

SOFTWARE DESIGN & ARCHITECTURE

(Lecture-1)

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CONTENT

- 1. Intro to Software Design and Architecture,
- 2. Brief overview of Software Engineering Phases,
- 3. Software Design Process,
- 4. Difference between Design and Architecture,
- 5. Problems in Software Development

Software can have huge impact in any aspect of our society

WHERE CAN WE FIND SOFTWARE?





SOME POPULAR ONES...



SOME POPULAR ONES...



Google Search

I'm Feeling Lucky

اردو :Google.com.pk offered in

AND EVEN IN...





CONCLUSION

Software is almost everywhere!!!

SOFTWARE APPLICATIONS

- ✓ Personal Computer Software
- ✓ Business Software
- ✓ System Software
- ✓ Real Time Software
- ✓ Engineering & Scientific Software
- ✓ Embedded Software
- ✓ Web Based Software
- ✓ Artificial Intelligence Software

PROBLEMS IN SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Common issues

- The final software does not fulfill the needs of the customer
- Hard to extend and improve: if you want to add a functionality later its mission impossible
- Bad documentation
- Bad quality: frequent errors, hard to use, ...
- More time and costs than expected

A clever person solves a problem.

A wise person avoids it.

- Albert Einstein

SOLUTION

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

SE HISTORY

- SE introduced first in 1968 conference about "software crisis" when the introduction of third generation computer hardware led more complex software systems then before.
- Early approaches based on informal methodologies leading to
- Need for new methods and techniques to manage the production of complex software.

WHAT IS SOFTWARE ENGINEERING?

Systematic approach for developing software

 Methods and techniques to develop and maintain quality software to solve problems.

 Study of the <u>principles</u> and <u>methodologies</u> for developing and maintaining software systems.

WHAT IS SOFTWARE?

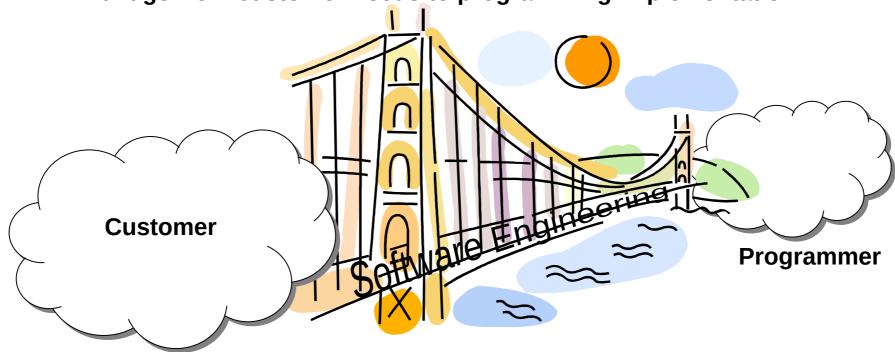
According to the IEEE

Software is:

"Computer programs, procedures, and possibly associated documentation and data pertaining to the operation of a computer system".

THE ROLE OF SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

A bridge from customer needs to programming implementation

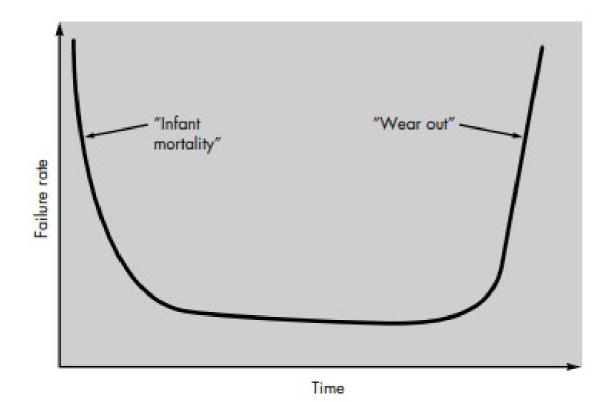


First law of software engineering

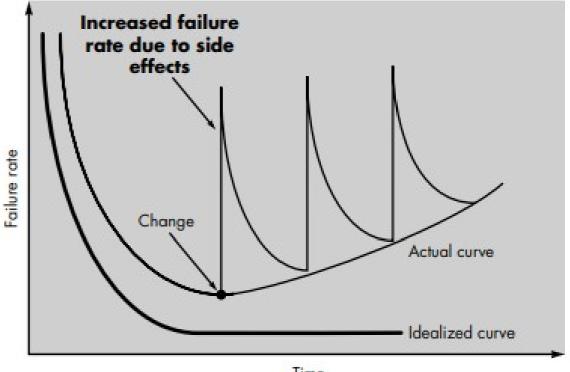
Software engineer is willing to learn the problem domain (problem cannot be solved without understanding it first)

HARDWARE VS SOFTWARE

Failure curve for hardware



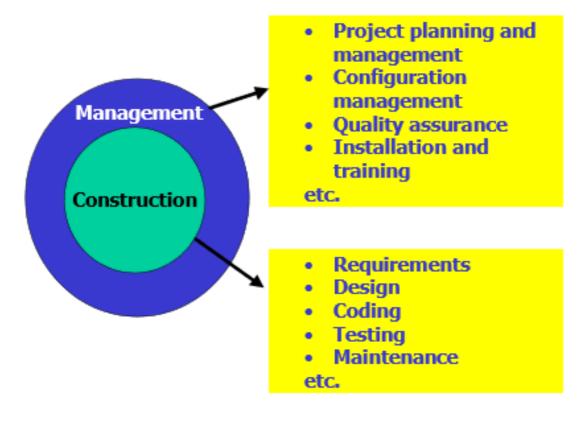
Idealized and actual failure curves for software



Time

WHAT ARE THE ATTRIBUTES OF GOOD SOFTWARE?

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT



SOFTWARE ENGINEERING PHASES

- Definition: What?
- Development: How?
- Maintenance: Managing change
- Umbrella Activities: Throughout lifecycle

DEFINITION

REQUIREMENTS DEFINITION AND ANALYSIS

Developer must understand

- Application domain
- Required functionality
- Required performance
- User interface

DEFINITION (CONT.)

- Project planning
 - Allocate resources
 - Estimate costs
 - Define work tasks
 - Define schedule

- System analysis
 - Allocate system resources to
 - Hardware
 - Software
 - Users

DEVELOPMENT

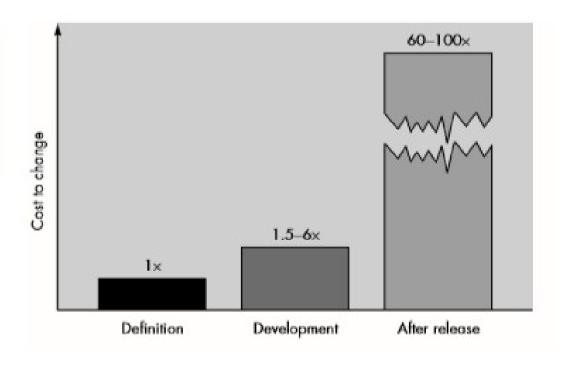
SOFTWARE DESIGN

- User interface design
- High-level design
 - Define modular components
 - Define major data structures
- Detailed design/Low level Design
 - Define algorithms and procedural detail

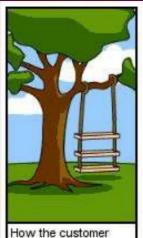
WHY IS SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SO DIFFICULT?

Changing requirements

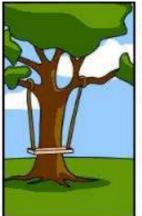
- 5 x cost during development
- up to 100 x cost during mainter



MAJOR PROBLEMS IN SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENTS



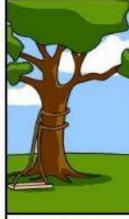
How the customer explained it



How the Project Leader understood it



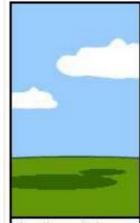
How the Analyst designed it



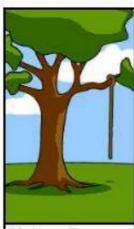
How the Programmer wrote it



How the Business Consultant described it



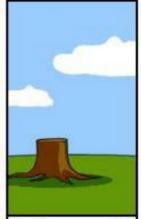
How the project was documented



What operations installed



How the customer was billed



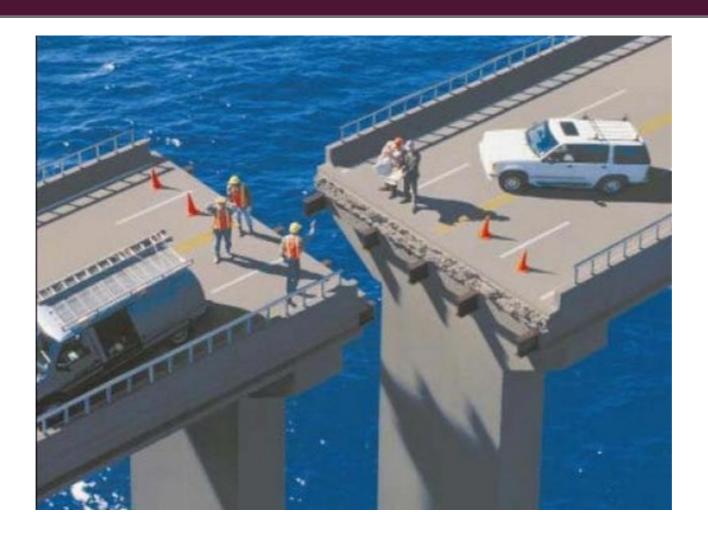
How it was supported



What the customer really needed

WHAT IS DESIGN?

DESIGN MOTIVATION



WHAT IS DESIGN?

- Design is the first step in the development phase for any engineered product or system.
- Design is about HOW the system will perform its functions.

SOFTWARE DESIGN

- A software design is a meaningful engineering representation of some software product that is to be built.
- "The process of applying various techniques and principles for the purpose of defining a device, a process or a system in sufficient detail to permit its physical realization".

SOFTWARE DESIGN - SIMPLIFIED

Requirements specification was about the WHAT the system will do

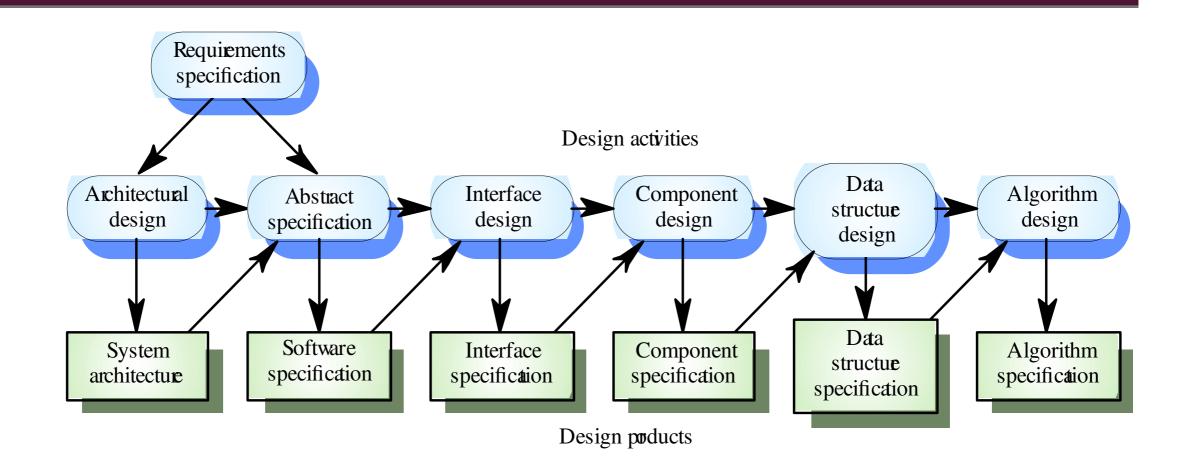
Design is about the HOW the system will perform its functions

- provides the overall decomposition of the system.
- allows to split the work among a team of developers.
- also lays down the groundwork for achieving non-functional requirements (performance, maintainability, reusability, etc.)

DESIGN PROCESS ACTIVITIES

- Architectural design
 - Modules, inter-relationships etc
- Abstract specification
 - Services of each sub-system, constraints etc
- Interface design
 - Interface to other sub-system or outside environment
- Component design
 - Services allocated to components and their interfaces designed
- Data structure design
- Algorithm design

THE SOFTWARE DESIGN PROCESS



LEVELS OF SOFTWARE DESIGN

Architectural design (high-level design)

- architecture the overall structure, main modules and their connections
- addresses the main non-functional requirements (e.g., reliability, performance)
- hard to change

Detailed design (low-level design)

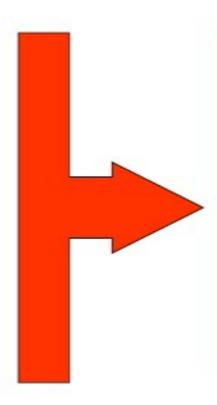
- the inner structure of the main modules
- detailed enough to be implemented in the programming language

DESIGN VS. ARCHITECTURE

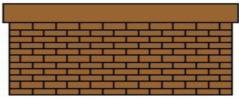
- Architecture is concerned with the selection of architectural elements, their interaction, and the constraints on those elements and their interactions
- Design is concerned with the modularization and detailed interfaces of the design elements, their algorithms and procedures, and the data types needed to support the architecture and to satisfy the requirements.
- Architecture...is specifically not about...details of implementations (e.g., algorithms and data structures.)

Software Development

- Lists
- Arrays
- Class
- Object
- Procedures
- Functions
- Algorithms
- Etc.

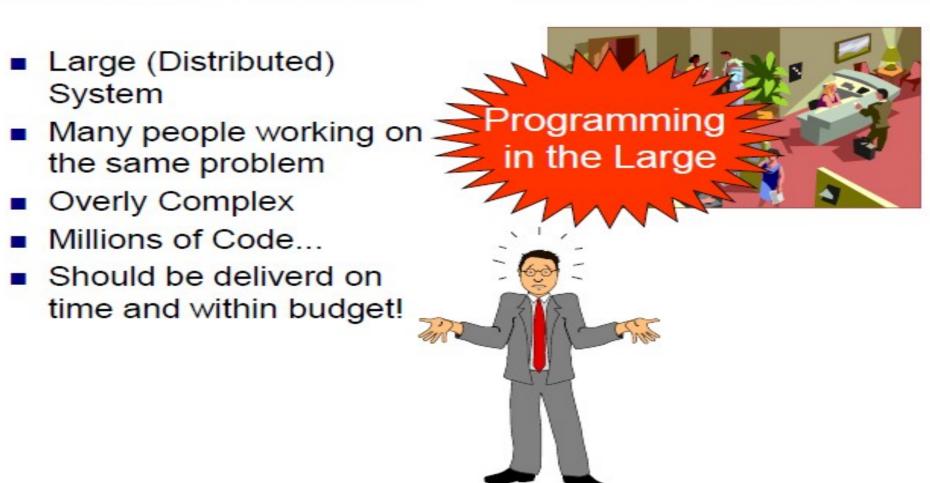


```
Import inventoryitem;
Import Java.util.StringTokenizer;
Import Java.io.";
public class inventory
  // Reads data about a store inventory from an input file,
 // creating an array of inventory/tem objects, then prints them.
  public static void main (String[] args)
   final int MAX - 100;
    inventoryitem[] items = new inventoryitem[MAX];
    StringTokenizer tokenizer,
    String line, name, file="inventory.dat";
    Int units, count - 0:
    float price;
for (int scan = 0; scan < count; scan++)
       System.out.printin (items[scan]);
   catch (FileNotFoundException exception)
     System.out.printin ("The file" + file + " was not found.");
    catch (IOException exception)
      System.out.printin (exception);
```



Large-scale, complex software systems...

- Large (Distributed) System
- Overly Complex
- Millions of Code...
- Should be deliverd on time and within budget!



Coding only will not do...



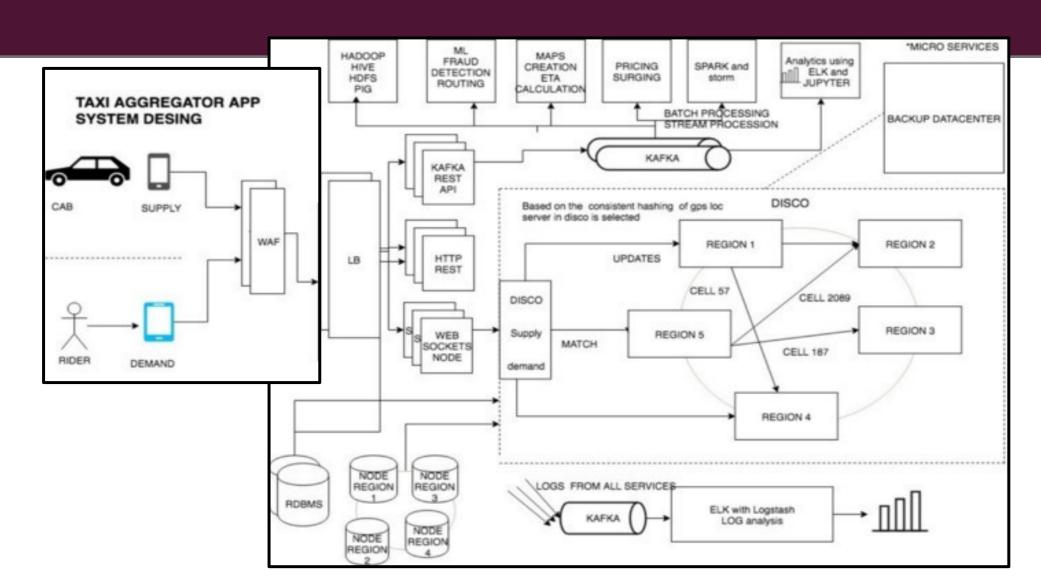
More programmers...?



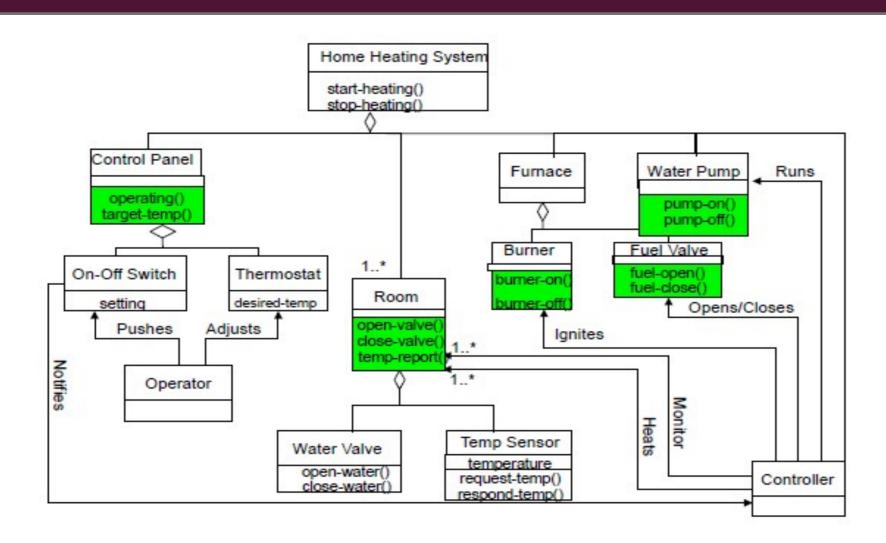
Software Architecture

The software architecture of a program or computing system is the structure or structures of the system, which comprise software components, the externally visible properties of those components, and the relationships between them.

ARCHITECTURE EXAMPLE



DESIGN EXAMPLE



SOFTWARE PROCESS MODELS

HAVE A GOOD DAY!