

**5E5101**

Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

Total No of Pages: **3**

**5E5101**

**B. Tech. V Sem. (Main/Back) Exam., Nov.-Dec.-2016**

**Computer Science & Engineering**

**5CS1A Computer Architecture**

**Common with CS, IT**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 80**

**Min. Passing Marks Main: 26**

**Min. Passing Marks Back: 24**

*Instructions to Candidates:*

*Attempt any **five** questions, selecting **one** question from each unit. All questions carry **equal** marks. Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary. Any data you feel missing suitably be assumed and stated clearly.*

*Units of quantities used/calculated must be stated clearly.*

*Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination.*

*(Mentioned in form No. 205)*

1. NIL

2. NIL

### **UNIT – I**

Q.1 (a) Write down the Flynn's classification of computer? [8]

(b) What does pipeline, vector and array processor mean in parallel processing? [8]

**OR**

Q.1 (a) Describe the Von – Neumann model and explain the functioning of its components. [8]

(b) Explain and draw a diagram of a bus system that use multiplex k, register of n bits each to produce an n – line common bus. [8]

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## UNIT – II

- Q.2 (a) Explain the following in detail: [8]
- (i) Address Sequencing
  - (ii) Hardwired control unit
- (b) Draw and explain the organization of a CPU showing the connections between the Register to a common bus. [8]

OR

- Q.2 (a) Discuss all factor which affect the performance of pipelining processor based systems. [8]
- (b) A non- pipeline system takes 100 ns to process a task. The same task can be processed in a six- segment pipeline with a clack cycle of 20ns. Determine the speedup ratio of the pipeline for 200 tasks. What is maximum speedup that can be achieved? [8]

## UNIT – III

- Q.3 (a) Describe the procedure for addition and subtraction for fixed point number. Explain by use of Flowchart? [8]
- (b) Explain Booth multiplication algorithm and its hardware. [8]

OR

- Q.3 (a) Draw and explain flowchart for additional and subtraction of floating points number. [8]
- (b) Represent the number (+46.5) <sub>10</sub> as a floating point binary number with 24 bits. The normalized fraction Mantissa has 16 bits and be exponent has 8 bits. [8]

## UNIT – IV

- Q.4 (a) What is cache coherency why is it necessary? Explain different approaches for cache coherency. [8]
- (b) Explain associative memory with its hardware organization. Discuss the procedure for reading and writing data in associative memory. [8]



**OR**

- Q.4 (a) Explain the role of virtual Memory. [8]
- (b) Draw and explain the memory hierarchy in a digital computer. What are the advantages of cache memory over main memory? [8]

**UNIT – V**

- Q.5 (a) List various commands that an interface may receive from control line of the Bus. Explain the process of handling an interrupt that occurs during the execution of a program, with the help of an example. [8]
- (b) A DMA controller transfer 16- bits words to memory using cycle stealing. The words are assembled from a device that transmits character at a rate of 2400 characters per second. The CPU be is fetching and executing instruction at an average rate of 1 million instructions per second. By how much the CPU be slowed down because of the DMA transfer? [8]

**OR**

- Q.5 (a) What is an interrupt service subroutine? How can the interrupt priority be resolved?
- (b) Explain in short programmed I/O and interrupt initiated I/O.
- (c) What do you mean by synchronous and asynchronous data transfer? Explain hand shaking method asynchronous data transfer? [16]
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