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STD : 2nd Year
PRN : 2020420004
Practical: Java Program.

Practical NO. 1

- 1) Accept integer values for a, b and c which are coefficients of quadratic equation. Find the solution of the quadratic equation.

```
public class QuadraticEquationSolver
{ public static void main(String[]
args)
{ int a = 2; int
  b = 6; int
  c = 4;
  //Finding out the roots double temp1 =
  Math.sqrt(b * b - 4 * a * c);

  double root1 = (-b + temp1) / (2*a) ;
  double root2 = (-b - temp1) / (2*a) ;

  System.out.println("The roots of the Quadratic Equation \"2x2 + 6x + 4 = 0\" are
  "+root1+" and "+root2);

  }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
E:\>java QuadraticEquationSolver
The roots of the Quadratic Equation "2x2 + 6x + 4 = 0" are -1.0 and -2.0
```

Practical No. 2

- 2) Accept two nxn matrices. Write a Java program to find addition of these matrices.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class AddTwoMatrix
{ public static void main(String
args[])
{
  int m, n, c, d;
  Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```

System.out.println("Enter the number of rows and columns of matrix");
m = in.nextInt(); n = in.nextInt();

int first[][] = new int[m][n]; int
second[][] = new int[m][n]; int
sum[][] = new int[m][n];

System.out.println("Enter the elements of first matrix");

for ( c = 0 ; c < m ; c++ ) for ( d = 0 ;
    d < n ; d++ ) first[c][d] =
    in.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter the elements of second matrix");
for ( c = 0 ; c < m ; c++ ) for ( d = 0 ; d <
    n ; d++ ) second[c][d] =
    in.nextInt();
for ( c = 0 ; c < m ; c++ ) for ( d = 0 ; d < n ; d++ ) sum[c][d] = first[c][d] +
    second[c][d]; //replace '+' with '-' to subtract
matrices
System.out.println("Sum of entered matrices:-");
for ( c = 0 ; c < m ; c++ )
{
for ( d = 0 ; d < n ; d++ )
System.out.print(sum[c][d]+"\\t");
System.out.println();
}
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

C:\Users\suraj_giri\Desktop\Java_practical>java AddTwoMatrix
Enter the number of rows and columns of matrix
3 3
Enter the elements of first matrix
1 2 3
4 3 2
7 6 5
Enter the elements of second matrix
4 3 2
4 5 7
5 6 7
Sum of entered matrices:-
5      5      5
8      8      9
12     12     12

```

Practical No. 3

3) Accept n strings. Sort names in ascending order.

```

import java.util.*;
class Sorting
{ void
sortStrings()
{
Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the value of n: ");
int n = s.nextInt();
String[] str = new String[n];
System.out.println("Enter strings: ");
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{ str[i] = new
String(s.next());
}
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{ for(int j = i+1; j < n;
j++)
{
if(str[i].compareTo(str[j])>0)
{
String temp = str[i];

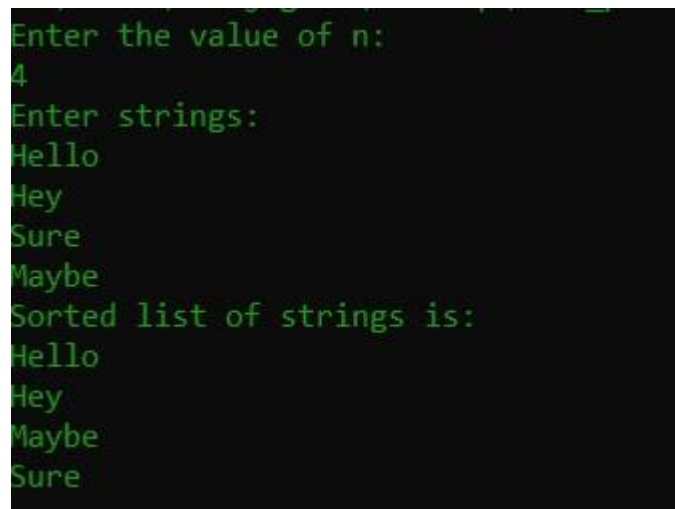
```

```

        str[i] = str[j];
        str[j] = temp;
    }
}
System.out.println("Sorted list of strings is:");
for(int i = 0; i < n ; i++)
{
    System.out.println(str[i]);
}
}
}
class Driver
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Sorting obj = new Sorting();
        obj.sortStrings();
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:



```

Enter the value of n:
4
Enter strings:
Hello
Hey
Sure
Maybe
Sorted list of strings is:
Hello
Hey
Maybe
Sure

```

Practical No. 4

4) Demonstrate method overloading and method overriding in Java.

```

class DisplayOverloading

```

```

{
public void disp(char c)
{
System.out.println(c);
}
public void disp(char c, int num)
{
System.out.println(c + " "+num);
}
public void disp(int num)
{
System.out.println(num);
}
}
class Sample
{ public static void main(String
args[])
{
DisplayOverloading obj = new DisplayOverloading();
obj.disp('a'); obj.disp('a',10); obj.disp(10);
}
}

```

OUTPUT:



```

C:\Users\suraj giri\Desktop\Java_practical>java Sample
a
a 10
10

```

Practical No. 5

5) Demonstrate Java inheritance using extends keyword.

```

class Animal{
void eat(){
System.out.println("eating...");
}
}
class Dog extends Animal{
void bark(){
System.out.println("barking...");
}
}

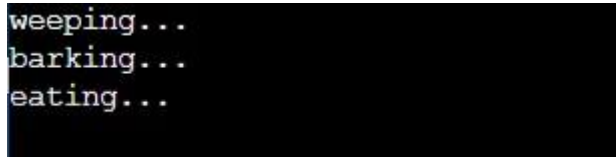
```

```

class BabyDog extends Dog{
void weep(){
System.out.println("weeping...");
}
}
class TestInheritance2{
public static void main(String args[]){
BabyDog d=new BabyDog();
d.weep();
d.bark();
d.eat();
}}

```

OUTPUT:



```

weeping...
barking...
eating...

```

Practical No. 8

6) Demonstrate creating your own exception in Java.

```

class InvalidAgeException extends Exception
{
InvalidAgeException(String s){ super(s);
}
}

class test
{
static void validate(int age) throws InvalidAgeException
{
if(age<18)
throw new InvalidAgeException("not valid");
else
System.out.println("welcome to vote");
} public static void main(String
args[])
{ try{
vali
dat
e(3
0);
}
}

```

```

catch(Exception m)
{
    System.out.println("Exception occurred: "+m);
}
    System.out.println("rest of the code...");
}
}

```

OUTPUT:



```

C:\Users\suraj_giri\Desktop\Java_practical>java test
welcome to vote
rest of the code...

```

Practical No. 7

7) Design a simple calculator GUI application using AWT components.

```

import java.awt.*; import
java.awt.event.ActionEvent; import
java.awt.event.ActionListener; public
class Practical10 extends Frame{

    TextField txtA, txtB, txtResult;
    Button btnAdd, btnSub, btnMul, btnDiv, btnClr;

    Practical10(){ setLayout(new FlowLayout()); txtA
        = new TextField(20); txtB = new TextField(20);
        txtResult = new TextField(20); btnAdd = new
        Button("Add");
        btnAdd.addActionListener((ActionEvent e) -> {
            txtResult.setText("" + (get(txtA) + get(txtB)));
        });
        btnSub = new Button("Sub");
        btnSub.addActionListener((ActionEvent e) -> {
            txtResult.setText("" + (get(txtA) - get(txtB)));
        });
        btnMul = new Button("Mul");
        btnMul.addActionListener((ActionEvent e) -> {
            txtResult.setText("" + (get(txtA) * get(txtB)));
        });

```

```


        btnDiv = new Button("Div");
        btnDiv.addActionListener((ActionEvent e) -> {
            txtResult.setText("" + (get(txtA) / get(txtB)));
        });
        btnClr = new Button("Clr");
        btnClr.addActionListener((ActionEvent e) -> {
            txtA.setText("");
            txtB.setText("");
            txtResult.setText("");
        });
        add(new Label("A"));
        add(txtA); add(new
        Label("B")); add(txtB);
        add(new
        Label("Result"));
        add(txtResult);
        add(btnAdd);
        add(btnSub);
        add(btnMul);
        add(btnDiv); add(btnClr);
        setSize(600,1000);
        setVisible(true);

    } static float get(TextField
    txt){
        return Float.parseFloat(txt.getText());
    } public static void main(String[]
    args) {
        new Practical10();
    }

}

```

OUTPUT:

— □ ×

A

B

Result