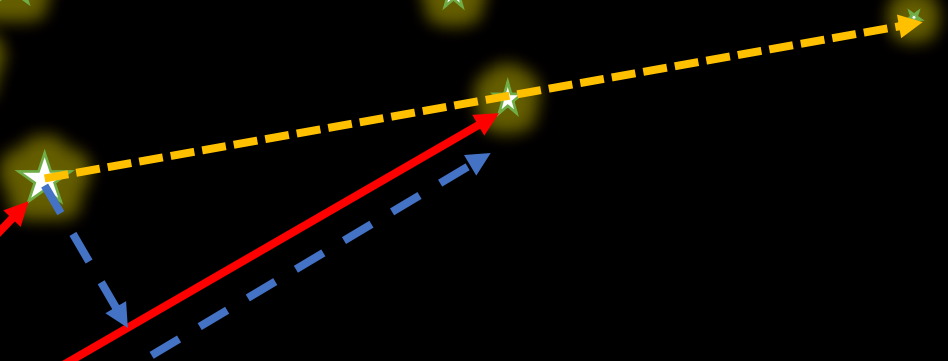
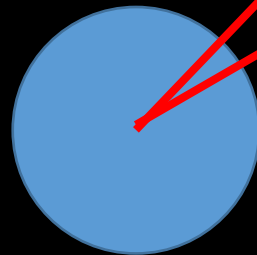
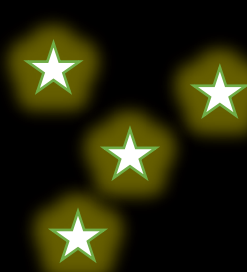
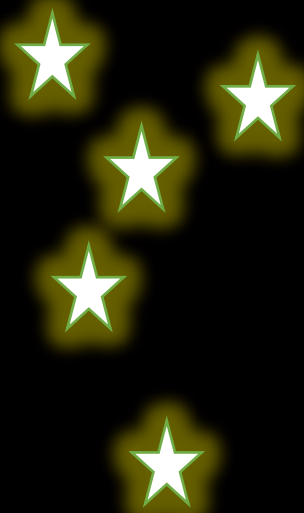
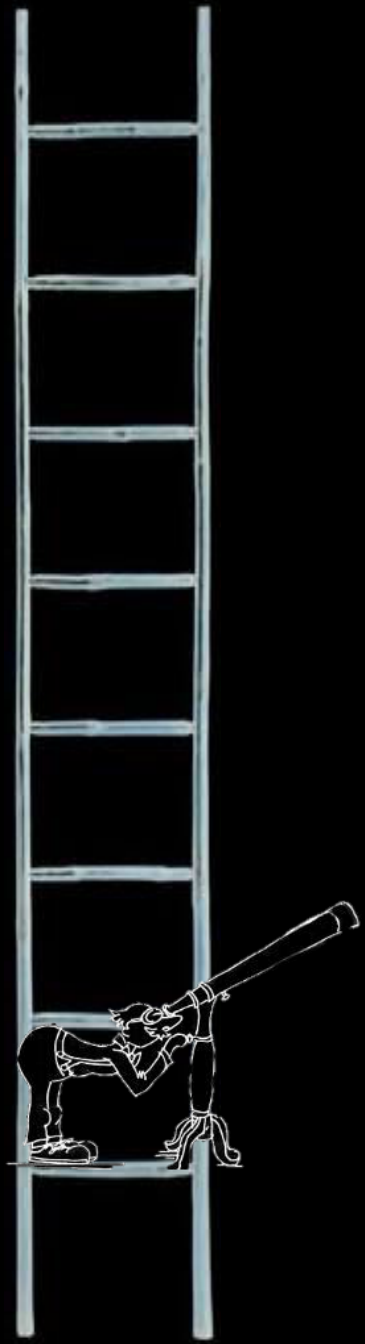


m!

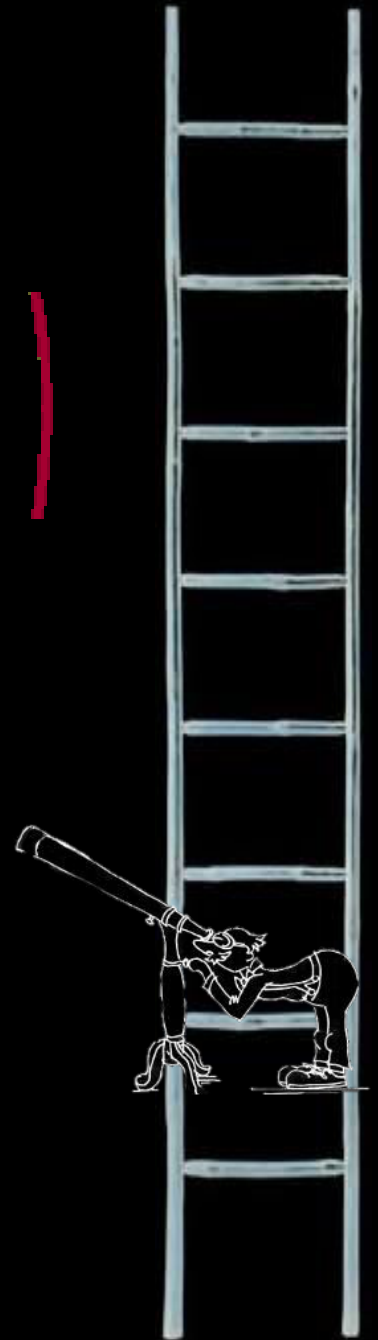
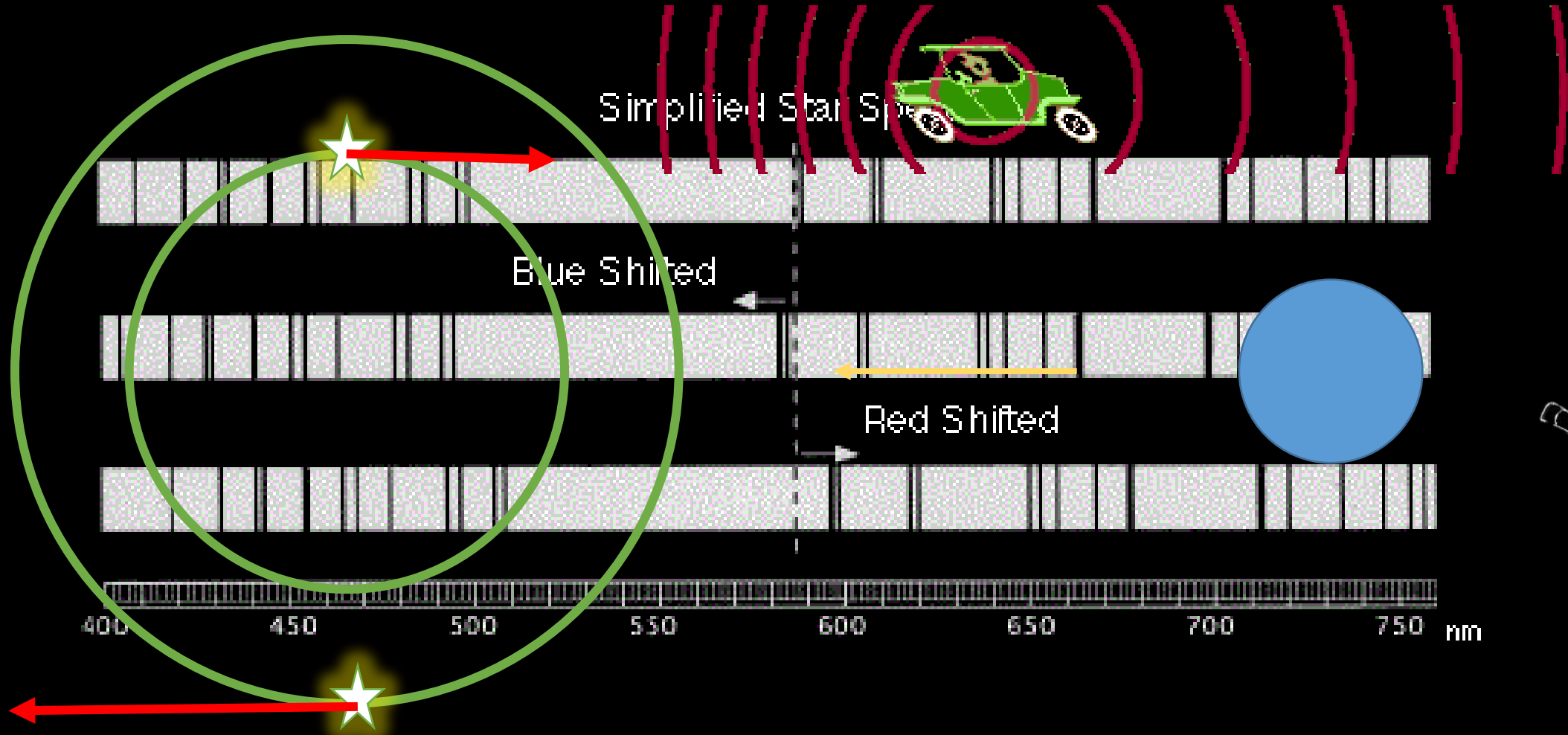
Beyond the Solar System



Moving Clusters



Far beyond



Let there be some light

10^{21} meters

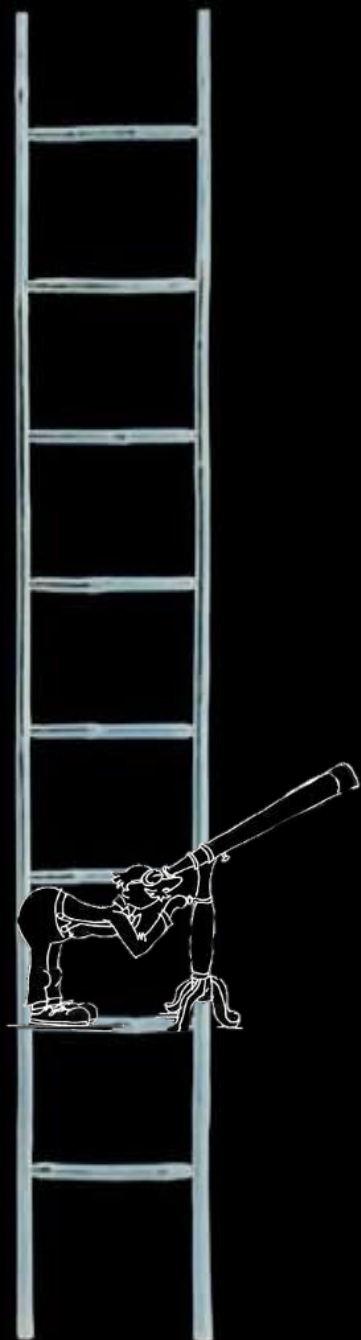
Temperature (K)



Spectral Class

R

-4

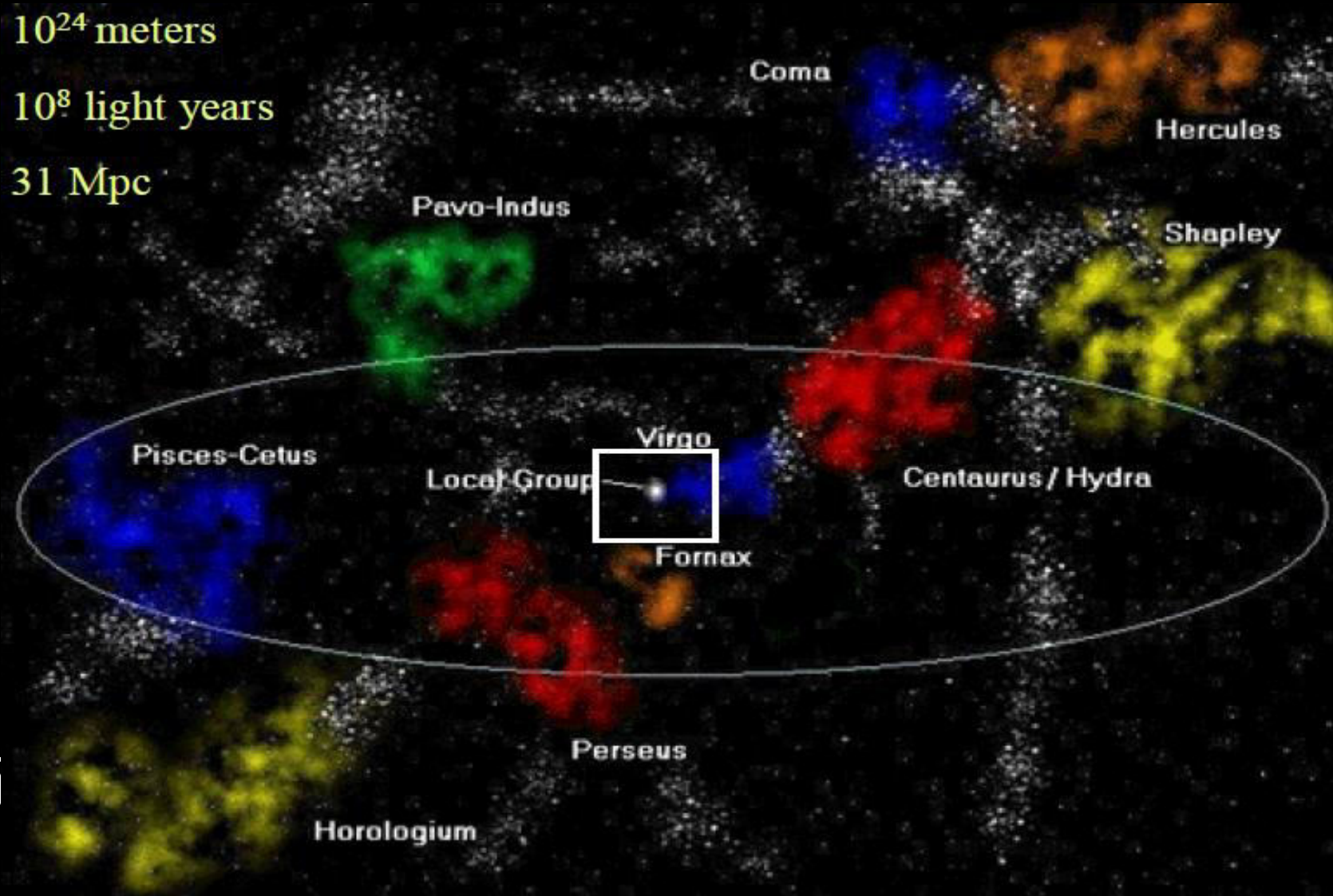


What next?

10^{24} meters

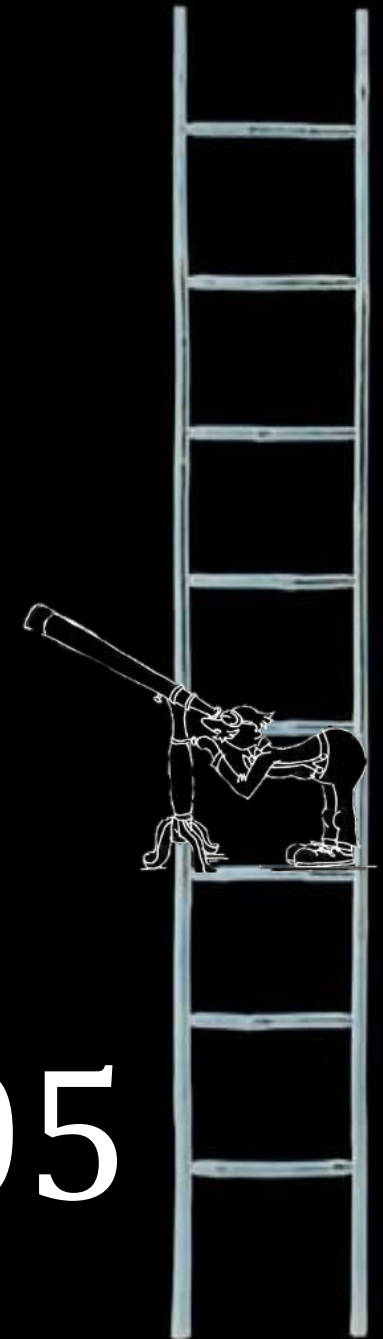
10^8 light years

31 Mpc

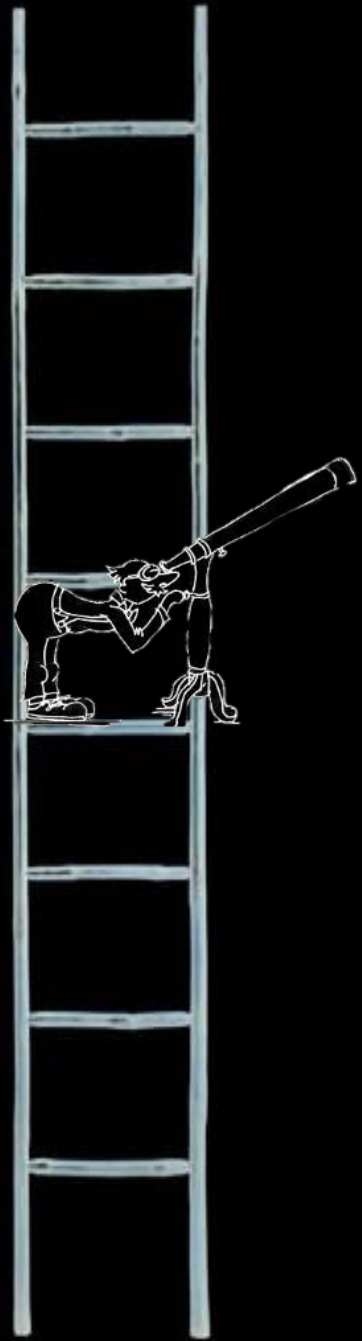


M_{γ}

.05

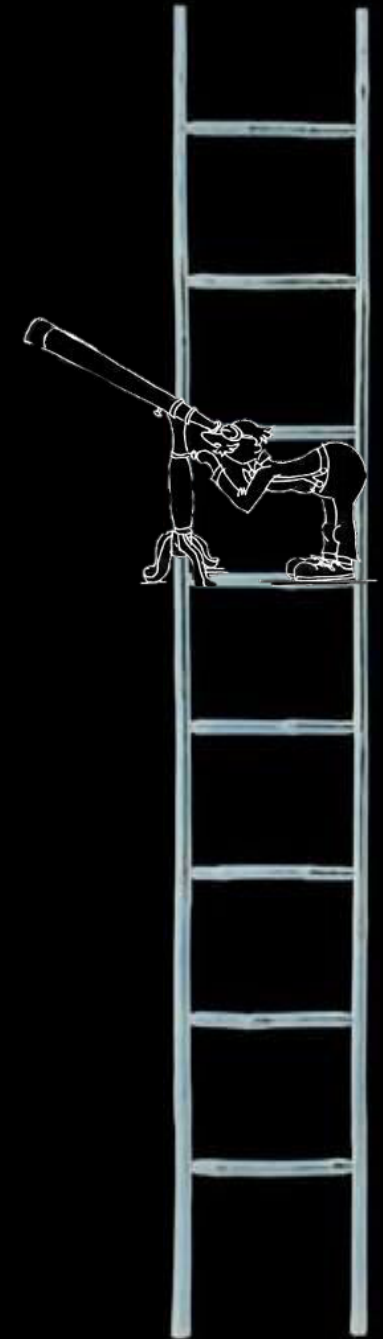
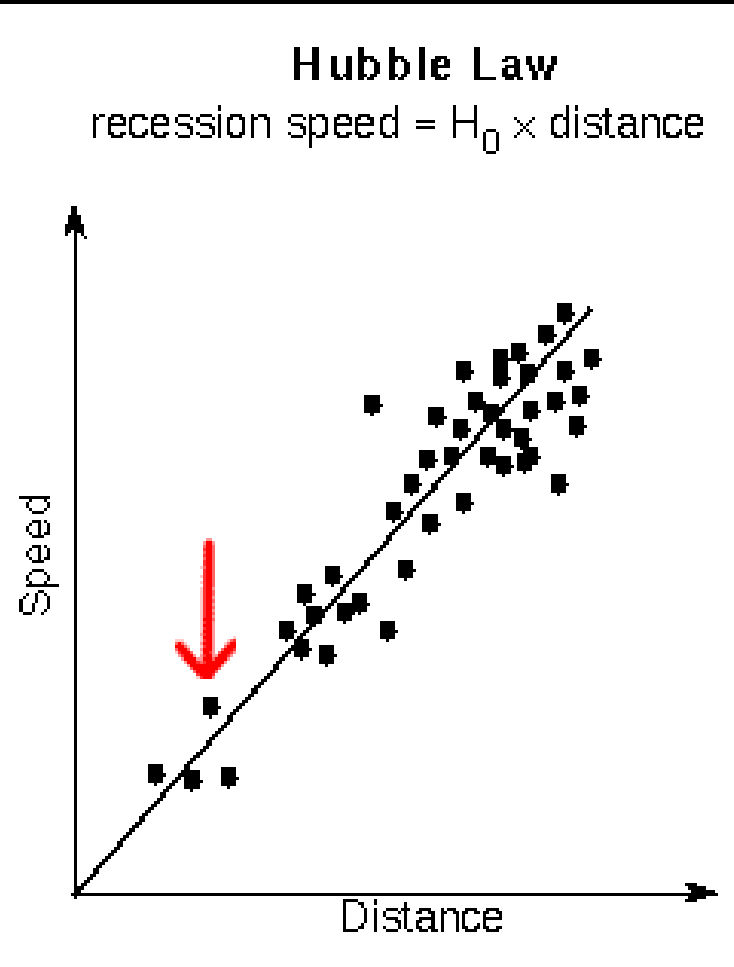
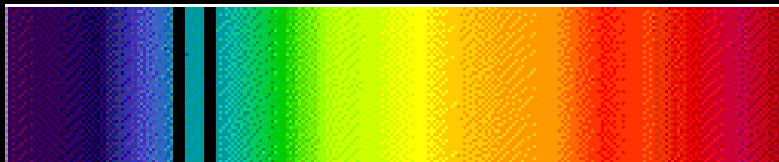


Supernovae!



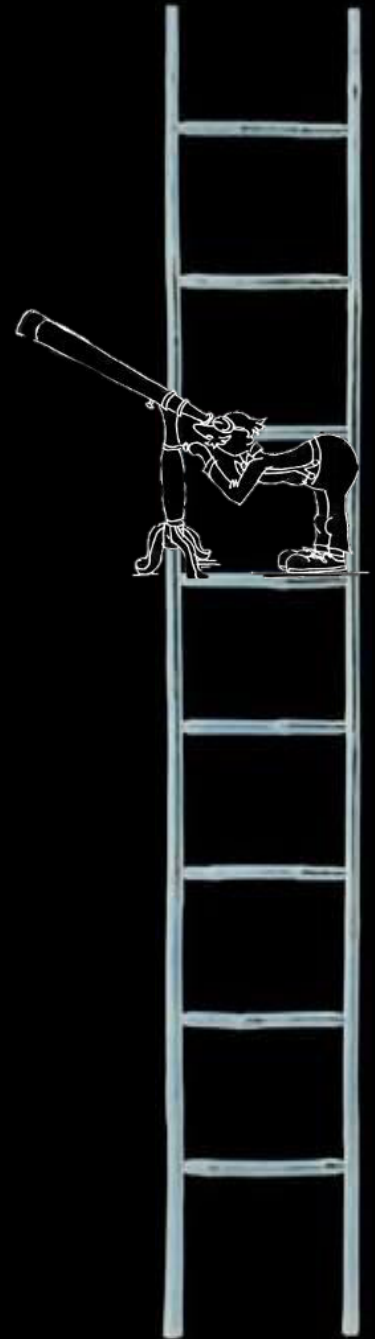
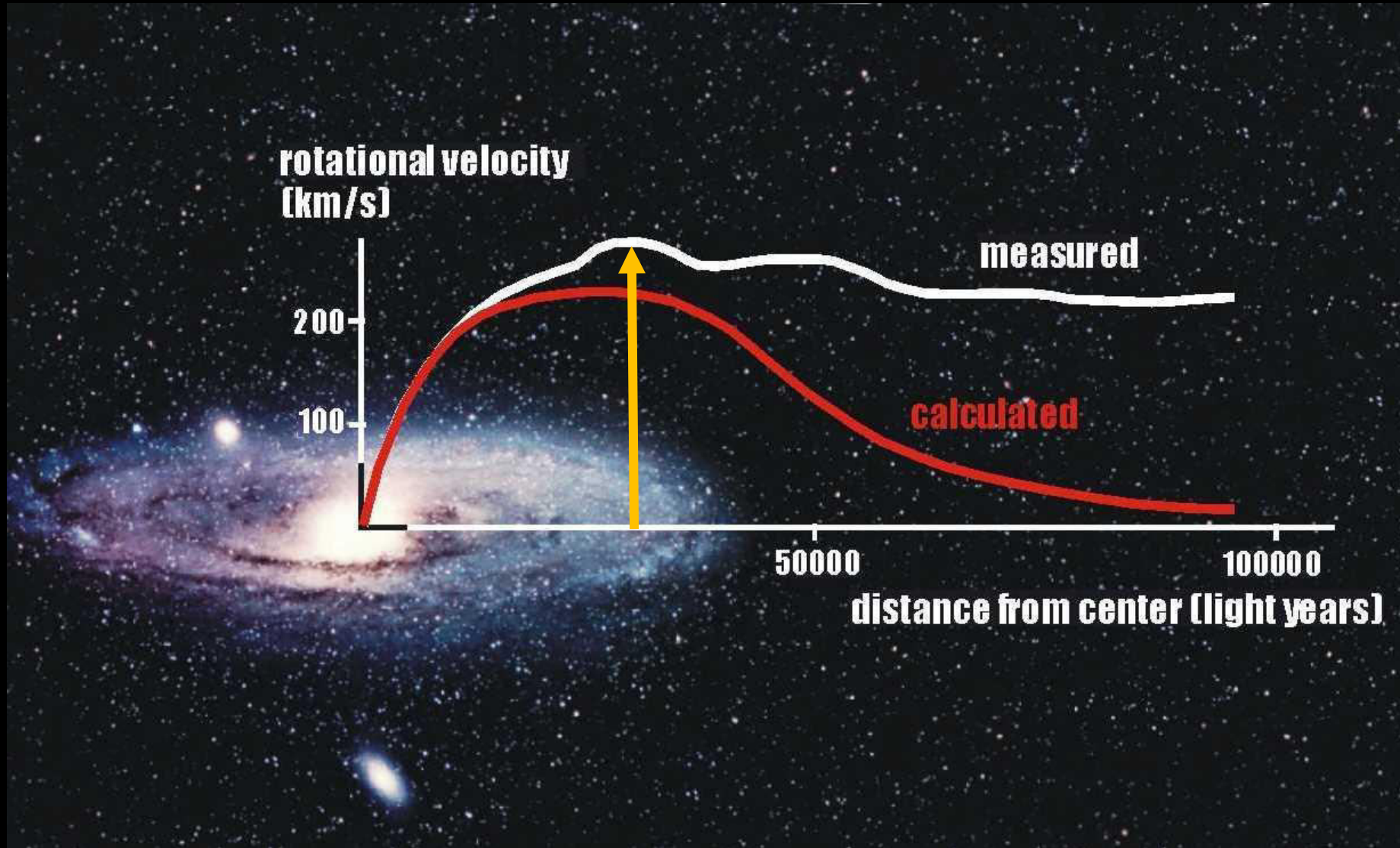
Credits: Saul Perlmutter: Supernovae, Dark Energy, and the Accelerating Universe
<http://supernova.lbl.gov/PDFs/PhysicsTodayArticle.pdf>

Extreme Distances



Credits: http://astro.wku.edu/astr106/Hubble_intro.html

Rotation Curves





**Astronomers are always
coming up with new ways of
measuring distances**

Questions?

NO aliens, UFOs or God please! 😊