

Problem 1:

Assume that L is a CFL $\rightarrow p$ is the pumping length

Pumping lemma for CFL states that for any string ^(s) in L with length $\geq p$ can be divided into 5 pieces $s = UVxyz$ where

\rightarrow for each $i \geq 0$, $UV^i xy^i z \in L$

$\rightarrow |Vx| > 0$

$\rightarrow |Vxy| \leq p$

Choose $s = 0^p 1^p 0^p 1^p \in L$

Vxy must contain the midpoint of the string

\rightarrow If Vxy was purely in the left half, pumping up to $UV^2 xy^2 z$ puts a 1 in the first position of the second half

\rightarrow If Vxy was purely in the right half, pumping up to $UV^2 xy^2 z$ puts a 0 in the ^{last} position of the first half

Pumping down to Uxz gives $0^p 1^i 0^j 1^p$
 i and j cannot both be p as $|Vxy| \leq p$

This string is not of the form w^n , and therefore s cannot be pumped

$\therefore L$ is not a CFL