

Type Casting

Definitions:

Type Casting:

Converting one data type into another.

Example: `byte b = (byte) a;` where `a` is `int`.

Unicode and ASCII:

Unicode is a universal character encoding

Standard

ASCII is a subset of unicode representing characters with numerical values.

Ex: `int num = 'A';`

Mixed Data Types in Expressions:

When different data types are used in an expression the result is promoted to the largest datatype.

Ex:- `double res = (f * b2) + (i / c1) - (d * r);`

Algorithm:

1. Initialize Scanner:

Create a Scanner object named `in` to read input from the user.

2. Type casting and Errors:

Attempt to initialize an `int` variable with a `float` value.

Correctly initialize a `byte` variable from an `int` using type casting and modulo operation.

3. Arithmetic Operations with Type Casting:

Perform multiplication and division on `byte` values and store the result in it.

4. Unicode and ASCII Value:

Initialize an `int` with a character to get its ASCII Value.

5. Mixed Arithmetic Operations: Perform multiplication of an int and a double to get a double result.

6. Complex Expression: Combine various data type in an arithmetic expression and store the result in double.