

Assignment 1

Following things to be added in each question:

- Program
- Flow chart
- Explanation
- Output
- Time and Space complexity

Submission Date: 26/09/2024

1. Armstrong Number

Problem: Write a Java program to check if a given number is an Armstrong number.

Test Cases:

Input: 153

Output: true

Input: 123

Output: false

-->>

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class ArmStrongNo {
public static void main (String args[]) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
    int a,b, d, sum = 0;
    System.out.println("Enter a number :");
    b = sc.nextInt();
    a = b;
    while (b > 0)
    {
        d = b % 10;
        sum = sum+(d*d*d);
        b = b / 10;
    }
    if (a == sum)
```

```

        System.out.println(true);
    else
        System.out.println(false);
    }
}

```

2. Prime Number

Problem: Write a Java program to check if a given number is prime.

Test Cases:

Input: 29

Output: true

Input: 15

Output: false

-->>

```

import java.util.Scanner;
class PrimeNo{
    public static void main (String args[] ) {
        System.out.println("Enter any number of your choice to check
prime: ");
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
        int num = sc.nextInt();
        boolean flag = false;
        for (int i=2; i <=num/2; i++) {
            if (num % i == 0) {
                flag = true;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (!flag)
            System.out.println(true);
        else
            System.out.println(false);
        }
}

```

3. Factorial

Problem: Write a Java program to compute the factorial of a given number.

Test Cases:

Input: 5

Output: 120

Input: 0

Output: 1

-->>

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Factorial {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter any number : ");
        int fact=1;
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        for (int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            fact=fact*i;
        }
        System.out.println("The factorial of the number " +n+ " is "
+fact);
    }
}
```

4. Fibonacci Series

Problem: Write a Java program to print the first n numbers in the Fibonacci series.

Test Cases:

Input: n = 5

Output: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3]

Input: n = 8

Output: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13]

-->>

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Fibonacci {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number : ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        int a=0, b=1;
        System.out.println("Fibonacci series till: "+n+" terms");
        for (int i=0; i<=n; i++) {
            System.out.print(a + " ");
            int c = a + b;
            a = b;
            b = c;
        }
    }
}
```

5. Find GCD

Problem: Write a Java program to find the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) of two numbers.

Test Cases:

Input: a = 54, b = 24

Output: 6

Input: a = 17, b = 13

Output: 1

-->>

```
public class GCD {
    public static int euclideanGCD(int a, int b) {
        while (b != 0) {
            int temp = a;
            a = b;
            b = temp % b;
        }
        return a;
    }
}
```

```

    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num1 = 54;
        int num2 = 24;
        int num3 = 13;
        int num4 = 17;

        int gcd1 = euclideanGCD(num1, num2);
        System.out.println("GCD of " + num1 + " and " + num2 + " is: " +
gcd1);

        int gcd2 = euclideanGCD(num3, num4);
        System.out.println("GCD of " + num3 + " and " + num4 + " is: " +
gcd2);
    }
}

```

6. Find Square Root

Problem: Write a Java program to find the square root of a given number (using integer approximation).

Test Cases:

Input: x = 16

Output: 4

Input: x = 27

Output: 5

-->>

```

import java.util.Scanner;
class SquareRoot {

    public static void main (String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number : ");
    }
}

```

```

        double x = sc.nextDouble();
        double ans = (int) Math.sqrt(x);
        System.out.println(ans);
    }
}

```

7. Find Repeated Characters in a String

Problem: Write a Java program to find all repeated characters in a string.

Test Cases:

Input: "programming"

Output: ['r', 'g', 'm']

Input: "hello"

Output: ['l']

-->>

```

import java.util.Scanner;
public class RCString {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
        String input = sc.nextLine();

        int[] charCount = new int[26];

        for (int i = 0; i < input.length(); i++) {
            charCount[input.charAt(i) - 'a']++;
        }

        System.out.print("Repeated characters: ");
        for (int i = 0; i < charCount.length; i++) {
            if (charCount[i] > 1) {
                System.out.print((char) ('a' + i) + ", ");
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
}
```

8. First Non-Repeated Character

Problem: Write a Java program to find the first non-repeated character in a string.

Test Cases:

Input: "stress"

Output: 't'

Input: "aabbcc"

Output: null

-->>

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class NRCharacter {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter String");
        String str = sc.nextLine();

        char[] arr = str.toCharArray();

        for(int i=0; i<arr.length; i++)
        {
            for(int j=i+1; j<arr.length; j++)
            {
                if(arr[i] != arr[j])
                {
                    System.out.println(arr[j]);
                    System.exit(0);
                }
            }
            else
            {
                System.out.println("null");
                System.exit(0);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
}
}

```

9. Integer Palindrome

Problem: Write a Java program to check if a given integer is a palindrome.

Test Cases:

Input: 121

Output: true

Input: -121

Output: false

-->>

```

import java.util.Scanner;
public class Palindrome {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a word: ");
        String input = sc.nextLine();

        boolean isPalindrome = true;
        int left = 0;
        int right = input.length() - 1;

        while (left < right) {
            if (input.charAt(left) != input.charAt(right)) {
                isPalindrome = false;
                break;
            }
            left++;
            right--;
        }
    }
}

```



```

        if (isPalindrome) {
            System.out.println(input + " is a palindrome.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(input + " is not a palindrome.");
        }
    }
}

```

10. Leap Year

Problem: Write a Java program to check if a given year is a leap year.

Test Cases:

Input: 2020

Output: true

Input: 1900

Output: false

-->>

```

import java.util.Scanner;
class LeapYear {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the year : ");
        int year = sc.nextInt();
        if (year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0 || year % 400 == 0)
        {
            System.out.println(true);
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println(false);
        }
    }
}

```