

→ @codestorywithmik
(Instagram, Facebook) }
cswithMIK → Twitter



STRINGS

video-19 ←

Leetcode
- 392
Easy

Follow UP:

Is

Subsequence

Asked By:- amazon

392. Is Subsequence

Easy 8405 458 Add to List Share

Given two strings s and t , return `true` if s is a **subsequence** of t , or `false` otherwise.

A **subsequence** of a string is a new string that is formed from the original string by deleting some (can be none) of the characters without disturbing the relative positions of the remaining characters. (i.e., "ace" is a subsequence of "abcde" while "aec" is not).

Example:-
 $S = \text{"abc"}$ $m, m = S.length = 3$
 $t = \text{"ahbgdc"}$ $n = t.length$

$O(m+n)$ linear.
 $i=0, j=0$
while ($i < m$ & $j < n$) {
 if ($s[i] == t[j]$)
 $i++$;
 $j++$;
}

if ($i == m$)
 return true;

return false;

$s = "$ ~~i~~ a ~~k~~ c $"$

$t = "$ ~~i~~ a ~~h~~ ~~b~~ ~~g~~ ~~c~~ $"$ j

$i (i = m)$ μ, τ

μ Factor

Discuss Follow-up

① n strings S दीदीया
 $(S_1, S_2, S_3, \dots, S_K)$

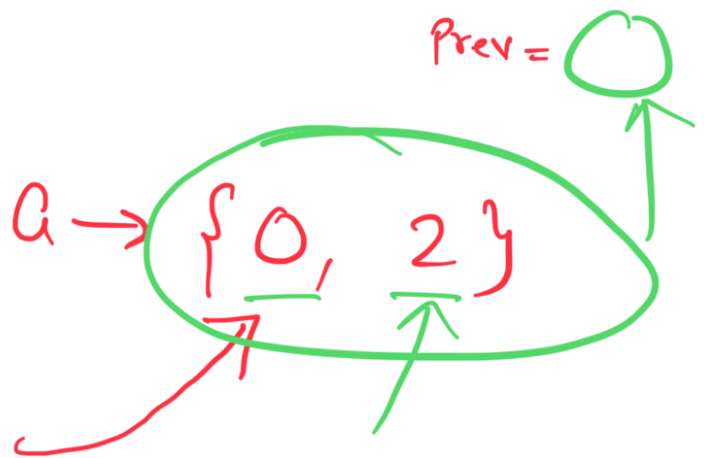
$$K > 10^9$$

$S = \overset{i}{\text{a}} \overset{i}{\text{a}} \overset{i}{\text{b}} \overset{i}{\text{c}} \overset{i}{}$

Prev = 3

$t = \overset{0}{\text{a}} \overset{1}{\text{h}} \overset{2}{\text{a}} \overset{3}{\text{b}} \overset{4}{\text{g}} \overset{5}{\text{d}} \overset{6}{\text{c}}$

(t) char	indices ✓
a	<u>{0, 2}</u>
h	{1}
<u>b</u>	{3}
g	{4}
d	{5}
<u>c</u>	{6}



upperbound (vec.begin(), vec.end(), prev);

Example-2

$S = \overset{i}{\text{a}} \overset{i}{\text{a}} \text{bc}$

$t = \text{a h b g d c}$

Prev = 0

(t) char	indices
a	{0}

$a \rightarrow \{0\}$

h	{1}
b	{2}
g	{3}
d	{4}
c	{5}

refal

