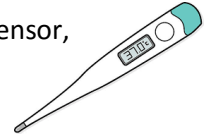


Assignment 2: Thermometer

Design and implement a thermometer that reads input from the analogue temperature sensor, TMP36GRTZ on the VIA shield.



Requirements:

The thermometer must autonomously, once every second, convert the signal from the sensor, calculate the temperature in degree Celsius and display it as a bar on the LED array (add a LED-bar feature to your LED driver).

The range of the temperature bar is 18-25 °C (LED0 light up if temperature is at least 18 and all LEDs if temperature is 25 or above)

Optional:

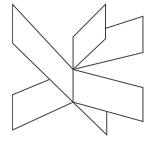
- Imagine that someone else is programming a 4 digit 7-segment numeric display driver with the following interface:
 - `void init_display(uint8_t no_of_digits);`
 - `uint8_t printval(int16_t value, uint8_t no_of_decimals);` // return 1 on success, 0 on failure.Test your thermometer software with mocks of these functions. The temperature range is now of your own choice.
- Key press switch to min/max mode. Show measured minimum temperature for 2 sec. then maximum for 2 sec.

Non-functional requirements:

- 1) The solution must be divided into two levels; drivers and an application. Each driver must be in its own subfolder in the project. You can use the LED and Key drivers made in the previous assignment and exercises.
- 2) The sensor driver must use Interrupt. Design your drivers with as short Interrupt Service Routines as possible.
- 3) Source code must be documented by inline comments.
- 4) Use Test Driven Development (write test cases for a capability before implementing it).

Sensor:

The output voltage of the sensor is 10mV/°C, and typically 750mV@25°C.



Sensor

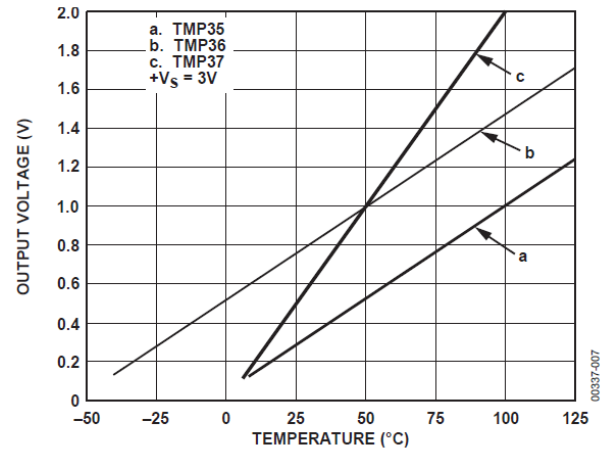


Figure 6. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

What to hand-in:

- 1) A sketch of the domain model.
- 2) A sequence diagram of the interaction between application and drivers.
- 3) The project folder in a zip-archive
- 4) Test cases that at least verify:
 - a. General functionality.
 - b. Conversion from sample to temperature.