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NCERT 10.5.3 Q16

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Question: A sum of Rs.700 is to be used to give seven cash prizes to students of a school for their overall academic performance. If each prize is Rs.20 less than its preceding prize, find the value of each of the prizes.

Solution:

Parameter	Description	Value
x(n)	n th term of discrete signal	(x(0)+20n)u(n)
x(0)	1 st term of the AP	

TABLE 0: Given parameters

Taking Z transform of x(n),

$$X(z) = \frac{x(0)}{1 - z^{-1}} + \frac{20 \cdot z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2}; |z| > 1$$
 (1)

$$y(n) = x(n) * u(n)$$
 (2)

$$Y(z) = X(z)U(Z) \tag{3}$$

$$Y(z) = \frac{x(0)}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} + \frac{20.z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^3}$$
(4)

Using contour integration for inverse Z transformation,

$$y(6) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_{c} Y(z)z^{5}dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int \frac{x(0).z^{7}}{(z-1)^{2}}dz + \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int \frac{20.z^{7}}{(z-1)^{3}}dz$$
(6)

$$\therefore R = \frac{1}{(m-1)!} \lim_{z \to a} \frac{d^{m-1}}{dz^{m-1}} \left((z-a)^m f(z) \right) \tag{7}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{1}{1!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d}{dz} \left((z - 1)^2 \cdot \frac{x(0) \cdot z^7}{(z - 1)^2} \right)$$
 (8)

$$= 7 \times x(0) \tag{9}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{1}{2!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} \left((z - 1)^3 \cdot \frac{20 \cdot z^7}{(z - 1)^3} \right)$$
 (10)

$$= 420 \tag{11}$$

$$\implies y(6) = R_1 + R_2 \tag{12}$$

$$700 = 420 + 7 \times x(0) \tag{13}$$

$$\therefore x(0) = 40 \tag{14}$$

The value of each of the prizes is

$$x(0) = 40 \tag{15}$$

$$x(1) = 40 + 20(1) = 60$$
 (16)

$$x(2) = 40 + 20(2) = 800$$
 (17)

$$x(3) = 40 + 20(3) = 100$$
 (18)

$$x(4) = 40 + 20(4) = 120$$
 (19)

$$x(5) = 40 + 20(5) = 140$$
 (20)

$$x(6) = 40 + 20(6) = 160$$
 (21)

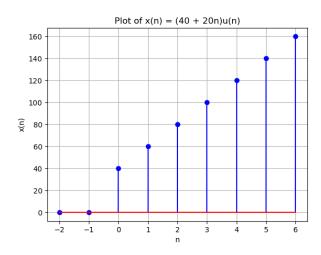


Fig. 0: x(n)=(40+20n)u(n)

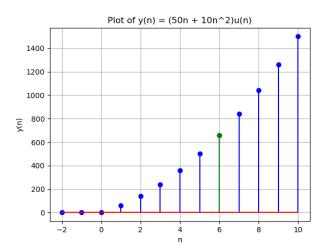


Fig. 0: $y(n) = (50n + 10n^2)u(n)$