

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes

Lecture 11

1. Fill in the blank:

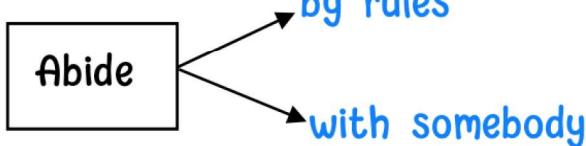
You shouldyour elder brother who is very genius.

- a. Abide by
- b. Act for
- c. Abound in
- d. Abide with

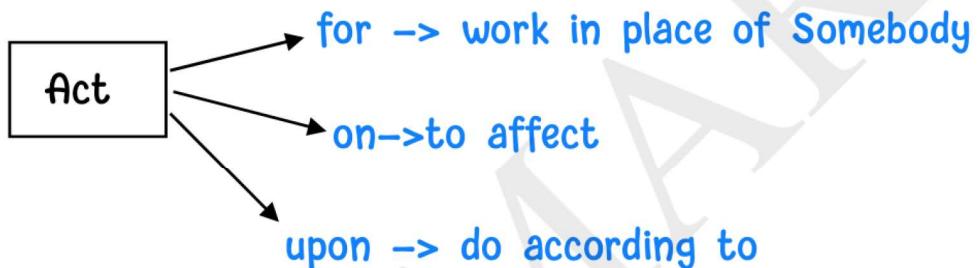
• Effect → noun

• Affect → verb

→ full of, teem with



- Abide by = comply with = adhere to = stick to



- Yesterday our Vice-Principal acted **for** the Principal as he (Principal) was ill.
- The patient became mad as the medicine acted **on** his brain.
- We should act **upon** the advice of our elders.

2. Choose the Correct sentence.

1. What a comfort to see that you have organizing and planning everything for us.

→ planned

→ organized

2. Please note that you will be eligible for the voucher only if you had received this email.

→ have

→ past & future combo is not possible

3. We take security very seriously and we want to keep you in the loop on important actions for our account.

4. If you would still accepting posts, please let me know so that I can put together a draft for your approval.

- Able to, capable of, worthy of, eligible for

if & would are not used together

would still accepting
→ still accept

3. Find out the correct meaning of the given idiom

at a slow pace

At snail's pace

a. At the drop of the hat

instantly, on the spur of the moment

b. At the first blush

c. Awe inspiring

at the first site

d. Donkey's years

thing that creates terror

a chill to the heart

4. Choose the Correct sentence.

1. I can give you my unique and quality content that will definitely lead value to your readers too.

→ gone

2. I have went through the write-ups guideline too but still want to clear on mail communication for topic confirmation.

3. It's time you would have taken the right decision.

→ took

4. If you are a runner and bigger than 18 years, you can test your endurance level by running for the Half Marathon.

- Age → old

- Height →

tall(human), high(tree)

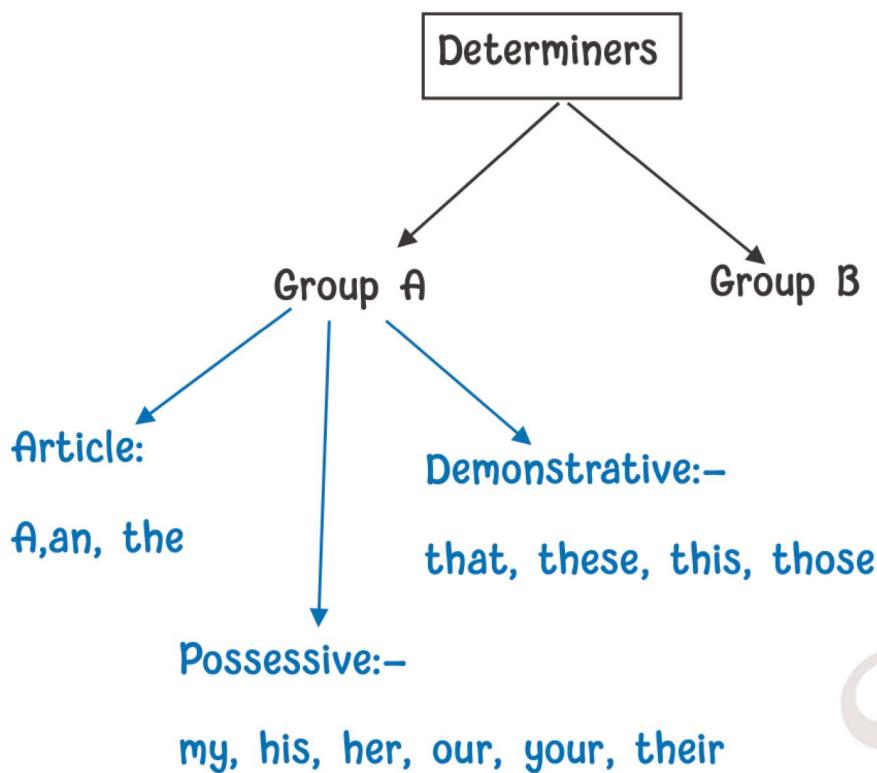
be + V3 → passive

→ older

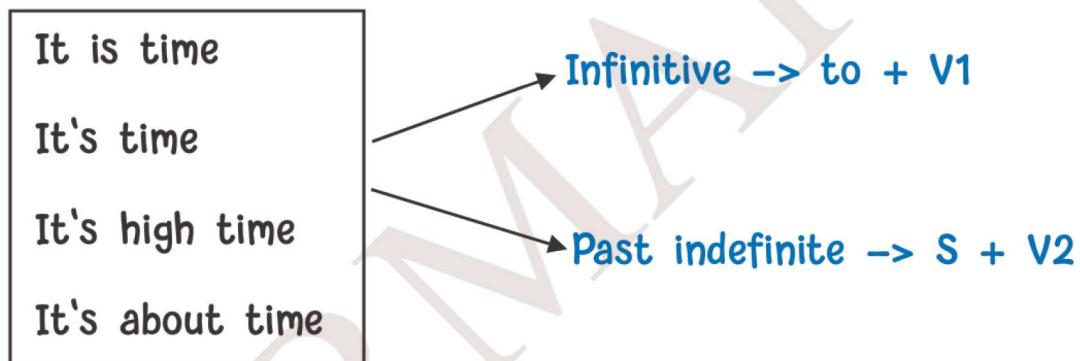
have + V3 → perfect

Modal

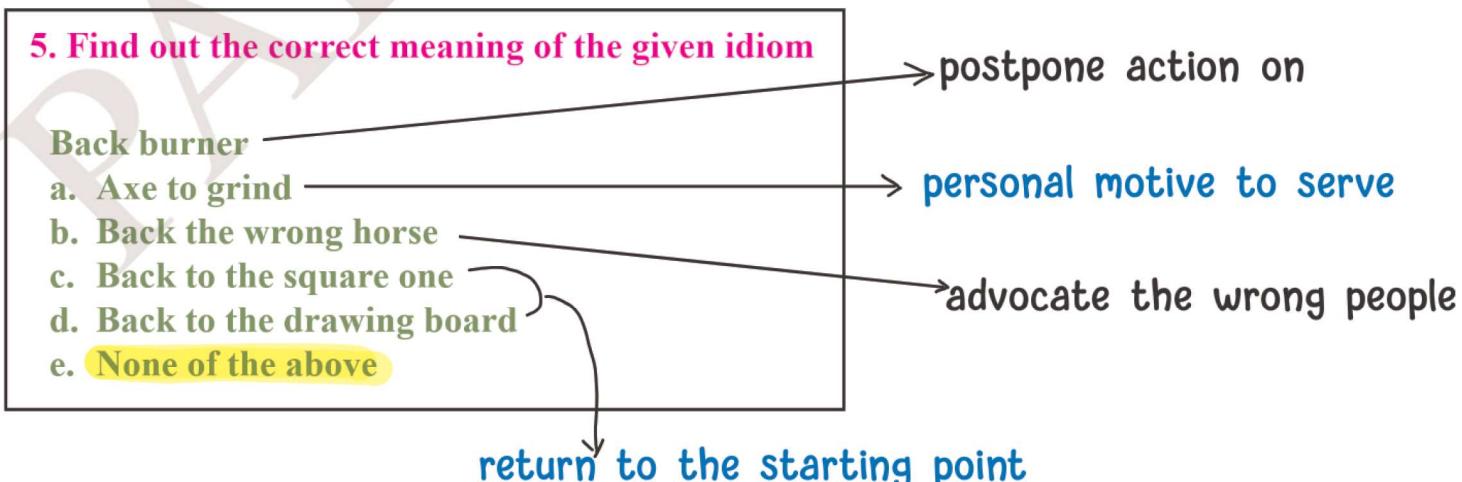
V1



- Any two group A determiners can't be used together.



1. It's time to deposit the fee.



- Get the axe/ get an apple/ get the boot/ get the sack
→ dismiss someone from their job

6. Narration

1. The teacher said, "Akbar was born in India."
 - (a) The teacher said that Akbar has been born in India.
 - (b) The teacher says that Akbar was born in India.
 - (c) The teacher said that Akbar was born in India.**
 - (d) The teacher will say the Akbar was born in India

7. Find out the correct meaning of the given idiom

Bee in one's boat

a. Beck and call

b. Beat the air

c. Beat a retreat

d. Bear the brunt of

e. None of the above

→ crazy

always ready to obey someone's orders

→ to run away from danger; abscond

to bear the main attack

- Beat the air/ flog a dead horse/ a wild goose chase → failed attempt
- Bear with → tolerate, put up with

8. Narration

The teacher said to Keshav, "Congratulations! Wish you success in life."

- (a) The teacher congratulated Keshav and said wish you success in life.
- (b) The teacher wished congratulations and success in life to Keshav.
- (c) The teacher congratulation to Keshav and said wished him success in life.
- (d) The teacher congratulated Keshav and wished him success in life.**

9. Find out correctly spelt

- (A) Abreviate
- (B) Abbreviat
- (C) Abbreviate
- (D) abbreviate

to brief, concise, in a nutshell

• Brev → short

Brevity → conciseness

• Acronym → a short word that is made from the first letters of a group of words

10. Voice

1. Do you expect your parents to come from Dubai today?

- (a) Did your parents come today from Dubai?
- (b) Where your parents expected to come from Dubai today?
- (c) Are you expecting your parents to come from Dubai today?
- (d) Do your parents expected to come today from Dubai
- (e) None of the above

no change in tense, sentence and other words

SSC considered it an answer but we need a third form of verb with is/am/are which is absent

11. Find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) Cartilege
- (B) Cartilage
- (C) Cartelage
- (D) carteelage

• Study of cell → cytology

• Study of tissue → histology

• Study of fungus → mycology

plural = fungi

• Plural of cactus → cacti

13. Find out the incorrect part:

The
A man I met in/ (a) the theatre was the playwright/
(b) himself. / (c) no error (d)

- Definite noun → having any previous statement, previous information, phrase(words) or clause(words + S+ V) attached → the article is used

- I found a pen. The pen was black.
- Please leave the habit of smoking.
- I wore the shirt that she gave me yesterday.

14. Choose the synonym.

Labyrinthine

a. Plethora

b. Oblique

c. Hinder

d. Axiom

circular

abundance

to make it more difficult for somebody

sloppy

a rule/ principle that most people believe to be true
proverb, adage, saying, dictum, truth

- Labyrinthine → Circumlocution, circuitous, meandering, serpentine, devious, roundabout, indirect, oblique, winding, rambling

Antonyms:-

Straight, frank, upright, Straightforward

very long & confused writing or speech

building spread in vast area

- Antonyms of axiom:-

absurd, ridiculous, blunder, irrelevant

15. Find out the incorrect part

The ruling party stood/ (a) for the implementation of the bill and was/ (B) ready to stake their political existence./ (c) no error (d)

their → its → singular

- Determiner (singular) + subject (singular) + verb (singular) + Possessive (singular)

16. Find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) Rennassance
(B) Rennaiscence
(C) renaissance
(D) rennaisance

Revival or renewal of something

17. Find out the incorrect part

Mr. Sunil Pawar, our representative/ (a) , he will attend the meeting / (b) on our behalf./ (c) no error (d)

unnecessary

18. Para Jumbled

P. They never desert us even when all fair weather friends have deserted us.

Q. Books are never failing friends.

R. They dispel the dark clouds of gloom from our minds and increase our happiness if we are already happy.

S. Through the ages, the scriptures and other great books have provided, immeasurable solace to the wounded and strife torn humanity.

- (a) QRSP
(b) RSPQ
(c) PRSQ
(d) QPRS

introduces subject

- fair weather friends → friends who can't be relied on in difficult times

definite 19. Para Jumbled

P. When the robber was near her bed, she stood up suddenly, brandishing the knife.

Q. One night the robber did enter her room but Lakshmi did not make any sound.

R. She just kept a tight hold of the knife and pretended to be sound asleep.

S. The robber was taken aback and with a loud cry, he ran out.

- (a) SQRP
- (b) PRQS
- (c) QRPS
- (d) PSQR

The quest for a...(21)..... life engrosses every human being on this earth. Every man tends to define a happy life in a.....(22)....individualistic fashion. (23)....have attempted to define a happy life in various terms. Hedonists have a.....(24)....notion that happiness lies in the.....(25)....of physical appetites. →thought

21.

- (a) simple
- (b) sad
- (c) happy
- (d) real

22.

- (a) distinctly
- (b) identically
- (c) similar
- (d) serious

clearly

23.

- (a) Professors
- (b) Thinkers
- (c) Researchers
- (d) Scientists

24.

- (a) complex
- (b) distinct
- (c) varied
- (d) simple

25.

- (a) gratification
- (c) purification
- (b) simplification
- (d) identification

satisfaction

• Hedonomania→ madness for joy

- Hedonist → a person who believes that pleasure is the most important thing in life • Gratified/ satisfied/ pleased + with ✓
- Hedonophobia → fear of pleasure or joy

- Gratified/ satisfied/ pleased + with ✓

PARMAR SSC

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes

Lecture 12

1. Choose the Correct sentence.

1. The number of guests invited to the party **are** five hundred. → **is**
2. Our summer vacation **is** between 10th May to 10th June. → article can't be used here → **from**
3. Either Ankit or Jyoti **have** done this. → **has**(acc to Jyoti)
4. Unless Geeta apologises she should not be allowed to go on a picnic.

- The number of (determiner) + plural noun + singular verb
- A number of (determiner) + the + plural noun + plural verb
- A great number of, a huge number of, a large number of → all with plural countable nouns → plural verb
- A great deal of/ a huge quantity of + singular uncountable noun + singular verb
- Between + and ✓
- Duration → from – to

Choose the Correct meaning of the given idiom

2. Blow over

- a. beggar's description
- b. Belly up
- c. Below par
- d. Bring down the curtain

beyond description

→ spoil

not good or well as usual

→ to disappear without having a serious effect

to end

- Blow out → to extinguish, put out

➤ The storm has blown....over...

➤ He has blownout...all the candles.

3. Choose the Correct sentence.

1.I met the gentleman today evening on my way back to home.

2.If I were he, I wouldn't accepted the offer.

3.Ram is superior and wiser than Shyam in his vision of corruption free India.

4.Neeta served as President of the Oshinara club since ten years.

5. None of the above

for is used for duration

- Singular countable noun can't be used without an article.

4. The police will inspections of all cars crossing the border.

a. Carry on

→ continue

b. Carry out

→ to execute, accomplish

c. Bear down

d. Bear out

Strike

to confirm

➤ You should carryon....your studies.

➤ The wind boredown many trees.

➤ Your statement does not bearout..the truth.

- Run over -> to crush

5. Find out the incorrect part

Two external men and **yourself** (a) will correct/ (b) the answer key./ (c) no error (d)

you

- Reflexive/ emphatic pronoun -> made by adding self, **can not be used as subject**
- when used as an object -> reflexive pronoun
- when used b/w subject and verb or at last in sentence -> emphatic pronoun

6. Choose the Correct meaning the idioms

Bird brained

- a. Bite the bullet
- b. Bite the dust
- c. Bite one's lips
- d. Fools' paradise

dunce/ foolish/
imbecile

to restrain from
showing strong
emotional reaction

foolish hope

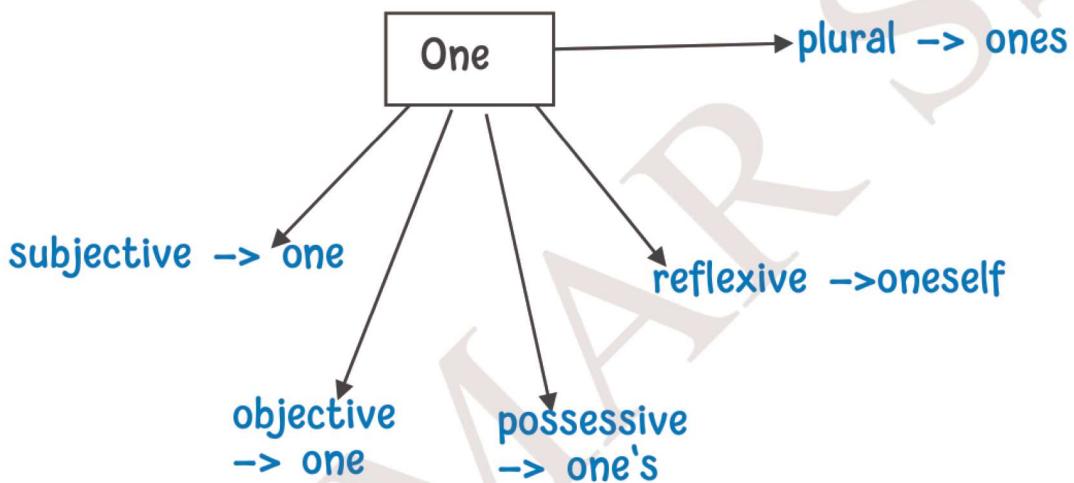
- Bite the dust/ lip the dust -> to be defeated
- Bite the bullet -> to force yourself to face a risky situation
- Take the bull by its horns -> to face a difficult situation very boldly
- Bite one's tongue -> make a desperate effort to avoid saying something
- Cat got your tongue -> unable to reply
- Bits and bobs -> many small things
- Meet one's Waterloo -> final defeat
- Birds of passage -> very short stay
- Birds eye view -> overview, general view

- Birds of the same feather -> People of the same nature
- Come to stand still -> halt

Spot the error:

One should take advantage/ (a) of opportunities to talk with native speakers/ (b) if one wants to improve your English./ (c) no error (d)

→ one's



➤ One should be careful about his behaviour.

→ one's

➤ One should avail himself of every chance.

→ oneself

• One should be careful what he says.

→ one

• There are five workers and three lazy one.

→ ones

• One of the members has done their work.

his/her/

8. Change the voice

1. The Germans were expected to win the international trophy.

to be won

→ques of infinitive

- (a) It was expected that the Germans would win the international trophy.
(b) The international trophy was expected to be won by the Germans.
(c) It was expected that the Germans will win the international trophy.
(d) It was expected by the Germans that they would win the international trophy.

- Type 1:-

→ There + (Active) to + V1 → to + be V3 (passive)

➤ **There is some work to complete.**

→ There is some work to be completed.

➤ **There is a bike to repair.**

→ There is a bike to be repaired.

- Type 2:-

→ Subject+ infinitive+ object → object+ to be V3 + Subject

➤ **I have to face all the difficulties.**

→ All the difficulties have to be faced by me.

(been is not used in passive because has + V3 is absent in active.)

➤ **He is to clear the exam.**

→ The exam is to be cleared by him.

- Type 3:-

-> It's time + to + V1 + Object -> It's time + for + Object+ be + V3

➤ It's time to give the verdict

It's time for the verdict to be given.

9. Meaning of the given idiom:

1. Black and blue

→ covered in bruises because of being beaten

a. Black and white

→ in written

b. Black ox

→ a person who brings bad luck or misfortune, ominous

c. Blue eyed boy

d. beat the tar out of

to hit someone forcefully and repeatedly

favourite

apple of one's eye

10. Find out the incorrect part

Each cigarette which a person smokes/ (a) does some harm and eventually/ (b) you may get a serious disease from its effects./ (c) no error (d)

- Each/ every -> singular determiners

he

- Eventually -> consequently

➤ Each boy, girl and children are ready to go.

child is

➤ Every boy and every girl is/ are ready to support his/ her/ their family.

according to the nearest subject

➤ Each boy and each man have supported their family.

has

his

- Each → both adjective and pronoun; for 2 or more than 2

Each of the problems ✓

- Every → only adjective, only for more than 2

Every of the problems ✗

She meets me every few weeks. ✓

every can be used with plural nouns in reference to time.

Choose the Synonym.

11. Affable

(a) Bequeath

(b) perfidy

(c) Suave

(d) Pillage

legacy

deception

elegant & Polite

- Pillage → steal, pilfer, rob(of), plunder, waylay (waiting to rob), break into
- Kleptomania → obsession to stealing
- Kleptophobia → fear of stealing
- Kleptocracy → rule of robbers
- Affable → amiable, courteous, gracious, suave, sociable, benign, benignant
- Antonyms → discourteous, unfriendly, haughty, disdainful, sour, grouchy(bad tempered), testy, complaining, morose(I'll tempered)

12. Change the narration:

He said, "Let Deepak come with us, mother. I'll take care of him."

he would

(a) He requested his mother to let Deepak come with them as he will take care of him.

(b) He informed his mother to let Deepak come with them as he would take care of him.

(c) **He told his mother to let Deepak come with them as he would take care of him.**

(d) He told to his mother let Deepak come with us as he would take care of him.

- told + Object ✓

13. Find out the correctly spelt word

(A) Colaborate

collaborate

(B) Coroborate

corroborate

(C) Cooperate

(D) Colocate

14. Voice

3. Floor was cleaned.

v2

(a) The cleaner cleaned the floor.

(b) The floor should be cleaned.

(c) I cleaned the floor.

(d) Someone cleaned the floor

→ indefinite subject → can be omitted in passive

15. Find out the correctly spelt word

(A) Abess

(B) Abbass

(C) Abbess

(D) abbiss

head of nuns

- Monks live in a monastery.
- ↳ feminine → nun → a convent or nunnery
- Head of monks → an abbot

16. Find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) Catapult
 (B) Cetapult
 (C) Catepult
 (D) catapalt



17. Para Jumbled

- P. But he did not know how to find one at that hour.
 Q. It was his first visit to the city and he didn't know where to go.
 R. Mohanlal's train was late and it reached Kolkata a little after midnight.
 S. He thought he would go to a choultry where he would not have to pay rent.
 (a) PSQR
 (b) RQSP
 (c) QRSP
 (d) RSQP

introduces subject

18. Para Jumbled

- P. And slowly, you reach the pinnacle of self-awareness.
 experiencing a unity with all life.
 Q. If you transform your energy positively, it naturally becomes compassion and love.
 R. Once you experientially are a part of everything then nobody needs to teach you morality.
 S. Then you can do something to improve the situation. but without anger.
 (a) PQRS
 (b) QPRS
 (c) RQPS
 (d) RSPQ

- Mandatory pair:-
QP

Cloze Test

The.....(21)....of energy in India are met from both commercial and non commercial sources. The most.....(22).... sources of energy today are coal and natural gas, hydro electricity and nuclear power. On the other hand, firewood cow-dung cakes and vegetable waste etc.(23)....non commercial forms of energy. While non commercial forms of energy.....(24)....demand, coal is the..... (25)....source of commercial energy in India.

21.

- (a) requirements
- (b) sources
- (c) availability
- (d) lessen

22.

- (a) vital
- (b) insignificant
- (c) important
- (d) expensive

23.

- (a) constitutes
- (b) combines
- (c) mixes
- (d) collaborates

24.

- (a) need
- (b) meet
- (c) shed
- (d) rests

25.

- (a) smallest
- (b) hardest
- (c) largest
- (d) heaviest

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes

Lecture 13

1. Choose the Correct sentence.

→ used to

1. I use to bunk classes to sneak in the library and most of my class notebooks were filled with poems and essays

2. one the one hand, she was elated that she'd finally discovered her passion.

3. Which very much is trying to fit round pegs in square holes.

4. Although it is far less common in the atmosphere than carbon dioxide, it has 20 times the ability heat-trapping.

→ This is too much

→ of

- too → adverb
- much → adjective or adverb
- too much → + noun
- much too → + adjective

Eg. too much pain.

much too painful.

→ degrees can be written

much too worried.

Hence it is an adjective

much too unpleasant.

much too weak.

too much weakness.

- though/ although → contradiction showing conjunction; ',' or yet is used.
- Discovery → finding out an already existing thing
- Invention → creating something new

2. Find out the incorrect part

This table is/ (a) **more round than** / (b) **that, I think so.** /
(c) **no error** (d)

is round as



Gradable

wise, honest, brave, great,
clever, friendly, dirty

Non-gradable → degree/ grade not possible

perfect, ideal, supreme, excellent, unique,
universal, round, square, parallel, circular,
automatic, natural, interior, exterior,
ulterior, major, minor, empty, extreme,
chief, entire, complete, final, last,
triangular, absolute, impossible, prime

3. Find out the correct meaning of the idiom

By the skin of one's teeth

- a. By the same token
- b. By the book
- c. By leaps and bounds
- d. Narrow escape

→ by the same method

→ a close shave

very rapidly

- Book →  (N), to reserve (verb), to scold (verb)
- An open book → an person without any secret
- By the books → according to law
- Bring too book → to punish

- Be in good books of -> in a state when someone is pleased with you
- Be in bad books of -> to be in bad terms with someone
- Bookworm -> a person absorbed in books
- Bibliomaniac -> mad about books
- Bibliophile -> lover of books
- Bibliography -> a list of books used for reference

4. Choose the Correct sentence.

1. It is estimated that cows might be more dangerous to ~~a~~^{the} earth's atmosphere than trucks and cars combined.

2. Last week I made a list of 10 classics ~~those~~^{that} make for great reads and a few of my son's favorites.
(noun)

3. Be prepared for the fact that the interview panel may not agree ~~with a~~^{to} opinions that you present to them.

4. Price theorizes that if he is at one extreme end of the spectrum, then perhaps there is somebody at the other end.

- Plural nouns-> the or no article

-> ___ ~~x~~ ___ girls are more laborious than ___ ~~x~~ ___ boys.

-> ___ ~~The~~ ___ girls of my classroom are more laborious than
___ ~~the~~ ___ boys of your classroom.

-> ___ ~~x~~ ___ cow is a sacred animal.{general sense}

- Last + time -> past indefinite tense

• ----- Conjunction 1 ----- conjunction 2 -----

----- Conjunction 1 Conjunction 2 -----

5. Find out the incorrect part

There were/ (a) no ~~less~~^{fewer} than fifty persons/ (b) in the dining hall. / (c) no error (d)

• few fewer fewest → countable nouns

• little less least → uncountable nouns

1. I have bought no less than 5 litres of milk. ✓

Nouns measured in km, m, litres etc. are uncountable nouns.

6. Find out meaning of the given idiom

By heart

a. By and by

→ gradually

b. By and large

→ in general

c. At one's finger's tips

→ fully memorised

d. Butterfly in the stomach

→ nervous

7. Change the narration

1. Mr. Arora asked his son what he wanted to be when he grew up.

(a) "My son," said Mr. Arora, "what will you be when you grow up?"

(b) "My son," said Mr. Arora, "what do you want to be when you grow up?"

(c) "My son," said Mr. Arora, "what did want to be when you grow up?"

(d) "My son," said Mr. Arora, "what would be when you grow up?"

8. Find out the Synonym of

Agile

- (a) Entice → Allure, fascinate, attract, tempt
(b) Nimble → able to move quickly
(c) Tempt → to make somebody feel disgusted
(d) Repel →

- Agile → adroit(expert), flexible, lively, brisk, quick moving, sprightly, prompt, supple(flexible), skillful, lithe
- Antonyms → maladroit, rough, clumsy, stiff, blundering, ungainly, bungling, rough

9. Find out the incorrect part

Of all the students Radhika/ (a) was less worried when / (b) the date for the annual examination was announced./ (C) no error (d)

least(adjective)

- All → more than 2; works with both countable and uncountable
 - determiner is used after all → all the✓, the all ✗, all our✓
 - all + the + plural countable noun + plural verb
 - all + the + singular countable noun + singular verb
- Both → for 2; with countable nouns
 - both + the + plural countable noun + plural verb

10. Find out antonym of

Amass

- (a) Skilful
(b) Clumsy
(c) Squander
(d) Proficient

→ accumulate, gather, collect, assemble, hoard, pile up, heap

→ holes in one's pockets; play ducks and drakes

- Proficient (in) → expert in
- Antonyms of amass → scatter, disperse, squander, sporadic (scattered)
Dissipate → to not make the best use of something valuable such as time, money or energy

11. Find out the incorrect part

He is as intelligent / (a) if not more intelligent / (b) than his brother. / (c) no error

- Possibility :-

- Positive degree if not comparative degree

- Comparative degree if not positive degree

- Superlative degree if not superlative degree

if not <-> or

1. She is as beautiful if not more beautiful than her sister.

as

2. He runs as fast as if not fast than my friend.

faster

3. He is one of the richest persons if not the richest of the town.

[• one of the + plural noun]

12. Find out the correct spelt

- (A) Accomplish
 (B) Acomplish
 (C) Acommplish
 (D) Accompalish

- Accomplice → partner in crime

13. Find out the correct spelt

- (A) halcyon
- (B) Halcion
- (C) Helcyon
- (D) halcon

- Palmy days → a period of great prosperity, success and happiness
- Halcyon days → happy days
- Rainy day → a time in future when money can be needed
- Salad days → youthful days
- Red letter day → important day

14. Find out the correct spelt

- (A) Diahorea
- (B) Diarrhea
- (C) Dihoreea
- (D) Diehorea

15. Para Jumbled

P. Yet making loans to poor people is hardly a poverty cure.

Q. Segmenting the industry, might be worthwhile if it allows more of the poor to get access to credit.

R. Multinational corporations could take the top microfinance institutions to the next level, and the remainder could take the responsibility of development groups and regional banks.

S. Property rights and the role of law matter too.

- (a) PRQS
- (b) QRPS
- (c) SPQR
- (d) RSPQ

16. Para Jumbled

P. But the scenario has quite changed now-a-days by allocating a special budget of funds for security.

Q. In the last ten years, budget towards the development of military forces is higher when compared to others.

R. India earlier days gave more importance to the development of industry and less importance to other departments.

S. This is because of the frightening increase in terrorism all around the world especially emerging after the 9/11 terror attack in U.S.

- (a) PRQS
- (b) QSPR
- (c) SPQR
- (d) RPSQ

• mandatory pair → RP

Cloze Test

India's motto has been Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam or that the whole world is.....(21)....community. There are(22)....of pillars upon which India's policy of living in peace with and(23)....peace among nations of the world rests. Policies of non-alignment, peaceful co-existence, economic and cultural cooperation, disarmament and peaceful.....(24).... of nuclear energy,(25)....of International disputes through negotiations and peaceful means are some of the salient features that give credence to India's commitment to world peace.

21.

- (a) one
- (b) essential
- (c) distinct
- (d) significant

22.

- (a) numerous
- (b) number
- (c) many
- (d) loop

23.

- (a) disturbing
- (b) allowing
- (c) generating
- (d) promoting

24.

- (a) uses
- (b) disruption
- (c) sources
- (d) negotiation

25.

- (a) urge
- (b) requirement
- (c) settlement
- (d) enactment

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes

Lecture 14

1. Fill the correct phrasal verb

who

1. Who can say what will turnnext in this race?

- a. Down
- b. Up**
- c. Out
- d. Over

- Turn down -> to refuse/ reject
- Turn up -> arrive
- Turn over -> change the situation
- Turn out -> to expel
- Take over -> to take control of

2. Choose the Correct sentence.

1. You don't have to invest ~~on a~~ fancy camera if you're not a photography buff.

Preposition object

2. We accept unbelievably low rates for sponsored articles a "something is better than nothing" kind of attitude.

3. For candidates with work-experience, interview questions about their company test depth of their knowledge and understandings of immediate environment.

→ understanding ✓

4. Agent Chitrangada will telegraphed a secret code word to her boss as part of a dubious mission

telegraph

- | | | | |
|--------|----------------------|--------|--------|
| • does | have✓ -> V1 | • had | had✓ |
| • do | had✗ | • have | haven✗ |
| • did | had✗ | | |
| • does | has✗ -> not suitable | | |
| • has | had✓ | | |

- do/does/did --> V1
-> do/does/did + have✓
- has/have/had --> V3
-> has/ have/ had + had✓

3. Meaning of the given idiom

Let bygones be bygones

- a. By hook or by crook
- b. Burn the candle at the both ends
- c. **Bury the hatchet**
- d. Burst one's bubble

by any means,
by fair or foul

to overwork/
overburden resources

forget the past
animosity

shatter someone's illusions about something

- Burn one's boat -> destroy all possible ways of returning
- Build castles in the air -> daydreaming, visionary unattainable, ivory towers
- Burn the midnight oil -> to study or work late into the night.
- Burn one's finger -> bear loss

4. Choose the Correct sentence.

1. You have **too** save the day by cracking the code and determining the code word.

→ to

2. This short-term mentality, most of the times, leads to undesired loss and disappointment.

3. Gear up **of** five days of non-stop shopping and unlimited savings.

→ for

4. Many a man **have** come to India from Canada to live here permanently.

→ has

• Gear up -> get ready

• Many -> plural

• Many a/an -> singular

• A great many -> plural

→ Determiners

- Determiners + subject+ verb + possessive
-> either all singular or all plural

5. Meaning of the given idiom

Brown study

- a. Broken reed → unreliable
- b. Bring the horse down → an impressive performance
- c. Breathe down one's neck → to examine closely, supervise closely
- d. Deep in thought → pensive, thoughtful, contemplative, reflective

- Make a mountain of a mole hill → over react over a trivial issue
- Breath one's last, hit the bucket, give up the ghosts → to die
- Pass away → to die (someone)

6. Fill in the blanks

.....depends on what she says.

- (a) Much
- (b) More
- (c) Any
- (d) No more

→ comparative

negative, interrogative sentences

- Much → uncountable noun
- Many → countable noun

→ Negative/interrogative sentences

- A lot of/ lots of → with Affirmative sentences & both nouns
A lots of ×
- I have a lot of work to do.

7. One word for the given sentence

Person who files a suit

a. Plaintiff

b. Suitor

c. Volunteer

d. Palindrome

→ offering services freely

word that is read same left to right or right to left

- Will → wish
- Good will → helpful, friendly
- Ill will → malice
- Reluctance → unwilling
- Loath → unwilling
- Loathe → hate, abhor

8. Fill in the blanks

I have.....milk to drink.

(a) most

(b) enough

(c) many

(d) none

→ countable noun

pronoun

- I have a lot of milk to drink.

- How many stars are there in our galaxy?

countable nouns

interrogative sentence

9. One word for the given sentence:

A strong dislike

a. Reciprocity

b. Entreaty

c. Animosity

d. Malice

barter, inter-dependence

a humble request

ill will

- Countable noun -> 1,2,3,.....; may be unlimited
- Uncountable noun -> gram, litres, meters, etc.

10. Fill in the blanks

There were trees on..... side of the road.

- (a) no
- (b) any
- (c) either
- (d) every

- Each -> 2 or +2

- Every -> +2

2

1. I can use _____ hand with ease.

2. I have two cars. _____ car is very expensive.

3. I have five cars, _____ car is very expensive.

4. I can't move _____ leg.

- Either/ neither -> for 2

- Each/every/none/any -> for >2

11. Find out the correctly spelt

- (A) Cassette
- (B) Casette
- (C) Cassatte
- (D) cassettee

12. Change the voice

→ to + V1 (infinitive) → to be + V3

She likes people **to call her Mam.**

- (a) She likes to be called Mam by people.
- (b) She likes to be call Madam by people.
- (c) She likes people who call his, Madam.
- (d) To call her Madam is liked by people

13. One word for the given sentence

Take great pleasure

Rapture, ecstasy

a. Revel

talented kid

b. Prodigy

multi-talented,

c. Versatile

ver-> turn

d. mummy

preserved dead bodies

1. Introvert → shy, reserved

2. Extrovert → one who likes social interaction

3. Ambivert → introvert + extrovert

4. Avert → to prevent something unpleasant

5. Aversion → hate, abhor

14. Fill in the blanks

.....of the land was cultivated.

- (a) Two there
- (b) Two three's
- (c) Two's three
- (d) Two third

- two first books → the first two books✓
 - last four boys → the last four boys✓
 - Seventeenth century → the Seventeenth century
 - One fourth → fraction
 - Ordinal → first, second, etc. ; tells position
 - Cardinal → one, two, three, etc ; tells number
 - Sequence → the + ordinal + cardinal
- ordinal tells about position while fraction just tells about part of something.

15. Find out the incorrectly spelt word

- (A) Traveling
- (B) Remittance
- (C) Kidnaping
- (D) Equitable

16. Fill in the blanks

Kolkata is the.....populous city in the world.

- (a) more
- (b) most
- (c) much
- (d) many

one v/s all

16. Find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) Zellion
- (B) Zilion
- (C) Zilleon
- (D) zillion

an extremely large number of people or things

17. Find out the synonym of

Abettor

- (a) Valour
- (b) Accomplice
- (c) Bravery
- (d) Endorse

Bravery

- Abettor -> assistant, accomplice, colleague, associate, comrade, partner
-> antonyms – opponent, adversary, antagonist, rival

18. Find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) Abarrant
- (B) Aberrant
- (C) Aberrant
- (D) aberrent

abnormal, divergent

19. Change the narration

The mother said, "well done son, I am proud of you."

- (a) The mother appreciated her son saying that he had done well and that she was proud of him..
- (b) The mother told her son that she was proud of him as he had done well.
- (c) The mother said to her son that she was proud of him for doing very well.
- (d) The mother said her son had done well and that she was proud of him.

Find out the antonym of

20. Ample

- (a) Hopeful → sanguine
- (b) Scarce →
- (c) Buoyant → cheerful
- (d) Depressed →

Sad

- Ample → abundant, plentiful, copious, lavish, umpteen, surfeit, bountiful
↳ Antonyms → scanty, meagre, skimpy, inadequate, dearth, scarcity, dwindle, diminished, paucity,
- Redundant → surplus, Superfluous, excess

Para Jumbled

P. It would be better to speak of uniformities of nature.

Q. Law of nature are not commands but statements of facts.

R. This would do away with elementary fallacy that a law implies a law given.

S. The use of the word law in this context is rather unfortunate.

- (a) QSRP
- (b) SQRP
- (c) QSPR
- (d) SQPR

introduces subject

mistaken belief

Para Jumbled

P. When the game of life is finally over there is no second chance to correct our errors.

Q. Time is the greater equalizer of all mankind.

R. Time offers opportunity but demands a sense of regard.

S. It has taken away the best and the worst of us without regard of either.

- (a) QSRP
- (c) PQRS
- (b) RSQP
- (d) RSPO

introduces subject

Cloze Test

Corruption is a....(21)....which has been spread in the mind of wrong people of the society, community and....(22)..... . It is the mistreatment of public resources just for getting some....(23)....advantage to fulfil little wish. It is concerned with the unnecessary and wrong use of both power and....(24).....by anyone whether the government or non government organisation. It affects the growth and development of the nation in all aspects like socially, .(25)....and politically.

21.

- (a) havoc
- (b) poison**
- (c) pollutant
- (d) grassroot

22.

- (a) country**
- (b) world
- (c) universe
- (d) company

23.

- (a) fruitful
- (b) wishful
- (c) favourite
- (d) unfair**

→ (-)ve tone

24.

- (a) position**
- (b) growth
- (c) status
- (d) symbol

25.

- (a) emotionally
- (b) scientifically
- (c) manually
- (d) economically**

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes

Lecture 15

There

1. Choose the Correct sentence.

1. Their is direct evidence that when learning occurs, neuro-chemical communication between neurons is facilitated and less input is required.

(S) (adverb) (V1)

(adjective) (N)

2. You occasionally stop to admire the intellectual scenery, or you sometimes retrace your steps to make sure you had seen everything.

(past tense)

have

3. It was bitter cold and we preferred not to go out that night.

bitterly

4. India, a country of more than 1 billion population, has emerged as the economic superpower of the world.

- Their -> possessive adjective

- Theirs -> possessive pronoun

- There -> introductory subject

-> doesn't define verb

- Verb is used according to real subjects and not according to introductory subjects.

- Eg -> There was a king. There were some boys.

- Noun can be singular, plural, etc.

- Adjective has degree (positive, comparative, superlative)

- Adjective is defined by adverb

You are extreme happy × extremely happy ✓.

adverb

adjective

- is + V3 -> passive voice

- has + V3 -> active voice

2. Choose the correctly spelt word:

- A) Seperately
- B) Separately
- C) Separately
- D) Seperately

3. Choose the Correct sentence.

1. A judge must be slow in anger and quick to forgive:
otherwise he may risk abusing his powers.

(N1) (N2)
2. The works of Shakespeare are more famous than any
other English dramatist.

(N1)
3. Radium is so expensive that you could be a millionaire if
you own only half a pound of it!

4. She was so much overwhelmed with her sons devotion and
affection that she did distributed all her wealth and property
among them.

- Past indefinite tense → V2 (Affirmative sentences)

→ did + V1 (Negative and interrogative sentences)

4. Meaning of the idiom

Call it a day

a. Call in question

b. Carrot and stick

c. Conclude the proceedings of the day

d. Call the shorts

→ suspect

a strategy of using
reward and punishment

→ to be in charge of a situation

- Carry the day → to be victorious

told
I said to my father, "I had a great time yesterday."
the day before

5. Change the narration:
- (a) I told my father that I had a great time the day before.
(b) I told my father that I have had a great time the day before.
(c) I told my father that I had a great time the day before that day.
(d) I told my father this that I have had a great time yesterday.

6. Meaning of the idiom **Cold shoulder**

- a. **Cold reception** → not paying a warm welcome
b. **Catch 22** → a difficult condition with no escape
c. **Catch a tartar** → to unexpectedly encounter something challenging
d. **Cheek by jowl**

→ close together

Change the voice

7. You have to take these medicines.
- (a) These medicines you have to take.
(b) You have took these medicines.
(c) **These medicines have to be taken by you.**
(d) Taking of these medicines has to be done by you.

8. Choose the misspelt word:

- A) **Recommend**
B) **Embarass**
C) **Receive**
D) **Government**

→ Embarrass

9. Change the narration

I said to my friend, "Be careful, my dog may bite you."

- (a) I warned my friend to have been careful and that my dog might be biting him.
- (b) I warned my friend to be careful and that my dog might bite him.
- (c) I warn my friend to be careful and that my dog may bite him.
- (d) I warned my friend for being careful and that my dog might be biting him.

10. Choose the correctly spelt word:

- A) Maintenance
- B) Maintenance
- C) Maintanance
- D) Maintanence

11. Change the narration

The pilgrim said to me, "When you go down the street you will see the temple to your right."

- (a) The pilgrim tells me that when I go down the street I will see the temple to my-right.
- (b) The pilgrim told me that when I went down the street I would see the temple to my right.
- (c) The pilgrim told me that then I go down the street I would see the temple to my right.
- (d) The pilgrim tells me that when I would be going down the street I will be seeing the temple to my right.

12. Choose the correctly spelt word:

- A) Neccessary
- B) Necessary
- C) Necessay
- D) Neccesary

13. Find out the synonym of

Alacrity

- (a) Entreat → to plead, to ask for help
(b) Solicit →
(c) promptness
(d) Accost → address someone aggressively

• Alacrity → swiftness, briskness, promptness, speed

↳ Antonyms → laziness, sluggishness, indolence, lethargy

14. Change the voice

To pass, the candidate has to answer at least 3 questions correctly.

- (a) If the candidate answers three questions correctl then he will pass.
(b) At least three questions will be answered correctly by the candidate to pass.
(c) At least three questions have to be answered correctly by the candidate to pass.
(d) Answering of three questions correctly by the candidate has to be done to pass.

15. Find out the synonym of

Anguish

- (a) Agony → Severe mental or physical suffering
(b) Lament → pain, suffering, affliction
(c) Introspect → bewail, bemoan, mourn
(d) remorse →

deep regret

Severe mental or physical suffering

pain, suffering, affliction

bewail, bemoan, mourn

examine one's own thoughts & feelings

• Anguish → distress, agony, misery, tribulations .

↳ Antonyms-> Solace, gladness, comfort

16. Choose the correctly spelt word:

- A) Priviledge
- B) Previlage
- C) **Privilege**
- D) Previledge

17. Change the voice

have been caught

This is the second time I **have caught** you cheating.

- (a) You have been caught cheating by me for the second time.
- (b) You were cheating for a second time and I have caught you.
- (c) This is the second time you have cheated and were caught by myself.
- (d) Catching you cheating for the second time has been done by me.

18. Choose the misspelt word:

- A) Intelligence
- B) Occasional
- C) Committtment**
- D) Knowledge

→ commitment

19. Choose the correctly spelt word:

- A) Brochure**
- B) Brosure
- C) Broshure
- D) Brochuer

**20. Find out the one word for
Having to do with artistic beauty**

- a. **Masochist** → a person who derives gratification from their own pain
 - b. **Aesthetic**
 - c. **Ornithology**
 - d. **Narcissist** → Study of birds
- excessive self admiration

- Sadist → who derives gratification from other's pain

**21. Find out one word for
One who never makes mistakes**

- a. **Infallible**
 - b. **Incorrigible** → that can't be corrected
 - c. **Ineffable**
 - d. **Inexorable** → too great to be expressed in words
- impossible to Stop or prevent

- The belief that God does not exist → atheism
- That cannot be read → illegible
- That cannot be pacified → implacable
- That cannot be practiced → impracticable
- That cannot be divided → indivisible
- That cannot be denied or questioned → unquestionable
- That cannot be avoided → inevitable
- That never tired out → indefatigable

- That cannot be explained -> inexplicable
- That cannot be expressed in words -> ineffable
- That cannot be extinguished -> inextinguishable
- That never fails -> infallible
- That cannot be imitated -> inimitable
- That cannot be satisfied -> insatiable
- That cannot be dissolved -> insoluble
- That cannot be separated -> inseparable
- That cannot be conquered -> invincible
- That cannot be seen -> invisible
- Through which we can't see -> opaque
- That cannot be harmed or defeated -> invulnerable
- That is not to the point, off the mark -> irrelevant
- That cannot be repaired -> irreparable
- That cannot be changed -> irrevocable

Para Jumbled

1.

P: The Mughal Empire was extensive, but it was not integrated.

Q: It was rather an agglomeration of territories bound together by a common administration and common ties to the imperial authority.

R: The strong hand of the emperor held the country together, compelling obedience from the nobles who governed the provinces.

S: But these nobles felt no sense of national loyalty, for the simple reason that the empire was not a nation.

- (a) PRQS
 (b) SRQP
 (c) PRSQ
 (d) RSQP

• Pair -> RS

Para Jumbled

2.

P: It is also when the community or religion is used to further the political interests of the vested groups.

Q: But communal feelings start when one community thinks in a hostile manner towards the other communities.

R: It is also not being conscious of their own identities and doing something which pursues its interests.

S: Communalism is not thinking about their own communities.

- (a) QPSR
- (b) QRSP
- (c) RSQP
- (d) SRQP

Cloze Test-1

The generation gap is another of those characteristic features that set Homo sapiens apart from other animals. It is.....(62)..... if ever the most intelligent of apes ever blamed its juniors for their.....(63).....ways! Over the years people have tried to analyse it, explain it, understand it, even ignore it, but it remains, ready to.....(64).....each generation as it tries to.....(65).....its own.....(66).....about life and living.

62.

- (a) doubtful
- (b) certain
- (c) sure
- (d) classified

• Certain that

• uncertain if

65.

- (a) accumulate
- (b) formulate
- (c) assimilates
- (d) annihilate

63. bad storm

- (a) blizzard
- (b) wayward
- (c) motivated
- (d) pointed

difficult to control

64.

- (a) accept
- (b) assent
- (c) confront (to face)
- (d) suspect

66.

- (a) happiness
- (b) standards
- (c) living
- (d) perspectives

Cloze Test-2

My tooth-brush is a thing that haunts me when I'm travelling, and.....(139).....my life a misery. I..... (140).....that I haven't packed it, and wake up in a cold.....(141)....., and get out of bed and hunt for it. And, in the morning, I pack it before I have used it, and have to unpack again to get it, and it is always the last thing I turn out of the bag; and.....(142).....I repack and forget it, and have to rush upstairs.....(143).....it at the last moment and carry it to the railway station, wrapped up in my pocket-handkerchief. Of course I had to turn every mortal thing out now, and, of course, I could not find it.

139.

- (a) making
- (b) makes**
- (c) to make
- (d) maker

140.

- (a) dream**
- (b) dreams
- (c) dreaming
- (d) dreamer

141.

- (a) perspire
- (b) perspiring
- (c) perspiration**
- (d) to perspire

142.

- (a) than
- (b) that
- (c) this
- (d) then**

comparison
↑

143.

- (a) for**
- (b) of
- (c) from
- (d) form

- Dream, dreamt, dreamt

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes

Lecture-16

1. Find out the incorrect part

Rohan, my dear friend,/ (a) **is fatter** (b) than tall./ (c) no error (d)

is more fat

- While comparing two different people -> -er term (fatter, taller)
- While comparing two qualities of the same person -> more is used
 - 1. This hall is wider/ **more wide** than high. → **two qualities of the same hall**
 - 2. This hall is wider/ **more wider** than that. → **two different halls.**

2. Choose the correct meaning of the given idiom

Come of age

- a. Fully developed
- b. Not fully developed
- c. Come hell or high water
- d. Come full circle

Whatever difficulties may occur

→ return to the initial point

Back to square one

- On the wrong side of 70 -> a person older than 70 yrs of age
- Come hell or high water -> go through fire and water,
through thick and thin

3. Find out the incorrect part

The + Whole India expressed/ (a) anger over the hijacking of / (B) Air India Boing Jet by militant at Karachi. / (c) no error (d)

- All -> both countable and uncountable nouns; >2; all + the
-> all + the + plural countable nouns/ singular uncountable noun
 - ↳ plural verb
 - ↳ Singular verb
- Both -> for countable nouns; 2; both + the
-> both + the + plural countable noun+ plural verb
- Whole -> for uncountable noun; the + whole
 - the + whole + uncountable singular noun + singular verb

• All + determiners (these, those)

• Both + determiners

• Determiners + Whole

1. These all books are very important.

All these✓

2. Our all relatives are coming today.

All our relatives✓

3. All the sides of the coin are not shining.

Both the sides of the coin✓

4. All the sugar have been sold.

has ✓

5. All the sides of the road.

Both ✓

4. Choose the correct meaning of the given idiom.

Science of heavenly bodies

- a. Astrology
- b. **Astronomy**
- c. Archaeology
- d. Anatomy

- Logus = study
- Astro = space
- Astrology -> the study of the positions and movements of the stars & planets the way that some believe they affect lives
- Astrologer -> who practices astrology
- Astronomer -> who studies astronomy
- Archaeology -> the study of the past, based on objects or parts of buildings that are found in the ground
- Anatomy -> scientific study of the structure of living beings
- Actiology/ Pathology -> study of causes of diseases
- Diagnosis -> prognosis (identification and elimination of disease)
- Anemology -> study of wind (Anemo = wind)
- Angiology -> study of blood vessels
- Anthropology -> study of mankind
- Ethinology -> study of human races
- Arachnology -> scientific study of spiders
- Cardiology -> study of heart diseases and treatments
- Carpology -> study of fruits and seeds

- Chronology -> arrangement of events in the order of occurrence
- Cosmology -> Study of origin and development of the universe
- Craniology -> study of skull
- Cryptology -> study of codes
- Cytology -> study of cells
- Dactylology -> method of communication using manual signs
- Dendrology -> study of trees
- Dermatology -> study, diagnosis, treatment of diseases of skin
- Trichology -> study of hair and scalp
- Histology -> study of tissues
- Mycology -> study of fungus
- Dermatoglyphics -> study of finger prints
- Derma = skin
- Dorma = sleep
- Ecology -> study of relationship between living things and their surroundings
- Endocrinology -> branch for diagnosing and treating endocrine systems
- Entomology -> study of insects
- Epistemology -> philosophical study of nature, origin, and limits of human knowledge
- Eremology -> study of desert
- Psephology -> statistical study of elections and trends in voting

- Speleology → study of caves
- Orology → study of mountains
- Eschatology → theological study of culture; "last things"
- Ethology → science of animal behavior
- Etymology → study of origin and development of words
- Genealogy → study of family history including ancestors
- Geology → study of Earth, its rocks, structure, processes
- Gerontology → scientific study of ageing
- Glottochronology → the use of statistical data to tell divergence of languages from their common source
- Gynaecology → study of female diseases and their diagnosis
- Topology → arrangement of parts
- Haematology → study of blood and its disorders
- Helminthology → study of parasitic worms
- Horology → clock making
- Hydrology → study of water
- Ichthyology → study of fishes (pisces → fishes)
- Myrmecology → study of ants
- Nephrology → study of kidney
- Neurology → study of nervous system
- Nosology → classification of diseases

- Odontology → study of teeth
- Oenology → study of wine
- Oncology → study of tumour
- Oneirology → study of dreams
- Ontology → study of being, existence and reality
- Oology → study of eggs
- Ophiology/ Herpetology → study of snakes
- Ophthalmology → study of eyes and its disorders
- Ornithology → study of birds
- Osteology → study of bones
- Paedology → study of children's behaviour and development
- Paleontology → study of fossils
- Pedology → science of soil formation, ecology, classification, etc.

5. Find out the incorrect part

She is **beautiful / (a) and best girl / (b) of our village. / (c) no error (d)**

the most

- Both sides of 'and' should be equal
 - positive degree and positive degree
 - comparative degree and comparative degree
 - superlative degree and superlative degree

→ One v/s another → comparative degree

→ One v/s all → superlative degree

6. Find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) Cattarh
- (B) Catarh
- (C) Caterrh
- (D) catarrh

last

7. Find out the correctly spelt word

The ~~latest~~ chapter of this novel/ (a) is the most comprehensive / (b) of all the chapters in the book./ (c) no error (d)

• Last → order

• Latest → most recent in time

1. Turn to the left and you will find the latest house of this row.



last ✓

2. What is the last/ latest score of Indian team?

3. What is the last/ latest news of the day?

8. Choose the correct meaning of the given idiom.

Come a cropper

a situation much less impressive than expected

a. Damp squib

frightened

b. Cold feet

c. Cock and bull story

a fabricated/ concocted Story

d. Cloak and dagger

→ involving a mystery

9. Choose the correct Sentence among the following

1. Our digestive system produces an assimilable, nutrient-rich liquid that builds and **nourish** our first body tissue, plasma.

→ **nourishes**

2. Acquired immunity is the result of an interaction with our new environment and proper digestion of all that we take off → **in**

3. Just as we nourish the body, we need to nurture the soul to connect to the creative power of the universe and to manifest joy in our lives

→ **over**

4. If we objectively ponder **on** the mystery behind miseries, we find that as long as we restrict ourselves to the means of happiness, we are left in the lurch.

- Take off → to unwear/ to fly

10. Choose the correct meaning of the given idiom .

Clip one's wings

→ **easily offended**

a. Chip of one's shoulder

→ **resemble parents**

b. Chip of the old block

c. Chink in one's armour

→ **detrimental flaw**

d. Restrict one's freedom

- Give a long rope → allowing someone to act freely

11. Find out the correctly spelt word

(A) Catalogue

(B) Catalogue

(C) Catalogue

(D) catalaque

→ **list of things**

12. Choose the most appropriate synonym of

Ardent

(a) Die hard

(b) Escalation

(c) crescendo

→ **loud music, cacophonous**

(d) Revere → **to feel great respect**

- Ardent → enthusiastic, zealous, fervent

↳ antonyms → composed, serene, placid, unperturbed

13. Choose the correct Sentence among the following. blessed

to + be + V3

1. Our sole prayer should be to be **blessing** with a spiritual awakening that is the real source of peace, bliss and contentment.

2. My **tool** has always been humour because it's the most entertaining way to put any ideology across, and it's fun, positive, and healing.

3. When a student works on a mathematical problem, he comes to a stage beyond which he **do not** know how to proceed, and where he is in doubt and perplexity.

does

4. When one stops being optimistic, believes that he is worthless, and stops hoping for a better future, it is only then that the moment of actual failure **happened**.

happens

• Tool → countable noun

• Equipment → uncountable noun

14. Choose the correctly spelt word

- (A) Dieting
- (B) Diating
- (C) Deiting
- (D) Daiting

15. Find out the most appropriate synonym of

Apprise

(a) **Befitting** → suitable

(b) **Esoteric** → understood or enjoyed only by people having special knowledge

(c) **Abstruse**

(d) **Acquaint** → difficult to understand, obscure

• Appraise → to assess/ evaluate

→ difficult to understand, obscure

- Apprise → to inform, aware, acquaint, instruct
↳ antonyms → puzzle, perplex, obfuscate, mystify

16. Choose the correctly spelt word

- (A) Cartilege
- (B) Cartilage
- (C) Cartelage
- (D) carteelage

17. Choose the correctly spelt word

- (A) Acacia
- (B) Accacia
- (C) Acasica
- (D) acacea

18. Choose the correctly spelt word

- (A) Desponant → despondent
- (B) Detriemental → detrimental
- (C) Diaphenous → diaphanous
- (D) Dilapidated

19. Para Jumbled

P: The main cause of global warming is the human being's careless activities.

Q: There are many causes of the global warming which affects human lives and health in many aspects.

R: Fossil fuels burning for many reasons are highh responsible to increase global warming.

S: Ever increasing human population is demanding more resources to live easy and healthy life such as land to live and for crop cultivation, technological growth for comfort and to deal with increasing temperature of atmosphere, etc.

- (a) QPSR
- (b) PQSR
- (c) RPQS
- (d) SPQR

20. Para Jumbled

P: We need to be more physically healthy and fit to win the current environmental challenges.

Q: It keeps us away from the diseases, infections and other lethal diseases by reducing extra kilos. improving the strength of muscle and bones. increasing immunity level, and maintaining the healthy functioning of our major body organs.

R: In the modern time, where pollution, global warming and other environmental issues have covered us, the importance of health and fitness has increased to a great extent.

S: It helps us to look better with lots of patience and confidence level.

- (a) PQRS
- (b) QPRS
- (c) RPQS
- (d) PRQS

Cloze Test-1

To know.....(1).....reality, the powers of the mind need to be turned back upon itself. With concentration, the mind can.....(2).....its innermost secrets, just as the darkest places reveal their secrets to the penetrating rays of light. We can then.....(3).....soul truths, whether life exists for five minutes or for.....(4)....., and whether there is a God. To go beyond the mind and our present reality, we need to use the mind itself as a tool. Patanjali, in his Hatha Yoga Pradipika, stated, "Yoga is the.....(5).....of the modifications of the mind."

1. inherent

(a) innate ↑

(b) extrinsic

(c) learned

(d) atypical ↘

not particular

2.

(a) obsess

(b) access

(c) excess

(d) recess

3.

(a) receive

(b) connive

(c) perceive

(d) costive

4.

(a) trinity

(b) aminity

(c) dignity

(d) eternity

forever ↘

5.

(a) evolution

(b) ambition

(c) bijection

(d) cessation

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes

Lecture 17

1. Find out the incorrect part

It is nothing else/ (a) than her pride, / (b) I think so./ (c) no error

but

- comparative degree (er/ more) -> than
- rather -> than
- other -> than
- No sooner -> than -> inversion
- _____ior -> to (senior to, exterior to, superior to, junior to)
- prefer(verb) -> to, Preferable(adjective)-> to
- Else -> but
- He is taller than I/ me. → subjective case is compared with subjective case
- He is senior to I/ me. → objective case is compared with objective case
followed by objective case
- More Preferable ✗ much Preferable ✓
- more senior ✗ much senior ✓
- more major ✗

2. Find out the one word for the given sentence

- the arrangement of movements for a dance performance
- a. Chorography
 - b. Epigraphy
 - c. Cartography
 - d. Palaeography
 - e. None of these

- Graphy -> writing/ designing
- Cartography -> map designing
- Choreography -> arrangement of movements for a dance performance
- Chorography -> mapping of an area
- Demography -> study of population statistics
- Demo -> people
- Epigraphy -> study and interpretation of ancient inscriptions
- Topography -> the physical characteristics of an area of land
- Lexicography -> practice of writing dictionaries
- Palaeography -> study of ancient writing systems (manuscript)
- Stratigraphy -> study of rock layers
- Calligraphy -> art of writing in beautiful hand writing
- Cacography -> bad hand writing

3. Find out the spotted part

Science has been/ (a) defined ^{as} the study/ (b) of the nature./ (d) no error (d)

- As is used with :-

regard, describe, define, treat, view, know

- As is not used with :-

name, elect, think, consider, call, appoint, make, choose, nominate, select, declare

1. I regard him my elder brother.
 ↳ as

2. He was elected as the secretary of our club.

3. The principal appointed him as a peon.

4. He thinks her as a fool.

5. She is considered as the best dancer of the town.

4. Find out the one word for the given sentence

Extreme fondness for music

- Pyromania
- Sitomania
- Hodomania
- Melonmania

• Hedon
 -> pleasure

Mania name	Obsession for
Pyromania	fire
Sitomania	eating
Hodomania	travelling
Melonmania	melons
Agromania	open space
Anthomania	flowers

Bibliomania	books
Cynomania	dogs
Demomania	idea of being possessed by evil Spirits
Dipsomania	alcohol
Dromomania	travelling
Entheomania	Religion
Ergomania	work
Hedomania	Pleasure
Hippomania	horses
Hypomania	extreme mood changes
Kleptomania	stealing
Logomania	talking
Megalomania	greatness
Melomania	music
Monomania	single thing
Mythomania	telling lies
Nostomania	homes
Nymphomania	Sex
Automania	automobiles
Phagomania	eating & craving

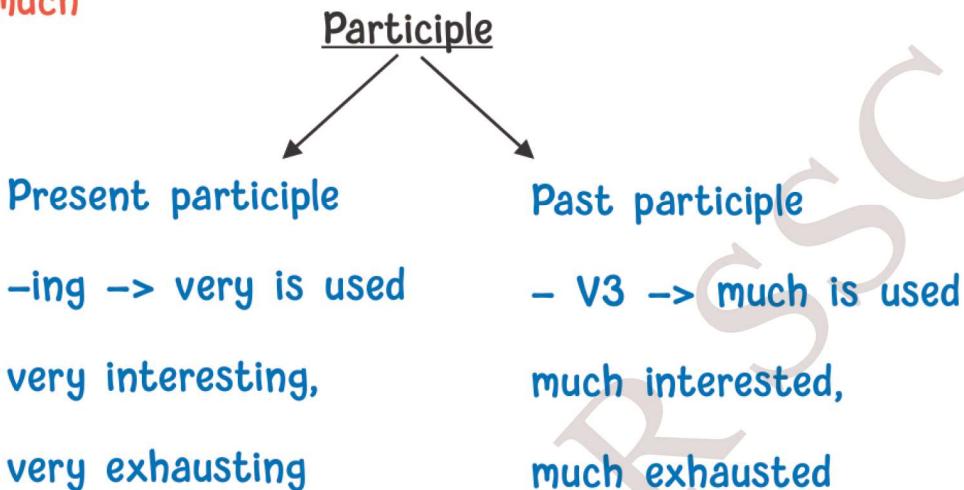
- Plutomania → obsession for wealth
- Poriomania → an irresistible impulse to run away or wander off
- Verbomania → an obsession or excessive interest in words
- Xenomania → an extreme preference for foreign things, customs, or people

- Gene → race
- Xeno → strangers/ foreigners

5. Find out the incorrect part

**When I reached / (a) the office, / (b) I was
very exhausted./ (c) no error (d)**

→ much



- Very is used with :-

fired, satisfied, delighted, contented, pleased

- Positive degree → very
- Comparative degree → much
- Superlative degree → the very or much the

1. You are **very** better now.

→ **much** ✓

2. She was **much** talented girl.

→ **very** ✓

3. She is **the much** best teacher in our school.

→ **much the** ✓

6. Voice

1. She laughed at the antics of the jester.

(a) Laughing at the antics of the jester was done by her.

(b) She herself laughs at the antics of the jester.

(c) The antics of the jester were laughed at by her.

(d) Her laughter was to the antics of the jester.

- Antique → old things

- Antics → tricks

building → to make noun

7. Choose the correct sentence among the following.

1. Character ~~build~~ should be an integral part of every aspect of schooling and learning as it equips one to find long-term solutions to life's challenges.

2. Problem-solving, decision making and conflict resolution are all important processes to develop good moral character.

3. A person operating at the pre-conventional level of moral reasoning considers any decision or ethical dilemma from the point of view of avoiding personal harm, losing or seek personal gain.

Seeking (to balance)

4. Rapid developments in modern medicine has conquered many diseases and consequently the death rate has decreased.

→ have

- forms → build built built

8. Find out the meaning of the idiom

Carry the ball

a. Carry the can → to accept one's fault

b. Carve out a niche → to be successful

c. Cast pearl before swine → to offer something valuable who is incapable of understanding its worth

d. Cat among the pigeons

e. Call the shorts

→ to be incharge

create disturbance

Narration

9. My sister **said to me**, "You **didn't help** me yesterday so I will not help you now." → told → had not helped

(a) My sister said to me that I had not helped her the day before so she would not help me then.

(b) My sister said to me that I have not helped her the day before so she would not help me now.

(c) My sister said to me that I have not helped her yesterday so she would not help me then.

(d) My sister said to me that I had not helped her yesterday so she would not help me now.

10. Choose the correct Sentence among the following.

1. Looking forward to something in anticipation is what helps us to move forward in life.

→ fundamentally

2. When the self is not enlightened, it is fundamental identified with the notion of difference, unaware of its primordial unity.

3. When we are able to stop, pause and think more about our actions, words and thoughts, we begin to see the cause and affect more clearly.

→ effect

4. We may only be here in the blink of an eye, but the way we live our lives will stay with the universe forever.

• adjective is modified by adverb.

• can able to ✗ be able to ✓

• Affect → verb, effect → noun

11. Find out the meaning of the idiom

Chapter and verse

a. Chew someone out

→ to reprimand, give a piece of one's mind

b. Cliff hanger

→ dramatic and exciting situation

c. Ins and outs

→ complete details

d. Cook someone's goose

→ spoil the plan

Narration

12. The children said, "They were busy playing thus they did not notice the stranger."

had not

(a) The children said that they had been busy playing so they have not noticed the stranger.

(b) The children said that they had been busy playing so they had not noticed the stranger.

(c) The children said that they have been busy playing so they had not noticed the stranger.

(d) The children said that they have been busy playing so they have not noticed the stranger.

13. Find out the meaning of the idiom

Couch potato

a. Crocodile tears

insincere sorrow

b. Cross one's fingers

hoping for good luck while waiting

c. Cross sword

to disagree with or oppose someone

d. Let the grass grow under one's feet

inactive, lazy person

had been

Narration

14. The family said, "We were watching TV when we heard the news."

had heard

(a) The family said that they had been watching TV when they had heard the news.

(b) The family said that they had been watching TV when they have had heard the news.

(c) The family said that they have been watching TV when they had heard the news.

(d) The family said that they have been watching TV when they have had heard the news.

Find out the synonym of

15. Arduous

- (a) Undermine
- (b) Sophisticated
- (c) Insolent
- (d) Toilsome

to weaken

rude or arrogant

- Arduous(Adjective) -> Herculean task, strenuous, onerous, laborious, tiresome
- ↳ Antonyms->facile, smooth, ease, effortless, a cake walk
- Toil -> to work hard

Narration

16. The manager said, "I will not waste any further time and start the work today itself." that day

- (a) The manager said that he would not waste any further time and start the work today itself.
- (b) The manager said that he will not waste any further time and start the work that day itself.
- (c) The manager said that he will not waste any further time and start the work today itself.
- (d) The manager said that he would not waste any further time and start the work that day itself.

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes

Lecture 18

Ques1. find out the incorrect part of the sentence:-

He walked straightly/(a) to the door and/ (b) found him there./ (c) no error (d)

straight

- Work as both adjective and adverb → straight, fast, late, enough, outright, direct, hard

1. The **fast** workers are working **fast**.
 → **adjective** → **adverb**

2. He came **late** last night.
 → **adverb** → answers when

3. He paid the **late** fee.
 → **adjective**

- Enough + noun
- adjective + enough
 ↓
 adverb

- Money enough ✗
- Kind enough ✓
- Kinder enough ✗ → adjective should be positive degree
- Helpful enough ✓
- Enough rich ✗
- Strength enough ✗
- Strong enough ✓

4. He was enough bold to face the difficulty.

Bold enough ✓

- Lately → adverb → recently

5. I have met my school teacher late/ lately, now he is very old.

6. He was punished because he came late/ lately.

- Hard → both adjective and adverb; verb + hard
- Hardly → negative adverb; hardly + verb

7. He hardly/ hard deceived anyone.

8. He works hard/ hardly so that he may pass the exam.

9. We haved saved our hardly won freedom.

hard ✓

10. We have saved our hardly earned money.

hard ✓

Ques 2. find out the correct ows:-

a) Condominium

b) Totalitarianism

c) Pantisocracy

d) kakistocracy

→ country ruled by
two countries

→ ruled by a single
Party

- cracy/ archy → rule

rule by all equally

- Autocracy → rule by single person

- Monarchy → rule by king

- Dictatorship -> autocratic government with few or no limitations
- Autocracy = absolutism = autarchy = despotism = totalitarianism
- Aristocracy -> rule by nobles
- Bureaucracy -> rule by diplomats
- Diarchy -> two party system in governance
- Gerontocracy -> rule by old people (Geron-> old, Neo -> new)
- Heirocracy/ theocracy -> rule by religious people (priests, clergy), God
- Oligarchy -> rule by few people
- Matriarchy -> rule by women; gynocracy
- Meritocracy -> rule by meritorious people
- Ochlocracy -> rule by mob, populace
- Patriarchy -> rule by men
- Plutocracy/ timocracy -> rule by rich people
- Stratocracy -> government by military forces
- Kleptocracy -> rule by people who use their power to steal their country's resources
- Red tapism -> excessive adherence to rules and regulations
 - > too much official formality
- Autonomy -> condition of self government
- Mobocracy -> rule by masses
- Secular -> not concerned with religion
- Neocracy -> government by new/ inexperienced people

- Anarchy → absence of law and order
- Anarchist → who doesn't follow law and order

3. My neighbours said, "We will not be driving this car anymore as it has become unreliable."

has
had

- (a) My neighbours said that they would not be driving that car anymore as it had become unreliable.
- (b) My neighbours said that they would not be driving that car anymore as it has become unreliable.
- (c) My neighbours said that they will not be driving that car anymore as it had become unreliable.
- (d) My neighbours said that they will not be driving that car anymore as it has become unreliable.

Ques. 4. Antonyms:-

Defunct

- (a) foretell
(b) Acerbic
(c) Novelty
(d) Bland

no longer in use

predict, foresee

bitter
(acer → bitter)

tasteless

new

- Defunct → obsolete, out of date/use, outmoded, impasse, primitive, old, antique, ancient, of past, archaic, antiquated, anachronistic, moribund(in terminal decline), Superannuated(retired with pension), extinct, bygone
- Antonyms → modern, recent, new, vogue, trendy, order of the day

Ques 5. Narration:-

My sister said to my mother, "When can I have dinner? I hardly have had anything to eat since noon today."

→ could

- (a) My sister asked my mother when she could have her dinner and said that she hardly has had anything to eat since noon that day.
- (b) My sister asked my mother when she can have her dinner and said that she hardly had had anything to eat since noon that day.
- (c) My sister asked my mother when she can have her dinner and said that she hardly has had anything to eat since noon that day.
- (d) My sister asked my mother when she could have her dinner and said that she hardly had had anything to eat since noon that day.

Ques. 6. find correct meaning of the given idiom:-

Cut the gardian knot

a) Cut short → stop abruptly

b) Cut corners

c) Cuckoo in the nest → unwelcome intruder

d) Cut a sorry figure

e) A hard nut to crack → a difficult problem

to do something inefficiently to cut time or money

give a poor performance

→ solve problem in a direct or forceful way

Ques. 7. find the correct statement:-

1. Our thought ~~have~~ ^{has} a direct impact on our body and hence they crucially affect our emotional and physical well-being too.

2. When you drink the sweet coconut water, it is a metaphor for experiencing joy within, free of ego and other hassles.

3. ~~Much~~ ^{many} believe that if you are modern you should not be religious, and vice versa; can't spirituality and modernity coexist?

4. Why is it that they can develop only a certain aspect of ~~there~~ ^{their} life and not realize their full potential?

Ques. 10 find correct meaning of the idiom:-

Drop names

- a) Drop like flies → die in large numbers
- b) Dog in the manger → prevent others from enjoying selfishly
- c) Dog days
- d) Devil's advocate
- Mention the names of famous person

→ hottest part of summers → july to September

Ques 11. find the correct statement:-

1. If the sun and moon were balanced, which means if heat and cold are in equilibrium, the person is healthy.

2. The king, along with all his soldiers was received with due honour by the poor men.

3. Everyone ~~are~~ ^{is} requested to attend the dinner party hosted by the party President.

4. The growth in India is amazing, the growth from 140 million connections in 2005 to 181 million connections now is very impressed.

^{impressive}

• Dry these boots in sun.

^{no article}

means sunlight

Ques. 12. find out the synonym:-

Proximity

nearness, juxtapose, adjacent(to),

adjoining, beside, closeness,

bordering, approximal,

conterminous

- (a) Abut
- (b) Thrilled
- (c) Gay
- (d) Jaded

tired, enervated, exhausted, fatigue, weary

- Antonyms of proximity → distant, separate, remoteness, aloofness
- Remote chances → less chances, remote places → distant places
- Contiguous → adjacent, Contagious → that can spread

Ques. 11. Voice:-

→ IIInd form → was hit

The hammer **hit** the nail on its head.

- (a) Hitting of the nail was done by the hammer on its head.
- (b) On its head the nail has had been hit by the hammer.
- (c) Hammering the head of the nail was done.
- (d) **The nail was hit by the hammer on its head.**

12. find out the correctly spelt word:-

(A) Anallysis

(B) Ancient

(C) Embracable

(D) Temporory

analysis

embraceable

temporary, transient,
fleeting

Ques 13. Voice change:-

Six square faces join **to make** a cube.

non-finite verb

object

- (a) Joining of six square faces is done to make a cube.
- (b) Making of cube is done by joining six square faces.
- (c) faces which are square are joined by to make a cube.
- (d) **A cube is made by joining six square faces.**

14. find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) Xenthoma
- (B) Xanthomia
- (C) Xanthoma
- (D) xantheom

→ yellow patches on skin

15. find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) Magnificent
- (B) Magnificant
- (C) Magnificient
- (D) magneficent

• School is a group of learners/ scholars.

17. find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) Acadimic
- (B) Accademic
- (C) Academic
- (D) academic

18. find out the correctly spelt word

- (A)Carriege
- (B) Cariage
- (C) Carriage
- (D) carrege

19. find out the correctly spelt word

- (A)Dissemmination
- (B) Dissemination
- (C) Dessemination
- (D) Disemimation

→ spread

20. find out the correctly spelt word

- (A) facility
 - (B) facitious
 - (C) fahrenheit
 - (D) fainte
- facility
- facetious
- faint

Ques 21.

P: We can not only see the beauty of nature in the form of floral and faunal diversity, but can also experience peace in the sylvan surroundings.

Q: A dense collection of trees, plants and other vegetation makes up a forest.

R: Forests are home to a great variety of wildlife such as animals, birds, reptiles and insects.

S: forests are beautiful natural settings where we can go and experience nature in its splendid expression.

- (a) QRSP
- (b) PQRS
- (c) QSRP
- (d) SRPQ

Ques 22.

P: Honesty is an important principle that must govern our lives.

Q: Honesty is reflected in our words and deeds.

R: When we speak the truth we state the facts as they are.

S: We may find it convenient to avoid telling the truth, but if we are honest we should say the truth whatever may be the repercussions.

- (a) SRQP
- (b) SPQR
- (c) QRPS
- (d) PQRS

• Necessary pair → PQ

• To nip in the bud → destroy at an early stage

Very simply, a checklist is a list of items required, things to be done or points to be considered, used as a reminder. This is clear. Is the.....
 (1).....implication equally clear? Perhaps not. A checklist is purely objective, no... (2)....is involved. That means, if the checklist is framed as a set..... (3).....questions, the answer to every question can only be a binary "Yes" .(4)..... "No" and nothing in between; no shades of grey. Such objectivity is the very antithesis of the education system today, both in the way teaching happens and in the.....(5).....of the student.

1.
 (a) consequences
 (b) consequence
 ✓ (c) consequential
 (d) consequentially
- ✓ adjective
2.
 (a) subjectiveness
 (b) subjective
 ✓ (c) subjectivity
 (d) subjects
- ✓ noun
3.
 ✓ (a) of
 (b) off
 (c) for
 (d) from
4.
 ✓ (a) and
 (b) or
 (c) but
 (d) also
5.
 ✓ (a) evaluative
 (b) evaluate
 ✓ (c) evaluable
 ✓ (d) evaluation
- adj
 verb
 adj
 noun

Of the three activities of thought, word and deed, perhaps thought is the most.....(1).....and powerful force, for it is the.....(2).....of the other two. Success is achieved twice, once in the mind and the second time in the real world. No matter in whose mind thought occurs, its laser-like energy seeks a target. That's why we give so much importance to.....(3)....., seeking divine blessings before.....(4).....on any project as we know that positive thinking is a strong force that can be.....(5).....for the welfare and success of all.

1.
(a) potent → (+) ve
(b) fragile
(c) ineffective
(d) disabled

2.
(a) sponsor
(b) precursor
(c) sensor
(d) spoiler

3.
(a) fiction
(b) affection
(c) invocation → invitation
(d) construction

4.
(a) dismantling
(b) getting off
(c) concluding
(d) embarking → to get on ship

5.
(a) released
(b) harnessed
(c) indulgence
(d) liberated

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes

Lecture 19

1. Fill in the blanks

They were blesseda healthy baby.

- a. Of
- ✓b. With**
- c. To
- d. For

- die of diseases
- suffer from diseases
- quarrel over something
- differ from → different
- deal in something

- 'With' is used with:-

- pleased, satisfied, contented, dissatisfied, displeased, discontented
- differ with someone, associate, agree with somebody, angry with somebody, deal with someone
- annoyed with somebody, blessed with children, false with a person or thing
- ill with diseases, moved with pity, gifted, endowed, contemporary, contrasted, acquaintance, comparison with similar things, enmity, equality, quarrel with someone, sympathy with/for a person, alliance, dealing, intimacy, relationship, partnership, relations
- compare, compete with a person, correspond, comply, sympathize, cope, coincide, dispense, with patience

2. find antonym:-

Chivalrous

daring, dauntless, intrepid, bold, audacious, gallant, valiant, courageous, lion-hearted fellow

(a) Scarcity

✓b) Craven

coward, chicken-hearted fellow

(c) Multitude

numerous

(d) Radiant

bright

- Antonyms → modest, meek, frightened, coward, submissive

3. Find out the incorrect part of the given sentence

You have acted/ (a) nobler than/(b) all of us./ (c) no error (d)

more nobly than

comparative degree
of adverb of manner

- Answer to 'how' → adverb of manner
- Attribute of degrees → in Adjective and adverb
- Degrees of adverb:-

Positive degree	Comparative degree	Superlative degree
Slowly	more slowly	most slowly
fast	faster	faster
Quickly	more quickly	most quickly
Rapidly	more rapidly	most rapidly

1. My mother works very quicker than I at embroidery.
more quickly ✓

Adjective →	quick	quicker	quickest
Adverb →	quickly	more quickly	most quickly

2. I told her as blunt as I could but she was not convinced.
bluntly ✓

3. She did this work as good as she could do.
well (adverb)✓

as positive degree as

- Smell, feel, taste, sound, be, become, look, seem, appear, get, grow, keep, make, prove, turn → needs an adjective not an adverb

4. This fruit tasted more sweetly than any other fruit.
sweeter ✓

5. It smells badly.
bad ✓

6. He feels badly.
bad ✓

7. He felt happily to learn that she had got a decent job.
happy ✓

4. Find out the correct one word for the given sentence

One who likes to travel the whole world.

- a. Xenophile
- b. Warmonger
- c. Globe trotter
- d. Gourmet

- phile → lover
- Cosmopolitan → who considers the whole world as home
- Warmonger → who wants to start the war and encourages it
- Pacifist → peace maker
- Xenophile → lover of foreign people, cultures or customs
- Gourmet → who enjoys food and knows a lot about it
- Bibliophile → lover of books

- Bibliologist -> lover of knowledge
- Carnivore -> who eats flesh
- Cannibal -> Eater of its own species
- Connoisseur -> a person who knows a lot about art, good food, music, etc.
- Dendrophile -> lover of trees
- Epicurean -> a person devoted to sensual enjoyment, especially from fine food and drink
- Glutton -> who eats too much, gourmand
- Glut -> excess
- Hippophile -> lover of horses
- Stable -> place where horses are kept
- Equine -> like a horse
- Jockey -> professional horse rider
- Cavalry -> army on horses
- Mercenary -> interested only in money, fighters who fight for money
- Sinecure -> position requiring little or no work but gives financial benefits
- Honorary -> not paid
- Menial -> low pay, high work
- Materialistic -> concerned with material possessions
- Nomad -> who moves from place to place with animals and doesn't settle, vagrant, vagabond, wanderer

- Narcissist -> who has an excessive interest in self admiration
- Paedophile -> who is sexually attracted to children
- Bellicose -> lover of fight, belligerent
- Theist -> believer of God
- Philanthropist -> lover of mankind
- Xenophobia -> fear of foreign people or customs
- Zoophile -> who is sexually attracted to animals
- Sanctuary -> place where birds or animals are protected from being hunted
- Menagerie -> a collection of wild animals kept in captivity for exhibition

5. Select the correct sentence among the following.

1. The Delhi Police organized a mega function at the Thayagaraj Stadium to promote 'self defence training' for women and girls.

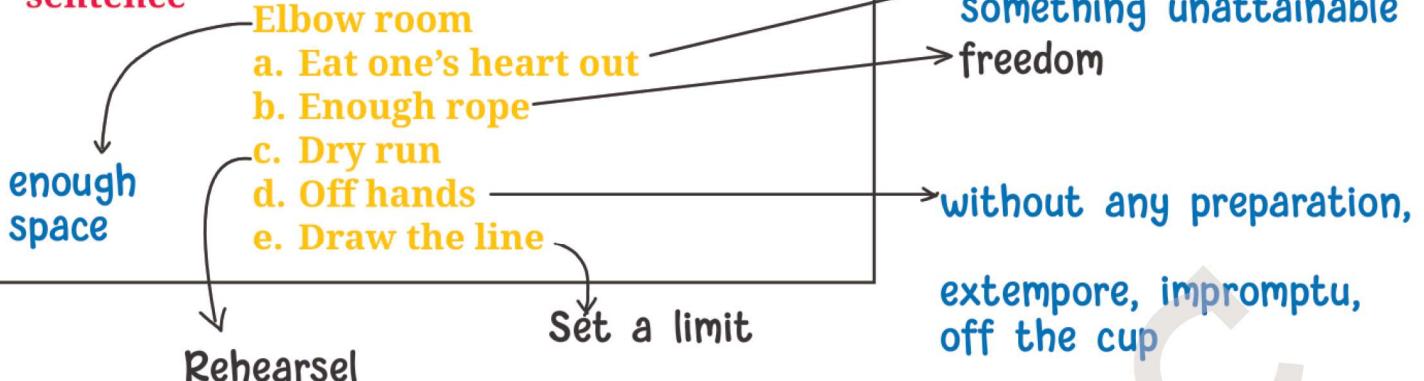
2. All they need to do is feed their contact details, feed the IMEI number to receiving an OTP on their mobile.

3. So, the next time you are eating sushi, you exactly know what to do with that extra wasabi that have come along.

4. This is the first car for our neighbourhood Mr Sharma who has a hard time balancing his wife and kids on his old scooter.

- be + V1 ×
- be + V(ing) -> continuous tense
- Be + V3 -> passive voice

6. Find out the correct one word for the given sentence



Ans → None of the Above

7. Select the correct sentence among the following.

1. This is a strange world where each one pursues their own golden bubble and laughs at others for doing the same. → his
2. Judaism says spirituality is a process of personal transformation, involving values and beliefs that provides purpose and guidance for our living. → provide
3. In an imperfect world with not-so-perfect people and institutions, you have to play your role the best you can, take as many as you can along with you, with empathy and a bit of loving detachment. → and take
4. Earth's resources have to be protected and sustained and we need to share our resources across species as we all are interconnected as one giant living organism.

- Each one → singular

8. find synonyms:-

Soar

- a) Proliferate → rapid increase, boost, Burgeon, mushroom
- b) Encroach → intrude in someone's property
- c) Usurp → to take someone's power illegally
- d) Seize → confiscate

- Plummet → rapid decrease in prices

- Antonyms of soar → dwindle, ebb, attenuate, wane

Escalate – to increase rapidly
Skyrocket – to rise extremely quickly
Surge – to rise suddenly and powerfully
Proliferate – to increase rapidly in number or spread
Mount – to increase or rise steadily
Aggrandize – to make something appear greater or increase in power/wealth (used more abstractly)

9. Find out the correct one word for the given sentence

Fish in the troubled water

- a. Fight shy of _____ → ignore confrontation
- b. Few and far between _____ → rarely, once in a blue moon
- c. Fight to the bitter end _____ → fight till end
- d. To get advantage of a troubled situation _____
- e. Fight tooth and nail _____ → fight with great ferocity

- Queer fish → strange, outlandish
- fish out of water → uncomfortable situation
- Drink like fish → excessive alcohol consumption, inebriated

Find out the incorrect part

10. Pankaj wants to teach/ (a) his daughter in Chistian school/ (b) but he is **very** poor to teach her in such a school./ (c) no error (d)

too ✓

- too → unpleasant adjective
 - very → pleasant Adjective
 - so_____that followed by couldn't, shouldn't
1. He is too rich to pay his fee.
 very ✓

1. He is too happy to meet me.
very ✓
2. He was very tired that he couldn't run anymore.
too ✓
3. He is very hopeless to pass the exam.
too ✓
4. He is too optimistic to pass the exam.
very ✓

11. Find out the synonym of

Exotic _____

→ alien, foreigner, outsider, stranger,
emigrant

- (a) Outlandish**
(b) Roving
(c) Vagrant
(d) Wanderer

→ vagrant

- Immigrant → a person who has come into a foreign country
to live there permanently
- Migr → migrate
- Transmigration → movement of the soul from one body to another
- Antonyms of exotic → native, citizen, resident, occupant, indigenous, aborigines

Exogenous - originating externally

Extraneous - irrelevant or unrelated
to the subject; also means "coming
from outside"

Nonindigenous - not native to a
particular place

Allochthonous - originating in a place other than where it is found (used in geology/ecology)

Outlandish - foreign or unfamiliar, often strange

12. find out the incorrect part:-

Madu is on a good term/(a) with Radha because/(b) latter is
rather intelligent./^{fairly}(c) no error (d)

- Rather -> unpleasant adjective, rather + very ×

- fairly -> pleasant adjective

____ fairly ____ smart, ____ fairly ____ beautiful

____ rather ____ dull, ____ rather ____ dirty

1. It was ____ rather ____ hot so we could not go out.

2. The coffee was fairly ____ hot. So we enjoyed it.

3. She is fairly ____ very talented.

4. Rahul was fairly ____ tall so he was selected.

13. Find out the correct one word for the given sentence

Feel one's collar

a. Feel one's pulse

b. Feeding frenzy

c. Feather one's own nest

✓. pick someone up

arrest

to try and gauge someone's opinion on a particular matter

make money in selfish way

- Rat race -> a competitive or stressful lifestyle,

cut throat competition

14. Find out the synonym of

Rancour

→ disdain, loathsome, abomination, detest

(a) bitterness

(b) Revoke

(c) Annul

(d) Quash

→ to cancel

- Antonyms of rancour → penchant, affinity, proclivity

Acrimony - biting sharpness or bitterness of feeling.

Animadversion - harsh criticism or censure (can imply underlying hostility).

Antipathy - a deep-seated feeling of aversion or dislike.

Odium - general or widespread hatred or disgust.

Malevolence - the state of having or showing a desire to harm others.

Virulence - extreme bitterness or hostility (also used for disease severity).

Malignity - intense ill will or hatred; extreme malice.

Spitefulness - a desire to annoy, hurt, or offend someone.

Enmity - the state or feeling of being actively opposed or hostile.

Gall - bold, impudent behavior; also, bitterness or resentment (in an older, poetic sense).

- Spite → jealous

15. Para Jumbled

P: The word 'media' is derived from the word medium, signifying mode or carrier.

Q: Media is intended to reach and address a large target group or audience.

R: In today's world, media becomes as essential as our daily needs.

S: The word was first used in respect of books and newspapers i.e. print media and with the advent of technology, media now encompasses television, movies, radio and internet.

(a) PSQR

(b) SQRP

(c) SPQR

(d) SRQP

- Necessary pair → PS

16. Para Jumbled

P: When you read a book you are focusing your attention on the conceptual ideas in the book.

Q: Self awareness is developed through practices in focusing your attention on the details of your personality and behaviour which isn't learned from reading a book.

R: You can develop an intellectual understanding of the ideas of self awareness from a book, but this is not the same.

S: With your attention in a book you are practicing not paying attention to your own behaviour, emotions and personality.

- (a) SQPR
- (b) QPSR**
- (c) PQRS
- (d) PRSQ

- Necessary pair → QP

17. Change the Narration

Rohit said, "I take a bath daily with cold water."

- (a) Rohit says that he were taking a bath daily with cold water.
- (b) Rohit said that he has had been taking a bath daily with cold water.
- (c) Rohit said that he is taking a bath daily with cold water.
- (d) Rohit said that he took a bath daily with cold water.**

18. Change the Voice

1. People drink champagne on New Year's Eve.

- (a) Drinking of champagne is done on New Year's Eve.
- (b) New Year's Eve was the day when People drank Champagne.
- (c) People on Eve of New Year drink champagne.
- (d) Champagne is drunk on New Year's Eve.**

Cloze Test

We all experience and understand that the current times are not very safe in general. One has to be on a.....(1).....guard against unfriendly elements. As we move towards the Golden Age on the planet, a.....(2)..... of negative forces have surfaced.

It is by bringing them to the surface that the divine forces can put them to an end. It is like the.....(3).....that surfaces when we boil sugar in water, which is ready to be removed from the top so that what we get is sugar solution.....(4).....of all the impurities. This process of cleansing our planet by the universal forces, however, will take some time. Till then, we have to.....(5)..... these negativities around us.

1.

- (a) constant
- (b) varying
- (c) terminable
- (d) fickle

2.

- (a) handful
- (b) multitude
- (c) little
- (d) portion

3.

- (a) assets
- (b) base
- (c) core
- (d) scum

unpleasant substance

4.

- (a) full
- (b) sufficient
- (c) devoid
- (d) sated

5.

- (a) refuse
- (b) throw away
- (c) bear
- (d) shun

English PYQ SERIES PART -1 Notes



Lecture 20

1. The child drew/ (a) **beautifully** a picture/(b) in my office last Sunday./ (c) no error (d)

(adverb of time) (Obj) place) adverb of manner

- Ans of how a verb is done -> adverb of manner
- Verb -> What/ Whom -> object
- Object + adverb of manner + place(ascending order) + time
-> The child drew a picture beautifully in my office last Sunday.

1. She told clearly everything yesterday in the court.

She told everything clearly in the court yesterday.

2. Indian Team defeated in Dubai Pakistan team bravely.

Indian team defeated Pakistan team bravely in Dubai.

3. He lives there peacefully forever.

He lives peacefully there forever.

4. I shall reach soon there.

I shall reach there soon.

5. He performed on the stage with confidence in the evening.

He performed with confidence on the stage in the evening.

- Preposition+ Noun/ pronoun -> ✓
- Preposition+ adverb ×



6. She was born in UP at Kanpur on 25th March at 6 o'clock in 1993.

She was born at Kanpur in UP at 6 o'clock on 25th March in 1993.

(Adverbs in ascending order)

7. We got freedom on the 15th August at 12 noon in 1947.

We got freedom at 12 noon on the 15th August in 1947.

8. He was sitting in the park on a bench.

He was sitting on a bench in the park.

Choose the correct sentence.

1. Terminals are locations where passengers and freight can be transferred from one vehicle or mode to **others**.

→ **another✓**

(one-another)✓

2. Public attention in the developed world has recently focused on asthma because of its rapidly increasing prevalence, **affecting** up to one in four urban children.

→ **affecting✓**

3. In Spiritualism, it is a part of services to communicate with **life** personalities in the spirit world.

→ **living✓**

4. In Marxist philosophy, the bourgeoisie **are** the social class that came to own the means of production during industrialization.

→ **were✓**

- Where → place

- Because → conjunction,

- When → time

- followed by a statement

- Effect → noun

- Because of → Preposition,

- Affect → verb

- followed by a phrase

- Abstract noun → no article if indefinite

- Bourgeoisie → middle class

Find out the one word for the given sentence

That happens time after time

- a. Decennial → in 10 years
- b. Centennial → in 100 years
- c. Perennial
- d. Biennial

- ennial → year
- Bi/di → two
- Tri/ terce → three
- Tetra/ quad → four
- Penta/ quinque → five
- Sexa/ hexa → six
- Hepta/ septua → seven
- Octa → eight
- Nona → nine
- Deca → ten
- Cent → hundred
- Annual → happens once a year
- Biannual → happens twice in a year (6 months)
- Biennial → happens once in two years
- Triennial → happens once in three years
- Quadrennial → happens once in four years
- Quinquennial → happens once in five years

- Sexennial -> happens once in six years
- Septennial -> happens once in seven years
- Octennial -> happens once in eight years
- Decennial -> happening once in ten years
- Century -> time period of 100 years
- Centenary/ Centennial -> 100th anniversary
- Centenarian -> a person who is 100 years old
- Semi Centennial -> 50th anniversary
- Sesquicentennial -> 150th anniversary
- Bicentennial -> 200th anniversary
- Tercentennial -> 300th anniversary
- Tetra Centennial -> 400th anniversary
- Teenager/adolescent -> between age of 13–19 years
- Sexagenarian -> person of 60 (60–69) years age
- Come of age -> mature
- Septuagenarian -> whose age is in the seventies (70–79)
- Octogenarian -> one who is in eighties (80–89)
- Nonagenarian -> of age 90–99
- Millenium -> time period of thousand years
- Celibacy -> state of being unmarried and leading austere life

Find out the meaning of the given idiom

Explore every avenue

→ pretence or deception

a. Eye wash

→ timid, craven

b. Faint hearted

c. Fair and square

d. Look high and low

→ just, honest and right

→ move heaven to earth

leave no stone unturned

Choose the correct sentence.

1. An atom is ~~a~~ smallest constituent unit of ordinary matter that ~~has the~~ properties of a chemical element.

2. Unlike a liquid, a solid object ~~do~~ not flow to take on the shape of its container.

3. Sulphur, while usually polycrystalline, may also occur ~~of~~ other allotropic forms with completely different properties.

✓ 4. Metals can be hammered or press permanently out of shape without breaking or cracking.

Find out the meaning of the given idiom

Fall into line

→ to retreat

a. Fall back

✓ b. Conform to rules

c. Fall short of

d. Fat chance

fall flat

disbelief that something will happen

having no effect

change the voice

1. I would have kept your bicycle here if you had left it with me.

- (a) Your bicycle would have been kept here if you had left it with me.
- (b) Keeping of your bicycle would have been done by me if you had left it.
- (c) If you had left it with me I would have kept your bicycle there.
- (d) Your bicycle would be kept there if you have left it with me.

- Modal + have + V3(active) → modal + have been + V3(passive)
- Modal + V1 (active) → modal + be + V3 (passive)

Change the voice

2. He had kept up his training regimen for a month.

- (a) Keeping up the training regimen had been done by him for a month.
- (b) For a month he has had been keeping his training regimen.
- (c) He is training and this has been kept for a month.
- (d) His training regimen had been kept up by him for a month.

Change the narration

1. He said to his partner, "You ~~have~~^{had} to share the responsibilities if you want to share the profits."

- (a) He told his partner that he had to share the responsibilities if he wanted to share the profits.
- (b) He told his partner that he has to share the responsibilities if he wanted to share the profits.
- (c) He tells his partner that he had to share the responsibilities if he wanted to share the profits.
- (d) He told his partner that he has to share the responsibilities if he wants to share the profits.

Rapture synonym antonym:-

- a. Elation → happiness
- b. Virtually → not real
- c. Verbatim → word for word
- d. Distress → sad

- Bohemian → socially unconventional person
 - Rapture → elation, exultation, bliss, ecstasy, felicity, euphoria, beatitude, delirium, exhilaration
- Antonyms → woe, grief, melancholy, distress

Dreary synonym

- a. Boldness
 - b. Bleak** → cold, empty and grey
 - c. Temerity
 - d. Uncertainty → extremely confident behaviour considered rude
- not certain or confirm

- Bleak → dismal, gloomy, chilly, dreary

→ Antonyms → bright, pleasant, balmy, cheerful

Voracity meaning:-

- a) Straighten
- b) Cupidity**
- c) Unequivocal → clear, Pellucid, lucid, explicit
- d) Nebulous → unclear, cloudy

- Ver = true, veracity(ਵਰਿ) → truthfulness

- Vor = eat, voracious → who eats a lot

- Voracity → Cupidity, avarice, greed

→ Antonyms → liberality, magnanimity, munificent

Ques. The old man wrote/ (a) **clearly something**/ (b) before going to court./ (c) no error (d)

→ something clearly

1. The child drew a picture beautifully last night. ✓

2. He wrote a letter nicely. ✓

3. He nicely wrote a letter. ✓

4. He wrote nicely a letter. ✗

5. He ran slowly. ✓

6. He slowly ran. ✗

7. He treated the patients carefully. ✓

8. He treated the patients **with carefully**. ✗

• Subject + Transitive verb + Object + adverb of manner ✓

• Subject + adverb of manner + transitive verb + object ✓

• Transitive verb + adverb of manner + object ✗

• Intransitive verb + adverb of manner ✓

Ques. Barking dogs seldom bite.

a) Hardly

b) Scarcely

c) Rarely

d) Barely

e) None of these

- Negative adverbs of frequency → never(nothing), seldom, hardly,
scarcely, Rarely, barely (almost nothing)

- Subject + adverb of frequency + verb ✓
- Subject + helping verb + adverb of frequency + main verb ✓
- Positive adverbs of frequency → often, always, ever, sometimes

1. She goes often to the temple.

She often goes to the temple.

2. You seldom are late for meeting.

You are seldom late for meeting.

3. You always are complaining.

You are always complaining.

Ques. She has/ (a) got some/ (b) confident./ (c) no error (d)

- confident → Adjective
- Determiner + noun ✓
- Some → adjective, somewhat → adverb

confidence ✓ (needs noun)

somewhat confident ✓

1. You have somewhat confidence.

some✓

adjective

2. We play the games outdoor with our friends.

outdoors✓

3. We like to play indoor game. adverb

indoor✓

Para Jumbled

P: Most often, the things in this list are forgotten by us or taken for granted, as we continue to interact with the world on a daily basis.

Q: The gratitude list is a list of those things that we have and that we are grateful for.

R: A simple gratitude list would go thus: I am grateful for being alive, that I have a roof over my head and can afford two square meals, that I have work, that I am earning, that I don't have any major disease etc.

S: This list is endless, and we can all keep adding our own small or big personal items to the list.

- (a) PQRS
- (b) QPRS
- (c) PRQS
- (d) PQSR

- Mandatory pair → QP

Para Jumbled

P: Therefore, these are products of the thinking by sages and not products of every man's nature.

Q: A person's behaviour evolves through conscious evolution.

R: When a potter pounds the clay and makes a vessel, it is the product of the artisan's activity, not of his nature.

S: The sages observed activities and gathered ideas and thoughts, and thereafter introduced principles of propriety and righteousness and instituted laws and systems.

- (a) PQRS
- (b) PSQR
- (c) PRQS
- (d) QRSP

Cloze Test

India handled the problem of the cat preying on goats, sheep, donkeys and other animals by roping....(1)....communities in conservation, and compensating them for any losses. An insurance programme in....

(2)....residents of a part of Spiti Valley in Himachal Pradesh... (3)....also worked well. New research.....(4).....that even when wild prey is available, the attacks on livestock by snow leopards have.....(5).....been on the rise.

1.
 (a) into
 (b) in
 (c) on
 (d) inside

2.
 (a) which
 (b) when
 (c) what
 (d) whereas

3.
 (a) participation
 (b) participate
 (c) participative
 (d) participated

for something

4.
 (a) indicates ↑
 (b) indicate
 (c) indicatable
 (d) indication
5.
 (a) cumulative ————— adjective
 (b) cumulativeness ————— noun
 (c) cumulation ————— noun
 (d) cumulatively ————— adverb

singular present verb

past

- Rope in → actively engaging and including