## 1.streaming LLM-Based Chatbot with RAG

#### **Functional Architecture Flow**

- 1. User Query Input  $\rightarrow$  User sends a query to the chatbot via UI or API.
- 2. **Preprocessing & Embedding** → Tokenization, cleaning, and conversion to vector embeddings.
- 3. Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)
  - Vector Search → Query embeddings are used to retrieve relevant documents from a vector store.
  - o **Knowledge Retrieval** → Additional metadata/context is fetched from an indexed knowledge base.
- 4. LLM Processing
  - $\circ$  LLM API Call  $\rightarrow$  Query, retrieved context, and chat history are sent to the LLM.
  - o **Response Generation**  $\rightarrow$  LLM generates a contextual response.
- 5. Post-Processing
  - o **Filtering & Ranking**  $\rightarrow$  Ensures response relevance.
  - $\circ$  **Response Formatting**  $\rightarrow$  Final response is structured for UI display.
- 6. **Response Delivery**  $\rightarrow$  The chatbot returns the generated response.

#### **Technical Architecture Flow**

## 1. Frontend/UI Layer

- Web App (React.js, Next.js)
- Chat Interface (WebSocket for real-time)
- o API Gateway (FastAPI, Flask)

## 2. Streaming & Processing

- Kafka (Real-time message streaming)
- Apache Flink (Streaming data processing)
- Redis (Caching for session storage)

#### 3. RAG Pipeline

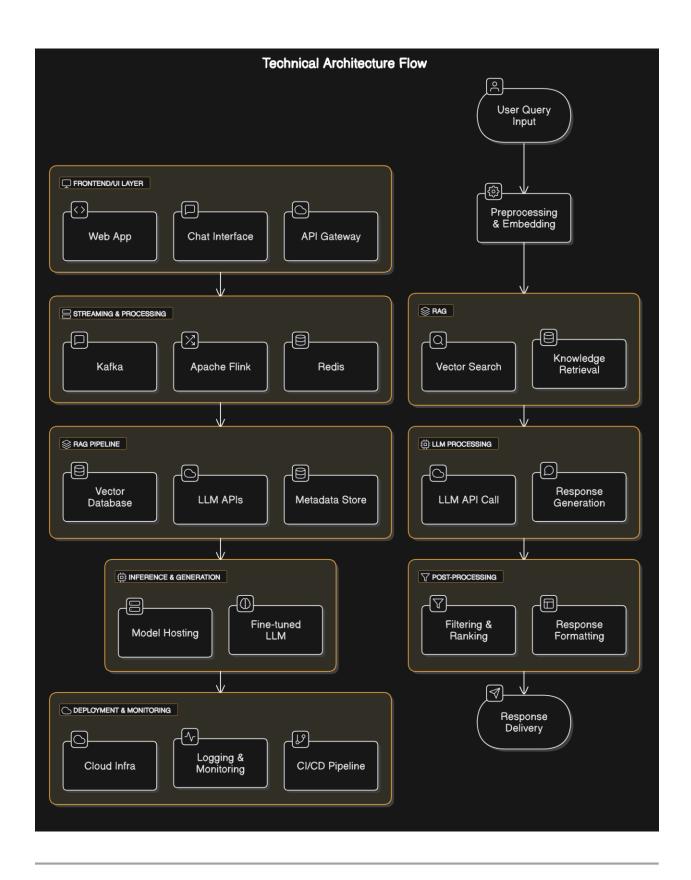
- Vector Database (FAISS, Pinecone, Weaviate)
- o LLM APIs (OpenAI GPT, LlamaIndex, Mistral)
- Metadata Store (MongoDB, PostgreSQL)

#### 4. Inference & Generation

- o Model Hosting (Hugging Face Inference Endpoint, Triton Inference Server)
- o Fine-tuned LLM or API-based Inference

#### 5. **Deployment & Monitoring**

- o Cloud Infra (AWS Lambda, Kubernetes, Databricks for ML workflows)
- o Logging & Monitoring (Prometheus, Grafana)
- o CI/CD Pipeline (GitHub Actions, Jenkins)



2. AI-Powered Search Engine (Multi-modal RAG + Vector Search)

#### **Functional Architecture Flow**

#### 1. User Input (Text/Image/Audio)

## 2. Preprocessing & Feature Extraction

- o Text Embeddings (BERT, Sentence-Transformers)
- o Image Features (CLIP, DINO, OpenAI Vision models)
- o Audio Features (Whisper, Wav2Vec)

## 3. Indexing & Vector Storage

- Vector Search (FAISS, Pinecone, Milvus)
- o Metadata Indexing (Elasticsearch, PostgreSQL)

#### 4. Query Execution

- Nearest Neighbor Search (FAISS, ANN)
- Hybrid Search (BM25 + Dense Retrieval)
- o Multi-modal Fusion (Combining text, image, and audio relevance)

#### 5. Ranking & Filtering

- Query Expansion (Reranking with ColBERT)
- o Personalization (Recommender system integration)

#### 6. Result Presentation

- Structured Results (UI ranking)
- Explanation & Justification (Model interpretability)

#### **Technical Architecture Flow**

## 1. Frontend/UI Layer

- Web App (Next.js, React)
- Search UI (Elastic UI, Haystack UI)
- o API Layer (GraphQL, FastAPI)

#### 2. Indexing & Retrieval

- Vector Search Engine (FAISS, Pinecone)
- Metadata Store (Elasticsearch)
- Hybrid Ranking (BM25 + Neural Ranking)

#### 3. Multi-Modal Processing

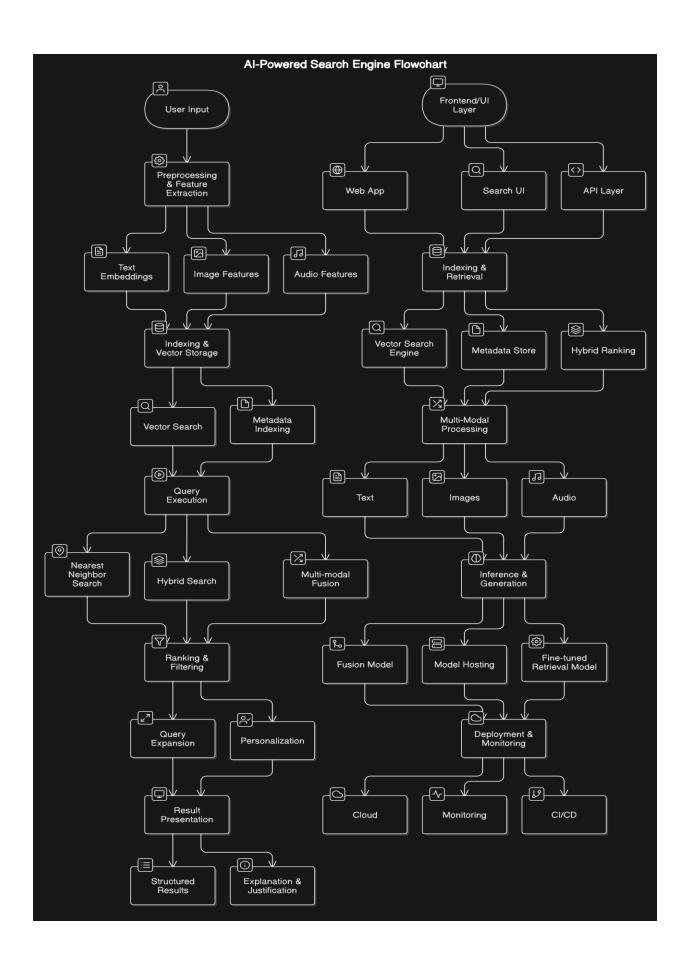
- o Text: BERT, GPT, ColBERT
- o Images: CLIP, DINOv2
- o Audio: Whisper, Wav2Vec2.0

#### 4. Inference & Generation

- o Fusion Model (Multi-modal RAG pipeline)
- Model Hosting (Triton Inference Server)
- o Fine-tuned Retrieval Model (ColBERT, DPR)

#### 5. Deployment & Monitoring

- o Cloud (AWS Lambda, GCP Vertex AI)
- o Monitoring (Grafana, Prometheus)
- o CI/CD (GitHub Actions)



# 3. Document Summarization System (Fine-tuned BART/T5)

#### **Functional Architecture Flow**

#### 1. **Document Ingestion**

- o PDF, Word, Text, HTML files
- OCR (Tesseract, AWS Textract)

#### 2. Preprocessing

- Tokenization (Hugging Face Transformers)
- Cleaning (Removing unnecessary symbols, HTML tags)

## 3. Embedding & Feature Extraction

Sentence Transformers (SBERT, Universal Sentence Encoder)

## 4. Summarization Model Processing

- Fine-tuned BART/T5 model
- o Abstractive & Extractive Summarization Pipeline

#### 5. Post-processing

- Length control (Short, Medium, Long)
- Named Entity Recognition (NER tagging)

## 6. Output Formatting

- o Summarization Results (Text, JSON, Markdown)
- o Insights Extraction (Key Topics, Sentiment Analysis)

#### **Technical Architecture Flow**

#### 1. Data Ingestion & Processing

- File Storage (S3, Google Drive API)
- NLP Pipelines (spaCy, NLTK)
- o OCR (AWS Textract, Tesseract)

#### 2. Summarization Pipeline

- o Fine-tuned BART, T5 (Hugging Face, OpenAI)
- Summarization APIs (Google T5, Pegasus)
- Sentence Ranking (TextRank, BERTScore)

#### 3. Storage & Retrieval

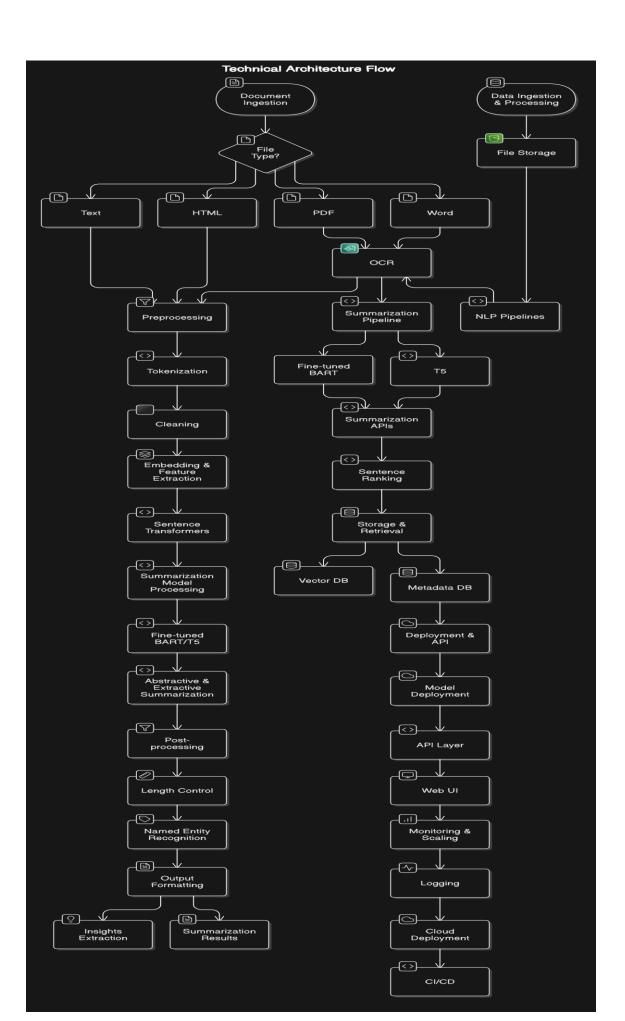
- Vector DB (FAISS, Pinecone)
- Metadata DB (Elasticsearch, MongoDB)

#### 4. **Deployment & API**

- o Model Deployment (Hugging Face Inference API, Triton)
- o API Layer (FastAPI, Flask)
- Web UI (React, Streamlit)

#### 5. Monitoring & Scaling

- o Logging (Prometheus, Grafana)
- o Cloud Deployment (AWS Lambda, GCP Vertex AI)
- o CI/CD (Docker, Kubernetes)



# 4. LLM-Based Code Assistant

#### **Technical Architecture**

## **Core Components:**

#### 1. Frontend:

- Web interface (React.js/Next.js) or VS Code Extension
- o API integration for LLM inference

#### 2. Backend:

- o FastAPI/Flask (Python) for handling API requests
- WebSockets for real-time code completion and suggestions
- o Authentication (OAuth2, JWT)

#### 3. LLM Model:

- o OpenAI Codex / Code Llama / StarCoder (Fine-tuned if necessary)
- o Vector Database (FAISS, ChromaDB) for context-aware suggestions
- o RAG (Retrieval-Augmented Generation) for better accuracy

#### 4. Database:

- PostgreSQL/MySQL (storing user preferences, prompts, feedback)
- MongoDB (storing conversation history)

#### 5. Monitoring & Logging:

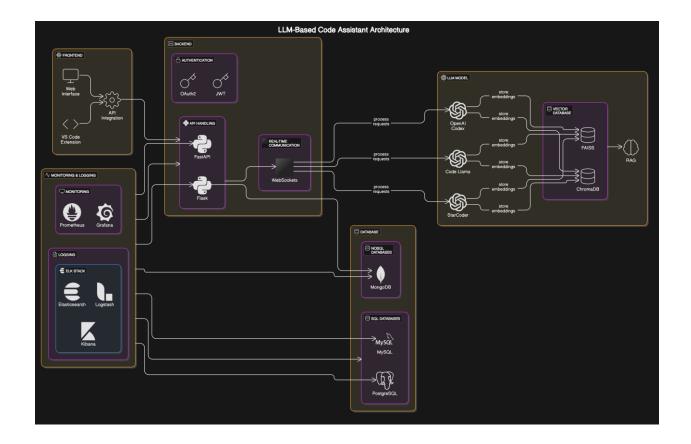
- o Prometheus + Grafana for monitoring
- o ELK Stack (Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana) for logs

## **Functional Flow**

- 1. User enters a coding query in the UI (e.g., "Generate a Python function to sort an array").
- 2. The frontend sends the request to the backend API.
- 3. Backend queries LLM with context-aware embeddings.
- 4. If necessary, retrieves past interactions from the vector database.
- 5. LLM generates a code snippet.
- 6. The response is displayed in the UI with options to refine, test, or modify.
- 7. Logs and feedback are stored for continuous improvement.

# **Step-by-Step Real-Time Build**

- 1. Set up a FastAPI backend with authentication.
- 2. Integrate LLM API (OpenAI, Code Llama).
- 3. Implement a vector database for retrieval.
- 4. Build a React.js/Next.js frontend.
- 5. Set up WebSockets for real-time suggestions.
- 6. Add logging, monitoring, and database integration.



# **5. Image Generation & Editing (Stable Diffusion + ControlNet)**

# **Technical Architecture**

## **Core Components:**

- 1. Frontend:
  - Streamlit/Web app (for easy user interaction)
  - o Upload/Edit images with control parameters (Pose, Depth, Scribble, etc.)
- 2. Backend:
  - o FastAPI for API calls
  - o Integration with Diffusers (Hugging Face)
  - WebSockets for real-time updates
- 3. Stable Diffusion Pipeline:
  - o Pretrained models (SD 1.5 / SDXL)
  - o ControlNet (Depth, Pose, Edge, etc.)
  - o Text-to-Image & Inpainting models
- 4. Storage & Databases:
  - MinIO / S3 for storing images

MongoDB/PostgreSQL for metadata

### 5. **GPU Execution:**

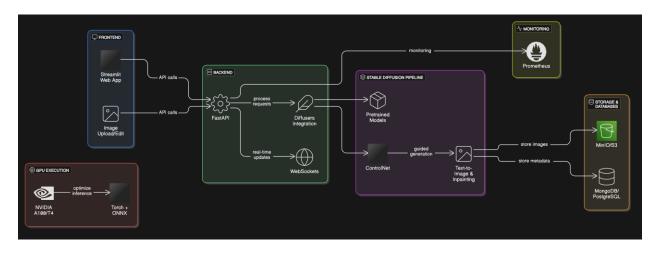
- o Deploy on NVIDIA A100/T4 instances
- Use Torch + ONNX for acceleration

#### **Functional Flow**

- 1. User uploads an image or provides a text prompt.
- 2. Backend preprocesses input & applies ControlNet.
- 3. Stable Diffusion generates the output.
- 4. Post-processing (upscaling, filtering).
- 5. UI displays the generated image with editing options.
- 6. Logs and results are stored.

# **Step-by-Step Real-Time Build**

- 1. Deploy FastAPI backend with SDXL pipeline.
- 2. Integrate ControlNet for guided generation.
- 3. Build a frontend for user interaction.
- 4. Optimize inference with ONNX/TorchScript.
- 5. Deploy monitoring with Prometheus.



# 6. Speech-to-Text & Text-to-Speech (Whisper + Tacotron/VITS)

#### **Technical Architecture**

## **Core Components:**

1. Frontend:

- Web interface (React.js, Flask)
- Audio recording and file upload

#### 2. Backend:

- FastAPI for handling requests
- o Whisper (ASR) for Speech-to-Text
- Tacotron/VITS for Text-to-Speech

#### 3. **Processing Pipeline:**

- Preprocessing (Noise Reduction)
- Whisper inference (Transcription)
- VITS/Tacotron inference (TTS)
- Post-processing (Enhancements)

## 4. Storage & Database:

- o MinIO/S3 for storing audio files
- PostgreSQL for storing transcriptions

#### 5. **GPU Execution:**

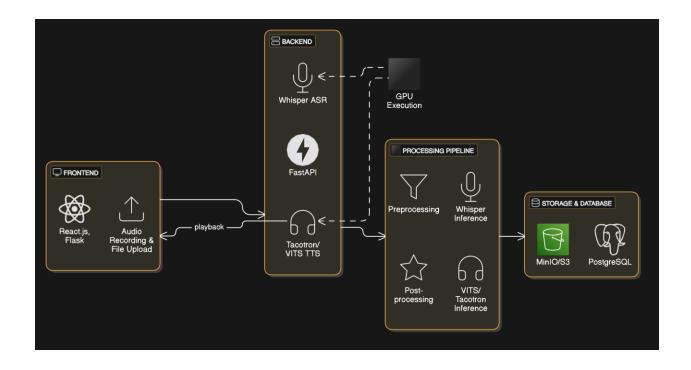
o CUDA-optimized Whisper & VITS models

#### **Functional Flow**

- 1. User uploads or records an audio file.
- 2. Whisper transcribes speech to text.
- 3. If text-to-speech is needed, Tacotron/VITS converts text to speech.
- 4. Processed audio is available for download/playback.
- 5. Logs and analytics are stored.

## **Step-by-Step Real-Time Build**

- 1. Deploy FastAPI backend with Whisper integration.
- 2. Build a frontend for user interaction.
- 3. Optimize inference with CUDA and batching.
- 4. Implement database storage for audio files.
- 5. Set up monitoring and logging.



# 7. Multi-Agent AI System (CrewAI-based)

## **Technical Architecture**

#### **Core Components:**

- 1. CrewAI Agents:
  - Role-based agents (Planner, Researcher, Coder, Validator)
  - LLM integration (GPT-4, Claude, Mistral)
- 2. Backend:
  - FastAPI for orchestration
  - WebSockets for real-time interactions
  - Celery for task execution
- 3. Vector Database:
  - Pinecone/FAISS for memory storage
- 4. Frontend:
  - Dashboard to interact with agents
  - Task management UI
- 5. Monitoring & Logging:
  - o Prometheus + Grafana for monitoring
  - ELK Stack for logs

## **Functional Flow**

1. User defines a task (e.g., "Write a research report on AI ethics").

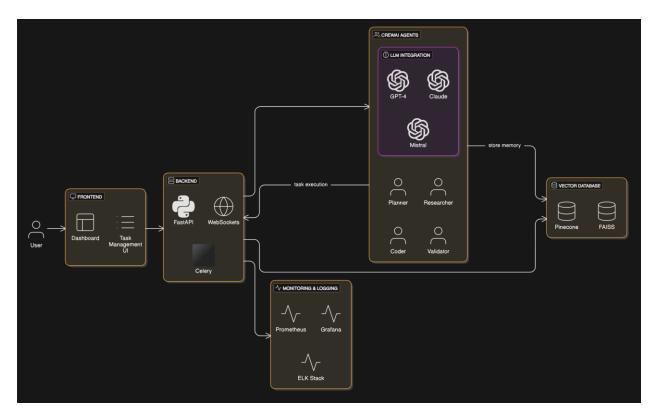
- 2. CrewAI assigns the task to agents:
  - o **Researcher:** Gathers information.
  - o **Planner:** Outlines the document.
  - Coder: Writes the draft.
  - o Validator: Reviews and refines.
- 3. Final output is delivered to the user.

# **Step-by-Step Real-Time Build**

- 1. Set up FastAPI backend with CrewAI.
- 2. Define multi-agent workflows.
- 3. Implement memory storage with FAISS.
- 4. Build a frontend for interaction.
- 5. Optimize execution with caching.

# **Final Notes**

- **Deployment Considerations:** Use Kubernetes (K8s) for scalability.
- **CI/CD Pipeline:** GitHub Actions + Docker + AWS/GCP.
- **Security:** JWT-based authentication, rate limiting.



8. AI Personal Assistant - Architecture & Step-by-Step Approach

#### **Objective**

Develop an AI-powered personal assistant that integrates **LLM**, **RAG**, and tool orchestration to provide real-time information retrieval, task automation, and contextual assistance.

#### **Technical Architecture**

#### 1. User Interaction Layer (UI/UX)

- Web/Mobile App (React.js, Flutter, Next.js)
- o Voice/Text-based interaction (Twilio, WebRTC, Whisper for Speech-to-Text)
- o Chat Interface (LangChain, Streamlit)

## 2. Orchestration Layer

- Agentic Workflow (LangChain/LLamaIndex)
- o **Tool Invocation** (APIs, Browser Automation, Plugins)
- Memory & Context Management (Redis, ChromaDB, FAISS)
- o Workflow Execution Engine (Temporal.io, Celery)

## 3. Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)

- Knowledge Base (Elasticsearch, Pinecone, Weaviate, MongoDB Atlas Vector Search)
- o **Embedding Models** (OpenAI, BGE, Cohere, Hugging Face Transformers)
- o Chunking & Indexing (LangChain, Unstructured, LlamaIndex)

#### 4. LLM Orchestration

- o **Model APIs** (GPT-4, Claude, Gemini, Mistral, LLaMA)
- o **Fine-Tuned Models** (T5, Falcon, Vicuna)
- o **Prompt Optimization & Fine-tuning** (LoRA, QLoRA)
- o **Multi-modal Integration** (Image, Voice, Text)
- Streaming Support (FastAPI, WebSockets)

#### 5. External Tool Integration

- o Calendar & Email Automation (Google APIs, Outlook API)
- o Finance/News Data (Alpha Vantage, OpenBB)
- o Coding Assistant (Copilot, Code Interpreter)
- o **Smart Home Controls** (IoT, Home Assistant)

#### 6. Storage & Persistence

- o **User Context & Memory** (Redis, PostgreSQL, MongoDB)
- User Files/Notes (Cloud Storage AWS S3, Firebase)
- o **Authentication & Authorization** (OAuth2, Firebase Auth, Keycloak)

#### **Functional Architecture Flow**

#### 1. User Input Processing

- User asks a question or requests a task.
- o Input processed via STT (Speech-to-Text) / Text-based UI.

System identifies intent & determines action.

#### 2. Contextual Retrieval (RAG)

- o Queries Vector DB / Document Storage for relevant data.
- Uses embedding similarity search.
- o Retrieves past interactions for continuity.

## 3. Agentic Workflow Execution

- o Decides whether **LLM needs to respond** or **external tools need execution**.
- o Invokes appropriate APIs or databases.

## 4. LLM Response Generation

- Constructs a prompt using **retrieved knowledge** + **context**.
- o Passes it to **LLM API** for response.
- o Performs **post-processing & validation**.

# 5. Response Delivery & Continuous Learning

- o Streams response to the user.
- Updates user memory & preferences.
- o Learns from interactions (RLHF-based tuning).

## **Deployment & Scaling**

- Model Hosting: On-premise (vLLM, TGI) / Cloud-based (OpenAI, Hugging Face Hub)
- Microservices: FastAPI, Flask, gRPC
- Streaming: Kafka, Redis Streams
- Containerization: Docker, Kubernetes
- **CI/CD**: GitHub Actions, ArgoCD

## 9. Finance AI Copilot - Architecture & Step-by-Step Approach

#### **Objective**

Real-time AI-driven assistant for **fraud detection and market analysis** using LLMs, Kafka, and predictive analytics.

#### **Technical Architecture**

- 1. Data Ingestion Layer
  - o Market Data (Yahoo Finance, Alpha Vantage, Bloomberg APIs)
  - o **Fraud Detection Streams** (Kafka, Confluent Cloud, Flink)
  - o **Transaction Monitoring** (Banking APIs, Webhooks)
- 2. Processing & Feature Engineering
  - o Streaming Processing (Apache Flink, Spark Streaming)

- o **ETL Pipeline** (Apache NiFi, Airflow)
- o **Data Aggregation** (Delta Lake, DuckDB)
- 3. Machine Learning Layer
  - o Fraud Detection Models (Isolation Forest, XGBoost, LSTMs)
  - o Market Trend Prediction (Transformer-based models, ARIMA, Prophet)
  - o Portfolio Optimization (Reinforcement Learning)
- 4. LLM-Based Insights
  - o **LLM for Market Sentiment** (GPT-4, Claude, Mistral)
  - o **Real-time Analysis & Alerting** (LangChain + Streaming)
- 5. User Interface
  - o **Dashboard** (Tableau, Streamlit, React.js)
  - o Alerting System (Slack, Twilio)

#### **Functional Architecture Flow**

- 1. Real-Time Data Streaming
  - o Kafka streams ingest market transactions & fraud signals.
  - o AI models continuously monitor transactions.
- 2. Feature Engineering & Model Execution
  - o Extracts financial patterns from historical & live data.
  - Predicts fraud likelihood and market trends.
- 3. AI Copilot Analysis
  - o Context-aware assistant provides **insights & alerts**.
  - o Generates **recommendations for financial actions**.
- 4. Automated Execution
  - o Triggers trade orders, fraud alerts based on predictions.
  - o Updates logs & dashboards.

# **Deployment & Scaling**

- Data Processing: Databricks, Spark, Flink
- Real-time Analysis: Apache Kafka, Druid, Flink SQL
- Model Hosting: SageMaker, Vertex AI, On-Prem MLFlow
- Cloud Infrastructure: AWS/GCP/Azure

# 10. Generative AI for Cybersecurity - Architecture & Step-by-Step Approach

#### **Objective**

Real-time AI-driven threat detection and response using LLM, anomaly detection, and SIEM integration.

#### **Technical Architecture**

- 1. Threat Data Collection
  - o Network Traffic Logs (Suricata, Zeek, Wireshark)
  - o Endpoint Security Logs (EDR, XDR)
  - o **SIEM Feeds** (Splunk, ELK Stack)
- 2. Preprocessing & Feature Extraction
  - o Log Parsing (Apache NiFi, Logstash)
  - o **Threat Intelligence Enrichment** (VirusTotal, Shodan)
  - o **Data Transformation** (PySpark, Dask)
- 3. AI-Based Threat Detection
  - o Anomaly Detection (Autoencoders, One-Class SVM)
  - o **LLM for Log Analysis** (GPT-4, Falcon, Mistral)
  - o Signature & Behavioral Analysis (YARA Rules, ML)
- 4. Automated Response & Mitigation
  - o Threat Scoring (MITRE ATT&CK-based risk scoring)
  - o **Incident Response Automation** (SOAR, TheHive)
  - o **Real-time Alerts** (Slack, PagerDuty)
- 5. User Interface & Reporting
  - o **Threat Dashboard** (Kibana, Grafana)
  - o **Actionable Reports** (LLM-based summaries)

#### **Functional Architecture Flow**

- 1. Threat Data Aggregation
  - o Streams logs from SIEM, network, and endpoints.
- 2. Threat Analysis using AI
  - o Identifies suspicious patterns using **LLMs & anomaly detection**.
- 3. Risk Scoring & Response
  - o AI determines risk level and executes automated mitigation.
- 4. Reporting & Learning
  - o Generates incident reports & real-time security alerts.

## **Deployment & Scaling**

- **SIEM Integration**: Splunk, ELK, Sentinel
- AI Model Hosting: On-prem / Cloud
- **Streaming Processing**: Kafka, Flink
- Automation: SOAR. AWS Lambda

