```html
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

<head>

    <meta charset="UTF-8">

    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

    <title>First Page</title>

</head>

<body>

    <h1>Welcome </h1>

    <p>This is the first paragraph of text on this page.</p>

    <p>This is the second paragraph of text.</p>


    <h2>Unordered List Example</h2>

    <ul>

        <li>An unordered list can be specified with the tags <code>&lt;ul&gt;</code> and
<code>&lt;/ul&gt;</code>.</li>

        <li>An unordered list typically contains a number of list items that can be specified with tags
<code>&lt;li&gt;</code> and <code>&lt;/li&gt;</code>.</li>

        <li>After you have created your unordered list, check out what happens when you convert it
to an ordered list by replacing the tags <code>&lt;ul&gt;</code> and <code>&lt;/ul&gt;</code>
with <code>&lt;ol&gt;</code> and <code>&lt;/ol&gt;</code>, respectively.</li>

    </ul>


    <h2>Image Example</h2>

    <p>Here is an example image added to the page:</p>

    <img src="cat.jpg" alt="Cat image" width="400">

</body>

</html>
```

Welcome

This is the first paragraph of text on this page.

This is the second paragraph of text.

Unordered List Example

- An unordered list can be specified with the tags `<ul>` and `</ul>`.
- An unordered list typically contains a number of list items that can be specified with tags `<li>` and `</li>`.
- After you have created your unordered list, check out what happens when you convert it to an ordered list by replacing the tags `<ul>` and `</ul>` with `<ol>` and `</ol>`, respectively.

Image Example

Here is an example image added to the page: