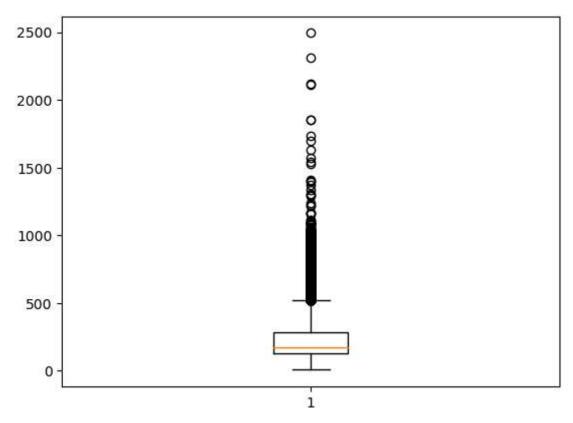
```
In [1]: from keras.datasets import imdb
        %matplotlib inline
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        from matplotlib import cm
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        import os
        import time
In [2]: from keras.preprocessing import sequence
        from keras.models import Sequential
        from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Activation
        from keras.layers import Embedding
        from keras.layers import Conv1D, GlobalMaxPooling1D
        from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
        from keras import models
In [3]: (X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = imdb.load_data()
        X = np.concatenate((X train, X test), axis=0)
        y = np.concatenate((y train, y test), axis=0)
In [4]: print("Training data: ")
        print(X.shape)
        print(y.shape)
        print("Classes: ")
        print(np.unique(y))
        Training data:
        (50000,)
        (50000,)
        Classes:
        [0 1]
        print("Number of words: ")
In [5]:
        print(len(np.unique(np.hstack(X))))
        Number of words:
        88585
In [6]: print("Review length: ")
        result = [len(x) for x in X]
        print("Mean %.2f words (%f)" % (np.mean(result), np.std(result)))
        # plot review length
        plt.boxplot(result)
        plt.show()
        Review length:
        Mean 234.76 words (172.911495)
```

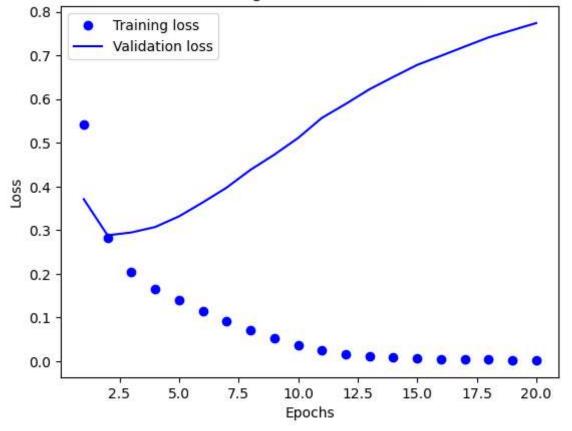


```
(train data, train labels), (test data, test labels) = imdb.load data(num words=5000)
 In [7]:
 In [8]:
         def vectorize_sequences(sequences, dimension=5000):
             # Create an all-zero matrix of shape (len(sequences), dimension)
             results = np.zeros((len(sequences), dimension))
             for i, sequence in enumerate(sequences):
                  results[i, sequence] = 1. # set specific indices of results[i] to 1s
             return results
         # Our vectorized training data
 In [9]:
          x_train = vectorize_sequences(train_data)
          # Our vectorized test data
          x_test = vectorize_sequences(test_data)
In [10]: y_train = np.asarray(train_labels).astype('float32')
         y_test = np.asarray(test_labels).astype('float32')
In [11]: from keras import layers
         from keras import models
         model = models.Sequential()
         model.add(layers.Dense(32, activation='relu', input_shape=(5000,)))
         model.add(layers.Dense(32, activation='relu',))
         model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
In [12]: x_val = x_train[:10000]
          partial_x_train = x_train[10000:]
         y_val = y_train[:10000]
          partial_y_train = y_train[10000:]
```

```
Epoch 1/20
val_loss: 0.3710 - val_acc: 0.8569
Epoch 2/20
val_loss: 0.2883 - val_acc: 0.8863
Epoch 3/20
val loss: 0.2948 - val acc: 0.8806
val loss: 0.3073 - val acc: 0.8815
Epoch 5/20
val loss: 0.3317 - val acc: 0.8724
Epoch 6/20
val_loss: 0.3637 - val_acc: 0.8658
Epoch 7/20
val_loss: 0.3975 - val_acc: 0.8632
Epoch 8/20
val loss: 0.4382 - val acc: 0.8663
Epoch 9/20
val loss: 0.4729 - val acc: 0.8632
Epoch 10/20
val_loss: 0.5111 - val_acc: 0.8631
Epoch 11/20
val loss: 0.5571 - val acc: 0.8624
Epoch 12/20
al_loss: 0.5891 - val_acc: 0.8600
Epoch 13/20
val loss: 0.6227 - val acc: 0.8597
Epoch 14/20
val loss: 0.6509 - val acc: 0.8611
Epoch 15/20
val_loss: 0.6784 - val_acc: 0.8593
Epoch 16/20
val_loss: 0.6992 - val_acc: 0.8610
Epoch 17/20
val loss: 0.7204 - val acc: 0.8600
Epoch 18/20
val_loss: 0.7414 - val_acc: 0.8591
Epoch 19/20
val loss: 0.7580 - val acc: 0.8604
Epoch 20/20
val_loss: 0.7742 - val_acc: 0.8602
```

print("The Dense Convolutional Neural Network 1 layer took %.4f seconds to train." % In [15]: The Dense Convolutional Neural Network 1 layer took 7.5016 seconds to train. history_dict = history.history In [16]: history_dict.keys() dict_keys(['loss', 'acc', 'val_loss', 'val_acc']) Out[16]: In [17]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt %matplotlib inline acc = history.history['acc'] val_acc = history.history['val_acc'] loss = history.history['loss'] val_loss = history.history['val_loss'] epochs = range(1, len(acc) + 1) # "bo" is for "blue dot" plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label='Training loss') # b is for "solid blue line" plt.plot(epochs, val loss, 'b', label='Validation loss') plt.title('Training and validation loss') plt.xlabel('Epochs') plt.ylabel('Loss') plt.legend() plt.show()

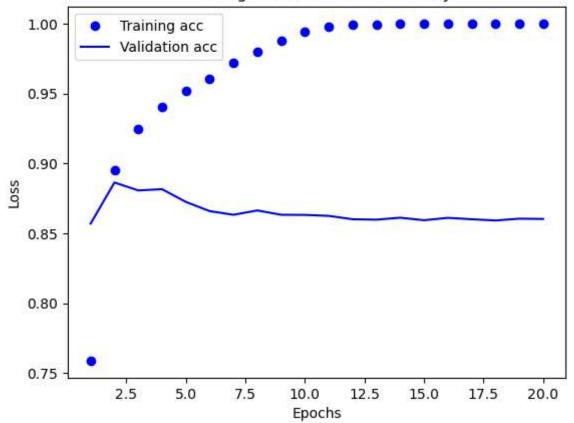




```
In [18]: plt.clf() # clear figure
    acc_values = history_dict['acc']
    val_acc_values = history_dict['val_acc']

plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label='Training acc')
    plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation acc')
    plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()
```





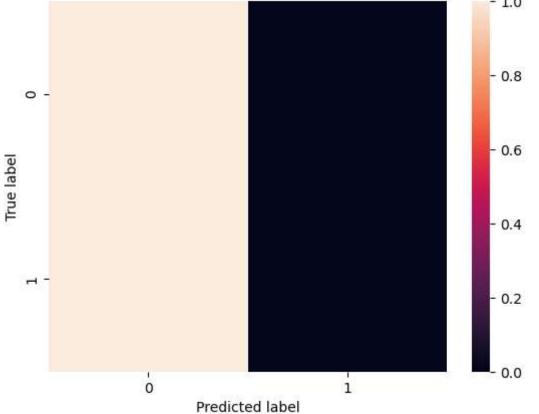
In [19]: model.summary()

Model: "sequential"

| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|-----------------|--------------|---------|
| dense (Dense) | (None, 32) | 160032 |
| dense_1 (Dense) | (None, 32) | 1056 |
| dense_2 (Dense) | (None, 1) | 33 |
| | | |

Total params: 161,121 Trainable params: 161,121 Non-trainable params: 0 5/19/23, 10:50 AM

```
14245 dl 2
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, auc
In [20]:
         #predictions
         pred = model.predict(x test)
         classes_x=np.argmax(pred,axis=1)
         #accuracy
         accuracy_score(y_test,classes_x)
         782/782 [========== ] - 1s 714us/step
         0.5
Out[20]:
In [21]: #Confusion Matrix
         conf_mat = confusion_matrix(y_test, classes_x)
         print(conf_mat)
         conf mat normalized = conf mat.astype('float') / conf_mat.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis]
         sns.heatmap(conf mat normalized)
         plt.ylabel('True label')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
         [[12500
                     01
          [12500
                     0]]
         Text(0.5, 23.522222222222, 'Predicted label')
Out[21]:
                                                                             - 1.0
                                                                             - 0.8
            0 -
```



```
In [22]: #Dense with Two Layer
         model2 = models.Sequential()
         model2.add(layers.Dense(32, activation='relu', input_shape=(5000,)))
         model2.add(layers.Dense(32, activation='relu'))
         model2.add(layers.Dense(32, activation='relu'))
         model2.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
```

```
Epoch 1/20
val_loss: 0.3823 - val_acc: 0.8627
Epoch 2/20
30/30 [============] - 0s 14ms/step - loss: 0.2808 - acc: 0.8957 -
val_loss: 0.2856 - val_acc: 0.8829
Epoch 3/20
val loss: 0.2987 - val acc: 0.8816
30/30 [============= ] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.1553 - acc: 0.9453 -
val loss: 0.3312 - val acc: 0.8768
Epoch 5/20
val loss: 0.3631 - val acc: 0.8712
Epoch 6/20
val_loss: 0.4139 - val_acc: 0.8645
Epoch 7/20
al_loss: 0.4677 - val_acc: 0.8599
Epoch 8/20
al loss: 0.5235 - val acc: 0.8591
Epoch 9/20
al loss: 0.5919 - val acc: 0.8564
Epoch 10/20
al_loss: 0.6592 - val_acc: 0.8559
Epoch 11/20
val loss: 0.7096 - val acc: 0.8562
Epoch 12/20
val_loss: 0.7678 - val_acc: 0.8536
Epoch 13/20
al loss: 0.8289 - val acc: 0.8529
Epoch 14/20
al loss: 0.8731 - val acc: 0.8530
Epoch 15/20
al_loss: 0.9144 - val_acc: 0.8525
Epoch 16/20
al_loss: 0.9466 - val_acc: 0.8522
Epoch 17/20
val loss: 0.9764 - val acc: 0.8522
Epoch 18/20
val_loss: 1.0028 - val_acc: 0.8522
Epoch 19/20
val loss: 1.0257 - val acc: 0.8525
Epoch 20/20
30/30 [============== ] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0012 - acc: 1.0000 -
```

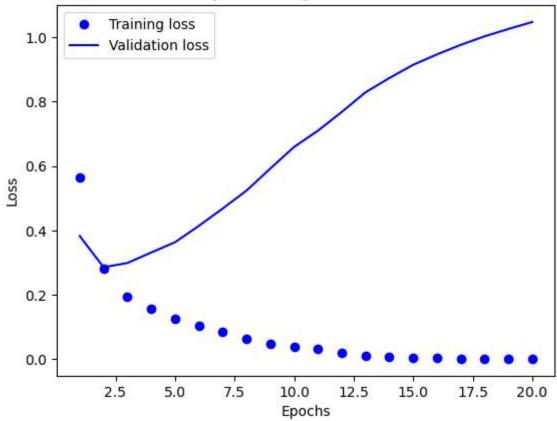
val_loss: 1.0473 - val_acc: 0.8527
The Dense Convolutional Neural Network 2 layers took 8.7560 seconds to train.

```
In [25]:
    acc = history.history['acc']
    val_acc = history.history['val_acc']
    loss = history.history['loss']
    val_loss = history.history['val_loss']

    epochs = range(1, len(acc) + 1)

# "bo" is for "blue dot"
    plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label='Training loss')
# b is for "solid blue line"
    plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
    plt.title('DNN 2 layer Training and validation loss')
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()
```

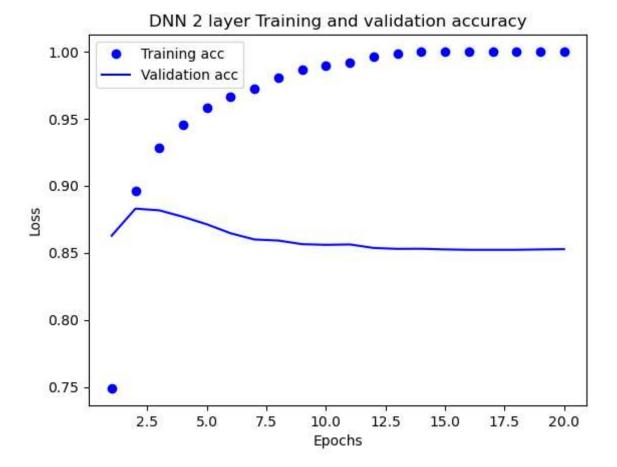
DNN 2 layer Training and validation loss



```
In [26]: plt.clf() # clear figure
    acc_values = history_dict['acc']
    val_acc_values = history_dict['val_acc']

plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label='Training acc')
    plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation acc')
    plt.title('DNN 2 layer Training and validation accuracy')
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()
```

plt.show()



In [27]: model2.summary()

Model: "sequential_1"

| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|-----------------|--------------|---------|
| dense_3 (Dense) | (None, 32) | 160032 |
| dense_4 (Dense) | (None, 32) | 1056 |
| dense_5 (Dense) | (None, 32) | 1056 |
| dense_6 (Dense) | (None, 1) | 33 |

Total params: 162,177 Trainable params: 162,177 Non-trainable params: 0

```
In [28]: from numpy.ma.core import argmax
    pred = model2.predict(x_test)
    classes_x=argmax(pred,axis=-1)
    #accuracy
    accuracy_score(y_test,classes_x)
```

782/782 [===========] - 1s 704us/step 0.5

Out[28]:

In []: