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SUBJECT: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

SECTION: C

Program 6

Create a knowledgebase using propositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.

```
combinations=[(True,True, True),(True,True,False),(True,False,True),(True,False, False),(False,True,
True),(False,True, False),(False, False,True),(False,False, False)]
```

```
variable={'p':0,'q':1, 'r':2}
```

```
kb=""
```

```
q=""
```

```
priority={'~':3,'v':1,'^':2}
```

```
def input_rules():
```

```
    global kb, q
```

```
    kb = (input("Enter rule: "))
```

```
    q = input("Enter the Query: ")
```

```
def entailment():
```

```
    global kb, q
```

```
    print('*'*10+"Truth Table Reference"+"**10)
```

```
    print('kb','alpha')
```

```
    print('*'*10)
```

```
    for comb in combinations:
```

```
        s = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(kb), comb)
```

```
        f = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(q), comb)
```

```
        print(s, f)
```

```
        print('-'*10)
```

```
        if s and not f:
```

```
            return False
```

```
            return True
```

```
def isOperand(c):
```

```
    return c.isalpha() and c!='v'
```

```
def isLeftParanthesis(c):
```

```
    return c == '('
```

```
def isRightParanthesis(c):
```

```
return c == ')'
```

```
def isEmpty(stack):
```

```
    return len(stack) == 0
```

```
def peek(stack):
```

```
    return stack[-1]
```

```
def hasLessOrEqualPriority(c1, c2):
```

```
    try:
```

```
        return priority[c1] <= priority[c2]
```

```
    except KeyError:
```

```
        return False
```

```
def toPostfix(infix):
```

```
    stack = []
```

```
    postfix = ""
```

```
    for c in infix:
```

```
        if isOperand(c):
```

```
            postfix += c
```

```
        else:
```

```
            if isLeftParanthesis(c):
```

```
                stack.append(c)
```

```
            elif isRightParanthesis(c):
```

```
                operator = stack.pop()
```

```
                while not isLeftParanthesis(operator):
```

```
                    postfix += operator
```

```
                operator = stack.pop()
```

```
            else:
```

```
                while (not isEmpty(stack)) and hasLessOrEqualPriority(c, peek(stack)): postfix
```

```
                    += stack.pop()
```

```
                stack.append(c)
```

```
            while (not isEmpty(stack)):
```

```
                postfix += stack.pop()
```

```
    return postfix
```

```
def evaluatePostfix(exp, comb):
```

```

stack = []
for i in exp:
    if isOperand(i):
        stack.append(comb[variable[i]])
    elif i == '~':
        val1 = stack.pop()
        stack.append(not val1)
    else:
        val1 = stack.pop()
        val2 = stack.pop()
        stack.append(_eval(i,val2,val1))
    return stack.pop()
def _eval(i, val1, val2):
    if i == '^':
        return val2 and val1
    return val2 or val1
#Test 1
input_rules()
ans = entailment()
if ans:
    print("The Knowledge Base entails query")
else:
    print("The Knowledge Base does not entail query")
Enter rule:
(pvq)^(~rvp)
Enter the Query:
r
*****Truth Table Reference*****
kb alpha
*****
True True
-----
True False
-----
The Knowledge Base does not entail query

```

Program 7

Create a knowledgebase using propositional logic and prove the given query using resolution

```
import re
```

```

def negate(term):
    return f'~{term}' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]

def reverse(clause):
    if len(clause) > 2:
        t = split_terms(clause)
        return f'{t[1]} v {t[0]}'
    return ""

def split_terms(rule):
    exp = '(~*[PQRS])'
    terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
    return terms

def contradiction(query, clause):
    contradictions = [ f'{query} v {negate(query)}', f'{negate(query)} v {query}' ]
    return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions

def resolve(kb, query):
    temp = kb.copy()
    temp += [negate(query)]
    steps = dict()
    for rule in temp:
        steps[rule] = 'Given.'
    steps[negate(query)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
    i = 0
    while i < len(temp):
        n = len(temp)
        j = (i + 1) % n
        clauses = []
        while j != i:
            terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
            terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
            for c in terms1:
                if negate(c) in terms2:
                    t1 = [t for t in terms1 if t != c]
                    t2 = [t for t in terms2 if t != negate(c)]
                    gen = t1 + t2
                    if len(gen) == 2:

```

```

if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
    clauses += [f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}']
else:
    if contradiction(query, f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}'):
        temp.append(f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}')
        steps[""] = f'Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null. \
\nA contradiction is found when {negate(query)} is assumed as true. Hence, {query} is true.'
    return steps
elif len(gen) == 1:
    clauses += [f'{gen[0]}']
else:
    if contradiction(query, f'{terms1[0]} v {terms2[0]}'):
        temp.append(f'{terms1[0]} v {terms2[0]}')
        steps[""] = f'Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null. \
\nA contradiction is found when {negate(query)} is assumed as true. Hence, {query} is true.'
    return steps
for clause in clauses:
    if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:
        temp.append(clause)
        steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}.' j = (j + 1)
% n
i += 1
return steps
def resolution(kb, query):
    kb = kb.split(' ')
    steps = resolve(kb, query)
    print("\nStep\t|Clause\t|Derivation\t")
    print('-' * 30)
    i = 1
    for step in steps:
        print(f'{i}.\t| {step}\t| {steps[step]}\t')
    i += 1
def main():
    print("Enter the kb:")
    kb = input()
    print("Enter the query:")

```

```

query = input()
resolution(kb,query)
#test 1
#(P^Q)<=>R : (Rv~P)v(Rv~Q)^(~RvP)^(~RvQ)
main()
#test 2
#(P=>Q)=>Q, (P=>P)=>R, (R=>S)=>~(S=>Q)

```

Enter the kb:

PVQ PVR ~PVR RVS RV~Q ~SV~Q

Enter the query:

R

Step	Clause	Derivation
------	--------	------------

1.	PVQ	Given.
2.	PVR	Given.
3.	~PVR	Given.
4.	RVS	Given.
5.	RV~Q	Given.
6.	~SV~Q	Given.
7.	~R	Negated conclusion.
8.	QvR	Resolved from PVQ and ~PVR.
9.	PvR	Resolved from PVQ and RV~Q.
10.	Pv~S	Resolved from PVQ and ~SV~Q.
11.	P	Resolved from PVR and ~R.
12.	~P	Resolved from ~PVR and ~R.
13.	Rv~S	Resolved from ~PVR and Pv~S.
14.	R	Resolved from ~PVR and P.
15.	Rv~Q	Resolved from RVS and ~SV~Q.
16.	S	Resolved from RVS and ~R.
17.	~Q	Resolved from RV~Q and ~R.
18.	Q	Resolved from ~R and QvR.
19.	~S	Resolved from ~R and Rv~S.
20.		Resolved ~R and R to ~RvR, which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

Program 8

Implement unification in first order logic

```

import re
def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = "(" .join(expression)
    expression = expression.split(")")[:-1]
    expression = ")" .join(expression)
    attributes = expression.split(',')

```

```
return attributes
```

```
def getInitialPredicate(expression):  
    return expression.split("(")[0]
```

```
def isConstant(char):  
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1
```

```
def isVariable(char):  
    return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
```

```
def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):  
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)  
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)  
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):  
        if val == old:  
            attributes[index] = new  
    return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"
```

```
def apply(exp, substitutions):  
    for substitution in substitutions:  
        new, old = substitution  
        exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)  
    return exp
```

```
def checkOccurs(var, exp):  
    if exp.find(var) == -1:  
        return False  
    return True
```

```
def getFirstPart(expression):  
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)  
    return attributes[0]
```

```
def getRemainingPart(expression):  
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)  
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)  
    newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
```

```
return newExpression
```

```
def unify(exp1, exp2):
```

```
    if exp1 == exp2:
```

```
        return []
```

```
    if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
```

```
        if exp1 != exp2:
```

```
            print(f"{exp1} and {exp2} are constants. Cannot be unified")
```

```
            return []
```

```
    if isConstant(exp1):
```

```
        return [(exp1, exp2)]
```

```
    if isConstant(exp2):
```

```
        return [(exp2, exp1)]
```

```
    if isVariable(exp1):
```

```
        return [(exp2, exp1)] if not checkOccurs(exp1, exp2) else []
```

```
    if isVariable(exp2):
```

```
        return [(exp1, exp2)] if not checkOccurs(exp2, exp1) else []
```

```
    if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
```

```
        print("Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!")
```

```
        return []
```

```
    attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
```

```
    attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
```

```
    if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
```

```
        print(f"Length of attributes {attributeCount1} and {attributeCount2} do not match. Cannot be unified")
```

```
        return []
```

```
    head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
```

```
    head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
```

```
    initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
```

```
    if not initialSubstitution:
```



```

return []

if attributeCount1 == 1:
    return initialSubstitution

tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)

if initialSubstitution != []:
    tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
    tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)

remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
if not remainingSubstitution:
    return []

return initialSubstitution + remainingSubstitution

def main():
    print("Enter the first expression")
    e1 = input()
    print("Enter the second expression")
    e2 = input()
    substitutions = unify(e1, e2)
    print("The substitutions are:")
    print([' / '.join(substitution) for substitution in substitutions])
main()

print(" ")
print("----- ")
print(" ")
main()

print(" ")
print("----- ")
print(" ")
main()

print(" ")
print("----- ")
print(" ")

```

```

main()
print("----- ")
print("-----")

Enter the first expression
know(f(x),y)
Enter the second expression
kows(J,John)
Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!
The substitutions are:
[]

-----

Enter the first expression
knows(f(x),y)
Enter the second expression
knows(J,John)
The substitutions are:
['J / f(x)', 'John / y']

```

Program 9

Convert given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).

```

import re

print("Enter FOL")
def remove_brackets(source, id):
    reg = '\(([^\(\)]*)\)'
    m = re.search(reg, source)
    if m is None:
        return None, None
    new_source = re.sub(reg, str(id), source, count=1)
    return new_source, m.group(1)
class logic_base:
    def __init__(self, input):
        self.my_stack = []
        self.source = input
        final = input
        while 1:
            input, tmp = remove_brackets(input, len(self.my_stack))
            if
input is None:

```

```

break

final = input
self.my_stack.append(tmp)
self.my_stack.append(final)

def get_result(self):
    root = self.my_stack[-1]
    m = re.match("\s*([0-9]+)\s*$", root)
    if m is not None:
        root = self.my_stack[int(m.group(1))]
        reg = '(\d+)'
        while 1:
            m = re.search(reg, root)
            if m is None:
                break
            new = '(' + self.my_stack[int(m.group(1))] + ')'
            root = re.sub(reg, new, root, count=1)
        return root

```

```

def merge_items(self, logic):
    reg0 = '(\d+)'
    reg1 = 'neg\s+(\d+)'
    flag = False

    for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):
        target = self.my_stack[i]

        if logic not in target:
            continue

        m = re.search(reg1, target)
        if m is not None:
            continue

        m = re.search(reg0, target)
        if m is None:
            continue

        for j in re.findall(reg0, target):
            child = self.my_stack[int(j)]
            if logic not in child:
                continue

```

```

new_reg = "(^|\\s)" + j + "(\\s|$)"
self.my_stack[i] = re.sub(new_reg, '' + child + '', self.my_stack[i], count=1)
self.my_stack[i] = self.my_stack[i].strip()

flag = True

if flag:
    self.merge_items(logic)

```

```

class ordering(logic_base):
    def run(self):
        flag = False
        for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):
            new_source = self.add_brackets(self.my_stack[i])
            if self.my_stack[i] != new_source:
                self.my_stack[i] = new_source
                flag = True
        return flag

    def add_brackets(self, source):
        reg = "\\s+(and|or|imp|iff)\\s+"
        if len(re.findall(reg, source)) < 2:
            return source

        reg_and = "(neg\\s+)?\\S+\\s+and\\s+(neg\\s+)?\\S+"
        m = re.search(reg_and, source)
        if m is not None:
            return re.sub(reg_and, "(" + m.group(0) + ")", source, count=1)

        reg_or = "(neg\\s+)?\\S+\\s+or\\s+(neg\\s+)?\\S+"
        m = re.search(reg_or, source)
        if m is not None:
            return re.sub(reg_or, "(" + m.group(0) + ")", source, count=1)

        reg_imp = "(neg\\s+)?\\S+\\s+imp\\s+(neg\\s+)?\\S+"
        m = re.search(reg_imp, source)
        if m is not None:
            return re.sub(reg_imp, "(" + m.group(0) + ")", source, count=1)

        reg_iff = "(neg\\s+)?\\S+\\s+iff\\s+(neg\\s+)?\\S+"
        m = re.search(reg_iff, source)

```

```
if m is not None:
    return re.sub(reg_iff, "(" + m.group(0) + ")", source, count=1)
```

```
class replace_iff(logic_base):
    def run(self):
        final = len(self.my_stack) - 1
        flag = self.replace_all_iff()
        self.my_stack.append(self.my_stack[final])
        return flag

    def replace_all_iff(self):
        flag = False
        for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):
            ans = self.replace_iff_inner(self.my_stack[i], len(self.my_stack))
            if ans is None:
                continue
            self.my_stack[i] = ans[0]
            self.my_stack.append(ans[1])
            self.my_stack.append(ans[2])
            flag = True
        return flag
```

```
def replace_iff_inner(self, source, id):
    reg = '^(.*)s+iff\s+(.*)$'
    m = re.search(reg, source)
    if m is None:
        return None
    a, b = m.group(1), m.group(2)
    return (str(id) + ' and ' + str(id + 1), a + ' imp ' + b, b + ' imp ' + a)
```

```
class replace_imp(logic_base):
    def run(self):
        flag = False
        for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):
```

```

ans = self.replace_imp_inner(self.my_stack[i]) if ans
is None:
    continue
self.my_stack[i] = ans
flag = True
return flag

def replace_imp_inner(self, source):
    reg = '^(*?)\s+imp\s+(.*?)$'
    m = re.search(reg, source)
    if m is None:
        return None
    a, b = m.group(1), m.group(2)
    if 'neg ' in a:
        return a.replace('neg ', '') + ' or ' + b
    return 'neg ' + a + ' or ' + b
class de_morgan(logic_base):
    def run(self):
        reg = 'neg\s+(\d+)'
        flag = False
        final = len(self.my_stack) - 1
        for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):
            target = self.my_stack[i]
            m = re.search(reg, target)
            if m is None:
                continue
            flag = True
            child = self.my_stack[int(m.group(1))]
            self.my_stack[i] = re.sub(reg, str(len(self.my_stack)), target, count=1)
            self.my_stack.append(self.doing_de_morgan(child)) break
            self.my_stack.append(self.my_stack[final])
        return flag

    def doing_de_morgan(self, source):
        items = re.split('\s+', source)
        new_items = []

```

```

for item in items:
    if item == 'or':
        new_items.append('and')
    elif item == 'and':
        new_items.append('or')
    elif item == 'neg':
        new_items.append('neg')
    elif len(item.strip()) > 0:
        new_items.append('neg')
        new_items.append(item)
    for i in range(len(new_items) - 1):
        if new_items[i] == 'neg':
            if new_items[i + 1] == 'neg':
                new_items[i] = "
                new_items[i + 1] = "
    return ''.join([i for i in new_items if len(i) > 0])

```

```

class distributive(logic_base):
    def run(self):
        flag = False
        reg = '(\d+)'
        final = len(self.my_stack) - 1
        for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):
            target = self.my_stack[i]
            if 'or' not in self.my_stack[i]:
                continue
            m = re.search(reg, target)
            if m is None:
                continue
            for j in re.findall(reg, target):
                child = self.my_stack[int(j)]
                if 'and' not in child:
                    continue
                new_reg = "(^|s)" + j + "(s|$)"
                items = re.split('s+and\s+', child)

```

```
tmp_list = [str(j) for j in range(len(self.my_stack), len(self.my_stack) + len(items))] for
item in items:
```

```
    self.my_stack.append(re.sub(new_reg, '' + item + '', target).strip())
```

```
self.my_stack[i] = ' and '.join(tmp_list)
```

```
flag = True
```

```
if flag:
```

```
    break
```

```
self.my_stack.append(self.my_stack[final])
```

```
return flag
```

```
class simplification(logic_base):
```

```
    def run(self):
```

```
        old = self.get_result()
```

```
        for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):
```

```
            self.my_stack[i] = self.reducing_or(self.my_stack[i]) #
```

```
self.my_stack[i] = self.reducing_and(self.my_stack[i]) final
```

```
= self.my_stack[-1]
```

```
self.my_stack[-1] = self.reducing_and(final)
```

```
return len(old) != len(self.get_result())
```

```
    def reducing_and(self, target):
```

```
        if 'and' not in target:
```

```
            return target
```

```
        items = set(re.split("\s+and\s+", target))
```

```
        for item in list(items):
```

```
            if ('neg ' + item) in items:
```

```
                return "
```

```
            if re.match('\d+$', item) is None:
```

```
                continue
```

```
            value = self.my_stack[int(item)]
```

```
            if self.my_stack.count(value) > 1:
```

```
                value = "
```

```
            self.my_stack[int(item)] = "
```

```
            if value == ":
```

```
                items.remove(item)
```

```
            return ' and '.join(list(items))
```



```

def reducing_or(self, target):
    if 'or' not in target:
        return target
    items = set(re.split("\s+or\s+", target))
    for item in list(items):
        if ('neg ' + item) in items:
            return ""
    return ' or '.join(list(items))

```

```

def merging(source):
    old = source.get_result()
    source.merge_items('or')
    source.merge_items('and')
    return old != source.get_result()

```

```

def run(input):
    all_strings = []
    # all_strings.append(input)
    zero = ordering(input)
    while zero.run():
        zero = ordering(zero.get_result())
    merging(zero)

```

```

    one = replace_iff(zero.get_result())
    one.run()
    all_strings.append(one.get_result())
    merging(one)

```

```

    two = replace_imp(one.get_result())
    two.run()
    all_strings.append(two.get_result())
    merging(two)

```

```

three, four = None, None
old = two.get_result()
three = de_morgan(old)
while three.run():
    pass
    all_strings.append(three.get_result())
    merging(three)
three_half = simplification(three.get_result())
three_half.run()

```

```

four = distributive(three_half.get_result())
while four.run():
    pass
    merging(four)
five = simplification(four.get_result())
five.run()
all_strings.append(five.get_result())
return all_strings

```

```

inputs = input().split("\n")
for input in inputs:
    for item in run(input):
        print(item)

```

```

Enter FOL
(animal(z) and kills(x,z)) imp (neg Loves(y,z))
(animal(z) and kills(x,z)) imp (neg Loves(y,z))
neg (animal(z) and kills(x,z)) or (neg Loves(y,z))
(neg animal(z) or neg kills(x,z)) or (neg Loves(y,z))
neg animal(z) or (neg Loves(y,z)) or neg kills(x,z)

```

Program 10

Create a knowledgebase consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

```

import re

def isVariable(x):
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()

```

```
def getAttributes(string):
```

```
    expr = '\([^)]+\)'
```

```
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
    return matches
```

```
def getPredicates(string):
```

```
    expr = '([a-z~]+)\([^&]+\)'
```

```
    return re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
class Fact:
```

```
    def __init__(self, expression):
```

```
        self.expression = expression
```

```
        predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
```

```
        self.predicate = predicate
```

```
        self.params = params
```

```
        self.result = any(self.getConstants())
```

```
    def splitExpression(self, expression):
```

```
        predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
```

```
        params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('(').split(',')
```

```
        return [predicate, params]
```

```
    def getResult(self):
```

```
        return self.result
```

```
    def getConstants(self):
```

```
        return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]
```

```
    def getVariables(self):
```

```
        return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]
```

```
    def substitute(self, constants):
```

```
        c = constants.copy()
```

```
        f = f'{self.predicate}({',''.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in self.params])})'
```

```
        return Fact(f)
```

```

class Implication:
    def __init__(self, expression):
        self.expression = expression
        l = expression.split('=>')
        self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
        self.rhs = Fact(l[1])

    def evaluate(self, facts):
        constants = {}
        new_lhs = []
        for fact in facts:
            for val in self.lhs:
                if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
                    for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                        if v:
                            constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
                            new_lhs.append(fact)

        predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
        str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])

        for key in constants:
            if constants[key]:
                attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
        expr = f '{predicate} {attributes}'

        return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs]) else None

```

```

class KB:
    def __init__(self):
        self.facts = set()
        self.implications = set()

    def tell(self, e):
        if '=>' in e:
            self.implications.add(Implication(e))
        else:
            self.facts.add(Fact(e))

        for i in self.implications:
            res = i.evaluate(self.facts)

```

```

if res:
    self.facts.add(res)

def query(self, e):
    facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
    i = 1
    print(f'Querying {e}:')
    for f in facts:
        if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
            print(f'\t{i}. {f}')
            i += 1

def display(self):
    print("All facts: ")
    for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
        print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')

```

```

kb_ = KB()
kb_.tell('king(x)&greedy(x)=>evil(x)')
kb_.tell('king(John)')
kb_.tell('greedy(John)')
kb_.tell('king(Richard)')
kb_.query('evil(x)')

```

```

kb_.display()
    Querying evil(x):
        1. evil(John)
    All facts:
        1. king(Richard)
        2. greedy(John)
        3. evil(John)
        4. king(John)

```