

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

# B.TECH. (CSE) VI SEMESTER

# UE20CS301 – Database Management Systems (Minors) Mini-Project Report

on

# **Title**

# SUBMITTED BY

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# **Project Synopsis**

Title: Travel Management System

Introduction: A system designed to book vacations and travel destinations with ease through a web application.

It will cover the following functionalities:

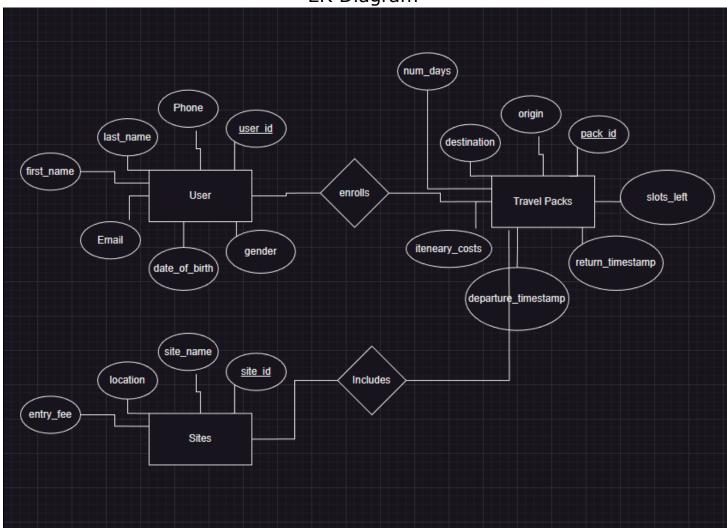
- Collect and store user information.
- Create travel packs which users can choose from.
- Store user's choices of their travel packs.
- Each travel pack has limited slots.
- Customization of travel packs by adding or removing site locations in the destination.

Methodology: The application has been built using streamlit python for the frontend and mysql as the database.



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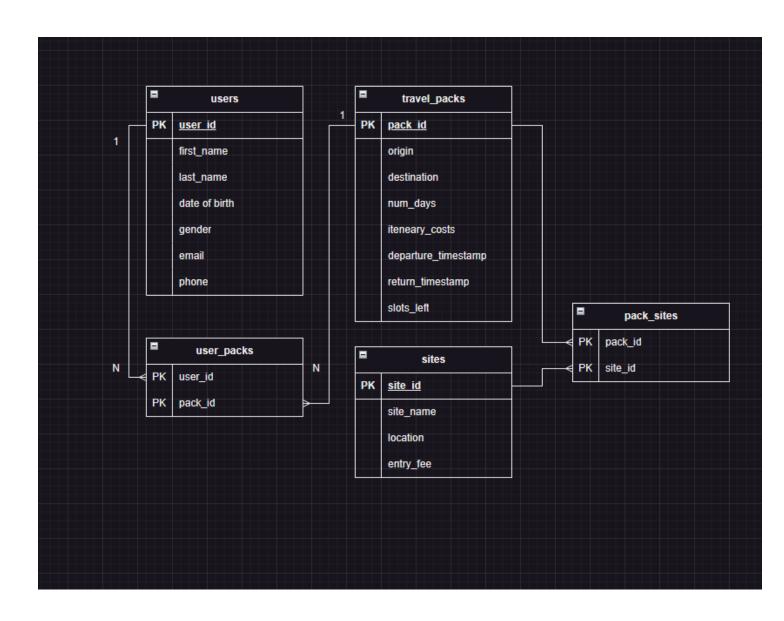
ER Diagram





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# Relational Diagram





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# Queries

# Table Creation Code

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `dbms`.`users`(
   user_id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  `first_name` VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL,
  `last_name` VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL,
  `date_of_birth` DATE NOT NULL,
  `gender` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,
  `email` VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL,
  `phone` VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY(`user id`)
) ENGINE = InnoDB;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `dbms`.`travel_packs`(
   pack id' INT NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
   `origin` VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL,
  `destination` VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL,
  `num_days` INT NOT NULL,
  `iteneary_costs` INT NOT NULL,
  `departure_timestamp` DATE NOT NULL,
  `return_timestamp` DATE NOT NULL,
  `slots left` INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 3,
  PRIMARY KEY(`pack_id`)
) ENGINE = InnoDB;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `dbms`.`user_packs`(
   pack_id` INT NOT NULL,
   user id' INT NOT NULL,
  FOREIGN KEY (pack id) REFERENCES travel packs(pack id),
  FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users(user_id)
) ENGINE = InnoDB;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `dbms`.`sites`(
  `site id` INT NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `site_name` VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL,
      `address` VARCHAR(256) NOT NULL,
  `entry_fee` FLOAT NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (site id)
) ENGINE = InnoDB;
```



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```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `dbms`.`pack_sites`(
   `pack_id` INT NOT NULL,
   `site_id` INT NOT NULL,
   FOREIGN KEY (pack_id) REFERENCES travel_packs(pack_id),
   FOREIGN KEY (site_id) REFERENCES sites(site_id),
   PRIMARY KEY (pack_id, site_id)
) ENGINE = InnoDB;
```

# **Triggers**

```
DELIMITER //
CREATE TRIGGER check seats trigger
BEFORE INSERT ON user packs
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
   DECLARE available seats INT;
   SELECT slots left INTO available seats FROM travel packs WHERE pack id
= NEW.pack id;
    IF available seats > 0 THEN
        SET available seats = available seats - 1;
        UPDATE travel packs SET slots left = available seats WHERE pack id
= NEW.pack id;
        SIGNAL SOLSTATE '45000'
            SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'No available seats for the selected pack.';
   END IF;
END //
DELIMITER ;
```

The Code above reduces the number of slots in a travel pack when a new user selects that user pack. When the number of slots reaches 0, it will be throw an error

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```
DELIMITER //

CREATE TRIGGER check_phone_number_trigger

BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON users

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN
    IF NEW.phone REGEXP '^(9|8|7|6)[0-9]{9}$' = 0 THEN
        SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Invalid phone number format.';
    END IF;

END //

DELIMITER;
```

This trigger is used to check if the phone number entered by the user is valid. It uses regex for validation of Indian mobile numbers.

# Joins

```
select pack_id, GROUP_CONCAT(CONCAT(users.user_id, " | ",
users.first_name)) from user_packs join users on
users.user_id=user_packs.user_id group by pack_id;
```

The above code joins travel\_packs and the users who have taken those travel packs using group by and displays it.

```
select pack_id, GROUP_CONCAT(CONCAT(sites.site_id, '|', sites.site_name))
from pack_sites join sites on sites.site_id=pack_sites.site_id group by
pack_id;
```

The above code joins travel\_packs and sites table to display all the sites included within each travel pack.

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```
select travel_packs.pack_id, travel_packs.destination, sites.site_id,
sites.site_name, sites.entry_fee from pack_sites join sites on
sites.site_id=pack_sites.site_id join travel_packs on travel_packs.pack_id
= pack_sites.pack_id;
```

This code joins 3 tables: pack\_sites, sites and travel\_pack to display all the sites within each travel pack along with additional data such as pack\_id and destination.

# **Procedures**

```
CREATE PROCEDURE GetPriceStats()

BEGIN

DECLARE min_price DECIMAL(10, 2);

DECLARE max_price DECIMAL(10, 2);

DECLARE avg_price DECIMAL(10, 2);

SELECT MIN(iteneary_costs) INTO min_price FROM travel_packs;

SELECT MAX(iteneary_costs) INTO max_price FROM travel_packs;

SELECT AVG(iteneary_costs) INTO avg_price FROM travel_packs;

SELECT min_price AS min_price, max_price AS max_price, avg_price AS avg_price;

END //

DELIMITER;
```

The above code gets the minimum, maximum and average price of travel packs

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```
DELIMITER //

CREATE PROCEDURE GetPriceRangeData(IN input_price DECIMAL(10, 2), IN range_value DECIMAL(10, 2))

BEGIN

DECLARE min_price DECIMAL(10, 2);

DECLARE max_price DECIMAL(10, 2);

SET min_price = input_price - range_value;

SET max_price = input_price + range_value;

SELECT * FROM travel_packs

WHERE iteneary_costs >= min_price AND iteneary_costs <= max_price;

END //

DELIMITER;
```

The above code gets travel packs which are in the range of the user's travel budget. They can give a base value and +- range value.