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🕨 apps.py > 😭 forecast_demand
                 import seaborn as sns
                from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA
                from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
                import numpy as np
                import streamlit as st
                import datetime
                 from datetime import date, timedelta
                import yfinance as yf
                 def preprocess_data():
                               df1 = pd.read_csv("data/Transactional_data_retail_01.csv")
                               df2 = pd.read_csv("data/Transactional_data_retail_02.csv")
                               df_product_info = pd.read_csv("data/ProductInfo.csv")
                               df_customer_demographics = pd.read_csv("data/CustomerDemographics.csv")
                               df = pd.concat([df1, df2])
                               df['InvoiceDate'] = pd.to_datetime(df['InvoiceDate'],format='mixed')
                               df['Quantity'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Quantity'], errors='coerce')
                               df.dropna(subset=['Quantity'], inplace=True)
                               \label{eq:df_grouped} $$ df_{groupby}(['StockCode', 'InvoiceDate']).agg(\{'Quantity': 'sum'\}).reset_index() $$ $$ df_{grouped} = df_{groupby}(['StockCode', 'InvoiceDate']).agg(\{'Quantity': 'sum'\}).reset_index() $$ $$ df_{groupby}(['StockCode', 'InvoiceDate']).agg(\{'Quantity': 'sum'\}).reset_index() $$ df_{groupby}(['StockCode', 'InvoiceDate']).agg(\{'Quantity': 'sum'\}).reset_index() $$ df_{groupby}(['StockCode', 'InvoiceDate']).agg(('Quantity': 'sum')).reset_index() $$ df_{groupby}(['StockCode', 'InvoiceDate']).agg(('Quantity': 'sum')).agg(('Quantity': 'sum')).agg(('Quantity':
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if 'price' in df_product_info.columns:
        df_grouped = df_grouped.merge(df_product_info[['StockCode', 'price']], on='StockCode', how='left')
        df_grouped['revenue'] = df_grouped['Quantity'] * df_grouped['price']
   return df_grouped
def perform_eda(df_grouped):
    st.write("This is the Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) section.")
   st.write(df_grouped.describe())
   top_10_products = df_grouped.groupby('StockCode')['Quantity'].sum().nlargest(10).index
    for product in top_10_products:
        product_sales = df_grouped[df_grouped['StockCode'] == product]
        st.write(f"Sales over time for product {product}")
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5))
        sns.lineplot(x='InvoiceDate', y='Quantity', data=product_sales, ax=ax)
        st.pyplot(fig)
def forecast_demand(df_grouped, stock_codes, num_weeks):
    forecast_data = {}
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forecast_demand(df_grouped, stock_codes, num_weeks):
forecast_data = {}
           product_sales = df_grouped[df_grouped['StockCode'] == stock_code].set_index('InvoiceDate')
           model = ARIMA(product_sales['Quantity'], order=(5, 1, 0))
model_fit = model.fit()
           # Forecast for the next 'num_weeks' weeks
forecast = model_fit.forecast(steps=num_weeks)
           $ store forecasted values for later use
forecast_data[stock_code] = forecast
          fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5))
ax.plot(product_sales.index, product_sales['Quantity'], label='Historical', color='blue')
ax.plot(pd.date_range(start=product_sales.index[-1], periods=num_weeks, freq='H'), forecast, label='Forecast', color='orange',marker='.')
ax.set_title(f'Forecast for {stock_code} for next {num_weeks} weeks')
ax.set_tlabel('Date')
           ax.set_vlabel('Quantity Sold')
           ax.legend()
st.pyplot(fig)
      return forecast_data
# Error and Evaluation Function
def evaluate_model(df_grouped, stock_codes, num_weeks):
      for stock code in stock codes:

# Filter sales data for the specific stock code
           product_sales = df_grouped[df_grouped['StockCode'] == stock_code].sort_values(by='InvoiceDate').set_index('InvoiceDate')
           # Check for missing walues and drop them
product_sales = product_sales.dropna(subset=['Quantity'])
           train_size = int(len(product_sales) * 0.8)
train_size = int(len(product_sales) * 0.8)
train, test = product_sales['Quantity'][:train_size], product_sales['Quantity'][train_size:]
            # Fit ARIMA model on training data
                model = ARIMA(train, order=(5, 1, 0))  # Adjust ARIMA parameters as needed or use auto_arima
model_fit = model.fit()
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model_fit = model_
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# Sider for number of weeks to forecast
numweeks = st.rideben_lider("under of weeks to forecast", 1, 15, 5)

# Conceasting demnd
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# Familiare model performance for selected stock codes
forecast_data = forecast_deman(df_grouped, stock_codes, num_weeks)

# Familiare model performance for selected stock codes
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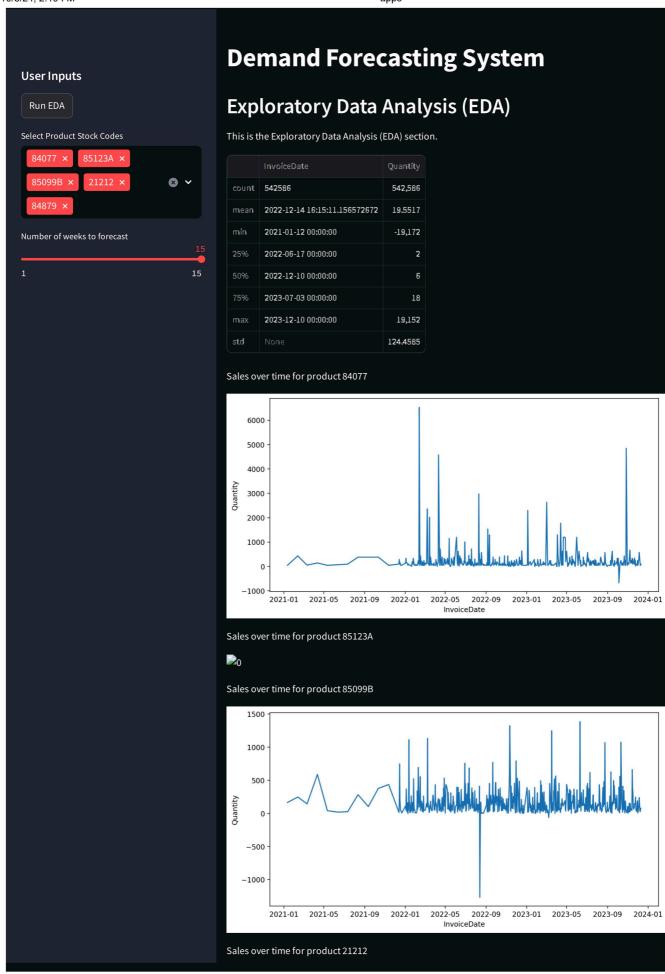
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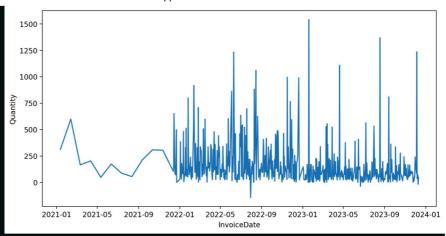
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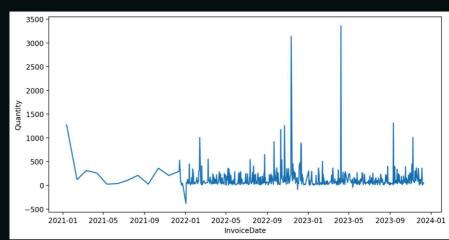


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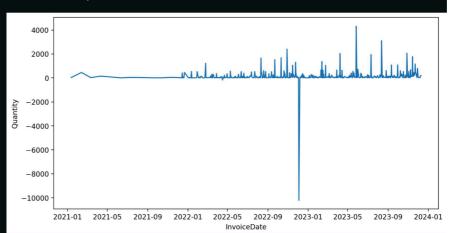




#### Sales over time for product 84879



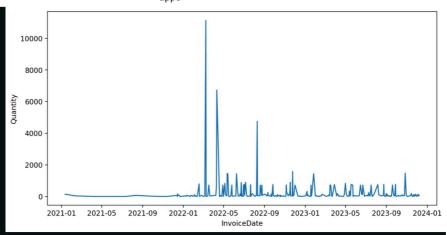
### Sales over time for product 22197



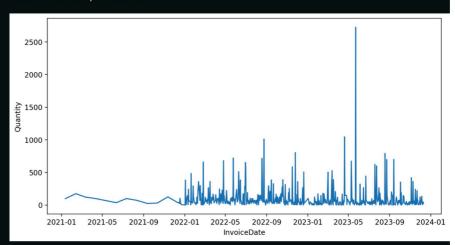
Sales over time for product 17003

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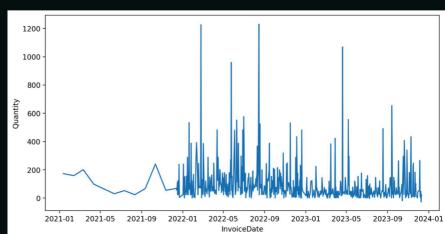




#### Sales over time for product 21977



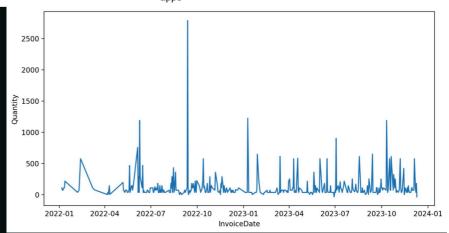
### Sales over time for product 84991



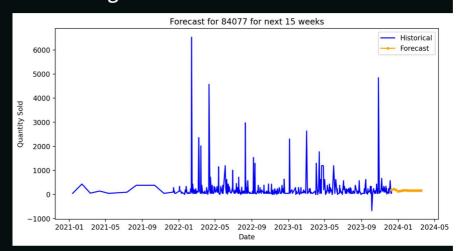
Sales over time for product 22492

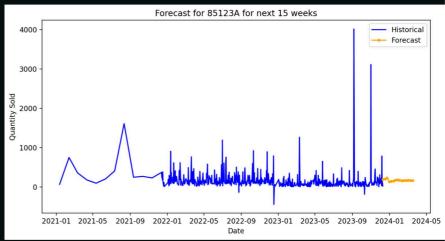
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# **Forecasting Results**

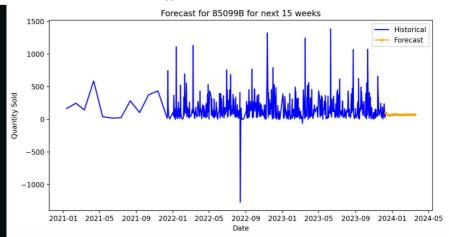


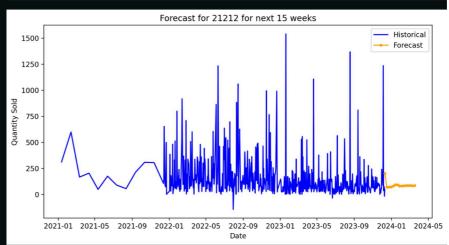


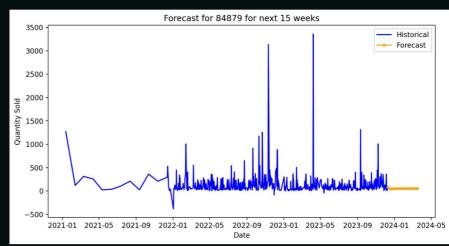
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## **Model Evaluation**

## **Download Forecast**

Download forecast for 84077

Download forecast for 85123A

Download forecast for 85099B

Download forecast for 21212

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Download forecast for 84879

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