

Experiment -3.2

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Subject Name: Data structure SubjectCode:21CSH-211

1. <u>AIM</u>:- Write a program to illustrate the implementation of different Operations on a binary search tree.

2. ALGORITHM:

For Inorder Tree

- 1. Start
- 2. Create a node and declear the variables.
- 3. Check the condition

if(root!=NULL)

- 4. Traverse the left subtree, i.e., call Inorder(left->subtree)
- 5. Visit the root. cout<<root->data<<" ";
- 6. Traverse the right subtree, i.e., call Inorder(right->subtree)
- 7. Print the tree.
- 8. End.

For Preorder Tree

- 1.Start
- 2.Create a node and declear the variables.
- 3. Check the condition

if(root!=NULL)

- 4. Visit the root. cout<<root->data<<" ";
- 5. Traverse the left subtree, i.e., call Inorder(left->subtree)
- 6.Traverse the right subtree, i.e., call Inorder(right->subtree)
- 7.Print the tree.
- 8.End.

For Postorder Tree

- 1.Start
- 2.Create a node and declear the variables.
- 3. Check the condition

if(root!=NULL)

- 4. Traverse the left subtree, i.e., call Inorder(left->subtree)
- 5. Traverse the right subtree, i.e., call Inorder(right->subtree)
- 6. Visit the root. cout<<root->data<<" ";
- 7.Print the tree.
- 8.End.

Inserting of a node in a tree

- 1. Start
- 2. Create a new BST node and assign values to it.
- 3. insert(node, key)
 - i) If root == NULL,return the new node to the calling function.
 - ii) if root=>data < key
 call the insert function with root=>right and assign the return value in root=>right.
 root->right = insert(root=>right,key)
 - iii) if root=>data > key
 call the insert function with root->left and assign the return value in root=>left.
 root=>left = insert(root=>left,key)
 - 4. Finally, return the original root pointer to the calling function.
 - 5. End

Deletion of a node in a tree

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1. Start

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2. if tree = null
  write "item not found in the tree" else if item < tree -> data
 delete(tree->left, item)
 else if item > tree -> data
 delete(tree -> right, item)
 else if tree -> left and tree -> right
 set temp = findlargestnode(tree -> left)
 set tree -> data = temp -> data
 delete(tree -> left, temp -> data)
 else
 set temp = tree
  if tree -> left = null and tree -> right = null
  set tree = null
 else if tree -> left != null
 set tree = tree -> left
 else
  set tree = tree -> right
 [end of if]
 free temp
```

[end of if]

3: End

3. Program Code: -

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
struct node{
   int data;
    struct node* left;
    struct node* right;
};
struct node* createNode(int data){
    struct node *n;
    n = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    n->data = data;
    n->left = NULL;
    n->right = NULL;
    return n;
void preOrder(struct node* root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        cout<<root->data<<" ";</pre>
        preOrder(root->left);
        preOrder(root->right);
    }
void postOrder(struct node* root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        postOrder(root->left);
        postOrder(root->right);
        cout<<root->data<<" ";</pre>
    }
void inOrder(struct node* root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        inOrder(root->left);
        cout<<root->data<<" ";</pre>
        inOrder(root->right);
    }
int isBST(struct node* root){
    static struct node *prev = NULL;
    if(root!=NULL){
        if(!isBST(root->left)){
            return 0;
        if(prev!=NULL && root->data <= prev->data){
            return 0;
        prev = root;
        return isBST(root->right);
```

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else{
        return 1;
    }
struct node * searchIter(struct node* root, int key){
    while(root!=NULL){
        if(key == root->data){
            return root;
        else if(key<root->data){
            root = root->left;
        else{
            root = root->right;
        }
    }
    return NULL;
void insert(struct node *root, int key){
   struct node *prev = NULL;
   while(root!=NULL){
       prev = root;
       if(key==root->data){
           cout<<"Cannot insert" <<key<<" already in BST";</pre>
           return;
       else if(key<root->data){
           root = root->left;
       else{
           root = root->right;
   struct node* begin = createNode(key);
   if(key<prev->data){
       prev->left = begin;
   else{
       prev->right = begin;
   }
struct node *inOrderPredecessor(struct node* root){
    root = root->left;
    while (root->right!=NULL)
        root = root->right;
    return root;
struct node *deleteNode(struct node *root, int value){
    struct node* iPre;
    if (root == NULL){
```

```
if (root->left==NULL&&root->right==NULL){
        free(root);
    if (value < root->data){
        root-> left = deleteNode(root->left,value);
    else if (value > root->data){
        root-> right = deleteNode(root->right, value);
    else{
        iPre = inOrderPredecessor(root);
        root->data = iPre->data;
        root->left = deleteNode(root->left, iPre->data);
    return root;
int main(){
    struct node *p = createNode(5);
    struct node *p1 = createNode(3);
    struct node *p2 = createNode(6);
    struct node *p3 = createNode(1);
    struct node *p4 = createNode(4);
    p->left = p1;
    p->right = p2;
    p1->left = p3;
    p1->right = p4;
    inOrder(p);
    cout<<"in-Order tree"<<endl;</pre>
    preOrder(p);
    cout<<"Pre-Order tree"<<endl;</pre>
    postOrder(p);
    cout<<"Post-Order tree"<<endl;</pre>
    insert(p, 16);
    cout<< p->right->right->data<<" "<<endl;</pre>
    inOrder(p);
    cout<<endl;</pre>
    deleteNode(p, 3);
    inOrder(p);
    return 0;
```

Output:-

```
Windows PowerShell
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Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

PS D:\desktop\vscode> cd "d:\desktop\vscode\Trees\"; if ($?) { g++ menu_driven.cpp -o menu_driven }; if ($?) { 1 3 4 5 6 in-Order tree
5 3 1 4 6 Pre-Order tree
1 4 3 6 5 Post-Order tree
1 4 3 6 5 Post-Order tree
1 3 4 5 6 16
1 3 4 5 6 16
PS D:\desktop\vscode\Trees>
```

Learning Outcomes (What I have learnt)

- 1. Learnt about trees and its types
- 2. Also learnt the various operations on trees