## Data Science and Machine Learning

#### COMP4030

#### Coursework 2023 CW2 Brief

Assessment Name	Coursework 2 – Data Analysis Study	Weight	75%
Description and Deliverable(s)	This assignment requires you to work in a pair.  You will need to analyse a data set using all the data science steps you have learnt to create and compare classification models.  You will write your work up as a joint academic paper with a coursework partner, comparing and analysing your results at every stage of the data analysis and modelling pathway (6 to 8 pages including references and diagrams) as stated in this coursework specification.  The joint paper should be submitted in PDF, using the IEEE template for formatting.  The code should be submitted as a single Jupyter Notebook with clear comments showing attribution of each student for each section.  Interim submission: (5%) 1 page A4 max  1. Title of the paper  2. Introduction to the data set (including statistical description) and initial research question(s)  3. Summary of required data wrangling and pre-processing approaches for this dataset.		
Release Date	Tuesday 7 <sup>th</sup> February 2023		
Submission Date	Thursday 11 <sup>th</sup> May 2023 by 3pm (Interim submission 7 <sup>th</sup> March by 3pm)		
Late Policy (University of Nottingham default will apply, if blank)			ne total 100 marks. n. Submissions after
Feedback Mechanism and Date	Written feedback in Moodle on the 13th of Jun	e 2023	

#### Instructions

For this coursework assignment you will need be required to work in pairs to analyse a data set (select one from the datasets provided or one you create as described) using all the data science steps you have learnt to create and compare your machine learning models.

You will write your work up as a joint academic paper with your coursework partner, comparing and analysing your results at every stage of the data analysis and modelling pathway.

You will need to present your paper in an IEEE format using a template from here: <a href="https://www.ieee.org/conferences/publishing/templates.html">https://www.ieee.org/conferences/publishing/templates.html</a>

Your paper should be between 6 to 8 pages (including tables, diagrams and references as appropriate) and submitted as a PDF. The diagrams table and diagrams should add value to the writing. Diagrams are preferrable to tables.

Your paper should be organised into 8 parts:

- 1. Title and Abstract (2.5%)
- 2. Introduction to the data set and research question(s) (marked as part of interim report 5%, but needs to be included in the full paper for completeness. You might have refined your research questions following the interim submission)
- 3. Literature Review covering a few key methods adopted by other researchers who used this or a similar dataset (5%)
- 4. Methodology including a justification for your selected approaches for data analysis and preprocessing and data classification. (10%)
- 5. Results from each of the stages data analysis, pre-processing and classification (20%) Please note at each partner in the pair should use a different approach for each stage.
- 6. Discussion comparing and critiquing each other's results (partners in pair) and also with other results from previous research on the dataset as noted in your literature review (25%)
- 7. Conclusions and recommendation for future research (10%)
- 8. References (2.5%)

#### **Code Submission**

Please include all your code as a single Jupyter Notebook with clear comments showing attribution of each student for each section. We should be able to run this to generate your results (20% = each person in the pair will be marked individually on this) in addition to the paper.

The ultimate aim of this coursework is to give you first-hand experience on working with a relatively large and real data set, getting experience of the first stages of data science: data description, exploratory data analysis, to the later stages of knowledge extraction and machine learning.

Please note that you need to include a contributions section in the paper to clearly specify which person worked on what aspects of the paper.

#### Datasets

You can choose to work on one of the following datasets:

#### 1. Flu Shot Learning: Predict H1N1 and Seasonal Flu Vaccines

https://www.drivendata.org/competitions/66/flu-shot-learning/page/211/

The data comes from the National 2009 H1N1 Flu Survey (NHFS). The National 2009 H1N1 Flu Survey (NHFS) was sponsored by the National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases (NCIRD) and conducted jointly by NCIRD and the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The NHFS was a list-assisted random-digit-dialing telephone survey of households, designed to monitor influenza immunization coverage in the 2009-10 season.

The target population for the NHFS was all persons 6 months or older living in the United States at the time of the interview. Data from the NHFS were used to produce timely estimates of vaccination coverage rates for both the monovalent pH1N1 and trivalent seasonal influenza vaccines.

Your goal is to predict how likely individuals are to receive their H1N1 and seasonal flu vaccines. Specifically, you'll be predicting two probabilities: one for <a href="https://h1n1\_vaccine">h1n1\_vaccine</a> and one for <a href="mailto:seasonal\_vaccine">seasonal\_vaccine</a>.

Each row in the dataset represents one person who responded to the National 2009 H1N1 Flu Survey.

#### Labels

For this competition, there are two target variables:

- h1n1\_vaccine Whether respondent received H1N1 flu vaccine.
- seasonal\_vaccine Whether respondent received seasonal flu vaccine.

Both are binary variables:  $\frac{0}{0}$  = No;  $\frac{1}{1}$  = Yes. Some respondents didn't get either vaccine, others got only one, and some got both. This is formulated as a multilabel (and *not* multiclass) problem.

#### The features in this dataset

You are provided a dataset with 36 columns. The first column respondent\_id is a unique and random identifier. The remaining 35 features are described below.

For all binary variables: 0 = No; 1 = Yes.

- 1. <a href="https://hunter.ncbe.nlm.nih.gov/html/">h1n1\_concern</a> Level of concern about the H1N1 flu.
  - a. 0 = Not at all concerned; 1 = Not very concerned; 2 = Somewhat concerned; 3 = Very concerned.
- 2. h1n1\_knowledge Level of knowledge about H1N1 flu.
  - a. 0 = No knowledge; 1 = A little knowledge; 2 = A lot of knowledge.
- 3. behavioral antiviral meds Has taken antiviral medications. (binary)
- 4. behavioral\_avoidance Has avoided close contact with others with flu-like
  symptoms. (binary)
- 5. behavioral face mask Has bought a face mask. (binary)
- 6. behavioral\_wash\_hands Has frequently washed hands or used hand sanitizer.
  (binary)
- 7. <a href="mailto:behavioral\_large\_gatherings">behavioral\_large\_gatherings</a> Has reduced time at large gatherings. (binary)
- 8. <a href="mailto:behavioral\_outside\_home">behavioral\_outside\_home</a> Has reduced contact with people outside of own household. (binary)
- 9. behavioral\_touch\_face Has avoided touching eyes, nose, or mouth. (binary)
- 10. doctor recc h1n1 H1N1 flu vaccine was recommended by doctor. (binary)
- 11. doctor\_recc\_seasonal Seasonal flu vaccine was recommended by doctor. (binary)
- 12. <a href="mailto:chronic\_med\_condition">chronic\_med\_condition</a> Has any of the following chronic medical conditions: asthma or an other lung condition, diabetes, a heart condition, a kidney condition, sickle cell anemia or other anemia, a neurological or neuromuscular condition, a liver condition, or a weakened immune system caused by a chronic illness or by medicines taken for a chronic illness. (binary)
- 13. <a href="mailto:child\_under\_6\_months">child\_under\_6\_months</a> Has regular close contact with a child under the age of six months. (binary)
- 14. health worker Is a healthcare worker. (binary)
- 15. health\_insurance Has health insurance. (binary)
- 16. <a href="mailto:opinion\_h1n1\_vacc\_effective">opinion\_h1n1\_vacc\_effective</a> Respondent's opinion about H1N1 vaccine effectiveness.
  - a. 1 = Not at all effective; 2 = Not very effective; 3 = Don't know; 4 = Somewhat effective; 5 = Very effective.

- 17. <a href="mailto:opinion">opinion</a> about risk of getting sick with H1N1 flu without vaccine.
  - a. 1 = Very Low; 2 = Somewhat low; 3 = Don't know; 4 = Somewhat high; 5 = Very high.
- 18. <a href="mailto:opinion\_h1n1\_sick\_from\_vacc">opinion\_h1n1\_sick\_from\_vacc</a> Respondent's worry of getting sick from taking H1N1 vaccine.
  - a. 1 = Not at all worried; 2 = Not very worried; 3 = Don't know; 4 = Somewhat worried; 5 = Very worried.
- 19. <a href="mailto:opinion\_seas\_vacc\_effective">opinion\_seas\_vacc\_effective</a> Respondent's opinion about seasonal flu vaccine effectiveness.
  - a. 1 = Not at all effective; 2 = Not very effective; 3 = Don't know; 4 = Somewhat effective; 5 = Very effective.
- 20. <a href="mailto:opinion\_seas\_risk">opinion\_seas\_risk</a> Respondent's opinion about risk of getting sick with seasonal flu without vaccine.
  - a. 1 = Very Low; 2 = Somewhat low; 3 = Don't know; 4 = Somewhat high; 5 = Very high.
- 21. <a href="mailto:opinion\_seas\_sick\_from\_vacc">opinion\_seas\_sick\_from\_vacc</a> Respondent's worry of getting sick from taking seasonal flu vaccine.
  - a. 1 = Not at all worried; 2 = Not very worried; 3 = Don't know; 4 = Somewhat worried; 5 = Very worried.
- 22. age\_group Age group of respondent.
- 23. education Self-reported education level.
- 24. race Race of respondent.
- 25. sex Sex of respondent.
- 26. income\_poverty Household annual income of respondent with respect to 2008 Census poverty thresholds.
- 27. marital status Marital status of respondent.
- 28. rent or own Housing situation of respondent.
- 29. employment status Employment status of respondent.
- 30. <a href="hhs\_geo\_region">hhs\_geo\_region</a> Respondent's residence using a 10-region geographic classification defined by the U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services. Values are represented as short random character strings.
- 31. census\_msa Respondent's residence within metropolitan statistical areas (MSA) as defined by the U.S. Census.
- 32. <a href="household\_adults">household\_adults</a> Number of other adults in household, top-coded to 3.
- 33. household children Number of children in household, top-coded to 3.
- 34. <a href="mailto:employment\_industry">employment\_industry</a> Type of industry respondent is employed in. Values are represented as short random character strings.
- 35. <a href="mailto:employment\_occupation">employment\_occupation</a> Type of occupation of respondent. Values are represented as short random character strings.

## Feature data example

For example, a single row in the dataset, has these values:

Field	Value
h1n1_concern	1
h1n1_knowledge	0
behavioral_antiviral_meds	0
behavioral_avoidance	0
behavioral_face_mask	0
behavioral_wash_hands	0
behavioral_large_gatherings	0
behavioral_outside_home	1
behavioral_touch_face	1
doctor_recc_h1n1	0
doctor_recc_seasonal	0
chronic_med_condition	0
child_under_6_months	0
health_worker	0

Field	Value
health_insurance	1
opinion_h1n1_vacc_effective	3
opinion_h1n1_risk	1
opinion_h1n1_sick_from_vacc	2
opinion_seas_vacc_effective	2
opinion_seas_risk	1
opinion_seas_sick_from_vacc	2
age_group	55 - 64 Years
education	< 12 Years
race	White
sex	Female
income_poverty	Below Poverty
marital_status	Not Married
rent_or_own	Own
employment_status	Not in Labor Force
hhs_geo_region	oxchjgsf

Field	Value
census_msa	Non-MSA
household_adults	0
household_children	0
employment_industry	NaN
	NeN
employment_occupation	NaN

# 2. Hand Gesture Recognition Data Set – You will need to collect this data yourself

Please download this app to your smartphone <a href="https://phyphox.org/">https://phyphox.org/</a>

#### Please collect gesture data - 4 classes/ categories

- 1. Moving your phone in a circle
- 2. Waving
- 3. Gesturing "come here"
- 4. Gesturing "go away"

For recording the gesture data from the phyphox app, please use Acceleration (without g).

Do each gesture continuously for 15 iterations (without stopping). Make 5 sets (files/recordings) for each gesture: Circle, Wave, Come Here, Go Away.

Each student should create a data set and then you can use one student's set for training and the other for testing – or mix them up.

You will need to decide how many iterations of each gesture you will use to indicate the gesture (3 or 4 iterations).

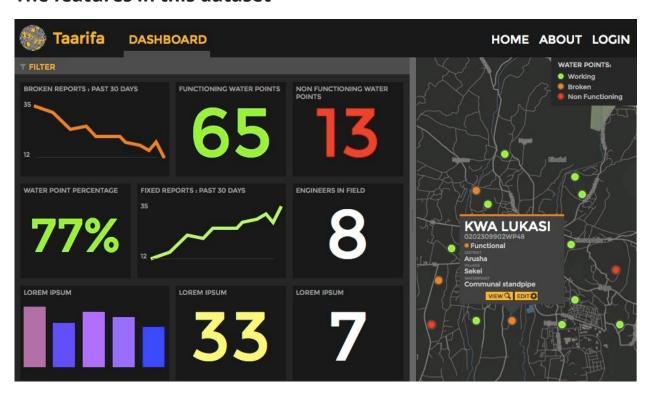
#### 3. Pump it Up: Data Mining the Water Table

https://www.drivendata.org/competitions/7/pump-it-up-data-mining-the-water-table/

The data comes from the Taarifa waterpoints dashboard, which aggregates data from the Tanzania Ministry of Water. <u>Taarifa</u> is an open source platform for the crowd sourced reporting and triaging of infrastructure related issues.

Can you predict which water pumps are faulty? Using data from <u>Taarifa</u> and the Tanzanian Ministry of Water, can you predict which pumps are functional, which need some repairs, and which don't work at all? This is an intermediate-level practice competition. Predict one of these three classes based on a number of variables about what kind of pump is operating, when it was installed, and how it is managed. A smart understanding of which waterpoints will fail can improve maintenance operations and ensure that clean, potable water is available to communities across Tanzania. Think of it as a bug tracker for the real world which helps to engage citizens with their local government. We are currently working on an Innovation Project in Tanzania, with various partners.

#### The features in this dataset



Your goal is to predict the operating condition of a waterpoint for each record in the dataset. You are provided the following set of information about the waterpoints:

- 1. amount tsh Total static head (amount water available to waterpoint)
- 2. date recorded The date the row was entered
- 3. funder Who funded the well
- 4. gps height Altitude of the well
- 5. installer Organization that installed the well
- 6. longitude GPS coordinate
- 7. latitude GPS coordinate
- 8. wpt\_name Name of the waterpoint if there is one
- 9. num private -
- 10. basin Geographic water basin

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11. subvillage - Geographic location
12. region - Geographic location
13. region code - Geographic location (coded)
14. <a href="mailto:district_code">district_code</a> - Geographic location (coded)
15. lga - Geographic location
16. ward - Geographic location
17. population - Population around the well
18. public meeting - True/False
19. recorded by - Group entering this row of data
20. scheme_management - Who operates the waterpoint
21. <a href="mailto:scheme_name">scheme_name</a> - Who operates the waterpoint
22. permit - If the waterpoint is permitted
23. construction_year - Year the waterpoint was constructed
24. <a href="mailto:extraction_type">extraction_type</a> - The kind of extraction the waterpoint uses
25. extraction type group - The kind of extraction the waterpoint uses
26. extraction_type_class - The kind of extraction the waterpoint uses
27. management - How the waterpoint is managed
28. management group - How the waterpoint is managed
29. payment - What the water costs
30. payment_type - What the water costs
31. water_quality - The quality of the water
32. quality_group - The quality of the water
33. quantity - The quantity of water
34. quantity group - The quantity of water
35. source - The source of the water
36. source type - The source of the water
37. source class - The source of the water
38. waterpoint_type - The kind of waterpoint
39. waterpoint_type_group - The kind of waterpoint
```

## Feature data example

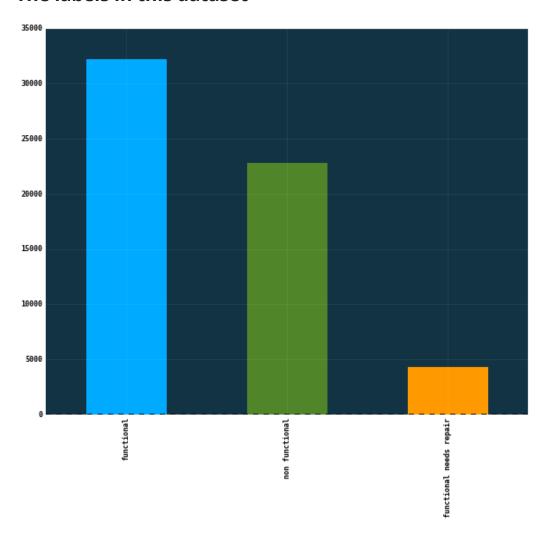
For example, a single row in the dataset might have these values:

amount_tsh	300.0
date_recorded	2013-02-26
funder	Germany Republi
gps_height	1335
installer	CES

longitude	37.2029845
latitude	-3.22870286
wpt_name	Kwaa Hassan Ismail
num_private	0
basin	Pangani
subvillage	Bwani
region	Kilimanjaro
region_code	3
district_code	5
lga	Hai
ward	Machame Uroki
population	25
public_meeting	True
recorded_by	GeoData Consultants Ltd
scheme_management	Water Board
scheme_name	Uroki-Bomang'ombe water sup
permit	True
construction_year	1995

extraction_type	gravity
extraction_type_group	gravity
extraction_type_class	gravity
management	water board
management_group	user-group
payment	other
payment_type	other
water_quality	soft
quality_group	good
quantity	enough
quantity_group	enough
source	spring
source_type	spring
source_class	groundwater
waterpoint_type	communal standpipe
waterpoint_type_group	communal standpipe

## The labels in this dataset



## **Distribution of Labels**

The labels in this dataset are simple. There are three possible values:

- functional the waterpoint is operational and there are no repairs needed
- functional needs repair the waterpoint is operational, but needs repairs
- non functional the waterpoint is not operational

#### **Assessment Criteria**

The main assessment criteria for the paper are:

Section	Weight	Criteria
	-ing %	
Title and Abstract	2.5	Are the title and abstract appropriately
		reflective of the content of the paper?
Introduction to the data set and	5	Have the data set and research question(s) been
research question(s)		clearly defined?
Literature Review – covering a few	5	Have relevant papers been discussed and their
key methods adopted by other		approaches and results succinctly described?
researchers who used similar		
datasets		

Methodology – including a justification for your selected approaches for data analysis and pre-processing and data modelling/classification. Please note at each partner in the pair should use a different approach for each stage.	10	Have at least two different approaches for each stage been suggested? Have the selected approaches been clearly discussed and justified? Are they appropriate to the problem at hand?
Results from the different approaches applied at each of the stages – data analysis, preprocessing and modelling/classification	20	Were the techniques applied correctly? Have the results from at least two alternative approaches been included at each stage? Have suitable diagrammatic representations of the results been included?
Discussion - comparing and critique each other's results (partners in pair)	25	Have the findings been interpreted in an appropriate manner? Have the results been compared in a critical manner?
Conclusions and recommendation for future research	10	Is there is a good summary of the work? Is there consideration of the shortcomings of the work? Are there any suggestions regarding how the techniques could be further combined in new and interesting ways?
References	2.5	Have appropriate references been included and cited correctly?
Python code	20	Is the code well commented and easy to follow? Is it consistent (i.e. consistent names for variables, functions, etc.)? does it use informative names for variables and functions? Does it give the results as stated in the paper?

#### Module study expectations

Activity		Total Hours
Lecture – delivery key material	2 × 12	24
Lab sessions	2 × 12	24
<b>Self-study</b> – review lecture content and read associated background materials	6 × 12	72
Coursework (75%)		<mark>60</mark>
Lab submission Preparation (25%)	6.7 x 3	20
Total (20 credits)		200

#### References:

Jain, A., Bhandari, N.S. and Jain, N., 2018, February. Essential elements of writing a research/review paper for conference/journals. In 2018 5th International Symposium on Emerging Trends and Technologies in Libraries and Information Services (ETTLIS) (pp. 131-136). IEEE. (Paper on Moodle)

#### Other resources for this coursework assignment:

Reading list on Moodle

Materials covered and referenced in the lectures and lab sessions.