

✓ import libraries

```
1 # Import necessary libraries
2 import pandas as pd
3 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
4 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
5 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report
6 import warnings
7 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
8 warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
9 from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
```

✓ Load the Titanic Dataset

```
1 url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/datasciencedojo/datasets/master/titanic.csv"
2 titanic_data = pd.read_csv(url)
3 titanic_data.head()
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.25
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...)	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.28
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.92
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.10
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.05

Next steps: [View recommended plots](#)

✓ Drop rows and missing values

```
1 # Drop rows with missing target values
```

```
2 titanic_data = titanic_data.dropna(subset=['Survived'])
```

✓ select relevant features and target variable

```
1 # Select relevant features and target variable
2
3 X = titanic_data[['Pclass', 'Sex', 'Age', 'SibSp', 'Parch', 'Fare']]
4
5 y = titanic_data['Survived']
6
7 print(X,y)
```

	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
0	3	male	22.0	1	0	7.2500
1	1	female	38.0	1	0	71.2833
2	3	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250
3	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000
4	3	male	35.0	0	0	8.0500
..
886	2	male	27.0	0	0	13.0000
887	1	female	19.0	0	0	30.0000
888	3	female	NaN	1	2	23.4500
889	1	male	26.0	0	0	30.0000
890	3	male	32.0	0	0	7.7500

```
[891 rows x 6 columns] 0      0
```

```
1      1
2      1
3      1
4      0
..
886    0
887    1
888    0
889    1
890    0
```

```
Name: Survived, Length: 891, dtype: int64
```

✓ Categorical variable sex to numerical using.loc

```
1 # Convert categorical variable 'Sex' to numerical using .loc
2
3 X.loc[:, 'Sex'] = X['Sex'].map({'female': 0, 'male': 1})
```

✓ Handle missing values

```
1 # Handle missing values in the 'Age' column using .loc
2
3 X.loc[:, 'Age'].fillna(X['Age'].median(), inplace=True)
```

✓ Split dataset training and testing set

```
1 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
1 # Create a Random Forest Classifier
```

```
2
```

```
3 rf_classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
```

```
1 # Train the classifier
```

```
2 rf_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
▼ RandomForestClassifier
RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
```

```
1 # Make predictions on the test set
```

```
2 y_pred = rf_classifier.predict(X_test)
```

```
1 # Evaluate the model
```

```
2
```

```
3 accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
4
```

```
5 classification_rep = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
1 # Print the results
```

```
2
```

```
3 print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy:.2f}")
```

```
4
```

```
5 print("\nClassification Report:\n", classification_rep)
```

Accuracy: 0.80

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.82	0.85	0.83	105
1	0.77	0.73	0.75	74
accuracy			0.80	179
macro avg	0.79	0.79	0.79	179
weighted avg	0.80	0.80	0.80	179

```
1 # Evaluate the model
```

```
2 mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
3 r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
1 # Print the results
```

```
2 print(f"Mean Squared Error: {mse:.2f}")
```

```
3 print(f"R-squared Score: {r2:.2f}")
```

Mean Squared Error: 0.20

R-squared Score: 0.17

