

# **LOG ANALYSIS**

**PART 1**

# WHAT IS A LOG?

A record of events or activities generated by software, operating systems, or applications

# TYPES OF LOG

- Event Log
- Server Log
- Application Log
- Database Log
- Security Log
- System Log
- Audit Log

# EVENT LOG

An event log records events and activities on a computer system, such as system events, errors, warnings, and user actions.

Example Log Entry (Security Event):

**Logon Type: 3**

**User: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM**

**Source: Security**

**Event ID: 4624**

**Description:** An account was successfully logged on.

# SYSTEM LOG

System logs track the operation of the operating system and hardware components. They include information about system startups, shutdowns, and hardware issues.

Example:

**Log Type: Error**

**Source: Disk**

**Event ID: 7**

**Description: The device, \Device\Harddisk0\DR0, has a bad block.**

# **SECURITY LOGS**

Security logs focus on recording security-related events, such as login attempts, account changes, and other activities that may pose a security risk.

Example:

**Log Type: Information**

**Source: Security**

**Event ID: 4624**

**Description: An account was successfully logged on.**

**Logon Type: 3**

**User: DOMAIN\User**

# APPLICATION LOGS

Application logs track events and errors related to specific software applications. These logs can help developers and administrators identify issues within an application.

Example:

Log Type: Error

Source: Application Error

Event ID: 1000

Description: Faulting application <Application Name>, version <Version>, faulting module <Module Name>, version <Module Version>, fault address <Memory Address>.

# AUDIT LOGS

Audit logs capture information about user activities and changes made to the system configuration. They are crucial for compliance and accountability.

Example:

**Log Type: Success Audit**

**Source: Security**

**Event ID: 628**

**Description: User Account Management: User Account Created.**

**New Account: DOMAIN\NewUser**

# DEBUG LOGS

Debug logs contain detailed information about the internal workings of a program. These logs are useful for developers when diagnosing and fixing bugs.

Example:

**Log Type: Debug**

**Source: MyApp**

**Message: Entering function <Function Name>.**

**Variable1=<Value1>, Variable2=<Value2>**

# TRANSACTION LOGS

Transaction logs track changes made to a database to ensure data integrity and recoverability in case of system failures.

Example:

**Log Type: Information**

**Source: SQL Server**

**Event ID: 9002**

**Description:** The transaction log for database '**<Database Name>**' is full due to '**<Reason>**'.

**Transaction log entries:** ...

IN PART 2, I WILL DISCUSS

**HOW TO ANALYZE  
LOGS??**