R for Beginners - R for Finance Code File-1

This R code book written by Rohit Dhankar . GitHub - https://github.com/RohitDhankar Code and Data > https://github.com/RohitDhankar/R-Beginners-Online-Virtual-Learning-Session

Good practice to keep track of current Working Directory , list all Objects in R ENVIRONMENT - specially so when committing changes to Git or any other version control Remote directory.

R for Finance

```
library("forecast");
library("ggplot2");
library("ggfortify")
##
## Attaching package: 'ggfortify'
## The following object is masked from 'package:forecast':
##
##
       gglagplot
library("tseries")
# Simulating Synthetic Data
# Set Seed -- ensure reproducible results
set.seed(123)
# .
# Scalar Vector Constant - tweak to change DF Dimensions
aa<-1500
#
# CHECK --- Could i have done this faster in Python ??
# Func - seq(as.Date ...)
# REFER -- https://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-devel/library/base/html/seq.Date.html
#
# #
# head(mdf, n=20)
# length(mdf$cty_name)
# summary(mdf) # Summary of DF
```

```
# #
# str(mdf) # Structure of DF
# # #
# Explicitly check the Class and Typeof
# class(mdf$cty_name); class(mdf$country_name); class(mdf$var_dates)
# #
# typeof(mdf$cty_name); typeof(mdf$country_name); typeof(mdf$var_dates)
```

Section -2

Also many other sources from the net. Rohit Dhankar claims no copyright to any of this code.

```
# Start the clock!
# ptm <- proc.time()</pre>
# vec_gross_sale <- p_sale_count_rnd*p_sale_cost_rnd</pre>
#
# summary(vec_gross_sale)
# proc.time() - ptm
# As seen below in our case
\# ELAPSED time - 1st 0.011 , 2nd - 0.012
# Thus the WALL CLOCK or REAL / ELAPSED
# timings are almost same .
# The USER TIME and SYSTEM TIME's in our case
# add upto -
# 1st - 0.008
# 2nd - 0.012
# Thus it would seem we are better off
# with Vector Multiplication
# But we also need to consider
# once we have the "vec_gross_sale"
# we will need to add it to out "mdf"
# Kindly also note the Timings will
# differ for each system - also for each run
# of the chunk of code on same sys
# Definition of user Time --- The 'user time' is the CPU time
# charged for execution of user instructions of the calling process.
# REFER- https://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-devel/library/base/html/proc.time.html
# Now to multiply TWO Columns of the DF
# Also called COLUMNAR VECTORS
```

```
# Again start the clock!
# ptm <- proc.time()
#
# mdf$gross_sale<- mdf$p_sale_count_rnd*mdf$p_sale_cost_rnd
#
# proc.time() - ptm
# #
# str(mdf)
# #
# summary(mdf)
# #
# write.csv(mdf,file="Mkt_DATA_Files/mdf.csv")
# ## Writes to Sub Directory - DATA_Files
# #</pre>
```