

## CBSE Class 8 Social Science (SP) SESSION 2016-2017

## **General Instructions:**

- This question paper has 8 questions
- All the questions are compulsory.
- Draw a line after each answer.
- Attach the maps inside the answer sheets.
- 1. Fill in the blanks: (5)
- 1. The Ryotwari System was devised by .
- 2. The first solider to protest against the new cartridges was .
- 3. is the largest producer and consumer of natural gas.
- 4. refers to cultivation of flowers.
- 5. The court is at the apex of the judicial hierarchy.
- 2.Name the following: (5)
- 1. A group of soldiers who fight under one command.
- 2. A device which converts solar energy into electricity.
- 3. This energy is obtained by altering the structure of atoms.
- 4. An order, rule or law issued by the President.
- 5. An official who speaks on behalf of another person in a court of law.
- 3. Choose the correct option from the following: (5)
- a.introduced the culture of recording everything.
- i. British
- ii. Mughals
- iii. Cholas
- iv. Delhi Sultans
- b.The last Mughal Emperor was deported to .





- i. London
- ii. Rangoon
- iii. Paris
- iv. Delhi

c.The temperate grasslands are known as in North America.

- i. Down
- ii. Prairies
- iii. Velds
- iv. Pampas

d. is the largest producer of bauxite in the world.

- i. Australia
- ii. Sri Lanka
- iii. India
- iv. Germany

e. is the head of the majority party.

- i. Council of Ministers
- ii. Chief Minister
- iii. President
- iv. Prime Minister
- 4. Answer the following in one sentence each: (5)
- a. Define mortgage.
- b. In which year was Awadh annexed by the Britishers?
- c. Name the last viceroy of India.
- d. What do you mean by the term ecosystem?
- e. Name any two non-metallic minerals.
- 5. Answer the following questions in 60-80 words each: (30)
- a. What is the 'modern' period in India associated with?
- b. What was the impact of land revenue settlements on the peasants? Give two values you



Modern Technology



can practice to conserve the fertility of the soil.

- c. Why was industrial development in India slow and erratic?
- d. Discuss the spread of the Revolt of 1857.
- e. Explain the role of CITES in saving the flora and fauna?
- f. Petroleum is called black gold'. Explain.
- g. Differentiate between intensive and extensive farming.
- h. 'Agriculture and industries are interdependent' Give reasons.
- i. What do you understand by collective responsibility of the council of ministers?
- j. Distinguish between Supreme Court and High Court.
- 6. Answer the following questions in 80-100 words each: (30)
- a. Write a note on the progress of industries in British India.
- b. What were the main reasons for the failure of the Revolt of 1857? Which two values you should imbibe from great freedom fighters?
- c. Distinguish between tropical and temperate grasslands.
- d. How did minerals influence the history of human civilization?
- e. Describe the composition of the Rajya Sabha.
- f. Explain any three types of subordinate courts.
- 7. On the given political map of India, mark the following centres of Revolt of 1857:
- a. Jhansi
- b. Kanpur
- c. Faizabad
- d. Arrah
- e. Delhi
- 8. On the given political map of World, mark the following:
- a. A region of nomadic herding in Asia
- b. A region of livestock rearing in Australia
- c. A region of Mediterranean agriculture in North America
- d. A region of plantation on South America
- e. A region of primitive subsistence in Africa







