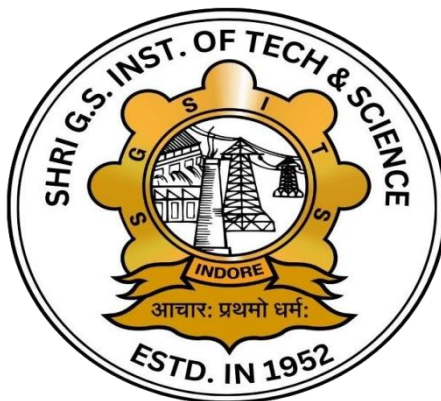


SHRI GOVINDRAM SEKSARIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCE, INDORE



Department of Applied Mathematics and Computational Science

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LAB ASSIGNMENT

MA10401: STATISTICAL COMPUTING TECHNIQUES

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Q1. Write a program to calculate mean , median , mode in an individual series.

CODE :

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <conio.h>

void sort(float arr[], int n) {

    int i, j;

    float temp;

    for(i=0; i<n-1; i++) {

        for(j=i+1; j<n; j++) {

            if(arr[i]>arr[j]) {

                temp = arr[i];

                arr[i] = arr[j];

                arr[j] = temp;

            }

        }

    }

}

void main() {

    int n, i, j, ucount=0, cf=0, maxCount=0, found;

    float mean, median, mode, sum_fx=0;

    float arr[50], unique[50];

    int freq[50];

    clrscr();

    printf("Enter total number of elements: ");

    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```

printf("Enter elements: ");

for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    scanf("%f", &arr[i]);

sort(arr, n);

// Frequency table calculation

for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
    found = 0;

    for(j=0; j<ucount; j++) {
        if(arr[i]==unique[j]) {
            freq[j]++;
            found = 1;
            break;
        }
    }

    if(!found) {
        unique[ucount] = arr[i];
        freq[ucount] = 1;
        ucount++;
    }
}

// Print frequency table

printf("\n-----");
printf("\n| x | f | cf | fx |");
printf("\n-----");

```

```

cf = 0;

sum_fx = 0;

for(i=0; i<ucount; i++) {

    cf += freq[i];

    sum_fx += unique[i]*freq[i];

    printf("\n| %4.1f | %3d | %3d | %5.1f |", unique[i], freq[i], cf, unique[i]*freq[i]);

}

printf("\n-----");


// Calculate mean

mean = sum_fx / n;


// Calculate median

if(n%2==0)

    median = (arr[n/2] + arr[(n/2)-1])/2;

else

    median = arr[n/2];


// Calculate mode

maxCount = 0;

for(i=0; i<ucount; i++) {

    if(freq[i] > maxCount) {

        maxCount = freq[i];

        mode = unique[i];

    }

}

```

```

    }

    printf("\nMean = %.2f", mean);

    printf("\nMedian = %.2f", median);

    printf("\nMode = %.2f", mode);

    printf("\nHighest Frequency = %d", maxCount);


    getch();
}

```

output:

x	f	cf	fx
<hr/>			
2.00	2	2	4.00
3.00	1	3	3.00
4.00	3	6	12.00
5.00	1	7	5.00
6.00	1	8	6.00

Mean = 4.00

Median = 4.00

Mode = 4.00

Highest Frequency = 3

2. Write a program to calculate mean , median , mode in a discrete series.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <conio.h>

void main() {

    int n, i, j, cf = 0, maxf = 0, mode_index = 0;

    float mean = 0, median = 0, mode = 0, sum_fx = 0;

    clrscr();

    printf("Enter total number of terms: ");

    scanf("%d", &n);

    // Arrays for x and f

    float x[50]; // Values

    int f[50];    // Frequencies

    int cf_arr[50]; // Cumulative frequencies

    printf("\nEnter the values of x (Discrete values):\n");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%f", &x[i]);

    printf("\nEnter the corresponding frequencies f:\n");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &f[i]);

    // Calculate cumulative frequency and fx

    printf("\n-----");

    printf("\n| x | f | cf | f*x |");

    printf("\n-----");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {

        cf += f[i];

        cf_arr[i] = cf;
```

```

        sum_fx += x[i] * f[i];

        printf("\n| %5.2f | %5d | %5d | %7.2f |", x[i], f[i], cf_arr[i], x[i]*f[i]);

    }

    printf("\n-----");

// Calculate Mean

    mean = sum_fx / cf;

// Calculate Median

    // Find the class where cf >= N/2

    float Nby2 = cf / 2.0;

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {

        if (cf_arr[i] >= Nby2) {

            median = x[i];

            break;

        }

    }

} // Calculate Mode

for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {

    if (f[i] > maxf) {

        maxf = f[i];

        mode_index = i;

    }

}

mode = x[mode_index];

printf("\nTotal  $\Sigma f$  = %d", cf);

printf("\nTotal  $\Sigma f \cdot x$  = %.2f", sum_fx);

printf("\n-----");

```



```

printf("\nMean = %.2f", mean);

printf("\nMedian = %.2f", median);

printf("\nMode = %.2f", mode);

printf("\n-----");

getch();

}

```

```

| x | f | cf | f*x |

```

```

| 10.00 | 2 | 2 | 20.00 |
| 20.00 | 3 | 5 | 60.00 |
| 30.00 | 8 | 13 | 240.00 |
| 40.00 | 4 | 17 | 160.00 |
| 50.00 | 3 | 20 | 150.00 |

```

Total $\Sigma f = 20$

Total $\Sigma f*x = 630.00$

Mean = 31.50

Median = 30.00

Mode = 30.00

3. Write a program to calculate mean , median , mode in a continuous series.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>

int main()
{
    int i, n;
    float lower[50], upper[50], freq[50];
    float mid[50], cf[50];
    float sum_fx = 0, sum_f = 0;
    float mean, median, mode;
    float class_size;
    int median_class_index = 0, modal_class_index = 0;
    float N, cf_before, f_modal, f1, f2;

    clrscr();

    printf("Enter number of classes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter lower and upper limits of each class:\n");
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Class %d lower limit: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%f", &lower[i]);
        printf("Class %d upper limit: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%f", &upper[i]);
    }

    printf("\nEnter frequencies for each class:\n");
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```

printf("Frequency of class %d: ", i + 1);
scanf("%f", &freq[i]);
}

// Calculate midpoints and cumulative frequencies
cf[0] = freq[0];
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    mid[i] = (lower[i] + upper[i]) / 2.0;
    if(i > 0)
        cf[i] = cf[i-1] + freq[i];
    sum_fx += mid[i] * freq[i];
    sum_f += freq[i];
}

// Mean
mean = sum_fx / sum_f;

// Median
N = sum_f;
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if(cf[i] >= N/2) {
        median_class_index = i;
        break;
    }
}

class_size = upper[0] - lower[0];
cf_before = (median_class_index == 0) ? 0 : cf[median_class_index-1];
median = lower[median_class_index] + ((N/2 - cf_before) / freq[median_class_index]) * class_size;

// Mode
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {

```

```

        if(freq[i] > freq[modal_class_index])
            modal_class_index = i;
    }
    f_modal = freq[modal_class_index];
    f1 = (modal_class_index == 0) ? 0 : freq[modal_class_index-1];
    f2 = (modal_class_index == n-1) ? 0 : freq[modal_class_index+1];
    mode = lower[modal_class_index] + ((f_modal - f1) / ((2*f_modal) - f1 - f2)) * class_size;

// Print table
printf("\n-----");
printf("\n| Class Interval | f | x | cf | fx |");
printf("\n-----");
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("\n| %5.1f - %-5.1f | %3.0f | %5.1f | %5.0f | %6.1f |",
        lower[i], upper[i], freq[i], mid[i], cf[i], mid[i]*freq[i]);
}
printf("\n-----");

printf("\nMean  = %.2f", mean);
printf("\nMedian = %.2f", median);
printf("\nMode  = %.2f", mode);

getch();
return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

Enter number of classes: 5
Class 1 lower limit: 0
Class 1 upper limit: 10
Frequency of class 1: 5
Class 2 lower limit: 10

```

Class 2 upper limit: 20
 Frequency of class 2: 8
 Class 3 lower limit: 20
 Class 3 upper limit: 30
 Frequency of class 3: 12
 Class 4 lower limit: 30
 Class 4 upper limit: 40
 Frequency of class 4: 7
 Class 5 lower limit: 40
 Class 5 upper limit: 50
 Frequency of class 5: 3

Class Interval	f	x	cf	fx

0.0 - 10.0	5	5.0	5	25.0
10.0 - 20.0	8	15.0	13	120.0
20.0 - 30.0	12	25.0	25	300.0
30.0 - 40.0	7	35.0	32	245.0
40.0 - 50.0	3	45.0	35	135.0

Mean = 23.71
 Median = 22.50
 Mode = 22.50

Q4. Write a program to calculate geometric mean and harmonic mean for discrete series.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <conio.h>

#include <math.h>


void main() {

    int n, i;

    float x[50], freq[50];

    float product = 1.0, sum_reciprocal = 0.0;

    float GM, HM, total_freq = 0;


    clrscr();


    printf("Enter number of elements: ");

    scanf("%d", &n);


    printf("Enter values of x:\n");

    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)

        scanf("%f", &x[i]);


    printf("Enter corresponding frequencies f:\n");

    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)

        scanf("%f", &freq[i]);
```

```

// Calculate product for GM and sum of reciprocals for HM
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    product *= pow(x[i], freq[i]);    // x^f for geometric mean
    sum_reciprocal += freq[i] / x[i]; // f/x for harmonic mean
    total_freq += freq[i];           // sum of frequencies
}

// Geometric Mean
GM = pow(product, 1.0 / total_freq);

// Harmonic Mean
HM = total_freq / sum_reciprocal;

printf("\nGeometric Mean = %.4f", GM);
printf("\nHarmonic Mean = %.4f", HM);

getch();
}

```

Output:

Enter number of elements: 3

Enter values of x: 2 4 8

Enter corresponding frequencies f: 3 2 1

Geometric Mean = 3.17

Harmonic Mean = 3.00

5. Write a program to calculate mean deviation from mean , median , mode in continuous series.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <conio.h>

void main() {

    int n, i;

    float lower[50], upper[50], freq[50], mid[50], cf[50];

    float sum_fx=0, sum_f=0;

    float mean, median, mode;

    float class_size, cf_before, N;

    int median_class_index=0, modal_class_index=0;

    float f_modal, f1, f2;

    float MD_mean=0, MD_median=0, MD_mode=0;

    clrscr();

    printf("Enter number of classes: ");

    scanf("%d", &n);

    // Input class limits

    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {

        printf("Class %d lower limit: ", i+1);

        scanf("%f", &lower[i]);

        printf("Class %d upper limit: ", i+1);

        scanf("%f", &upper[i]);

    } // Input frequencies

    printf("\nEnter frequencies for each class:\n");

    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {

        printf("Frequency of class %d: ", i+1);
```



```

        scanf("%f", &freq[i]);
    }

    // Calculate midpoints and cumulative frequency
    cf[0] = freq[0];
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        mid[i] = (lower[i]+upper[i])/2.0;
        if(i>0) cf[i] = cf[i-1]+freq[i];
        sum_fx += mid[i]*freq[i];
        sum_f += freq[i];
    }

    mean = sum_fx / sum_f;      // Mean

    // Median
    N = sum_f;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        if(cf[i]>=N/2) {
            median_class_index = i;
            break;
        }
    }

    class_size = upper[0]-lower[0];
    cf_before = (median_class_index==0)?0:cf[median_class_index-1];
    median = lower[median_class_index] + ((N/2 - cf_before)/freq[median_class_index])*class_size;

    // Mode
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)    if(freq[i] > freq[modal_class_index]) modal_class_index = i;

    f_modal = freq[modal_class_index];

```

```

f1 = (modal_class_index==0)?0:freq[modal_class_index-1];
f2 = (modal_class_index==n-1)?0:freq[modal_class_index+1];
mode = lower[modal_class_index] + ((f_modal-f1)/((2*f_modal)-f1-f2))*class_size;

// Mean Deviation calculations
for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
    MD_mean += freq[i] * ((mid[i]-mean>0)?(mid[i]-mean):-(mid[i]-mean));
    MD_median += freq[i] * ((mid[i]-median>0)?(mid[i]-median):-(mid[i]-median));
    MD_mode += freq[i] * ((mid[i]-mode>0)?(mid[i]-mode):-(mid[i]-mode));
}
MD_mean /= sum_f;
MD_median /= sum_f;
MD_mode /= sum_f;

// Print table
printf("\n-----");
printf("\n| Class Interval | f | x | cf | fx |");
printf("\n-----");
for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
    printf("\n| %4.1f-%4.1f | %3.0f | %4.1f | %3.0f | %5.1f |",
        lower[i], upper[i], freq[i], mid[i], cf[i], mid[i]*freq[i]);
}
printf("\n-----");

printf("\nMean = %.2f", mean);

```

```
printf("\nMedian = %.2f", median);  
printf("\nMode = %.2f", mode);  
printf("\nMean Deviation from Mean = %.2f", MD_mean);  
printf("\nMean Deviation from Median = %.2f", MD_median);  
printf("\nMean Deviation from Mode = %.2f", MD_mode);  
getch();  
}
```

Output:

Enter number of classes: 5

Class 1 lower limit: 0

Class 1 upper limit: 10

Frequency of class 1: 5

Class 2 lower limit: 10

Class 2 upper limit: 20

Frequency of class 2: 8

Class 3 lower limit: 20

Class 3 upper limit: 30

Frequency of class 3: 12

Class 4 lower limit: 30

Class 4 upper limit: 40

Frequency of class 4: 7

Class 5 lower limit: 40

Class 5 upper limit: 50

Frequency of class 5: 3

Class Interval	f	x	cf	fx
----------------	---	---	----	----

0.0-10.0	5	5.0	5	25.0
----------	---	-----	---	------

10.0-20.0	8	15.0	13	120.0
-----------	---	------	----	-------

20.0-30.0	12	25.0	25	300.0
-----------	----	------	----	-------

30.0-40.0	7	35.0	32	245.0
-----------	---	------	----	-------

40.0-50.0	3	45.0	35	135.0
-----------	---	------	----	-------

Mean = 23.71

Median = 22.50

Mode = 22.50

Mean Deviation from Mean = 9.11

Mean Deviation from Median = 9.06

Mean Deviation from Mode = 9.06

Q6. Write a program to calculate standard deviation for continuous series using array.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <math.h>

void main() {
    int n, i;
    float lower[50], upper[50], freq[50], mid[50];
    float sum_fx=0, sum_f=0, mean, SD, sum_sq=0;
    float class_size;

    clrscr();

    printf("Enter number of classes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    // Input class limits
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        printf("Class %d lower limit: ", i+1);
        scanf("%f", &lower[i]);
        printf("Class %d upper limit: ", i+1);
        scanf("%f", &upper[i]);
    }

    // Input frequencies
    printf("\nEnter frequencies for each class:\n");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        printf("Frequency of class %d: ", i+1);
        scanf("%f", &freq[i]);
    }
```

```

// Calculate midpoints and total f*x
for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
    mid[i] = (lower[i]+upper[i])/2.0;
    sum_fx += mid[i]*freq[i];
    sum_f += freq[i];
}

mean = sum_fx / sum_f; // Mean

// Calculate sum of squared deviations
for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
    sum_sq += freq[i] * (mid[i] - mean) * (mid[i] - mean);
}

// Standard Deviation
SD = sqrt(sum_sq / sum_f); // population SD
// For sample SD, use: SD = sqrt(sum_sq / (sum_f-1));

// Print frequency table
printf("\n-----");
printf("\n| Class Interval | f | x | f*x |");
printf("\n-----");
for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
    printf("\n| %4.1f-%4.1f | %3.0f | %4.1f | %5.1f |",
        lower[i], upper[i], freq[i], mid[i], mid[i]*freq[i]);
}
printf("\n-----");
printf("\nMean = %.2f", mean);
printf("\nStandard Deviation = %.2f", SD);
getch();
}

```

Input:

Enter number of classes: 5

Class 1 lower limit: 0

Class 1 upper limit: 10

Frequency of class 1: 5

Class 2 lower limit: 10

Class 2 upper limit: 20

Frequency of class 2: 8

Class 3 lower limit: 20

Class 3 upper limit: 30

Frequency of class 3: 12

Class 4 lower limit: 30

Class 4 upper limit: 40

Frequency of class 4: 7

Class 5 lower limit: 40

Class 5 upper limit: 50

Frequency of class 5: 3

Output:

| Class Interval | f | x | f*x |

| 0.0-10.0 | 5 | 5.0 | 25.0 |

| 10.0-20.0 | 8 | 15.0 | 120.0 |

| 20.0-30.0 | 12 | 25.0 | 300.0 |

| 30.0-40.0 | 7 | 35.0 | 245.0 |

| 40.0-50.0 | 3 | 45.0 | 135.0 |

Mean = 23.71

Standard Deviation = 11.68

Q7. Write a program to calculate one period ahead forecast using Naïve method.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>

void main() {
    int n, i;
    float actual[50], forecast[50];
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter number of periods: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter actual values:\n");
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Period %d: ", i+1);
        scanf("%f", &actual[i]);
    }
    printf("\nPeriod\tActual\tForecast");    // Naive Forecast: Forecast for t+1 = Actual at t
    printf("\n-----");
    forecast[0] = 0; // No forecast for first period
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if(i == 0)
            printf("\n%d\t%.2f\t--", i+1, actual[i]);
        else {
            forecast[i] = actual[i-1];
            printf("\n%d\t%.2f\t%.2f", i+1, actual[i], forecast[i]);
        }
    }
    float next_forecast = actual[n-1];    // One period ahead forecast
    printf("\n\nOne period ahead forecast (Period %d) = %.2f", n+1, next_forecast);

    getch();
}
```


Input:

Enter number of periods: 5

Period 1: 120

Period 2: 135

Period 3: 150

Period 4: 145

Period 5: 160

Output:

Period Actual Forecast

1	120	--
2	135	120
3	150	135
4	145	150
5	160	145

One period ahead forecast (Period 6) = 160

Q11. Write a program to generate random numbers using mid square method.

CODE :

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int midSquare(int seed) {
    long long square = (long long)seed * seed; // Square the seed
    int numDigits = 0;
    long long temp = seed;

    while (temp > 0) {
        numDigits++;
        temp /= 10;
    }

    int removeDigits = numDigits / 2;
    long long divisor = pow(10, removeDigits);
    long long middle = (square / divisor) % (long long)pow(10, numDigits);

    return (int)middle;
}

int main() {
    int seed, n, i;

    printf("Enter the seed value: ");
    scanf("%d", &seed);

    printf("Enter how many random numbers to generate: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("\nRandom numbers generated using Mid-Square Method:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        seed = midSquare(seed);
        printf("%d\n", seed);
    }

    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT :

Enter number of random numbers to generate: 5
Enter the seed value: 1234

Random Numbers Generated :

Random number 1: 5227
Random number 2: 3216
Random number 3: 3442
Random number 4: 5585
Random number 5: 1962