

# Step-by-Step Procedure for RIP Configuration in Packet Tracer

## 1) Place network devices

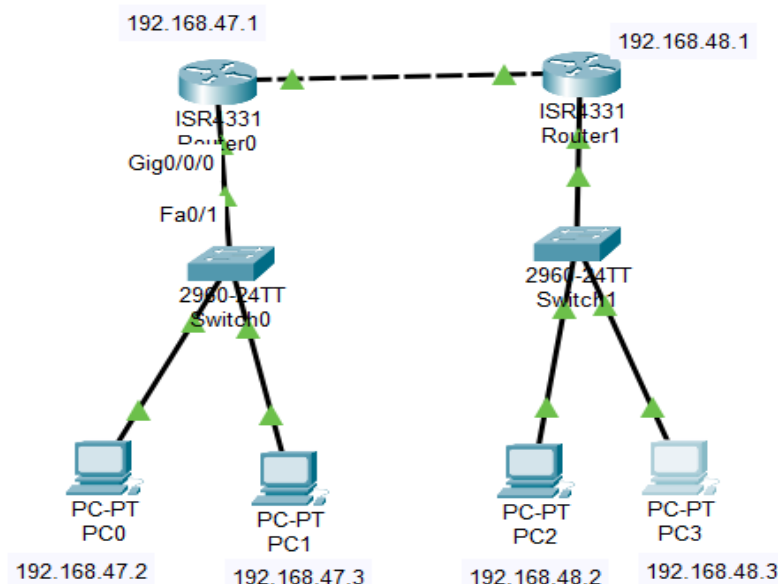
- From the End Devices menu, drag 4 PCs (rename them as C1, C2, C3, C4).
- From the Switches menu, drag 2 switches (rename them Switch1, Switch2).
- From the Routers menu, drag 2 routers (e.g. 4331) — name them Router1 and Router2.

## 2) Connect devices with cables

- Select the **Connections (lightning bolt icon)** tool → choose **Automatically choose connection type**.

- **Connect:**

- PC1 → Switch1
- PC2 → Switch1
- PC3 → Switch2
- PC4 → Switch2
- Switch1 → Router1 (GigabitEthernet0/0)
- Switch2 → Router2 (GigabitEthernet0/0)
- Router1 (GigabitEthernet0/1) → Router2 (GigabitEthernet0/1)



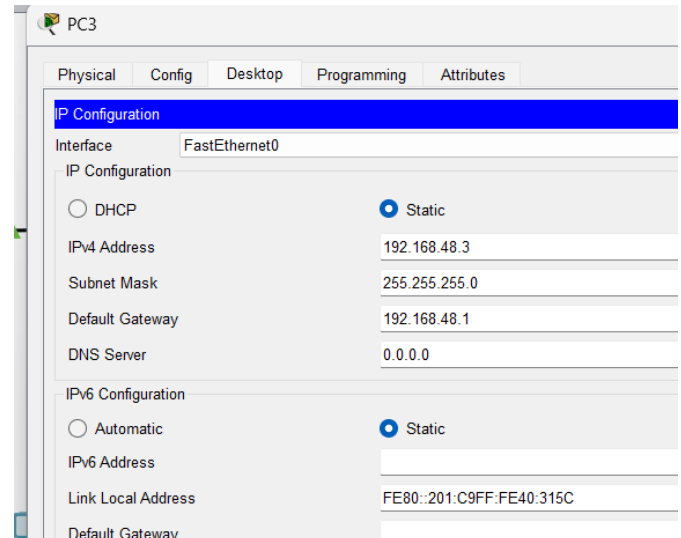
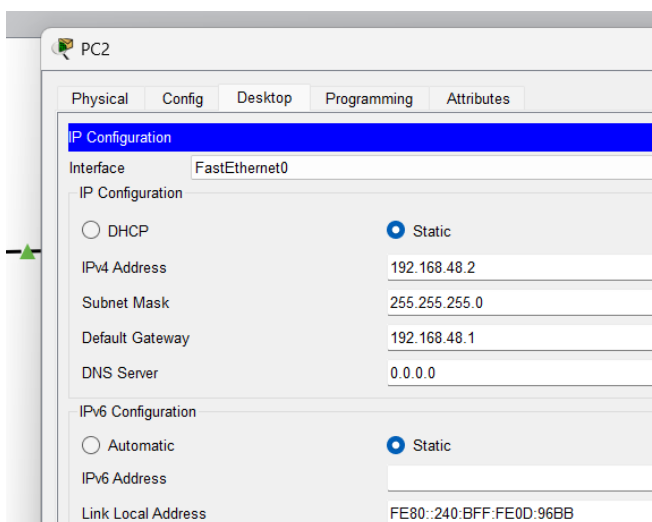
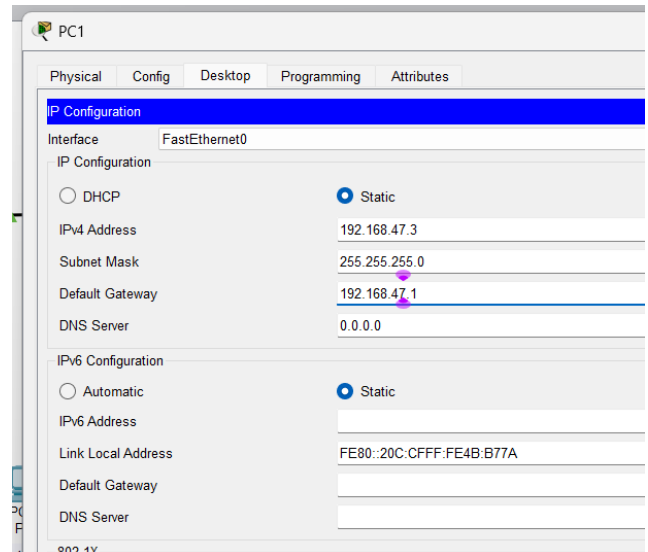
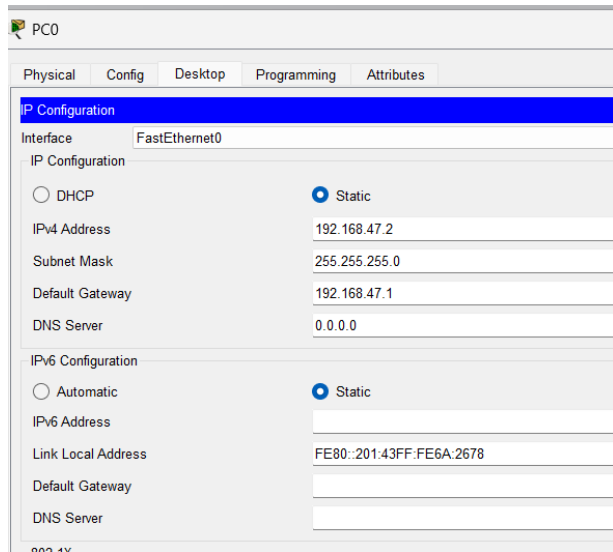
### 3) Assign IP addresses to PCs

#### a. For each PC:

Click the PC → **Desktop tab** → **IP Configuration**.

#### b. Enter details:

- **PC1:** IP = 192.168.47.2, Subnet = 255.255.255.0, Gateway = 192.168.47.1
- **PC2:** IP = 192.168.47.3, Subnet = 255.255.255.0, Gateway = 192.168.47.1
- **PC3:** IP = 192.168.48.2, Subnet = 255.255.255.0, Gateway = 192.168.48.1
- **PC4:** IP = 192.168.48.3, Subnet = 255.255.255.0, Gateway = 192.168.48.1



#### 4) Configure Router1 interfaces

Router0

Physical Config CLI Attributes

**GLOBAL**

Settings

Algorithm Settings

**ROUTING**

Static

RIP

**SWITCHING**

VLAN Database

**INTERFACE**

GigabitEthernet0/0/0

GigabitEthernet0/0/1

GigabitEthernet0/0/2

GigabitEthernet0/0/0

Port Status

Bandwidth ☐ 1000 Mbps ☒ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mb

Duplex ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex

MAC Address 0003.E4DE.1B01

IP Configuration

IPv4 Address 192.168.47.1

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Tx Ring Limit 10

Router0

Physical Config CLI Attributes

**GLOBAL**

Settings

Algorithm Settings

**ROUTING**

Static

RIP

**SWITCHING**

VLAN Database

**INTERFACE**

GigabitEthernet0/0/0

GigabitEthernet0/0/1

GigabitEthernet0/0/2

GigabitEthernet0/0/1

Port Status

Bandwidth ☒ 1000 Mbps ☐ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mb

Duplex ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex

MAC Address 0003.E4DE.1B02

IP Configuration

IPv4 Address 10.0.0.1

Subnet Mask 255.0.0.0

Tx Ring Limit 10

Router0

Physical Config CLI Attributes

**GLOBAL**

Settings

Algorithm Settings

**ROUTING**

Static

RIP

**SWITCHING**

VLAN Database

**INTERFACE**

GigabitEthernet0/0/0

GigabitEthernet0/0/1

GigabitEthernet0/0/2

RIP Routing

Network

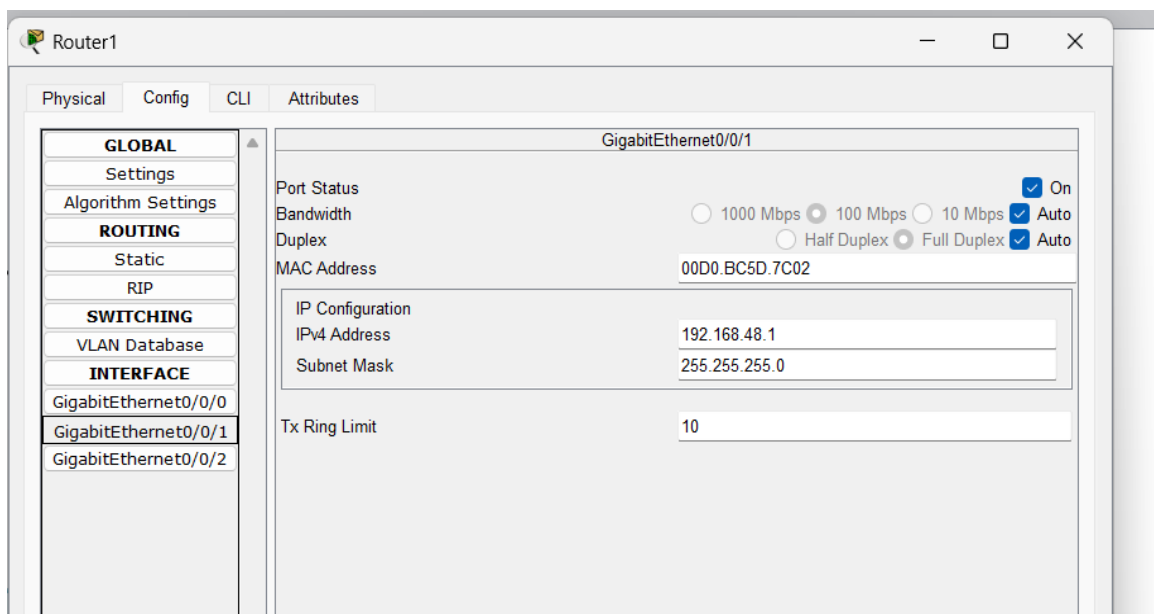
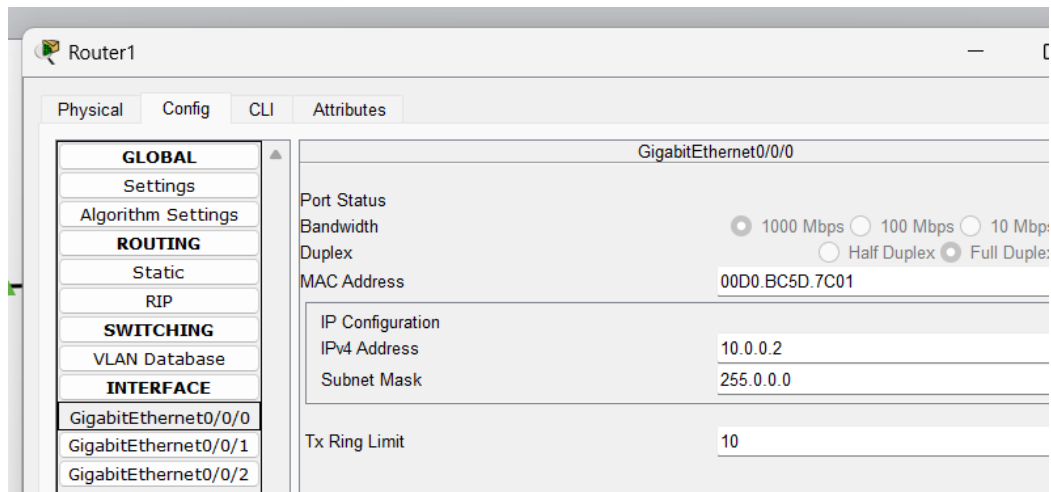
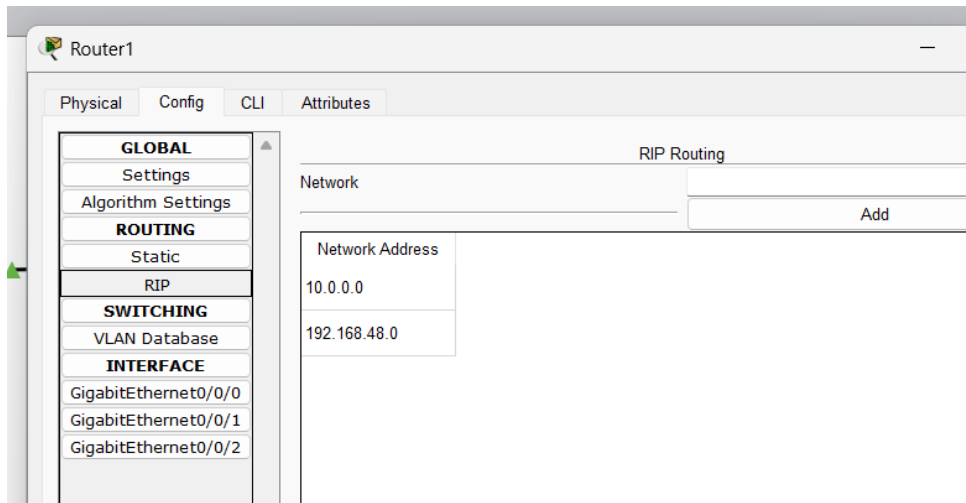
Network Address

10.0.0.0

192.168.47.0

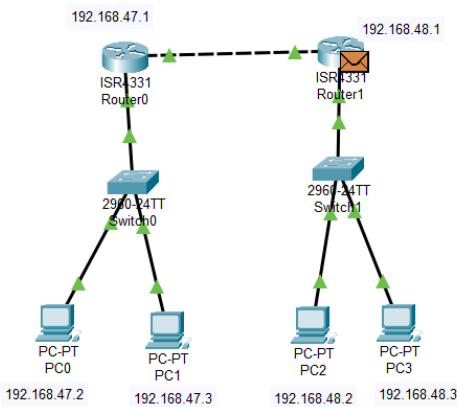
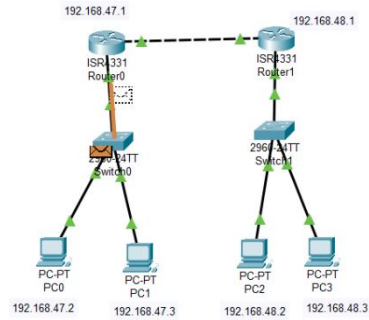
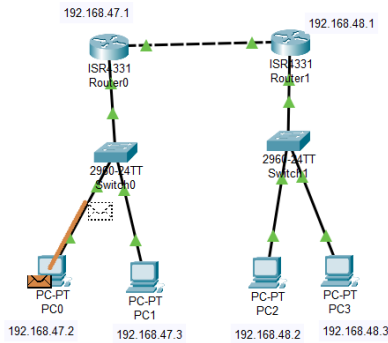
Adc

## 5) Configure Router2 interfaces

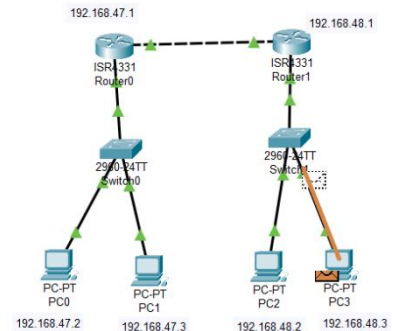
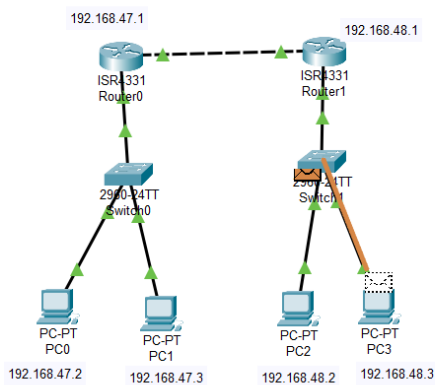
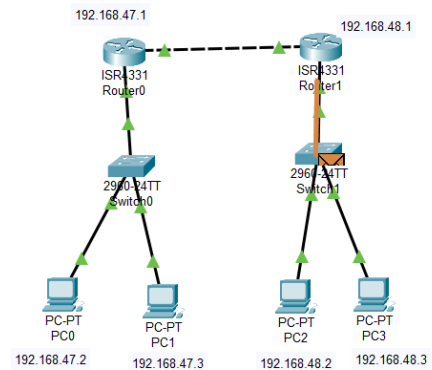


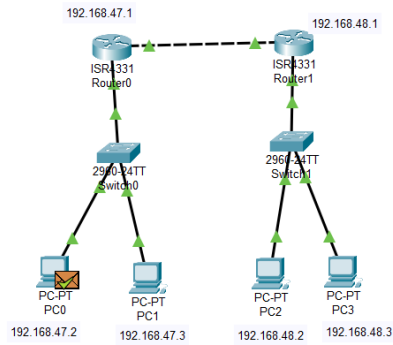
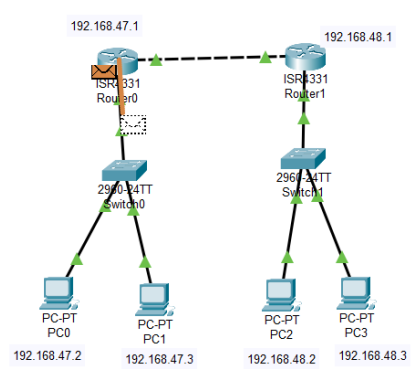
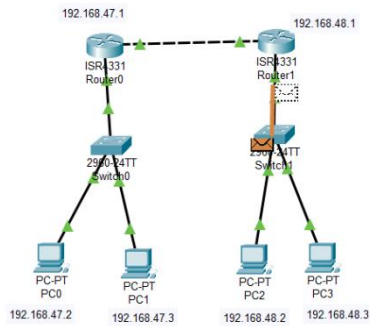
## 6) Real-Time and Simulation Mode:

- Go to Simulation Mode:
- Use "Add Simple PDU" tool.  
Click on sender PC and receiver PC to send a packet.
- Run the simulation.



II





Simulation Panel				
Event List				
Vis.	Time(sec)	Last Device	At Device	Type
	0.000	--	PC0	ICMP
	0.001	PC0	Switch0	ICMP
	0.002	Switch0	Router0	ICMP
	0.003	Router0	Router1	ICMP
	0.004	Router1	Switch1	ICMP
	0.005	Switch1	PC3	ICMP
	0.006	PC3	Switch1	ICMP
	0.007	Switch1	Router1	ICMP
	0.008	Router1	Router0	ICMP
	0.009	Router0	Switch0	ICMP
Visible	0.010	Switch0	PC0	ICMP

Edit Filters



Show All/None

Scenario 0

ew

Delete

gle PDU List Window

Fire	Last Status	Source	Destination	Type	Color	Time(sec)	Periodic	Num	Edit	Delete
	Successful	PC0	PC3	ICMP		0.000	N	0	(edit)	(delete)

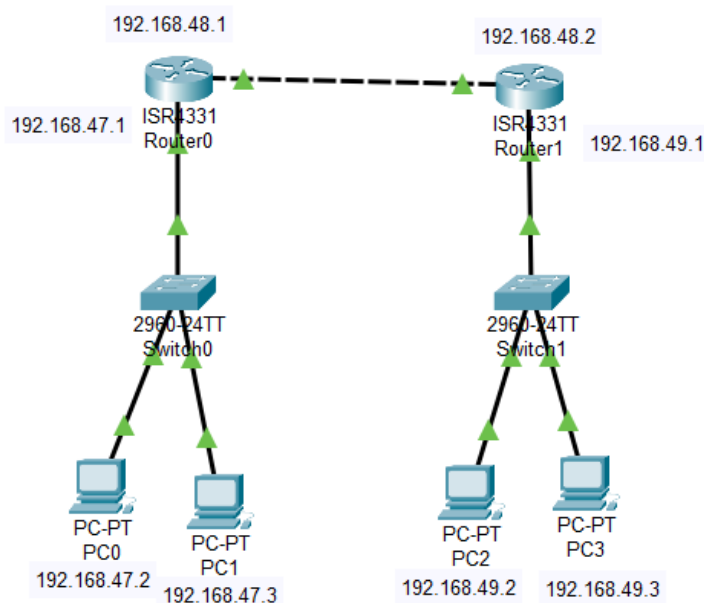
# Step-by-Step Procedure for BGP Configuration in Packet Tracer

## 1) Place Network Devices

- From the **End Devices** menu, drag **4 PCs**.
- From the **Switches** menu, drag **2 switches** (rename them **Switch1** and **Switch2**).
- From the **Routers** menu, drag **2 routers** (e.g., **4331**) — rename them **Router1** and **Router2**.

## 2) Connect devices with Cables

- Select the **Connections (lightning bolt) icon** → choose Automatically choose connection type.
- Connect:
  - PC0 → Switch1
  - PC1 → Switch1
  - PC2 → Switch2
  - PC3 → Switch2
  - Switch1 → Router1 (**GigabitEthernet0/0**)
  - Switch2 → Router2 (**GigabitEthernet0/0**)
  - Router1 (**GigabitEthernet0/1**) → Router2 (**GigabitEthernet0/1**)



### 3) Assign IP Addresses to PCs

PC	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway
PC0	192.168.47.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.47.1
PC1	192.168.47.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.47.1
PC2	192.168.49.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.49.1
PC3	192.168.49.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.49.1

PC0

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 192.168.47.2

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.47.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address

Link Local Address FE80::204:9AFF:FE00:79EB

Default Gateway

DNS Server

PC1

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 192.168.47.3

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.47.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address

Link Local Address FE80::202:17FF:EEEE:8D68

Default Gateway

DNS Server

PC2

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 192.168.49.2

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.49.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address

Link Local Address FE80::20D:BDFE:FEAE:6E2C

Default Gateway

DNS Server

PC3

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 192.168.49.3

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.49.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address

Link Local Address FE80::201:43FF:FE21:7454

Default Gateway

DNS Server



## 4) Configure Router1 interfaces

The screenshot shows the 'Router0' configuration window with the 'Config' tab selected. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'INTERFACE' expanded, and 'GigabitEthernet0/0/0' selected. The main area displays the configuration for 'GigabitEthernet0/0/0'. The 'Port Status' section shows '100 Mbps' and 'Full Duplex' selected. The 'IP Configuration' section shows 'IPv4 Address' as '192.168.47.1' and 'Subnet Mask' as '255.255.255.0'. The 'Tx Ring Limit' is set to '10'.

The screenshot shows the 'Router0' configuration window with the 'Config' tab selected. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'INTERFACE' expanded, and 'GigabitEthernet0/0/1' selected. The main area displays the configuration for 'GigabitEthernet0/0/1'. The 'Port Status' section shows '1000 Mbps' and 'Full Duplex' selected. The 'IP Configuration' section shows 'IPv4 Address' as '192.168.48.1' and 'Subnet Mask' as '255.255.255.0'. The 'Tx Ring Limit' is set to '10'.

## 5) Configure BGP on Router1

The screenshot shows the 'Router0' CLI window with the 'CLI' tab selected. The window displays the following commands and output:

```
Router0
Physical Config CLI Attributes

IOS Command Line Interface

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up

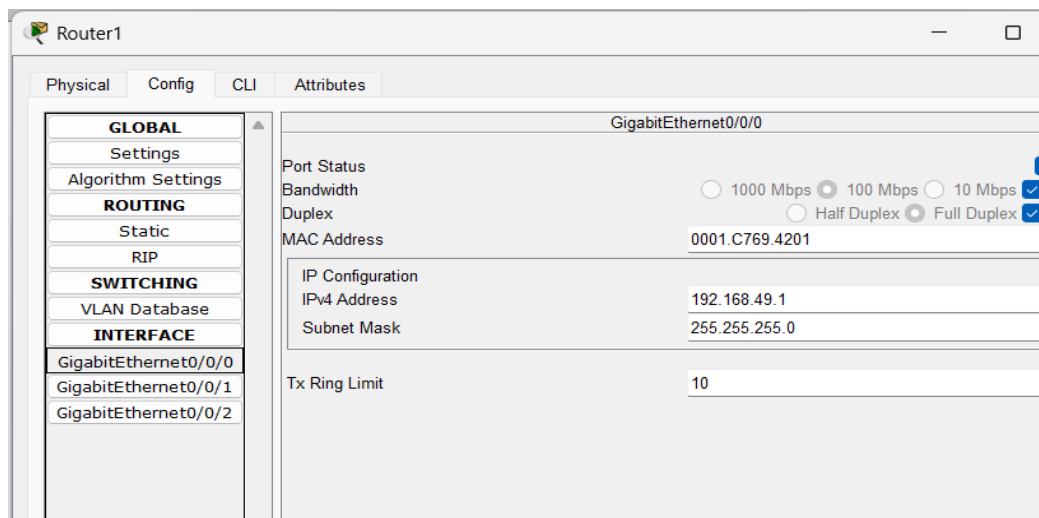
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.47.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.49.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.49.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.48.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up

Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#router bgp 100
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.47.0
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.48.0
Router(config-router)#neighbor 192.168.48.2 remote-as 200
Router(config-router)#neighbor 192.168.49.3 remote-as 200
Router(config-router)#neighbor 192.168.49.2 remote-as 200
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#%BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 192.168.48.2 Up

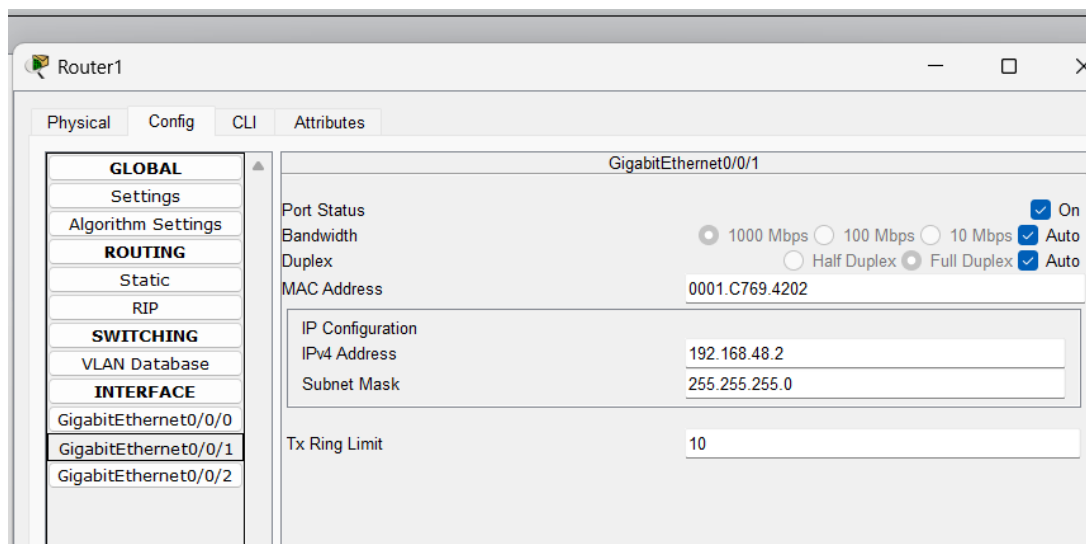
%BGP-3-NOTIFICATION: received from neighbor 192.168.48.2 6/0 (unsupported) 0 bytes
%BGP-3-NOTIFICATION: sent to neighbor 192.168.48.2 6/0 (unsupported) 0 bytes
%BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 192.168.48.2 Down BGP protocol initialization
%BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 192.168.48.2 Up
```

## 6) Configure Router2 interfaces



The screenshot shows the 'Router1' configuration window with the 'Config' tab selected. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'INTERFACE' expanded, and 'GigabitEthernet0/0/0' selected. The main area displays the configuration for this interface. The 'Port Status' section has '1000 Mbps' selected. The 'Bandwidth' section has '100 Mbps' selected. The 'Duplex' section has 'Full Duplex' selected. The 'MAC Address' is '0001.C769.4201'. The 'IP Configuration' section has 'IPv4 Address' set to '192.168.49.1' and 'Subnet Mask' set to '255.255.255.0'. The 'Tx Ring Limit' is '10'.

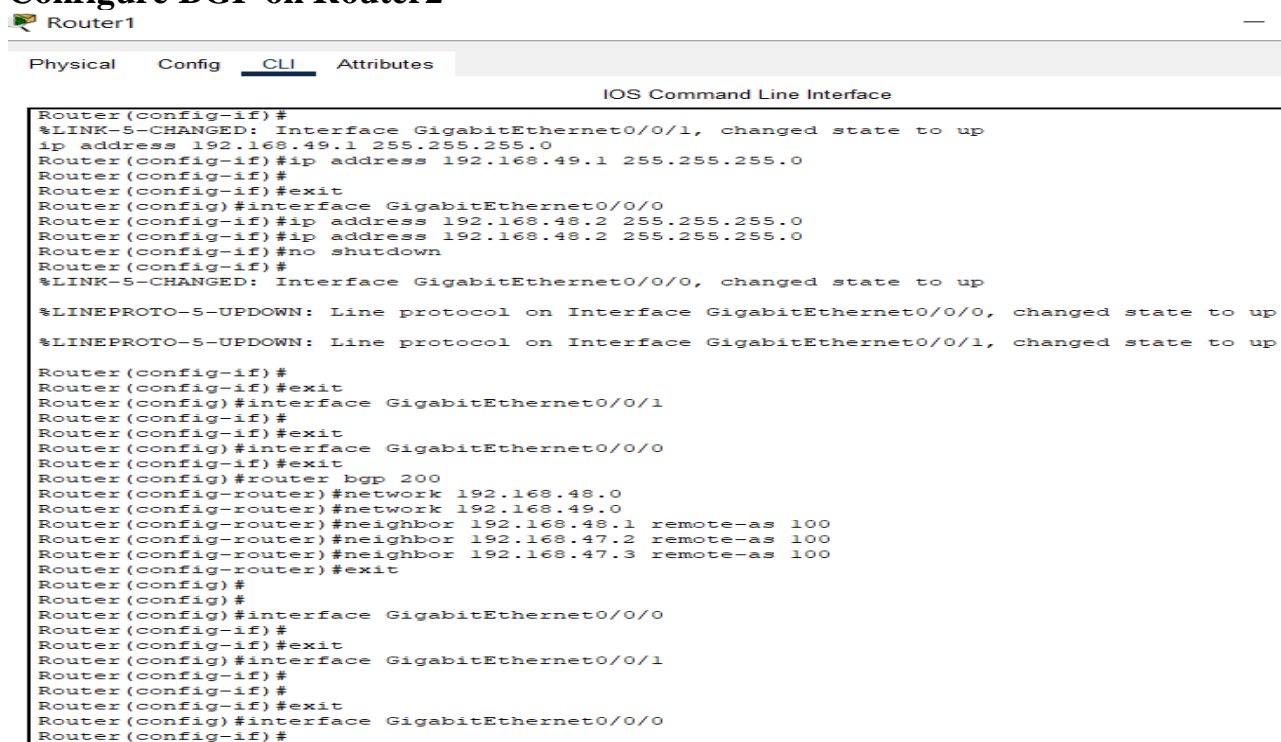
GigabitEthernet0/0/0	
Port Status	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1000 Mbps <input type="radio"/> 100 Mbps <input type="radio"/> 10 Mbps
Bandwidth	<input type="radio"/> Half Duplex <input checked="" type="radio"/> Full Duplex
Duplex	
MAC Address	0001.C769.4201
IP Configuration	
IPv4 Address	192.168.49.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Tx Ring Limit	
	10



The screenshot shows the 'Router1' configuration window with the 'Config' tab selected. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'INTERFACE' expanded, and 'GigabitEthernet0/0/1' selected. The main area displays the configuration for this interface. The 'Port Status' section has 'On' selected. The 'Bandwidth' section has '1000 Mbps' selected. The 'Duplex' section has 'Full Duplex' selected. The 'MAC Address' is '0001.C769.4202'. The 'IP Configuration' section has 'IPv4 Address' set to '192.168.48.2' and 'Subnet Mask' set to '255.255.255.0'. The 'Tx Ring Limit' is '10'.

GigabitEthernet0/0/1	
Port Status	<input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
Bandwidth	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1000 Mbps <input type="radio"/> 100 Mbps <input type="radio"/> 10 Mbps
Duplex	<input type="radio"/> Half Duplex <input checked="" type="radio"/> Full Duplex
MAC Address	0001.C769.4202
IP Configuration	
IPv4 Address	192.168.48.2
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Tx Ring Limit	
	10

## 7) Configure BGP on Router2

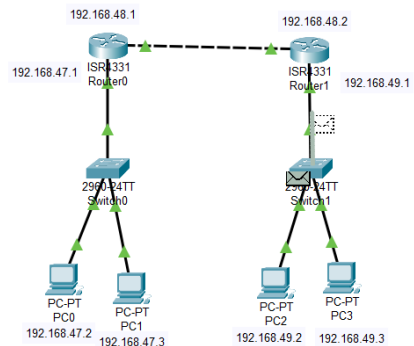
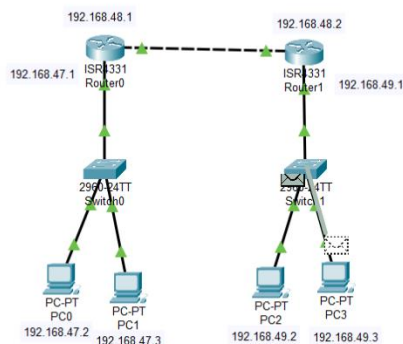
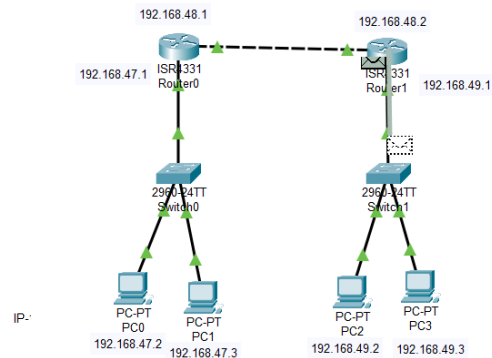
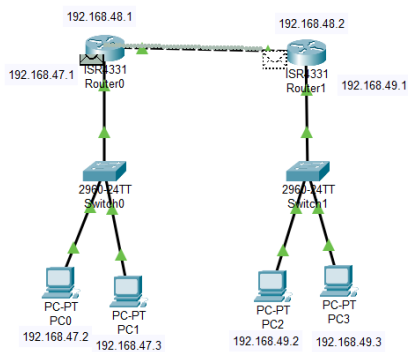
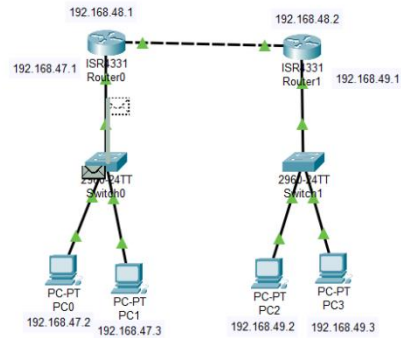
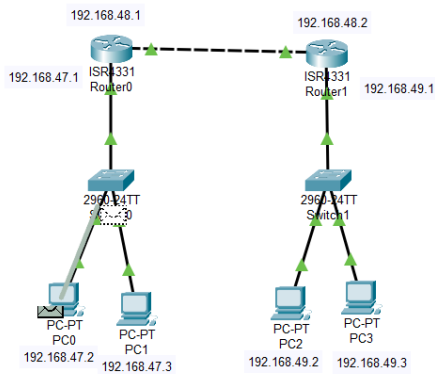


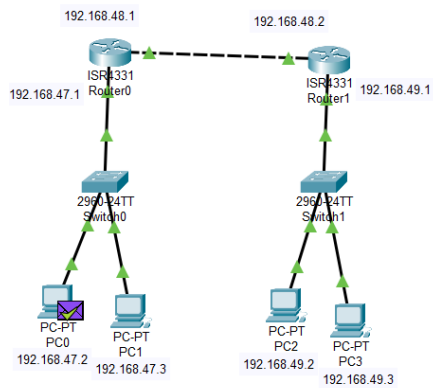
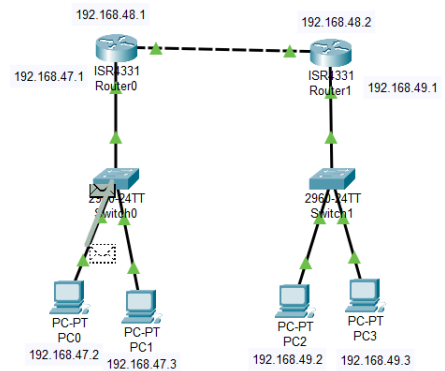
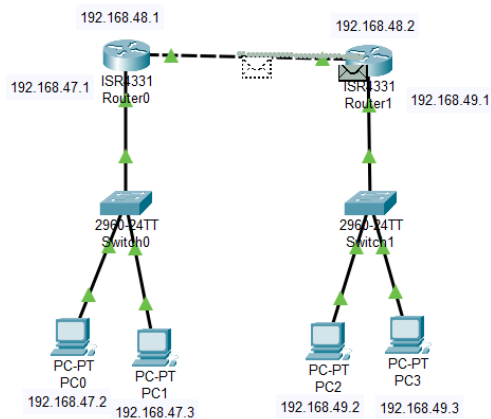
The screenshot shows the 'Router1' configuration window with the 'CLI' tab selected. The main area displays the IOS Command Line Interface. The configuration commands are as follows:

```
Router(config-if)#  
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up  
ip address 192.168.49.1 255.255.255.0  
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.49.1 255.255.255.0  
Router(config-if)#  
Router(config-if)#exit  
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0  
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.48.2 255.255.255.0  
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.48.2 255.255.255.0  
Router(config-if)#no shutdown  
Router(config-if)#  
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up  
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up  
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up  
Router(config-if)#  
Router(config-if)#exit  
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1  
Router(config-if)#  
Router(config-if)#exit  
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0  
Router(config-if)#exit  
Router(config)#router bgp 200  
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.48.0  
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.49.0  
Router(config-router)#neighbor 192.168.48.1 remote-as 100  
Router(config-router)#neighbor 192.168.47.2 remote-as 100  
Router(config-router)#neighbor 192.168.47.3 remote-as 100  
Router(config-router)#exit  
Router(config)#  
Router(config)#  
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0  
Router(config-if)#  
Router(config-if)#exit  
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1  
Router(config-if)#  
Router(config-if)#  
Router(config-if)#exit  
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0  
Router(config-if)#
```

## 8) Real-Time and Simulation Mode:

- Go to Simulation Mode:
- Use "Add Simple PDU" tool.  
Click on sender PC and receiver PC to send a packet.
- Run the simulation.





Simulation Panel				
Event List				
Vis.	Time(sec)	Last Device	At Device	Type
	0.000	--	PC0	ICMP
	0.001	PC0	Switch0	ICMP
	0.002	Switch0	Router0	ICMP
	0.003	Router0	Router1	ICMP
	0.004	Router1	Switch1	ICMP
	0.005	Switch1	PC3	ICMP
	0.006	PC3	Switch1	ICMP
	0.007	Switch1	Router1	ICMP
	0.008	Router1	Router0	ICMP
	0.009	Router0	Switch0	ICMP
Visible	0.010	Switch0	PC0	ICMP

Edit Filters

Show All/None

Event List

Realtime

Simulation

Fire	Last Status	Source	Destination	Type	Color	Time(sec)	Periodic	Num	Edit	Delete
	Successful	PC0	PC3	ICMP		0.000	N	0	(edit)	(delete)

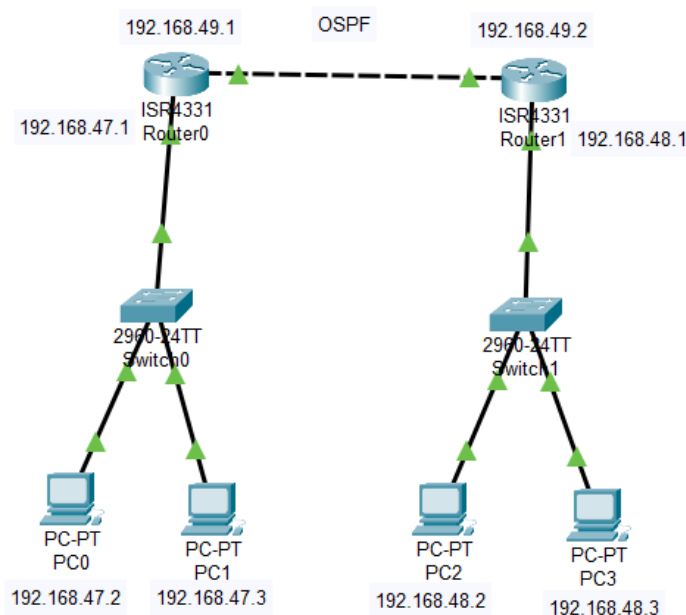
# Step-by-Step Procedure for OSPF Configuration in Packet Tracer

## 1) Place Network Devices

- From the **End Devices** menu, drag **4 PCs**
- From the **Switches** menu, drag **2 switches** (rename them **Switch1** and **Switch2**).
- From the **Routers** menu, drag **2 routers** (e.g., **4331**) — rename them **Router1** and **Router2**.

## 2) Connect devices with Cables

- Select the **Connections (lightning bolt) icon** → choose Automatically choose connection type.
- Connect:
  - PC0 → Switch1
  - PC1 → Switch1
  - PC2 → Switch2
  - PC3 → Switch2
  - Switch1 → Router1 (**GigabitEthernet0/0**)
  - Switch2 → Router2 (**GigabitEthernet0/0**)
  - Router1 (**GigabitEthernet0/1**) → Router2 (**GigabitEthernet0/1**)



### 3) Assign IP Addresses to PCs

PC	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway
PC0	192.168.47.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.47.1
PC1	192.168.47.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.47.1
PC2	192.168.48.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.48.1
PC3	192.168.48.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.48.1

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

**IP Configuration**

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 192.168.47.2

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.47.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address

Link Local Address FE80::201:96FF:FE74:694D

Default Gateway

PC1

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

**IP Configuration**

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 192.168.47.3

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.47.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address

Link Local Address FE80::240:BFF:FE8D:8CE7

Default Gateway

DNS Server

PC2

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

**IP Configuration**

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 192.168.48.2

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.48.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address

Link Local Address FE80::230:F2FF:FECB:4EC4

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

PC3

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

**IP Configuration**

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 192.168.48.3

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.48.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address

Link Local Address FE80::20D:B0FF:FEED:DD0C

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

## 4) Configure Router1 interfaces

The screenshot shows the configuration window for interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0. The window has tabs for 'Config', 'CLI', and 'Attributes'. The 'Config' tab is active. The configuration includes:

- Port Status: ☒ On
- Bandwidth: ☐ 1000 Mbps ☒ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mbps
- Duplex: ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex
- MAC Address: 0060.3E14.5701
- IP Configuration:
  - IPv4 Address: 192.168.47.1
  - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Tx Ring Limit: 10

The screenshot shows the configuration window for interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1 on Router0. The window has tabs for 'Physical', 'Config', 'CLI', and 'Attributes'. The 'Config' tab is active. The configuration includes:

- Port Status: ☒ On
- Bandwidth: ☒ 1000 Mbps ☐ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mbps
- Duplex: ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex
- MAC Address: 0060.3E14.5702
- IP Configuration:
  - IPv4 Address: 192.168.49.1
  - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Tx Ring Limit: 10

## 5) Configure OSPF on Router1

The screenshot shows the CLI window for Router0. The 'CLI' tab is active. The text in the window is:

```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#router ospf 1
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.53.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.54.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
exit
```

## 6) Configure Router2 interfaces

Router1

Physical Config CLI Attributes

**GLOBAL**

Settings

Algorithm Settings

**ROUTING**

Static

RIP

**SWITCHING**

VLAN Database

**INTERFACE**

GigabitEthernet0/0/0

GigabitEthernet0/0/1

GigabitEthernet0/0/2

GigabitEthernet0/0/0

Port Status

Bandwidth ☐ 1000 Mbps ☒ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mbps

Duplex ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex

MAC Address 0001.9630.7A01

IP Configuration

IPv4 Address 192.168.48.1

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Tx Ring Limit 10

Router1

Physical Config CLI Attributes

**GLOBAL**

Settings

Algorithm Settings

**ROUTING**

Static

RIP

**SWITCHING**

VLAN Database

**INTERFACE**

GigabitEthernet0/0/0

GigabitEthernet0/0/1

GigabitEthernet0/0/2

GigabitEthernet0/0/1

Port Status ☒

Bandwidth ☒ 1000 Mbps ☐ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mbps ☒

Duplex ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex ☒

MAC Address 0001.9630.7A02

IP Configuration

IPv4 Address 192.168.49.2

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Tx Ring Limit 10

## 7) Configure OSPF on Router2

Router1

Physical Config CLI Attributes

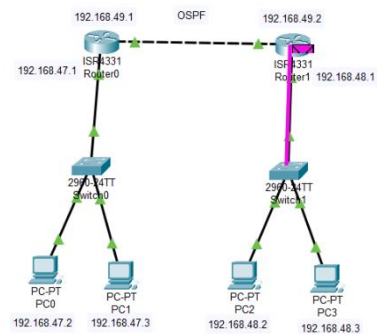
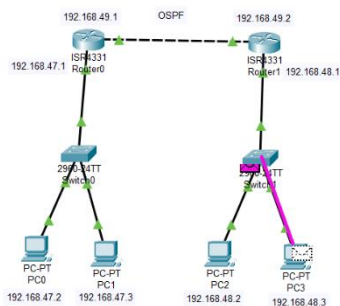
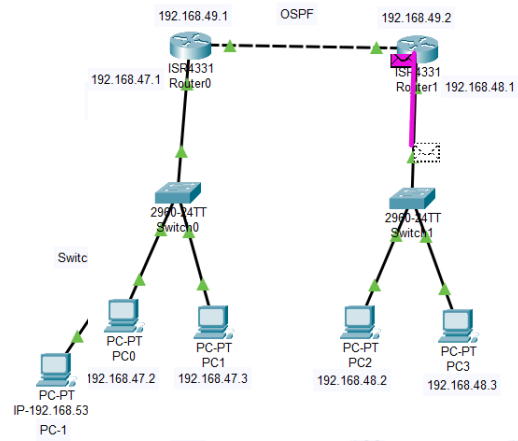
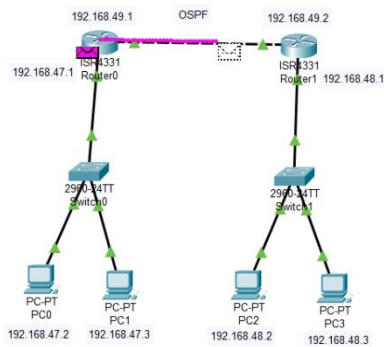
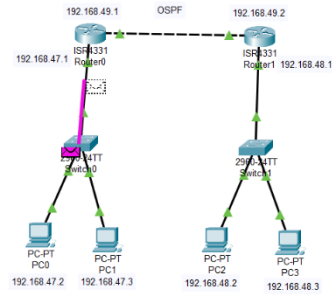
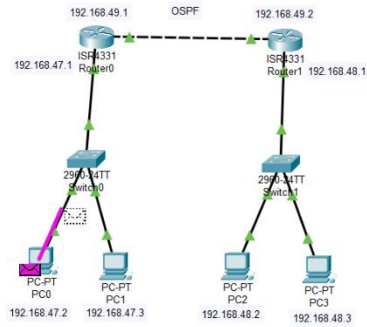
IOS Command Line Interface

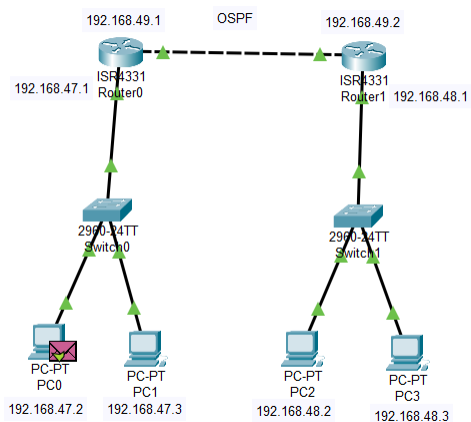
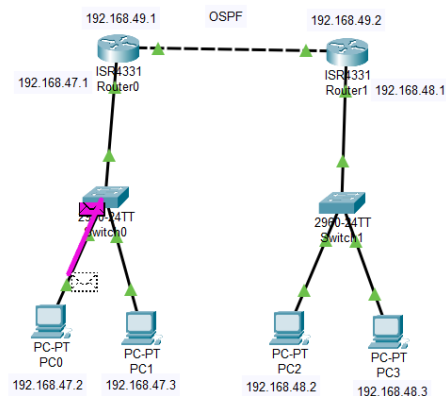
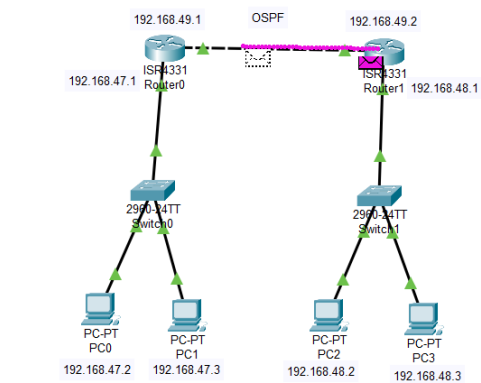
```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#router ospf 2
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.48.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.49.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#exit
```



## 8) Real-Time and Simulation Mode:

- Go to Simulation Mode:
- Use "Add Simple PDU" tool.  
Click on sender PC and receiver PC to send a packet.
- Run the simulation.





### Simulation Panel

#### Event List

Vis.	Time(sec)	Last Device	At Device	Type
	0.000	--	PC0	ICMP
	0.001	PC0	Switch0	ICMP
	0.002	Switch0	Router0	ICMP
	0.003	Router0	Router1	ICMP
	0.004	Router1	Switch1	ICMP
	0.005	Switch1	PC3	ICMP
	0.006	PC3	Switch1	ICMP
	0.007	Switch1	Router1	ICMP
	0.008	Router1	Router0	ICMP
	0.009	Router0	Switch0	ICMP
	0.010	Switch0	PC0	ICMP
Visible	0.077	--	Switch0	STP

Event List Realtime Simul

Fire	Last Status	Source	Destination	Type	Color	Time(sec)	Periodic	Num	Edit	Delete
	Successful	PC0	PC3	ICMP		0.000	N	0	(edit)	(delete)