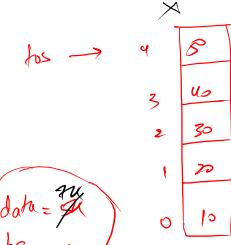
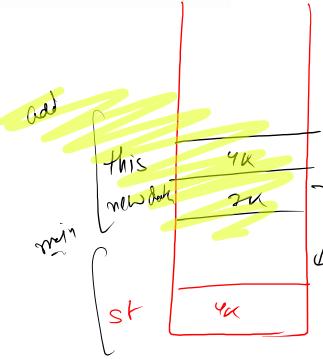


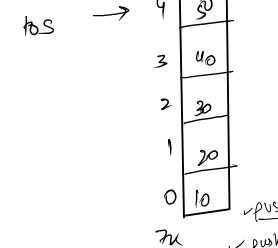
OOP → Implementation

```
// change the code of this function according to question
void push(int val) {
    if (tos == data.length - 1) {
        System.out.println("Stack overflow");
    } else {
        tos++;
        data[tos] = val;
    }
}
```

push 6



data = 34
tos = 4
4K

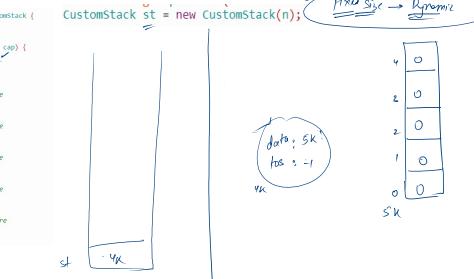


- ✓ push 10
- ✓ push 20
- ✓ push 30
- ✓ push 40
- ✓ tos → 40
- ✓ pop → 40
- ✓ push 50
- ✓ pop → 50
- ✓ pop → 30
- ✓ tos → 10
- ✓ push 60
- ✓ Display → 60 20 10
- ✓ size



Stack → LIFO
OPERATIONS → Push ()
Pop ()
Peek ()
Size ()

```
public static class CustomStack {
    int[] data;
    int tos;
}
public CustomStack(int cap) {
    data = new int[cap];
    tos = -1;
}
int size() {
    return tos + 1;
}
void display() {
    for (int i = 0; i <= tos; i++) {
        System.out.print(data[i] + " ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}
void push(int val) {
    if (tos == data.length - 1) {
        System.out.println("Stack overflow");
    } else {
        tos++;
        data[tos] = val;
    }
}
int pop() {
    if (this.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("Stack underflow");
        return -1;
    }
    int val = data[tos];
    data[tos] = 0;
    tos--;
    return val;
}
int top() {
    if (this.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("Stack underflow");
        return -1;
    }
    return data[tos];
}
```



Imagine

```
int size() {
    return tos + 1;
}

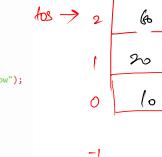
void display() {
    for (int i = 0; i <= tos; i++) {
        System.out.print(data[i] + " ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}

void push(int val) {
    if (this.size() == data.length) {
        System.out.println("Stack overflow");
    } else {
        tos++;
        data[tos] = val;
    }
}

int pop() {
    if (this.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("Stack underflow");
        return -1;
    }
    int val = data[tos];
    data[tos] = 0;
    tos--;
    return val;
}

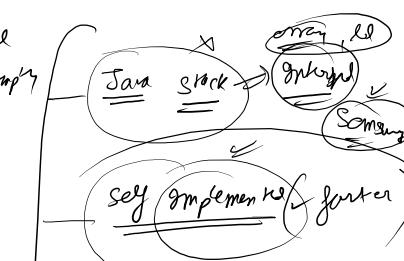
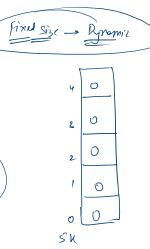
int top() {
    if (this.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("Stack underflow");
        return -1;
    }
    return data[tos];
}
```

Implement



-1

Implementation
→ Java, C/C++, Python
→ Self Implementation / function
→ Specification

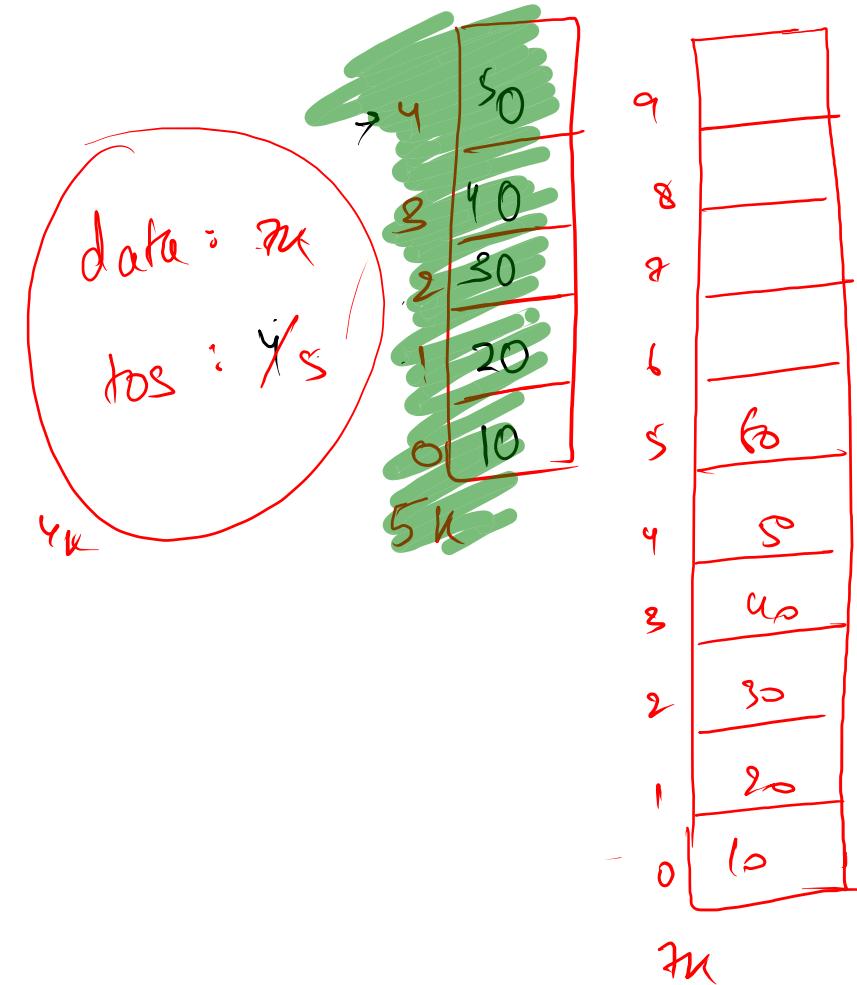
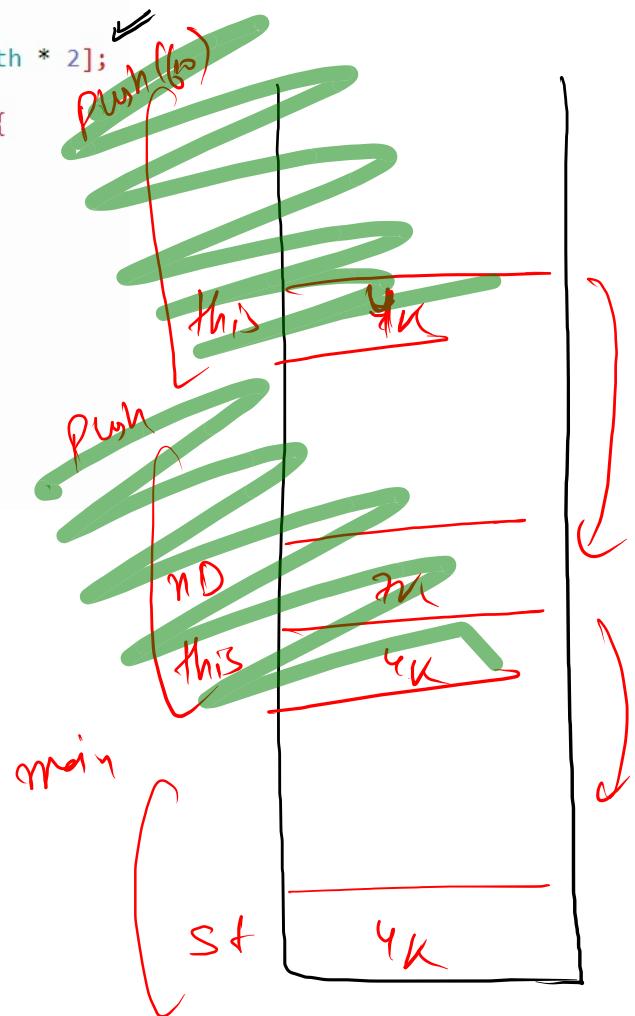


```

void push(int val) {
    if (tos == data.length - 1) {
        int newData[] = new int[this.data.length * 2];
        for(int i = 0 ; i < data.length ; i++){
            newData[i] = data[i];
        }
        this.data = newData;
        push(val);
    } else {
        tos++;
        data[tos] = val;
    }
}

```

✓ push 10
 ✓ = 10
 ✓ = 30
 ✓ = 40
 ✓ = 50
 ✓ = 60



Queue → Discipline → FIFO

Element about to process

Operations → remove, add, peek, size

✓ add 10

✓ add 20

✓ add 30

✓ add 40

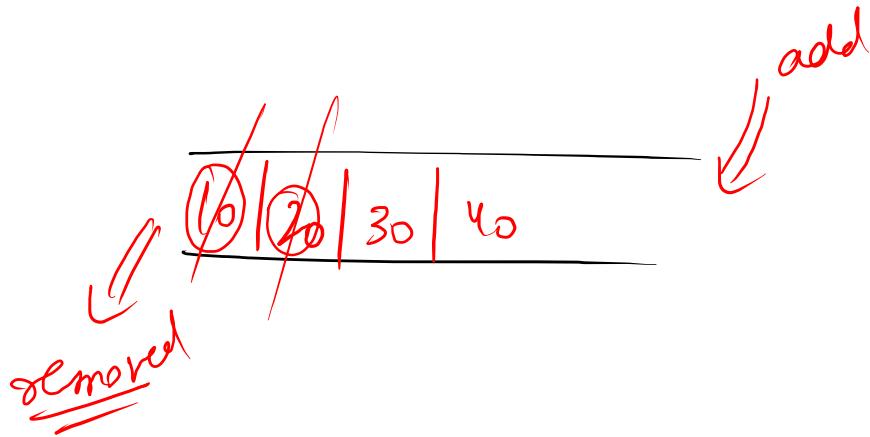
10 ← peek()

10 ← remove()

20 ← peek

20 ← remove()

2 ← size



```

public static class CustomQueue {
    int[] data;
    int front;
    int size;

    public CustomQueue(int cap) {
        data = new int[cap];
        front = 0;
        size = 0;
    }

    int size() {
        // write ur code here
    }

    void display() {
        // write ur code here
    }

    void add(int val) {
        // write ur code here
    }

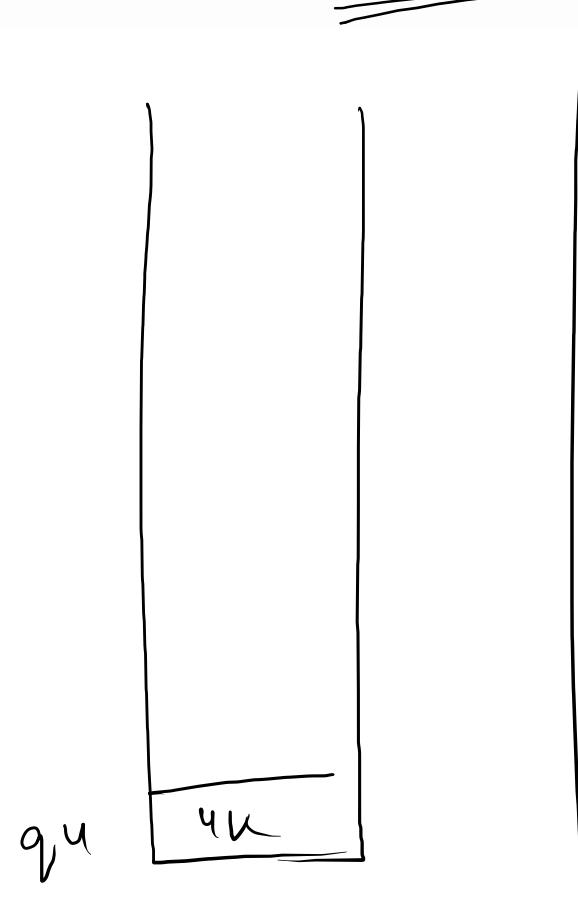
    int remove() {
        // write ur code here
    }

    int peek() {
        // write ur code here
    }
}

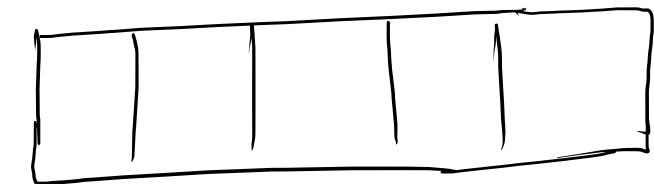
```

int n = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
 CustomQueue qu = new CustomQueue(n);

*// S
=*



data : SK
 front: 0
 size : 0



Operations

- ✓ add 10
- ✓ add 20
- ✓ add 30
- ✓ add 40
- ✓ add 50

✓ remove $\rightarrow 10$

✓ add 60

✓ add 80 \rightarrow Overflow

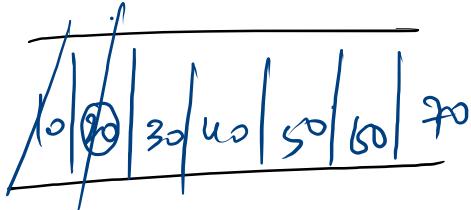
✓ remove $\rightarrow 20$

✓ add 70

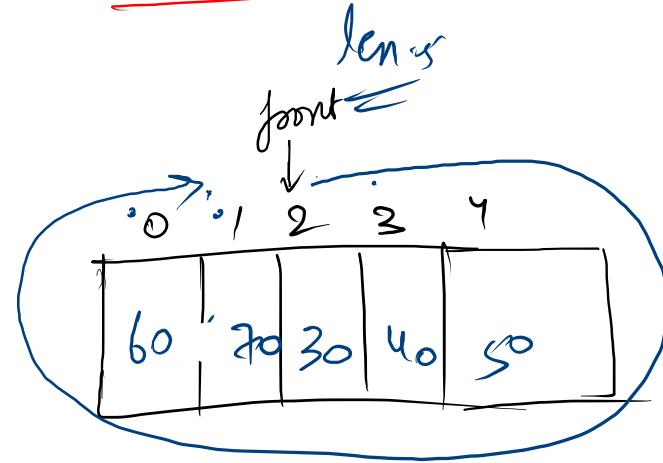
Display $\rightarrow 30\ 40\ 50\ 60\ 70$

peek() $\rightarrow 30$

Abstract View



Implementation View



$$\text{front} = 0 \times 2$$

$$\text{size} = 0 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5$$

starting pos

Logic

add(val)

$$\text{id} x \Rightarrow (\text{front} + \text{size}) / \text{len}$$

$$\text{data}[\text{id} x] = \text{val}$$

size++;

remove()

val : data[front]

$$\text{data}[\text{front}] = 0$$

front++;

size--;

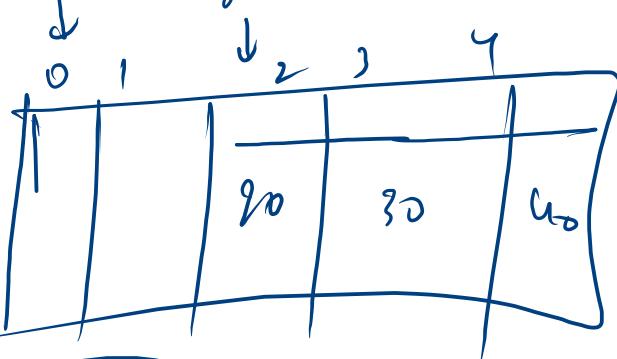
return val

```

void display() {
    int n = data.length;
    for(int idx = 0 ; idx < this.size ; idx++){
        System.out.print(data[(this.front+idx) % n]+ " ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}

```

front



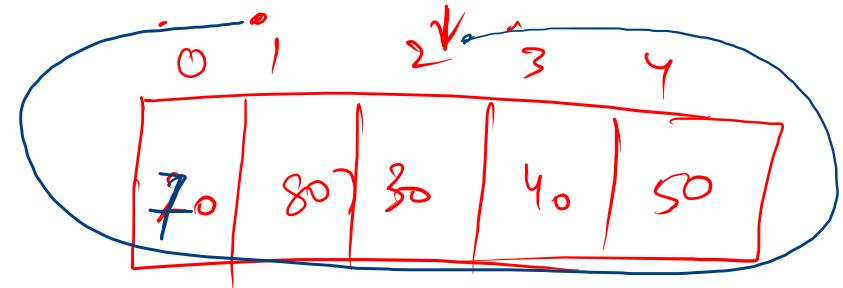
f: 2

S: 3

f + S → empty

Space

- ✓ add 10
- ✓ add 20
- ✓ add 30
- ✓ add 40
- ✓ add 50
- ✓ add 60 → ~~of~~
- ✓ remove() → 10
- ✓ - → 20
- ✓ add 70
- ✓ add 80
- remove()



val: 20

f start = φ X 2

size = φ X 2 ≠ X X X X X X

<u>idx</u>	<u>(front+idx)% len</u>
0	2 → 30
1	3 → 40
2	4 → 50
3	0 → 70
4	1 → 80

add 10 ✓
add 20 ✓
add 30 ✓
add 40 ✓
add 50 ✓
remove() ✓
remove()
add 60 ✓
add 70 ✓
add 80

Queue → FIFO

front

0	1	2	3	4
60	70	80	40	50

data

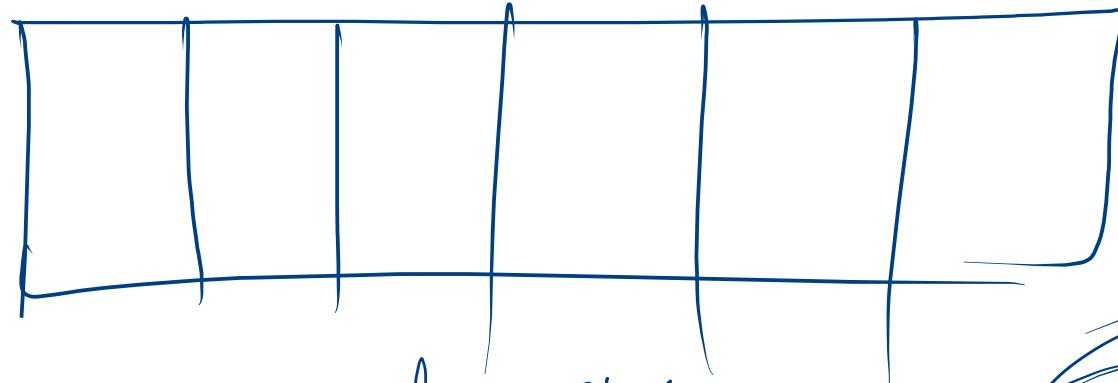
front: 20

size = 5

newData =

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
30	40	50	60	70					

~~fact~~



~~Cop~~

→ ~~Dynamic~~
~~Unlimited~~ size

~~Quirks~~
~~Garbage~~
space
time

~~array~~

~~4~~

~~stack~~ ①

~~array (new 4)~~

②
③

Copy
max use

state size → 0

~~dynamic size~~

automatically
grow

- ✓ </> Normal Stack
- ✓ </> Dynamic Stack
- ✗ </> Queues - Introduction And Usage
- ✗ </> Normal Queue
- ✗ </> Dynamic Queue

● Easy	10	✓ Auth	0	✓ Public	✓ Sol	14
● Easy	10	✓ Auth	0	✓ Public	✓ Sol	15
● Easy	10	✓ Auth	0	✓ Public	✓ Sol	16
● Easy	10	✓ Auth	0	✓ Public	✓ Sol	17
						18

~~Work for tomorrow~~

- ✓ </> Queue To Stack Adapter - Push Efficient
- ✓ </> Queue To Stack Adapter - Pop Efficient
- ✓ </> Stack To Queue Adapter - Add Efficient
- ✓ </> Stack To Queue Adapter - Remove Efficient
- ✓ </> Two Stacks In An Array

● Easy	[10]	✓ Auth	[0]	□ Public	✓ Sol	[19]
● Easy	[10]	✓ Auth	[0]	□ Public	✓ Sol	[20]
● Easy	[10]	✓ Auth	[0]	□ Public	✓ Sol	[21]
● Easy	[10]	✓ Auth	[0]	□ Public	✓ Sol	[22]
● Easy	[10]	✓ Auth	[0]	□ Public	✓ Sol	[23]