Q5. In January 2005, a company that monitors Internet traffic (WebSideStory) reported that its sampling revealed that the Mozilla Firefox browser launched in 2004 had grabbed a 4.6% share of the market. I. If the sample were based on 2,000 users, could Microsoft conclude that Mozilla has a less than 5% share of the market? II. WebSideStory claims that its sample includes all the daily Internet users. If that's the case, then can Microsoft conclude that Mozilla has a less than 5% share of the market?

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In [1]: import numpy as np
         from scipy import stats
         from scipy.stats import norm
 In [5]:
         # 1.If the sample were based on 2,000 users, could Microsoft conclude that Mozill
         # Apply One-Sample One-Tail z-test
         # calculate z-score or value z scores = (\hat{p}-p)/\sqrt{(p(1-p)/n)} \dots N(0,1)
 In [8]:
 In [9]:
         z scores=(0.046-0.05)/(np.sqrt((0.05*(1-0.05))/2000))
          z scores
 Out[9]: -0.820782681668124
In [10]: # Find Probability assuming null hyposthesis, so as to compare with Type-1 error
In [11]:
         p value=1-stats.norm.cdf(abs(z scores))
         p value
Out[11]: 0.20588503245107104
         # As (p_value = 0.2058) > (\alpha = 0.05); Accept Null Hypothesis i.e. Mozilla market
 In [ ]:
```