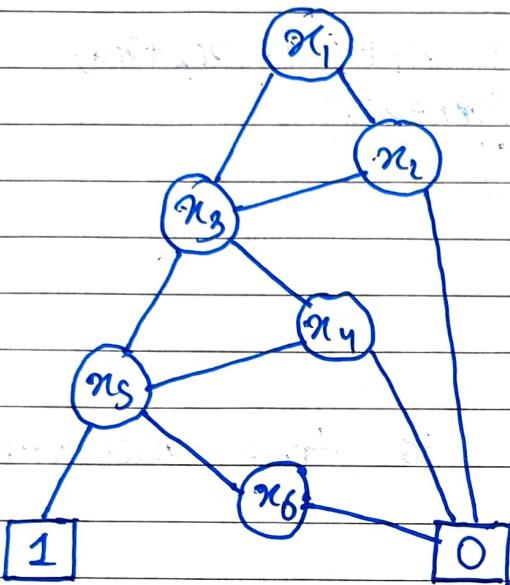


VLSI Testing Midsem

(1)

Q1) i)



$$f = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 \quad c = x_1 + x_2$$

$$f \downarrow c = x_1 (f_{x_1} \downarrow c_{x_1}) + \bar{x}_1 (f_{\bar{x}_1} \downarrow c_{\bar{x}_1}) \quad \{c_{x_1} = 1\}$$

$$= x_1 \cdot 1 + \bar{x}_1 (f_{\bar{x}_1} \downarrow c_{\bar{x}_1}) \quad \{c_{\bar{x}_1} = 0\}$$

$$= x_1 + \bar{x}_1 (f_{\bar{x}_1} x_2 \downarrow c_{\bar{x}_1 x_2}) \quad \{c_{\bar{x}_1 x_2} = 1\}$$

$$= x_1 + \bar{x}_1 \cdot 1$$

$$= x_1 + \bar{x}_1$$

$$f \downarrow c = 1$$

$$\text{so } c \cdot (f \downarrow c) = c \cdot 1 = c$$

$$\text{and } c \cdot f = (x_1 + x_2) \cdot (x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4)$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C \cdot F &= (x_1 + x_2) \cdot (x_1 + x_2) + (x_1 + x_2) \cdot (x_3 + x_4) \\
 &= (x_1 + x_2) + (x_1 + x_2)(x_3 + x_4) \\
 &= (x_1 + x_2)[1 + x_3 + x_4] \\
 &= (x_1 + x_2) \cdot 1 \\
 &= x_1 + x_2 \\
 &= C
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence $C \cdot (F \downarrow C) = C \cdot F$ is true and verified

$$\begin{aligned}
 4) \quad j &= a + \overline{b \cdot c} \\
 &= a + \overline{b} + \overline{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 h &= \overline{(b \cdot c)} \cdot (\overline{d \cdot e}) \\
 &= \overline{(b \cdot c)} + \overline{(d \cdot e)} \\
 &= \overline{b} + \overline{c} + \overline{d} + \overline{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 i &= \overline{b \cdot c} + h \\
 &= b \cdot c \cdot \overline{h} \\
 &= b \cdot c \cdot \overline{(b \cdot c)} \cdot (\overline{d \cdot e}) \\
 &= b \cdot c \cdot (b \cdot c) \cdot (\overline{d \cdot e}) \\
 &= b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e
 \end{aligned}$$

5) SAT for our required problem:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(h \Leftrightarrow i) \cdot (i \Leftrightarrow j) \cdot (j \Leftrightarrow h) \\
 &= (h \Rightarrow i) \cdot (i \Rightarrow h) \cdot (i \Leftrightarrow j) \cdot (j \Rightarrow i) \cdot (j \Rightarrow h) \cdot (h \Rightarrow j) \\
 &= (h + i) \cdot (\overline{i} + h) \cdot (\overline{i} + j) \cdot (\overline{j} + i) \cdot (\overline{j} + h) \cdot (\overline{h} + j) \\
 &\text{(basically, } \Leftrightarrow \text{ is our XOR operation)}
 \end{aligned}$$

(3)

5) SAT for our required problem.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (h \Leftrightarrow i) (i \Leftrightarrow j) (j \Leftrightarrow h) (h \Leftrightarrow (\bar{b} + \bar{c} + \bar{d} + \bar{e})) (i \Leftrightarrow bcde) (j \Leftrightarrow (a + \bar{b} + \bar{c})) \\
 & = (\bar{h} + i) (\bar{i} + h) (\bar{j} + i) (\bar{j} + h) (\bar{h} + j) (\bar{h} + \bar{b} + \bar{c} + \bar{d} + \bar{e}) (\bar{h} + bcde) \\
 & \quad (\bar{i} + bcd) (\bar{i} + \bar{b} + \bar{c} + \bar{d} + \bar{e}) (\bar{j} + a + \bar{b} + \bar{c}) (\bar{j} + \bar{a} + \bar{b} + \bar{c}) \quad \text{d3tri-butne} \\
 & = (\bar{h} + i) (\bar{h} + i) (\bar{i} + j) (\bar{i} + \bar{j}) (\bar{j} + h) (\bar{j} + \bar{h}) (\bar{h} + \bar{b} + \bar{c} + \bar{d} + \bar{e}) (\bar{h} + b) (\bar{h} + c) (\bar{h} + d) (\bar{h} + e) \\
 & \quad (\bar{i} + b) (\bar{i} + c) (\bar{i} + d) (\bar{i} + e) (\bar{i} + \bar{b} + \bar{c} + \bar{d} + \bar{e}) (\bar{j} + a + \bar{b} + \bar{c}) (\bar{j} + \bar{a} + \bar{b} + \bar{c}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \quad (\bar{j} + \bar{a}) (\bar{j} + b) (\bar{j} + c)
 \end{aligned}$$

SAT:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\bar{h} + i) (\bar{h} + \bar{i}) (\bar{i} + j) (\bar{i} + \bar{j}) (\bar{j} + h) (\bar{j} + \bar{h}) \\
 & (\bar{h} + \bar{b} + \bar{c} + \bar{d} + \bar{e}) (\bar{h} + b) (\bar{h} + c) (\bar{h} + d) (\bar{h} + e) \\
 & (\bar{i} + b) (\bar{i} + c) (\bar{i} + d) (\bar{i} + e) (\bar{i} + \bar{b} + \bar{c} + \bar{d} + \bar{e}) \\
 & (\bar{j} + a + \bar{b} + \bar{c}) (\bar{j} + \bar{a}) (\bar{j} + b) (\bar{j} + c)
 \end{aligned}$$

6) a) The states are 8_{qrd} . where $q, r, d \in \{0, 1\}$

Note that $y = q$

Thus, in total, there are 8 states (2^3)

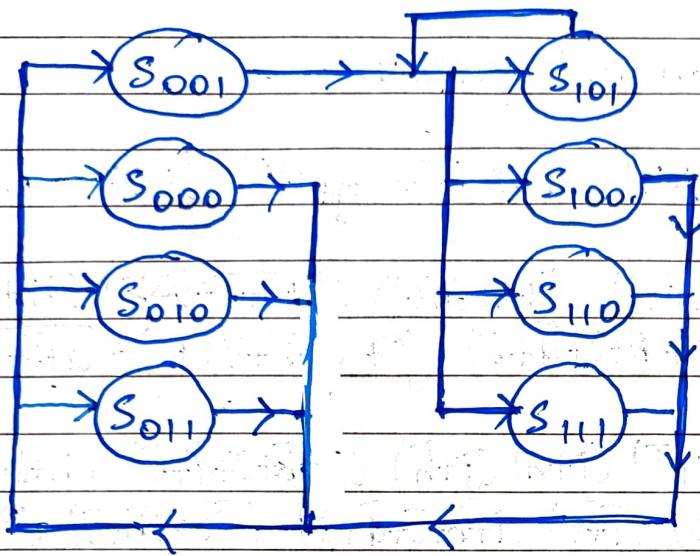
b) Relationship (derived from graph on page 4)

$$R = \left\{ \left\{ \bigcup_{r, d \in \{0, 1\}} \{S_{001}, S_{1rd}\} \right\} \cup \left\{ \bigcup_{r, d \in \{0, 1\}} \{S_{101}, S_{1rd}\} \right\} \cup \left\{ \bigcup_{r, d \in \{0, 1\}} \{S_{abc}, S_{ord}\} \right\} \right\}$$

$r, d \in \{0, 1\}$
 $r, d \in \{0, 1\}$
 $r, d \in \{0, 1\}$
 $(a, b, c) \in X$

where $X = \{(0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0), (0, 1, 1), (1, 0, 0), (1, 1, 0), (1, 1, 1)\}$

(4)



State transition graph.

(5)

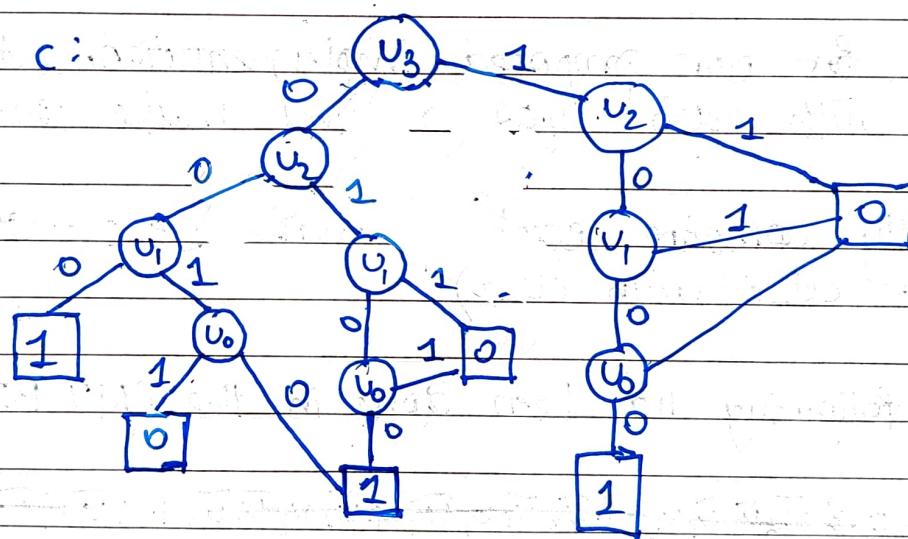
Question 2

i) Care condition:

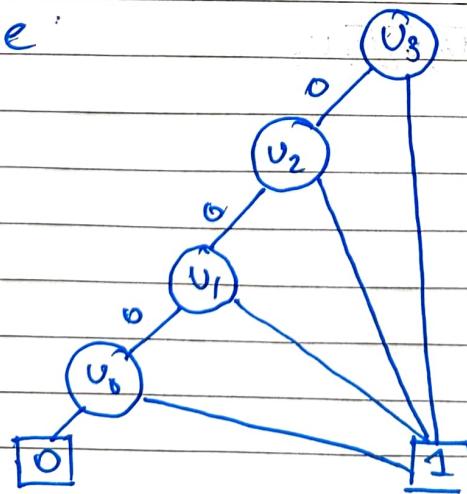
$\bar{U}_1 \bar{U}_0$	00	01	11	10
$\bar{U}_3 \bar{U}_2$	00	01	11	10
\bar{U}_3	01	1	0	0
\bar{U}_2	11	0	0	0
\bar{U}_1	10	1	0	0

$$C = \bar{U}_3 \bar{U}_2 \bar{U}_1 + \bar{U}_3 \bar{U}_2 \bar{U}_0 + \bar{U}_3 \bar{U}_1 \bar{U}_0 + \bar{U}_2 \bar{U}_1 \bar{U}_0$$

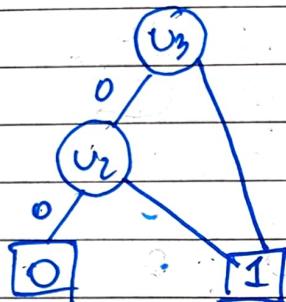
BDD of C:



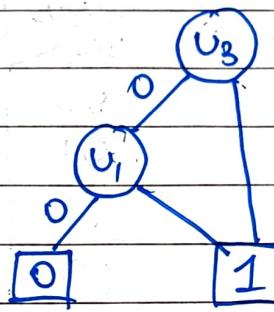
For F BDD of e



For f BDD of c1



BDD of c_0



- Do a dot product of each with care (cc).
- Then for our proposed implementation, dot the care (cc) with each e_1, c_1, c_0 and make their BDDs.
- Finally compare each pairwise (e_1 with e_1-t , c_1-c with c_1-t , c_0-c with c_0-t)

The following has been done in the CMU BDD package.

Note

$$e_{\text{spec}} = \cancel{\bar{U}_3 \bar{U}_2 \bar{U}_1 U_0} + \cancel{\bar{U}_3 \bar{U}_2 U_1 \bar{U}_0} + \cancel{\bar{U}_3 U_2 \bar{U}_1 \bar{U}_0} + \cancel{U_3 \bar{U}_2 \bar{U}_1 \bar{U}_0}$$

$$e_1-S = U_3 + \bar{U}_3 U_2 + \bar{U}_3 \bar{U}_2 U_1 + \bar{U}_3 \bar{U}_2 \bar{U}_1 U_0$$

$$c1-S = U_3 + \bar{U}_3 U_2$$

$$c0-S = U_3 + \bar{U}_3 U_1$$

8+5+5+3+the sum of first 4.

(7)

Question 2 Part 2

For e. (e-s: c \Leftrightarrow e-t-c). To be done + inputs
 $e-s-c = f$, $e-t-c = g$ & check $(f \oplus g)$ SAT

$$(f \oplus g) \cdot (f \Leftrightarrow e-s-c) \cdot (g \Leftrightarrow e-t-c) \cdot (e-s \Leftrightarrow (u_3 + \bar{u}_3 u_2 + \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_2 u_1 + \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_1 u_0)) \cdot \\ (e-t \Leftrightarrow u_2 \bar{u}_3 + u_1 + u_0) \cdot (c \Leftrightarrow \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_1 + \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_0 + \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_1 \bar{u}_0 + \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_1 \bar{u}_0)$$

$$= (\bar{f} + \bar{g}) (f \bar{g}) (\bar{f} + e-s-c) (f + e-\bar{s}-c) (\bar{g} + e-t-c) (g + e-\bar{t}-c) \\ (e-s \Leftrightarrow (u_3 + m_2 + m_1 + m_0)) - (e-t + \bar{u}_3 + u_2 + u_1 + u_0) (e-t + \bar{u}_3 + u_2 + u_1 + u_0) \\ (c \Leftrightarrow n_8 + h_2 f h_1 + h_0) \cdot (m_2 \Leftrightarrow \bar{u}_3 u_2) (m_1 \Leftrightarrow \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_2 u_1) (m_0 \Leftrightarrow \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_1 u_0) \\ (h_3 \Leftrightarrow \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_1) (h_2 \Leftrightarrow \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_1 \bar{u}_0) (h_1 \Leftrightarrow \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_1 \bar{u}_0) (h_0 \Leftrightarrow \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_1 \bar{u}_0)$$

$$= (\bar{f} + \bar{g}) (f \bar{g}) (\bar{f} + e-s) (\bar{f} + c) (f + e-\bar{s} + \bar{c}) (\bar{f} + e-t) (\bar{g} + c) (g + e-\bar{t} + \bar{c}) \\ (e-s + u_3 + m_2 + m_1 + m_0) (e-s + \bar{u}_3) (e-s + \bar{m}_2) (e-s + \bar{m}_1) (e-s + \bar{m}_0) \\ (e-t + u_3 + u_2 + u_1 + u_0) (e-t + \bar{u}_3) (e-t + \bar{u}_2) (e-t + \bar{u}_1) (e-t + \bar{u}_0) \\ (\bar{c} + n_9 + h_2 + h_1 + h_0) (c + \bar{n}_3) (c + \bar{n}_2) (c + \bar{n}_1) (c + \bar{n}_0) \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\bar{m}_2 + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{m}_2 + u_2) (\bar{m}_2 + u_3 + \bar{u}_1) (\bar{m}_1 + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{m}_1 + \bar{u}_2) (\bar{m}_1 + \bar{u}_1) (m_1 + u_3 + u_2 + u_1) \\ (\bar{m}_0 + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{m}_0 + \bar{u}_2) (\bar{m}_0 + \bar{u}_1) (m_0 + \bar{u}_3 + \bar{u}_2 + \bar{u}_1 + \bar{u}_0) \\ (\bar{n}_3 + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{n}_3 + u_2) (\bar{n}_3 + \bar{u}_1) (n_2 + u_3 + u_2 + u_1) \\ (\bar{n}_2 + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{n}_2 + \bar{u}_1) (\bar{n}_2 + \bar{u}_0) (n_3 + u_2 + u_1 + u_0) \\ (\bar{n}_1 + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{n}_1 + \bar{u}_0) (\bar{n}_1 + \bar{u}_0) (n_1 + u_3 + u_1 + u_0) \\ (\bar{n}_0 + \bar{u}_2) (\bar{n}_0 + \bar{u}_1) (\bar{n}_0 + \bar{u}_0) (n_0 + u_2 + u_1 + u_0) \end{array} \right. \\ \text{simplifying this as I care SATI} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} u_0 - 1, u_1 - 2, u_2 - 3, u_3 - 4, e-s - 5, e-t - 6, c - 7, n_0 - 8, h_1 - 9, h_2 - 10, n_3 - 11 \\ f - 12, g - 13, m_0 - 14, m_1 - 15, m_2 - 16 \end{array} \right.$$

8+3+3+3+5+4x4

(8)

for C1 $f = c_1 - s \cdot c \quad g = c_1 - t \cdot c$

m_0
↑

$$(f \oplus g) (f \Leftrightarrow c_1 - s \cdot c) (g \Leftrightarrow c_1 - t \cdot c) (c_1 s \Leftrightarrow u_3 + \bar{u}_3 u_2) (c_1 t \Leftrightarrow u_3 + u_2)$$
$$(c \Leftrightarrow \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_2 u_1 + u_2 \bar{u}_1 \bar{u}_0 + \bar{u}_3 \bar{u}_1 \bar{u}_0 + \bar{u}_3 u_1 \bar{u}_0)$$

$$(\bar{f} + \bar{g}) (\bar{f} + f \bar{g}) (\bar{f} + \bar{c} \bar{1} - s) (\bar{f} + c) (\bar{f} + c \bar{1} - s + \bar{c}) (\bar{g} + c \bar{1} - t) (\bar{g} + c) (g + c \bar{1} - t + \bar{c})$$
$$(\bar{c} \bar{1} - s + u_3 + m_0) (c \bar{1} - s + \bar{u}_3) (c \bar{1} - s + \bar{m}_0) (\bar{c} \bar{1} - t + u_3 + u_2) (c \bar{1} - t + \bar{u}_3) (c \bar{1} - t + \bar{u}_2)$$

(core conditions)

$$(\bar{m}_0 + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{m}_0 + u_2) (m_0 + u_3 + \bar{u}_2)$$

$$u_0 - 1, u_1 - 2, u_2 - 3, u_3 - 4, c_1 - s - 5, c_0 - t - 6, c - 7, n_0 - 8, n_1 - 9, n_2 - 10, n_3 - 11$$
$$f - 12, g - 13, m_0 - 14$$

For C0 Same assumptions as C1.

$$(\bar{f} + \bar{g}) (\bar{f} + \bar{g}) (\bar{f} + \bar{c} \bar{1} - s) (\bar{f} + c) (\bar{f} + \bar{c} \bar{1} - s + \bar{c}) (\bar{g} + c \bar{1} - t) (\bar{g} + c) (g + \bar{c} \bar{1} - t + \bar{c})$$
$$(\bar{c} \bar{1} - s + u_3 + \bar{u}_2 \bar{u}_1) (\bar{c} \bar{1} - s + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{c} \bar{1} - s + \bar{m}_0) (\bar{c} \bar{1} - t + u_3 + u_1) (\bar{c} \bar{1} - t + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{c} \bar{1} - t + \bar{u}_1)$$

(core conditions)

$$(\bar{m}_0 + \bar{u}_3) (\bar{m}_0 + u_1) (m_0 + u_3 + \bar{u}_1)$$

Same notations ($m_0 = \bar{u}_2 u_1$) & C1 \rightarrow C0 difference in code

All should output UNSATISFIABLE for SAT ~~sat~~.

Check MinSAT code further.

Question 3

Part 1 - Seq. ckt given. We need till $k=4$

for circuit 1: Take 5 inputs each for x & r
namely $x(0), x(1) \dots x(u)$ for $k=0$ to 4
 $r(0), r(1) \dots r(u)$

- Find BDD of s_0, s_1, s_2, s_3 for all states.
- Use this to find BDD of output for all states

We thus get BDD-1 array.

For circuit 2: Same 5 inputs fed to this circuit

- Find BDD of t_0, t_1 for all states
- Use this to find BDD of output for all states

We thus get BDD-2 array.

Finally, compare each BDD from array

All should output true for equality, only then can we say the seq. circuits are equivalent for first 9 values of k

Note The code shows that at $k=1$, the output fails.
This can be useful in calculation of SAT (show that SAT fails for $k=1$)

The SAT looks like $\sum o_1(i) \oplus o_2(i)$
 If anyone is 1, we get satisfiability.

(10)

∴ we know from previous ~~BDD~~ analysis that at $k=1$, the BDDs mismatch.

$$\cancel{o_1(1)} = 0 \quad \cancel{o_2(1)} = 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} o_1(1) &= \overline{r(1)} [x(1)o_3(1) + \overline{x(1)}\cancel{o_3(1)}] \\ &= \overline{r(1)} [x(1) \cdot 0 + \overline{x(1)} \cdot 0] \\ &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

Similarly for $\cancel{o_2(1)}$, $+1(1) = 0 \quad +0(1) = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} o_2(1) &= \overline{r(1)} [x(1) \cancel{+1(1)} = +0(1)] + \overline{x(1)} (\cancel{+1(1)} \oplus +0(1)) \\ &= \overline{r(1)} [x(1) \cdot 1 + \overline{x(1)} \cdot 0] \\ &= \overline{r(1)} x(1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SAT equation: } & [o_1(1) \oplus o_2(1)] \quad (o_1 \Leftrightarrow 0) \\ & (o_2 \Leftrightarrow \overline{r}x) \quad \overset{1}{\underset{0}{\overset{\circ}{o_1}}} \quad \overset{\circ}{o_2} \\ & = (o_1 + o_2)(\overline{o_1} + \overline{o_2})(o_1 + 1)(\overline{o_1} + 0) \\ & (\overline{o_2} + r)(\overline{o_2} + \overline{x})(o_2 + r + \overline{x}) \end{aligned}$$

$$o_1 - 1 \quad o_2 - 2 \quad r - 3 \quad x - 4$$