DRAW FLOWCHART AND WRITE ALGORITHM FOR THE FOLLOWING PROBLEM

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TOOLS USED

- Used Diagram.net to design the flowchart
- * Easy User Interface to draw the flowchart

STUDENT GRADE ANALYSIS

Exp No : 1 - A Date : 29-11-2022

AIM:

To draw flowchart and write algorithm for the following problem.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Start

STEP 2 : Get the number of students (N)

STEP 3: Assign i = 0

STEP 4: Check for the condition i < N

4.1: If true, Get Name, Roll Number and Marks m1, m2, m3, m4, m5

4.2: Calculate Total = m1 + m2 + m3 + m4 + m5 and Average = Total / 5

4.3: Display Name and Roll Number

4.4: Check for condition avg \geq 30 and avg \leq 50

4.4.1: If true, Display the message "Your grade is C" and increase i value by 1

4.5: Check for condition avg > 50 and avg < 80

4.5.1: If true, Display the message "Your grade is B" and increase i value by 1

4.6: Check or the condition avg > 80 and avg ≤ 100

4.6.1: If true, Display the message "Your grade is A" and increase i value by 1

4.7: Check for the condition avg < 30

4.7.1: If true, Display the message "Your grade is D"

STEP 5: If false, go to step 6

STEP 6: Stop

START

GET n

INITIALIZE i=0

IF i > n THEN

GET name, Roll no, m1, m2, m3, m4, m5

CALCULATE Total = m1 + m2 + m3 + m4 + m5

Average = Total/3

PRINT name, Roll no

IF avg > = 30 and avg < 50 THEN

PRINT Your grade is C

ELIF avg > 50 and avg < 80

PRINT Your grade is B

ELIF avg > 80 and avg ≤ 100

PRINT Your grade is A

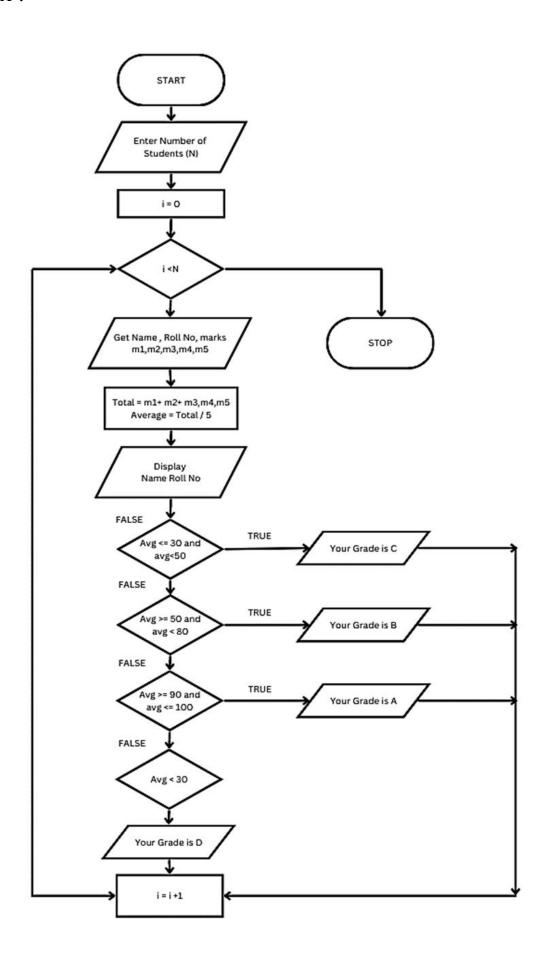
ELIF avg < 30

PRINT Your grade is D

ENDIF

STOP

3



RESULT:

Thus, the algorithm and flowchart are written for the given problem.

Exp No : 1 - B **W**

WEIGHT OF A STEEL ROD

AIM:

To draw flowchart and write algorithm for the following problem.

ALGORITHM:

Date: 29-11-2022

STEP 1: Start

STEP 2: Get the number of iron rod required (N)

STEP 3 : Initialize i = 0 and Total = 0

STEP 4: Check if the value of i is less than n

4.1: If true, get the diameter of the rod (D)

4.1.1: Calculate the unit weight using formula $D^{**2} / 162 = W$

4.1.2: Get the number of rod with diameter D

4.1.3 : Calculate the weight of the rod using formula Number of Rod * D * Unit Weight

4.1.4: Add the weight to Total

4.1.5: Increment the value of i by 1

4.2: If condition is false, Display total as total weight of the rod

STEP 5: Stop

```
START
GET n

INITIATE i = 0, Weight = 0

IF i = n THEN

GET D

CALCULATE W = D * 2 / 162

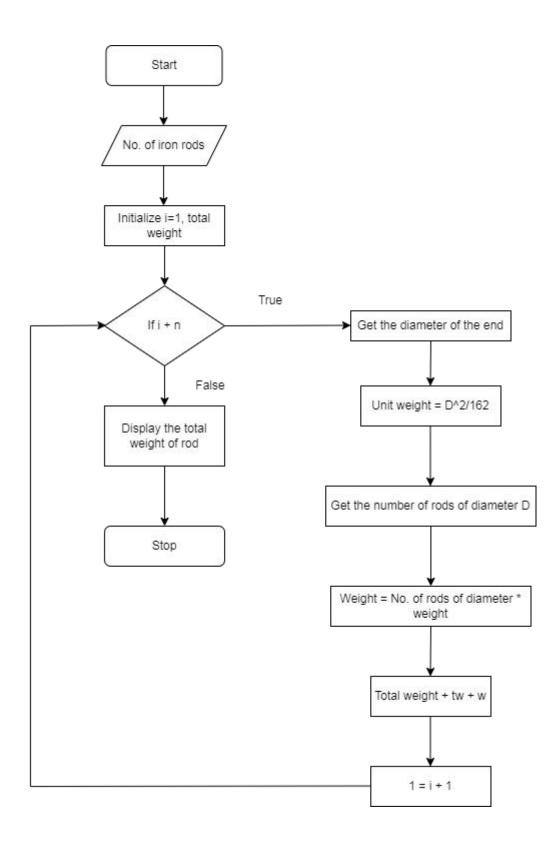
CALCULATE TW = TW + W i = i+1

ELSE

PRINT TW

END IF

STOP
```



RESULT:

Thus, the algorithm and flowchart are written for the given problem.

Exp No: 1 - C

ELECTRICITY BILL

Date: 29-11-2022

AIM:

To draw flowchart and write algorithm for the given problem.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Start

STEP 2: Enter Current Unit (CU)

STEP 3: Enter Old Unit (OU)

STEP 4: Calculate N = CU - OU

STEP 5: Check the condition $N \le 100$

5.1: If true, Calculate EC using formula FC = 0, DC = 0, EC = 0

5.2 : Calculate Total charges = FC + DC + EC

5.3: Display amount needed to pay and go to Step 9

STEP 6: Check for condition N <= 200

6.1 : If true, Calculate EC using formula FC = 20, DC = 18, EC = (N-100) * 1.5

6.2: Calculate the Total charges = FC + DC + EC

6.3: Display amount needed to pay and go to Step 9

STEP 7 : Check for condition $N \le 500$

7.1: If true, Calculate EC using formula FC = 73, DC = 48, EC = (N - 100) * 3.5

7.2: Calculate the Total charges = FC + DC + EC

7.3: Display amount needed to pay and go to Step 9

STEP 8 : Check for condition N > 500

8.1: If true, Calculate EC using formula FC = 75, DC = 100, EC = (400*4.5) + (N - 500) * 6

8.2: Calculate Total charges = FC + DC + EC

8.3: Display amount needed to pay and go to Step 9

STEP 9: Stop

START

GET CU

GET OU

CALCULATE N=CU-OU

IF N < = 100 THEN

$$FC = 0, DC = 0, EC = 0$$

CALCULATE EC

ELIF N < = 200 THEN

$$FC = 0, DC = 0, EC = 0$$

CALCULATE EC = (N - 100) * 1.5

ELIF $N \le 500$ THEN

$$FC = 0, DC = 0, EC = 0$$

CALCULATE EC =
$$(N - 100) * 3.5$$

ELIF N >500 THEN

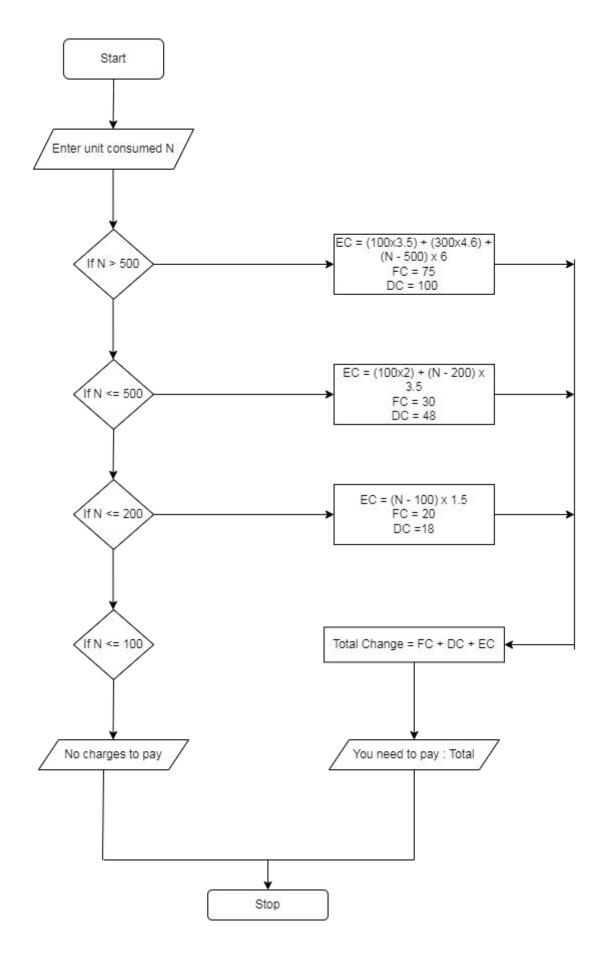
$$FC = 0, DC = 0, EC = 0$$

CALCULATE EC =
$$(400 * 4.5) + (N - 500) * 6$$

END IF

PRINT Total Charges = FC + DC + EC

STOP



RESULT:

Thus, the algorithm and flowchart are written for the given problem.

Exp No: 1 - D RETAIL SHOP BILLING

Date: 29-11-2022

AIM:

To draw flowchart and write algorithm for the given problem.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1 : Start

STEP 2 : Get the Bill number

STEP 3: Get Customer Name and Phone Number

STEP 4: Get the value of total number of items purchased

STEP 5: Initialize the values for i = 0, Total = 0 and Subtotal = 0

STEP 6: Check if condition i <= n

6.1: If true, get Item name, Price, Quantity and Discount

6.2 : Calculate the Subtotal = Quantity * Price - Discount

6.3 : Calculate the Total = Total + Subtotal

6.4: Increment the value i and go to Step 6

STEP 7: If false, get the GST value

STEP 8 : Calculate Total Bill Amount = Total + GST / 100

STEP 9: Display the Total Bill Amount

STEP 10: Stop

```
START
```

GET Bill Number

GET Customer name, number

INITIALIZE I = 0, Total = 0, Net Amount = 0, Gross = 0

IF I <= n

GET Item Name, Price, Count, Discount

CALCULATE The Gross = Price * Count

CALCULATE The Disc = Gross * Discoun t%

CALCULATE The Subtotal = Gross - Disc

CALCULATE the Total = Total + Net Amount

i = i + 1

ELSE

GET GST

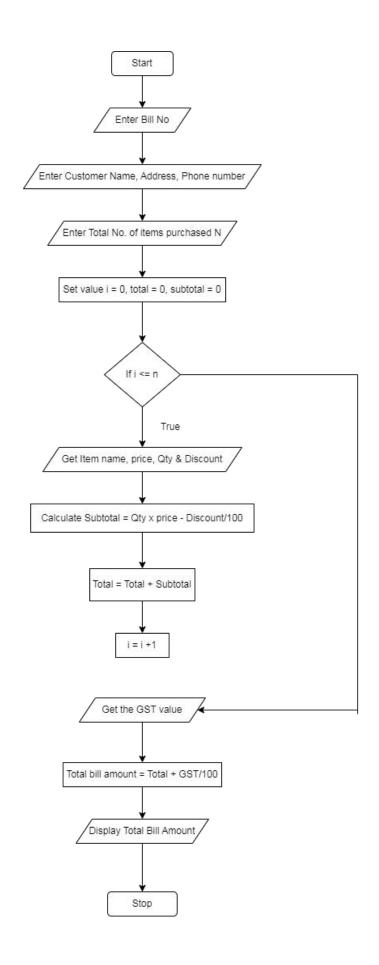
CALCULATE GST AMOUNT = (GROSS * GST%) / 100.

CALCULATE the BILL Price = Total + GST Amount

PRINT Bill Price

ENDIF

STOP



RESULT:

Thus, the algorithm and flowchart are written for the given problem.

Exp No : 1 - E WEIGHT OF A MOTOR BIKE

Date: 29-11-2022

AIM:

To draw flowchart and write algorithm for the given problem.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1 : Start

STEP 2: Get gross vehicle weight Rating GVWR

STEP 3: Get Dry weight (DW)

STEP 4: Get Fuel weight (FW)

STEP 5: Get Raider weight (RW)

STEP 6: Get Passenger weight (PW)

STEP 7 : Calculate Total weight = DW+FW+RW+PW

STEP 8: Get Load Value

STEP 9 : Calculate safe weight = GVWR - Load weight.

STEP 10: Check the condition safe weight ≥ 0

10.1 : If true, print the message "You have a safe load and you can drive" go to Step 11

10.2: If false, print the message "Reduce the load and then drive"

10.2.1 : Go to Step 8

STEP 11: Stop

PSEUDO CODE:

START

GET GVWR

GET DW

GET FW

GET RW

GET PW

CALCULATE Total Weight = DW + FW+ RW + PW

GET Load

CALCULATE Load Weight = Total Weight + Load

CALCULATE Safe Weight = GVWR = Load Weight

IF Safe Weight >= 0 Then

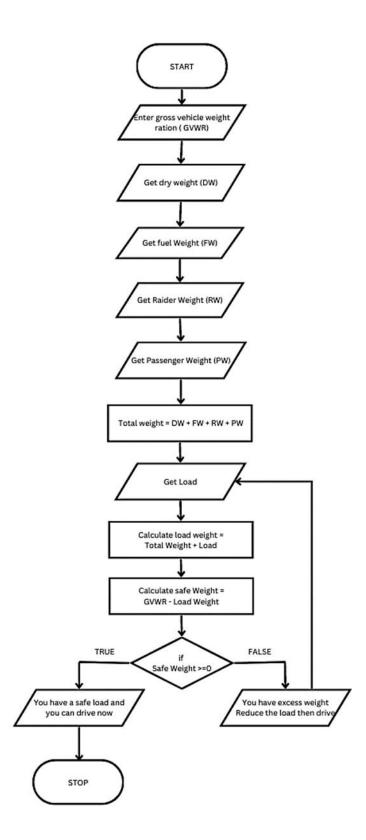
PRINT You have a safe load and you can drive

ELSE

PRINT You have excess weight, Reduce the load and then drive

ENDIF

STOP



RESULT:

Thus, the algorithm and flowchart are written for the given problem.

Exp No: 1 - F ELECTRIC CURRENT IN 3 PHASE AC CIRCUIT

Date: 29-11-2022

AIM:

To draw flowchart and write algorithm for the given problem.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Start

STEP 2: Get value of Power Factor (PF)

STEP 3: Get value of Current (I)

STEP 4: Get value of voltage (V)

STEP 5: Calculate P using the formula $P = \sqrt{3} * PF * I * V$

STEP 6: Display the value of P

STEP 7: Stop

START

GET P

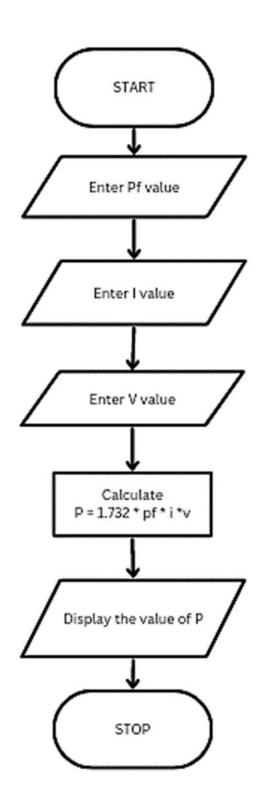
GET I

GET V

CALCULATE P = 1.732 * I * V

PRINT P

STOP



RESULT:

Thus, the algorithm and flowchart are written for the given problem.

Exp No: 1-G

SINE SERIES

Date: 29-11-2022

AIM:

To draw flowchart and write algorithm for the given problem.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Start

STEP 2: Get the value of x

STEP 3: Initialize the values of 1 = 1, sine = 0 and import moth

STEP 4: Get the value of N

STEP 5: Check weather value do i less than N

5.1: If condition is true, convent a to radian and adding it to y

5.1.1: Let value of s be (-1) to the power I

5.1.2: Now calculate the series using the formula

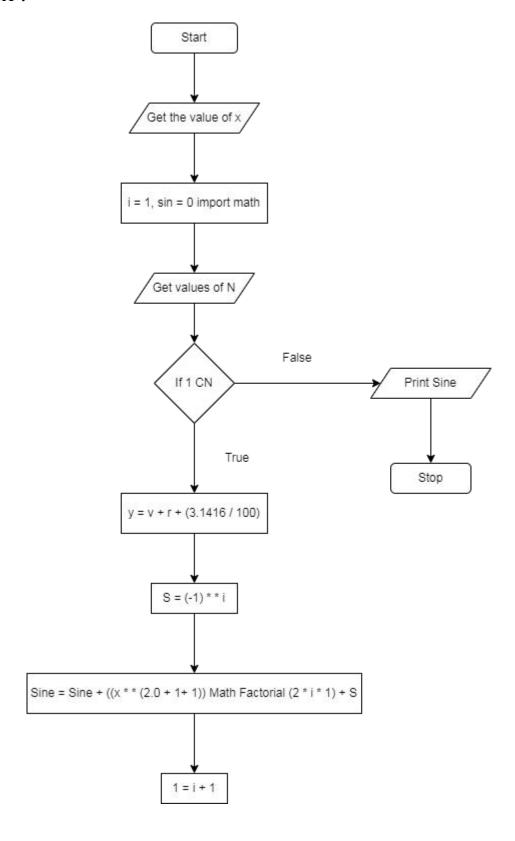
Sine = sine + ((y * * 2 * i + 1)) / math factorial (21 + 4) + S

5.1.3: Increment value of i by 1

5.2: If condition is false display sine

STEP 6: Stop

```
START GET x
INITIALIZE i=1, sine=0
IMPORT math
GET n
IF i < n
CALCULATE y = y + x ( 3.416 \% 100 )
ASSIGN s = (-1) ** i
CALCULATE Sine = sine + ((y**2* i +1))/ math factorial (2*i*1) S. <math>i=i+1
ELSE
PRINT Sine
ENDIF
STOP
```



RESULT:

Thus, the algorithm and flowchart are written for the given problem.

FLOWCHART:

- ❖ Flowchart A graphical representation of the logic for the problem solving
- The purpose of the flowchart is making the logic of the program in a visual representation
- Flowcharts is a diagram made up of boxes, diamonds and other shapes, connected by arrows
- * Each shape represents a step-in process and arrows show the order in which they occur

	OVAL - TERMINAL SYMBOL
	Parallelogram - Input/ Output symbol
	Rectangle - Process symbol
	Diamond- Decision symbol
	Arrow lines - Flow lines
	To represent a function

Circle - Connector

TOOLS USED TO DRAW FLOWCHART

- 1. Smart Draw
- 2. Canva
- 3. Diagrams.net
- 4. Lucidchart
- 5. Visme
- 6. Zen Flow Chart
- 7. Visual Paradiagram
- 8. Creatly
- 9. Google Draw