## **Assignment 1(complex number)**

Implement a class Complex which represents the Complex Number data type. Implement thefollowing

- 1. Constructor (including a default constructor which creates the complex number 0+0i).
- 2. Overload operator+ to add two complex numbers.
- 3. Overload operator\* to multiply two complex numbers.
- 4. Overload operators << and >> to print and read Complex Numbers.

```
#include <iostream>
                             //declaring the scope of program
using namespace std;
class complex
                        //class name "complex"
{
public:
float real,img;
                   //declared variable of type float
                     //default constructor
    complex()
{
}
    complex operator+ (complex);
    complex operator* (complex);
    friend ostream & operator << (ostream &, complex &);
    friend istream & operator << (istream &, complex &);
};
```

```
complex complex:: operator + (complex obj)
{
complex temp;
temp.real=real+obj.real;
temp.img=img+obj.img;
return (temp);
}
istream &operator >> (istream &is,complex &obj)
{
is>>obj.real;
is>>obj.img;
return is;
}
ostream & operator << (ostream & outt, complex & obj)
outt<<""<<obj.real;
outt<<"+"<<obj.img<<"i";
return outt;
}
complex complex :: operator * (complex obj)
{
 complex temp;
    temp.real=real*obj.real-img*obj.img;
    temp.img=real*obj.img+img*obj.real;
    return (temp);
}
```

```
int main()
{
complex a,b,c,d;
cout<<"\nEnter first complex number\n";</pre>
 cout<<"\nEnter real and imaginary:\t";</pre>
cin>>a;
cout<<"Enter second complex number \n";</pre>
cout<<"\nEnter real and imaginary:\t";</pre>
cin>>b;
cout<<"\n\tArithmetic operations";</pre>
c=a+b;
cout<<"\n\tAddition =";
cout<<c;
d=a*b;
cout<<"\n\tMultiplication=";</pre>
cout<<d;
cout<<endl;
return 0;
}
```