

# Mount

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:mount - mount a filesystem

Example: mount a pendrive

mounted on -> /dev/sdb1

content ->

```
mount /dev/sdb1 <dir>

mount /dev/sdb1 /tmp
```

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```
umount /dev/sdb1 /tmp
```

The umount command detaches the mentioned file system(s) from the file hierarchy.

```
Disk /dev/sdc: 57.31 GiB, 61530439680 bytes, 120176640 sectors
Disk model: SanDisk 3.2Gen1
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: gpt
Disk identifier: 742B5647-892A-4411-ADBD-83222CC5398A

Device      Start        End      Sectors  Size Type
/dev/sdc1   2048 120176606 120174559 57.3G Microsoft basic data
IoTdev$ cd /media/rohit/
IoTdev$
IoTdev$
IoTdev$ ls
IoTdev$ cd /media/rohit/
IoTdev$ ls
'UBUNTU 22_0'
IoTdev$ sudo umount /dev/sdc1
IoTdev$ ls
```