

lecture #7:-

Ex P44:-

Do 1-50 P43-45. Exercise.

Q25:- All (your friends) (are perfect).

For all x , x is your friend, x is perfect.
 $P(x)$.

$\forall x, P(x)$.

$x \in$ Set of your friends.

$x \in \{ \text{your friends} \}$.

$P(x) = x$ is perfect.

Not everyone is perfect.

Not. (For all x , x is person, x is perfect).
true that

$\neg (\forall x P(x))$

$\exists x \neg P(x)$

$x \in \{ \text{persons} \}$.

$P(x) = x$ is perfect.

Standard form = Quantifier + Subject + Predicate.

Q19:- (a) $\exists x P(x)$

$x \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

$$= P(1) \vee P(2) \vee P(3) \vee P(4) \vee P(5).$$

$$\begin{aligned} (f) \quad & \neg \forall x P(x). \\ &= \exists x \neg P(x). \\ &= \neg P(1) \vee \neg P(2) \vee \neg P(3) \vee \neg P(4) \vee \neg P(5). \end{aligned}$$

$$Q30):- \quad \exists P(x, z) \quad x, y \in \{1, 2, 3\}.$$

$$P(1, 3) \vee P(2, 3) \vee P(3, 3).$$

Q34:- No one can keep secret.

It is not the case ^{that} for all x , x is a person, x can keep secret.

$$\begin{aligned} & \neg (\forall x P(x)) \\ &= \exists x \neg P(x). \end{aligned}$$

$x \in \{ \text{person} \}$
 $P(x) = x \text{ can keep secret.}$

Nested Quantifier. $\forall x \forall y P(x, y).$ $x, y \in \{1, 2, \dots, N\}.$

$$\forall x \exists y P(x, y).$$

Ex2, Ex3. P47 P48 (HW).

Ex4:- P48. Let $Q(x, y) = x + y = 0.$

$$\exists y \forall x Q(x, y) = ? \quad F \quad x, y \in \mathbb{R}.$$

$$\forall x \exists y Q(x, y) = ? \quad T.$$

$5, -5, 2, 0, 5.5, -0.5.$

Ex 5

$$Q(x, y, z) = x + y = z$$

"سب"

$$\forall x \forall y \exists z Q(x, y, z) = ? \quad T$$

$$x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}.$$

$$\exists z \forall x \forall y Q(x, y, z) = ? \quad F$$

Compound predicates Conversions.

$$\text{Ex 9:- } \forall x (C(x)) \vee \exists y (C(y) \wedge P(x, y)).$$

for all x , x has a Computer OR.

$C(x)$ = x has Computer.

there exist y , y has a Computer and.

$P(x, y)$ = x and y are friends.

x & y are friends.

$\exists y \in \{ \text{Students in your class} \}.$

Ex 11:-

PS1

"If a person is a female and is a parent then this person is Someone's mother".

if for all x , x is a person, x is a female and x is a parent then

$$x, y \in \{ \text{person} \}.$$

there exist y , such that x is the mother of y .

$f(x)$ = x is a female.
 $p(x)$ = " " " Parent.

$$\forall x (f(x) \wedge p(x)) \rightarrow \exists y M(x, y).$$

$M(x, y)$ = x is a mother of y .

Everyone has some friend.

for all x , x is a person, there exist y , such that
 x is a friend of y .

$$\forall x \exists y P(x, y).$$

$x, y \in \text{person?}$
 $F(x, y) = x \text{ is a friend of } y.$

Q11:- Every student has asked Professor Gross a question.

PSS

for all x , x is a student, x has asked prof. Gross a question

$x \in \text{Student?}$

$Q(x) = x \text{ has asked prof. Gross a question.}$

HW.
 p 54-58.

Ex

Q2-50

Q29:-

$$P(x, y) = x + y = y.$$

$$\exists x \forall y P(x, y) = ? \quad T$$

$x, y \in \mathbb{R}.$

$\exists x = \text{أبى}$
 $\forall x = \text{أبى}$

Summary Questions.

- 1- System Consistency.
- 2- Know Knights.
- 3- Converse, Inverse, Contra.
- 4- Arguments. (le 8-9-10).
- 5- Quantifiers. (Nested).

Quiz #4.

① \exists "there is" \neg (no) one, who can fool $P(x, y) = x \text{ can fool } y.$

① "There is no one, who can fool everybody."

$F(x, y) \rightarrow x$ can fool y .

$x, y \in \{ \text{persons} \}$.

Simplified Expression Required.

② "No one can fool himself/herself".

