

Database - The tool which helps with Storing or Persisting Data.
- It's used to store, retrieve, modify or delete data as per requirement.

Oldest Form - Text Files or Spreadsheets but it had some limitations

Create Websites for the browser - Use HTML, CSS and JS
Avoid repetition or **Automation** - Shell Scripts or Powershell Scripts

To interact with a **DB** we would use Structured Query Language (**SQL**)
SQL - One of the oldest technology, present from 1980's
- Use simple English Language Words to perform the required tasks

DBMS - A Software used to interact with the Database.
Examples: MySQL and Oracle [Oracle], PostgreSQL, SQL Server [MS], DB2 [IBM]

SQL used for **CRUD** - Create / Read / Update / Delete

Create: How to create a new table or record in a table.
Keywords: **CREATE** and **INSERT**

Read: How to retrieve data from a table.
Keywords: **SELECT**

Update: How to modify existing records.
Keywords: **UPDATE**

Delete: How to remove records from a table.
Keywords: **DELETE**

SQLite - A lightweight open-source Database.

Generally used for Mobile Applications, small applications and demos

```
Install using apt:  
admin@ubuntu-vm:~$ sudo apt update  
  
admin@ubuntu-vm:~$ sudo apt-get install sqlite3  
  
admin@ubuntu-vm:~$ sqlite3 --version
```

- Data Types:** Specify the Type of the Data
- **String values or Characters** - TEXT [Entered within Single Quotes]
 - **Integer Numbers** - INT
 - **Decimal Numbers** - REAL

Primary Key - Helps to Uniquely identify each and every row from your DB

References:

