The PADS



Generate the following two result sets:

- 1. Query an *alphabetically ordered* list of all names in **OCCUPATIONS**, immediately followed by the first letter of each profession as a parenthetical (i.e.: enclosed in parentheses). For example: AnActorName(A), ADoctorName(D), AProfessorName(P), and ASingerName(S).
- 2. Query the number of ocurrences of each occupation in **OCCUPATIONS**. Sort the occurrences in *ascending order*, and output them in the following format:

```
There are a total of [occupation_count] [occupation]s.
```

where [occupation_count] is the number of occurrences of an occupation in **OCCUPATIONS** and [occupation] is the *lowercase* occupation name. If more than one *Occupation* has the same [occupation count], they should be ordered alphabetically.

Note: There will be at least two entries in the table for each type of occupation.

Input Format

The **OCCUPATIONS** table is described as follows:

Column	Туре
Name	String
Occupation	String

Occupation will only contain one of the following values: **Doctor**, **Professor**, **Singer** or **Actor**.

Sample Input

An **OCCUPATIONS** table that contains the following records:

Name	Occupation	
Samantha	Doctor	
Julia	Actor	
Maria	Actor	
Meera	Singer	
Ashely	Professor	
Ketty	Professor	
Christeen	Professor	
Jane	Actor	
Jenny	Doctor	
Priya	Singer	

Sample Output

```
Ashely(P)
Christeen(P)
Jane(A)
Jenny(D)
Julia(A)
Ketty(P)
Maria(A)
Meera(S)
Priya(S)
Samantha(D)
There are a total of 2 doctors.
There are a total of 2 singers.
There are a total of 3 actors.
There are a total of 3 professors.
```

Explanation

The results of the first query are formatted to the problem description's specifications. The results of the second query are ascendingly ordered first by number of names corresponding to each profession ($2 \le 2 \le 3 \le 3$), and then alphabetically by profession ($doctor \le singer$, and actor < professor).

Solution:

```
(SELECT CONCAT(Name,'(', SUBSTR(Occupation, 1, 1), ')') as texts FROM OCCUPATIONS )
UNION

(SELECT CONCAT('There are a total of ', COUNT(Occupation), ' ',
LOWER(Occupation), 's.') as texts
FROM OCCUPATIONS
GROUP BY Occupation)
ORDER BY texts;
```