

Part – A

1. Write a program to create a 3 X 3 matrices A and B and perform the following operations.

- a. $AT \cdot B$
- b. $BT \cdot (A \cdot AT)$
- c. $(A \cdot AT) \cdot BT$
- d. $[(B \cdot BT) + (A \cdot AT) - 100I_3] \cdot -1$

```
cat("Create a 3 * 3 matrices A and B\n")
A <- matrix(data = 1:9, nrow = 3, ncol = 3)
B <- matrix(data = 4:12, nrow = 3, ncol = 3)

cat("\nMatrix A\n")
print(A)

cat("\nMatrix B\n")
print(B)

cat("\na. First Operation\n")
print(t(A) %*% B)

cat("\nb. Second operation\n")
print(t(B) %*% (A %*% t(A)))

cat("\nc. Third operation\n")
print((A %*% t(A)) %*% t(B))

cat("\nd. Fourth Operation\n")
print(solve((B %*% t(B)) + (A %*% t(A)) - (100 * diag(3))))
```

Output:

```
Create a 3 * 3 matrices A and B
```

```
Matrix A
```

```
      [,1] [,2] [,3]  
[1,]     1     4     7  
[2,]     2     5     8  
[3,]     3     6     9
```

```
Matrix B
```

```
      [,1] [,2] [,3]  
[1,]     4     7    10  
[2,]     5     8    11  
[3,]     6     9    12
```

```
a. First Operation
```

```
      [,1] [,2] [,3]  
[1,]    32    50    68  
[2,]    77   122   167  
[3,]   122   194   266
```

```
b. Second operation
```

```
      [,1] [,2] [,3]  
[1,]  1194  1425  1656  
[2,]  1896  2262  2628  
[3,]  2598  3099  3600
```

```
c. Third operation
```

```
      [,1] [,2] [,3]  
[1,]  1710  1944  2178  
[2,]  2043  2322  2601  
[3,]  2376  2700  3024
```

```
d. Fourth Operation
```

```
      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]  
[1,] -0.007308822  0.003212978  0.003734779  
[2,]  0.003212978 -0.006301452  0.004184118  
[3,]  0.003734779  0.004184118 -0.005366543
```

```
> |
```

2. Write an R program to find roots of quadratic equations using user defined functions. Test the program user supplied values for all possible cases.

```
QE <- function(a, b, c) {  
  D <- (b * b) - (4 * a * c)  
  if (D > 0) # in the case of (D>0)  
  {  
    Root1 <- (-b + sqrt(D)) / (2 * a)  
    Root2 <- (-b - sqrt(D)) / (2 * a)  
    cat("\nRoots are real and Different\n")  
    cat("Root1:", Root1)  
    cat("\nRoot2:", Root2)  
  } else if (D == 0) # in the case of (D=0)  
  {  
    Root1 <- -b / (2 * a)  
    Root2 <- Root1  
    cat("\nRoots are Equal\n")  
    cat("Root1:", Root1)  
    cat("\nRoot2:", Root2)  
  } else # in the case of (D<0)  
  {  
    cat("\nRoots are Imaginary")  
  }  
}  
cat("Find Roots of Quadratic equation\n")  
a <- as.numeric(readline("Enter value of a number: "))  
b <- as.numeric(readline("Enter value of b number: "))  
c <- as.numeric(readline("Enter value of c number: "))  
QE(a, b, c)
```

Output:

```
> source("~/active-rstudio-document")
Find Roots of Quadratic equation
Enter value of a number: 1
Enter value of b number: -3
Enter value of c number: 2

Roots are real and Different
Root1: 2
Root2: 1
> source("~/active-rstudio-document")
Find Roots of Quadratic equation
Enter value of a number: 1
Enter value of b number: -2
Enter value of c number: 1

Roots are Equal
Root1: 1
Root2: 1
> source("~/active-rstudio-document")
Find Roots of Quadratic equation
Enter value of a number: 1
Enter value of b number: 2
Enter value of c number: 5

Roots are Imaginary
>
```

3. Write an R script to generate prime numbers between two numbers using loops.

```
a <- as.numeric(readline("Enter any number : "))
b <- as.numeric(readline("Enter any number : "))
cat("\nprime num between a and b: \n")
for (i in a:b) {
  flag <- 0
  if (i > 1) {
    flag <- 1
    for (j in 2:(i - 1)) {
      if ((i %% j) == 0) {
        flag <- 0
        break
      }
    }
  }
  if (i == 2) flag <- 1
  if (flag == 1) {
    cat(" ", i)
  }
}
```

Output:

```
Enter any number : 23
Enter any number : 80

prime num between a and b:
 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79
> |
```