Final Cut Pro 7 XML Interchange Format



Contents

About This Document 7 Organization 7 XML Resources 8 **Document Export and Import** 9 **Exporting Documents 9** Importing Documents 10 Errors During Import 12 **Basics of Encoding** 13 **Special Conventions 14** Inheritance 14 The id Attribute 14 Encoding a Clip 15 Associating Media With a Clip 18 **Encoding Audio Information 21** Exporting a Clip from the Browser 23 Encoding a Subclip 24 Encoding a Multiclip 26 Encoding a Sequence 29 Format and Outputs 29 Media in a Sequence 32 Linking 35 **Transitions 38** PSD Files as Sequences 40 Encoding a Project 41 **Encoding Effects 43** Keyframes 45 **XMEML Topics** 48 Notes on the XML Interchange Format 48 Timing Values 49 Speed and Special Keyframes 51 Special and Virtual Keyframes 51

The anchoroffset Element 51	
Keyframe Adjustments 52	
Importing Speed Keyframes 52	
Exporting Speed Keyframes 52	
Identifying Media 52	
Managing Project Components 53	
The uuid and updatebehavior Elements	53
The itemhistory Element 55	
Managing QuickTime Metadata 56	

Applications of the Interchange Format 59

Enhancing a Batch List 59
Simplifying Subtitling 64
Choosing Effect Parameters 70
Other Possibilities 77

Elements Catalog 79

Major Elements 79

Clips 82
Video and Audio 90
Common Elements 94
Rate and Timecode 96
Effects 98
 The Time Remap Effect 103
Application Specific Data 104
Film Data 107
QuickTime Metadata 109
Import Options 110

DTD for the Interchange Format 113

Using the DTDs 113
DTD for Version 1 of the Interchange Format 114
DTD for Version 2 of the Interchange Format 122
DTD for Version 3 of the Interchange Format 131
DTD for Version 4 of the Interchange Format 140
DTD for Version 5 of the Interchange Format 150

Frame Rates 160

Keyframe Interpolation 161

About Final Cut Pro Interpolation 161

Apple Events and Final Cut Pro 166

Final Cut Pro Apple Events 168

Versions of XMEML and Final Cut 173

Versions of XMEML 173

Version 1 173

Version 2 173

Version 3 174

Version 4 174

Version 5 175

Versions of Final Cut Pro 175

Changes in Final Cut Pro 6.0.2 175

Changes in Final Cut Pro 7.0 175

Document Revision History 177

Index 179

Figures, Tables, and Listings

Document	Export and Import 9
Figure 2-1	Export XML dialog 10
Figure 2-2	Final Cut Pro XML file icon 10
Figure 2-3	Import XML dialog 11
Basics of E	ncoding 13
Listing 3-1	A minimum clip 15
Listing 3-2	A clip with additional information 16
Listing 3-3	A clip with associated media 18
Listing 3-4	A clip using inheritance 19
Listing 3-5	A clip with timecode and media 19
Listing 3-6	Encoding audio information 21
Listing 3-7	An exported Browser clip 23
Listing 3-8	A subclip 24
Listing 3-9	A video multiclip 27
Listing 3-10	An empty sequence 29
Listing 3-11	Format information for a video track 30
Listing 3-12	Format information for an audio track 31
Listing 3-13	A sequence with a video track 32
Listing 3-14	An audio element with two tracks 33
Listing 3-15	The link element 35
Listing 3-16	The linkclipref element 37
Listing 3-17	A transition between video clips 38
Listing 3-18	A project 41
Listing 3-19	A gaussian blur effect 43
Listing 3-20	Radius parameter with keyframes and Bezier handles 45
XMEML Top	pics 48
Figure 4-1	Media Timing Values 49
Figure 4-2	Sequence Timing Values 49
Figure 4-3	Multiclip Timing Values 50
Listing 4-1	Replacing a Clip in the Browser 53
Listing 4-2	Replacing a Clip in a Bin 54
Listing 4-3	Sample Metadata 56

Listing 4-4	Adding Metadata 57
Listing 4-5	Removing Metadata 57
Applicatio	ns of the Interchange Format 59
Figure 5-1	Multiple parameter variations in the Canvas 70
Listing 5-1	An enhanced batch list 59
Listing 5-2	Subtitling 65
Listing 5-3	Effect parameter settings 71
DTD for th	e Interchange Format 113
Listing A-1	Version 1 DTD 114
Listing A-2	Version 2 DTD 122
Listing A-3	Version 3 DTD 131
Listing A-4	Version 4 DTD 140
Listing A-5	Version 5 DTD 150
Frame Rate	es 160
Table B-1	Frames per second 160
Keyframe	nterpolation 161
Listing C-1	Acceleration coefficients 161
Listing C-2	Control points 162
Listing C-3	Locations 163
Listing C-4	Linear segments 163
Listing C-5	Bezier curve 164

About This Document

The Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format provides extensive access to the contents of Final Cut Pro projects, including edits and transitions, effects, layer-compositing information, and organizational structures. Using the interchange format, you can process project content in ways that supplement the capabilities of the Final Cut Pro application itself. You can also share Final Cut Pro information with other applications or systems that support XML—including nonlinear editors, asset management systems, database systems, and broadcast servers.

Important: Final Cut Studio includes the Final Cut Pro application and companion applications such as Cinema Tools, Compressor, Color, DVD Studio Pro, Motion, and Soundtrack. Color, Cinema Tools, and Final Cut Pro itself make use of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format.

The main body of this document describes version 5 of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format. The appendix Versions of XMEML and Final Cut (page 173) compares versions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the interchange format.

This document assumes that you are familiar with XML conventions and with the Final Cut Pro 7 application.

Organization

This document contains the following chapters and appendixes:

- Document Export and Import (page 9) discusses exporting, importing, and validating interchange format documents.
- Basics of Encoding (page 13) reviews the key elements of the interchange format.
- XMEML Topics (page 48) provides information about selected Final Cut Pro XML topics.
- Applications of the Interchange Format (page 59) illustrates some applications of the interchange format to various tasks.
- Elements Catalog (page 79) provides reference information about the elements of the interchange format.
- DTD for the Interchange Format (page 113) lists the DTDs for versions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the interchange format.
- Frame Rates (page 160) indicates the values required to specify various types of video and associated frame
 rates.

- Keyframe Interpolation (page 161) explains the interpolation method Final Cut Pro uses to construct Bezier curves in keyframes.
- Apple Events and Final Cut Pro (page 166) discusses using Apple Events to export or import interchange format documents.
- Versions of XMEML and Final Cut (page 173) provides information about various versions of XMEML and Final Cut Pro.
- Document Revision History (page 177) provides a history of changes to this document.

This document also has an index.

XML Resources

Here are some recommended XML resources:

- For a general introduction XML and the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format, see the section "Using Final Cut Pro XML and OuickTime Metadata" in the Final Cut Pro 7 User Manual.
- For a comprehensive reference guide to XML-related topics, see XML In a Nutshell, Third Edition, published by O'Reilly. ISBN 0-596-00764-7.
- For a useful resource of XML-related information, see XML From the Inside Out (http://xml.com).
- On the Apple developer website, the document Core Foundation XML describes the Core Foundation objects you can use to parse XML. (Cocoa developers please visit this link.)

Document Export and Import

Documents in the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format are stored on disk as plain text documents that you can view, parse, and edit on any platform.

You can validate an interchange format document using an interchange format DTD. (See DTD for the Interchange Format (page 113))

You can export an interchange format document from Final Cut Pro, or import an interchange format document into Final Cut Pro, using either the Final Cut Pro user interface or, alternatively, Apple Events from an independent application. This chapter describes importing and exporting with the user interface. For information about using Apple Events see Apple Events and Final Cut Pro (page 166)

Exporting Documents

To export an interchange format document from Final Cut Pro:

- 1. Select an item in the Browser that you want to describe in an interchange format document. (If nothing is selected, a description of the entire contents of the Browser is exported.)
- Choose File > Export > XML.
- 3. Check the Export XML dialog to make sure that the source for the interchange format document is correct. In Figure 2-1 the source is a single sequence.
- 4. Choose the version of the XML Interchange Format for the document.
- 5. If clips in your source have master clips, you can select the option to Include Master Clips Outside Selection.
- 6. Select or deselect the option "Save project with latest clip metadata." Since XML Export may make changes that affect project metadata (such as itemhistory), saving the project at the time you export ensures that this metadata is persistent. On the other hand, not saving the project can ensure the user's ability to undo changes.
- 7. Click OK.

8. Enter a title for the interchange format document and choose a location. (You may want to use .xml as a suffix.)

Figure 2-1 Export XML dialog



Interchange format documents you export from Final Cut Pro have the Final Cut Pro XML file icon.

Figure 2-2 Final Cut Pro XML file icon



Importing Documents

There are several ways you can import an interchange format document into Final Cut Pro.

You can use the Import menu to import any interchange format document:

- 1. Choose File > Import > XML.
- 2. Navigate to the document, select it, and then click Choose.

If the document file has a Final Cut Pro XML file icon, you can do any of the following:

- Double-click the document.
- Drag the document to the Final Cut Pro icon on the desktop or in the Dock.

• Use the Import menu.

When you import an interchange format document, the Import XML dialog appears.

Figure 2-3 Import XML dialog



The settings in this dialog are:

- *Destination*: Select an existing project as the destination of the import, or create a new project for the import.
- Sequence Settings: Select the sequence settings for the import. The default setting is (auto). This means that Final Cut Pro conforms the sequence settings of the imported XML to the settings specified in the XML. (If the XML doesn't specify sequence settings, Final Cut uses the settings of the first edited clipitem in each sequence. If no settings are available, Final Cut uses the default Sequence Preset.)
- Reconnect to Media Files: Select this option to tell Final Cut Pro to reconnect browser and sequence clips encoded in the file with associated media when possible. If you do not select this option, all imported clips are offline.
- Include Markers: Select this option to import any clip or sequence marker information encoded in the file.
- Include Audio/Video Effects: Select this option to import any encoded audio or video filters for Browser or sequence clips. This setting does not affect encoded audio or video transitions.

Note: You can bypass the Import XML dialog and import a document directly into Final Cut Pro by using the element importoptions and its subelements. For details, see Import Options (page 110)

Errors During Import

When you import an interchange format document, Final Cut Pro first checks to make sure the document is well-formed and that all required elements are present. It then translates the interchange format document into Final Cut Pro components.

If Final Cut Pro finds critical errors during import, the interchange format document is not imported. If noncritical errors occur, the document is imported, though the components constructed from the document may differ from your expectations.

Information about noncritical errors appears in an Final Cut Pro XML Error Log Window. (Note that you can suppress the reporting of noncritical errors by setting displaynoncriticalerrors to FALSE. See Import Options (page 110)

In general, you should study error information about a document you are attempting to import, modify the document, and then reimport it, continuing this process until you can import the document without errors.

Basics of Encoding

This chapter provides an introduction to the basic features of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format. In particular, it explains how the interchange format can encode a clip, a sequence, a project, and an effect.

For examples of applying the interchange format to specific tasks, see Applications of the Interchange Format (page 59)

For reference documentation about the elements of the interchange format, see Elements Catalog (page 79)

For information about the various versions of the interchange format, see Versions of XMEML and Final Cut (page 173)

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Special Conventions (page 14) introduces the inheritance and id conventions of the interchange format.
- Encoding a Clip (page 15) shows how to encode a clip.
- Encoding a Sequence (page 29) details encoding a sequence.
- Encoding a Project (page 41) explains the requirements for encoding a project.
- Encoding Effects (page 43) looks at encoding effects.

Special Conventions

The Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format uses a set of special conventions beyond the base conventions of XML that affect how a document is parsed and translated when you import it into Final Cut Pro. These conventions—inheritance and the id attribute— make it possible to efficiently construct more concise interchange format documents.

Note: Interchange format documents you export from Final Cut Pro only use these conventions in certain circumstances.

Inheritance

Information for various components of a project is frequently redundant. For example, a sequence and its contents usually have the same frame rate; most clips share the same source media file across multiple tracks; multiple clips in a batch list are likely share the same Reel/Tape identifier, and so on.

You can explicitly encode all the information for each component in a project. Alternatively, you can use the inheritance convention of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format with certain elements to encode shared information just once. For example, you can encode a sequence and specify a frame rate of 29.97 fps for the sequence. Clips that are subelements of this sequence inherit this frame rate unless you specifically encode a different rate for a particular clip.

An example of the inheritance convention appears in Listing 3-4 (page 19)

The id Attribute

The id attribute lets you share information between certain "peer" elements—elements that are not in an element/subelement relationship with each other. If an element provides an id attribute, Final Cut Pro registers this element in a reference table during import and translation. Then, during subsequent translation, other elements can reference this registered information.

For example, the clip information for a video track in a sequence may be identical to the clip information in an audio track in the same sequence. Rather than repeating this information for both tracks, you can encode it once and then reference the information using the id attribute.

Note: Not all elements support the use of the id attribute. See Elements Catalog (page 79) for information about the id attribute for specific elements.

An example of the id convention appears in Listing 3-14 (page 33)

Encoding a Clip

A clip represents a virtual piece of time-based media. A clip element has three required subelements: name, duration, and rate. (When a clip appears in a sequence, you also need to specify start and end subelements.) Listing 3-1 shows an example of a minimum clip:

Listing 3-1 A minimum clip

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
                                                                                        // 1
<!DOCTYPE xmeml>
                                                                                        // 2
<xmeml version="5">
                                                                                        // 3
   <clip>
     <name>Jeremy Solo</name>
     <duration>188</duration>
                                                                                        // 4
     <rate>
                                                                                        // 5
        <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
        <timebase>30</timebase>
     </rate>
   </clip>
</xmeml>
```

Note: The Final Cut Pro application uses the internal name xmeml for the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format.

Lines numbered 1 and 2 are the prologue section. Line numbered 1 declares the version of XML and the text encoding; line numbered 2 the document type. Line numbered 3 is the start tag for the root element xmeml that contains all the other elements in an interchange format document. The version attribute in this start tag specifies the version of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format.

At line numbered 4, the duration element encodes the total number of frames in the clip. This value does not change even if you set In and Out points for the clip using the in and out elements. (It is the equivalent of the Length timing property, rather than the Duration property.)

At line numbered 5, the rate element defines the frame rate for the clip—in this case, an NTSC clip with a frame rate of 29.97 fps. Note that this frame rate is specified using the ntsc subelement, which takes a Boolean value, and the timebase subelement, which takes an integer value (30). The NTSC frame rate variant is defined as a 0.01 percent reduction in frame rate. The actual mathematical value of this variant is 29.970029970029...

(repeating). The decimal 29.97 is not an accurate representation of this number. Using an interger and an NTSC indicator flag allows any application to process the rate information in its own manner. See Table B-1 (page 160) for a complete listing of the possible settings for timebase and ntsc.

Listing 3-2 shows a clip with more information, including In and Out points, master clip, logging, label, and comment information.

Listing 3-2 A clip with additional information

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xmeml>
<xmeml version="5">
   <cli>id="Jeremy Solo">
     <name>Jeremy Solo</name>
     <duration>188</duration>
     <rate>
        <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
        <timebase>30</timebase>
     </rate>
    <in>14</in>
    <out>149</out>
        <masterclipid>Jeremy Solo</masterclipid>
                                                                                   // 1
        <ismasterclip>TRUE</ismasterclip>
                                                                                   // 2
        <logginginfo>
            <description>solo male</description>
            <scene>ballroom</scene>
            <shottake>Shot1/Take1</shottake>
            <le><lognote>LogNote1</le>
            <good>TRUE</good>
        </logginginfo>
        <filmdata> . . . </filmdata>
        <labels>
            <label>Good Take</label>
            <label2>Label 2 (1)</label2>
        </labels>
        <comments>
```

At line numbered 1, the masterclipid element provides a reference to the master clip's clip id attribute. (As in this example, a master clip lists its own clip id attribute.)

At line numbered 2, the ismasterclip element indicates whether or not a clip is a master clip. (In this case, it is.)

About master clips: For information about master clips, see the chapter "Working with Master and Affiliate Clips" in Volume 4 of the *Final Cut Pro User Manual*.

For details about the other elements in this listing, see the reference information in Elements Catalog (page 79). Check the index to locate a particular element.

Associating Media With a Clip

To associate media with a clip, you use the file element. Listing 3-3 shows a clip associated with a media file.

Listing 3-3 A clip with associated media

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xmeml>
<xmeml version="5">
    <clip id ="Jeremy Solo">
        <name>Jeremy Solo</name>
        <duration>188</duration>
        <rate>
            <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
            <timebase>30</timebase>
        </rate>
        <file id="Jeremy Solo1">
            <name>Jeremy Solo1</name>
            <pathurl>file://localhost/Jeremy%20Solo</pathurl>
                                                                                    // 1
            <rate>
                                                                                    // 2
                <timebase>30</timebase>
                <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
            </rate>
            <duration>188</duration>
                                                                                    // 3
        </file>
    </clip>
</xmeml>
```

At line numbered 1, the pathurl element specifies the location of the media. Note that the name of the file includes a space, which is encoded by the escape character (%) and the hexadecimal value for the space character (20). Seepathurl (page 83) for more details.

At lines numbered 2 and 3, the rate and duration subelements are required for the file element. However, because they are specified earlier in the document by the parent element, the file element can inherit this information . Listing 3-4 shows how this works.

Listing 3-4 A clip using inheritance

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xmeml>
<xmeml version="5">
   <clip id ="Jeremy Solo">
        <name>Jeremy Solo</name>
        <duration>188</duration>
        <rate>
            <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
            <timebase>30</timebase>
        </rate>
        <file id="Jeremy Solo1">
            <name>Jeremy Solo1</name>
            <pathurl>file://localhost/Jeremy%20Solo</pathurl>
        </file>
   </clip>
</xmeml>
```

Note: Some subelements may be inherited, others may not. Elements Catalog (page 79) indicates if a subelement can be inheritied or not.

The file element can also have optional subelements: timecode and media. Listing 3-5 is an example.

Listing 3-5 A clip with timecode and media

```
<file id="Jeremy Solo1">
            <name>Jeremy Solo1</name>
            <pathurl>file://localhost/Jeremy%20Solo</pathurl>
            <timecode>
                                                                                    // 1
                <string>02:42:35;14</string>
                <frame>292372</frame>
                <displayformat>DF</displayformat>
                <source>source</source>
                <reel>
                    <name>002</name>
                </reel>
            </timecode>
            <media>
                                                                                    // 2
                <video>
                    <duration>188</duration>
                    <samplecharacteristics>
                        <width>720</width>
                        <height>480</height>
                    </samplecharacteristics>
                </video>
            </media>
        </file>
    </clip>
</xmeml>
```

At line numbered 1, the timecode element encodes the media starting point. It includes the subelements string, which specifies the starting timecode in SMPTE format; frame, which specifies the starting frame count; and displayformat, which specifies drop frame or non-drop frame format. Note that either the element string, or the elements frame and format are required, but not all three. Other subelements include source, which categorizes the timecode as a source timecode from the tape, and reel.

At line numbered 2, the media element encodes information about the media, including the height and width in pixels.

Encoding Audio Information

Media can also include audio tracks. You use the audio element to specify information about these tracks, as seen in Listing 3-6.

Listing 3-6 Encoding audio information

```
<file>
<name>myFile.mov</name>
        <pathurl> file://localhost/myFile.mov</pathurl>
        <rate>
            <timebase>24</timebase>
            <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
        </rate>
        <duration>3671</duration>
        <media>
            <video>...</video>
            <audio>
                                                                                   // 1
                <samplecharacteristics>
                    <samplerate>48000</samplerate>
                    <depth>16</depth>
                </samplecharacteristics>
                <layout>stereo</layout>
                <channelcount>2</channelcount>
                <audiochannel>
                    <channellabel>right</channellabel>
                </audiochannel>
                <audiochannel>
                    <channellabel>left</channellabel>
                </audiochannel>
            </audio>
            <audio>
                                                                                   // 2
                <samplecharacteristics>
                    <samplerate>48000</samplerate>
                    <depth>16</depth>
                </samplecharacteristics>
                <channelcount>2</channelcount>
```

```
</media>
</file>
```

At line numbered 1, the first stereo audio track is encoded. It has two channels. The first channel is specified as the right channel, the second as the left channel. (This is the reverse of the default settings.)

At line numbered 2, the second audio track in the media is encoded. When layout is not specified, stereo is assumed

See Elements Catalog (page 79) for more information about the subelements used to encode audio information.

Exporting a Clip from the Browser

When you export a single clip from the Browser, the resulting listing includes the media element with track information. Listing 3-7 shows excerpts from such an export.

Listing 3-7 An exported Browser clip

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xmeml>
<xmeml version="5">
   <cli>id="Jeremy Solo">
   <uuid>970C270C-8692-4E6A-A58C-F378CC3EB776/uuid>
                                                                                  // 1
   <updatebehavior>add</updatebehavior>
        <name>Jeremy Solo</name>
        <duration>188</duration>
        <rate>
            <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
            <timebase>30</timebase>
        </rate>
        <in>14</in>
                                                                                  // 2
        <out>149</out>
        <masterclipid>Jeremy Solo</masterclipid>
        <logginginfo>
            <good>FALSE</good>
        </logginginfo>
        <media>
            <video>
                                                                                  // 3
                <track>
                                                                                   // 4
                    <clipitem>
                                                                                  // 5
                        <name>Jeremy Solo</name>
                        <duration>188</duration>
                        <rate>
                            <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
                            <timebase>30</timebase>
                        </rate>
                        <enabled>TRUE
                        <anamorphic>FALSE</anamorphic>
```

At line numbered 1, the uuid element and the updatebehavior element in the next line let you manage project components. See Managing Project Components (page 53) You can also use updatebehavior to manage QuickTime metadata. See About master clips (page 17)

At line numbered 3, the video element identifies the type of media.

At line numbered 4, the track element starts the encoding for the first (and only) track in the media.

At line numbered 5, the clipitem element encodes information that is specific to the associated media. See Media in a Sequence (page 32).

Encoding a Subclip

You could use the clip encoded in Listing 3-7 to generate a subclip. Listing 3-8 shows the results (with some details omitted).

Listing 3-8 A subclip

```
<name>Jeremy Solo Subclip
<duration>135</duration>
                                                                           // 1
<rate>
    <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
   <timebase>30</timebase>
</rate>
<in>-1</in>
                                                                           // 2
<out>-1</out>
<masterclipid>Jeremy Solo Subclip</masterclipid>
<subclipmasterid>Jeremy Solo</subclipmasterid>
                                                                           // 3
<media>
   <video>
        <track>
            <clipitem>
                <name>Jeremy Solo Subclip</name>
                <duration>135</duration>
                <in>0</in>
                <out>135</out>
                <start>0</start>
                <end>135</end>
                <subclipinfo>
                                                                           // 4
                    <startoffset>14</startoffset>
                    <endoffset>39</endoffset>
                </subclipinfo>
                <file id="Jeremy Solo">
                    . . .
                    <media>
                        <video>
                            <duration>188</duration>
                                                                           // 5
                            <samplecharacteristics>
                                <width>720</width>
                                <height>480</height>
```

At line numbered 1, the duration of the subclip is 135.

At line numbered 2, the values for in and out are -1, indicating that no In and Out points are set.

New Broswer-level subclips automatically become their own master clips. At line numbered 3, the subclipmasterid element specifies the id of the subclip's parent clip.

At line numbered 4, the subclipinfo element indicates the starting offset and ending offset for the subclip. These values are offsets in frames from the media start and media end of the associated media file, calculated using the in and out points for the clip from which the subclip was generated. (See Listing 3-7 line numbered 1.)

At line numbered 5, the value for the duration element for the media associated with the subclip remains at 188, compared to the value of 135 at line numbered 2.

Encoding a Multiclip

Multiclips let you group multiple camera angle clips together and switch or cut between angles in real time. You can also make a multiclip with multiple audio tracks. A video multiclip is represented by Listing 3-9

Listing 3-9 A video multiclip

```
<cli>id="Billiards1">
   <name>Billiards1</name>
   <duration>2700</duration>
   <rate>
        <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
        <timebase>30</timebase>
   </rate>
   <in>-1</in>
   <out>-1</out>
   <ismasterclip>FALSE</ismasterclip>
   <media>
        <video>
            <track>
                <clipitem>
                    <name>Billiards1</name>
                    <duration>2700</duration>
                    <multiclip id="Multiclip 1 ">
                                                                                  // 1
                        <name>Multiclip 1
                        <collapsed>FALSE</collapsed>
                        <synctype>1</synctype>
                        <angle>
                                                                                  // 2
                            <activevideoangle>TRUE</activevideoangle>
                            <activeaudioangle>TRUE</activeaudioangle>
                            <clip id="Billards1"/>
                        </angle>
                        <angle>
                                <cli>id="Billiards2">
                                    <name>Billiards2</name>
                                    <duration>2700</duration>
                                    <defaultangle>2</defaultangle>
                                                                                  // 3
                                </clip>
                            </angle>
```

```
<angle>
                            <cli>id="Billiards3">
                                <name>Billards3</name>
                                <duration>2700</duration>
                                <defaultangle>3</defaultangle>
                            </clip>
                        </angle>
                    </multiclip>
                   <mediadelay>900</mediadelay>
                                                                             // 4
                </clipitem>
                <enabled>TRUE
                <locked>FALSE</locked>
            </track>
        </video>
    </media>
</clip>
```

At line numbered 1, the multiclip element is a subelement of clipitem. It has two required subelements: name and angle. Other subelements include collapsed, which indicates if the multiclip is collapsed or not, and synctype, which spcifies how the the angles in the multiclip should be synchronized.

At line numbered 2, the angle element includes the optional subelements activevideoangle and activeaudioangle. These take Boolean values (TRUE or FALSE) and indicate whether an angle is active or not. (Only one angle in a multiclip can be active at a time.) If these elements are not specificed in an angle, the default settings are false. If no angles in a multiclip are encoded with these subelements, the first angle is assumed to be the active angle.

At line numbered 3, the element defaultangle is used for clips in the Browser. It encodes identifying information (a number or a letter) about the camera angle.

At line numbered 4, the element mediadelay is a subelement of clipitem. It shifts the multiclip sync point from the start of the clip item to the specified delay. (See Figure 4-3 (page 50)).

Encoding a Sequence

To encode a sequence in the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format, you use the sequence element. You specify subelements for the name of the sequence, the duration, the frame rate, and the starting timecode. You also use the media element to encode subelements for the video and audio tracks.

Listing 3-10 shows an empty sequence with one video track and two audio tracks.

Listing 3-10 An empty sequence

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xmeml version="5">
  <sequence>
    <name>Sequence 1</name>
    <duration></duration>
    <rate>. . .</rate>
    <timecode>. . .</timecode>
    <media>
      <video>
        <format></format>
                                                                                     // 1
        <track></track>
      </video>
      <audio>
        <format></format>
                                                                                     // 2
        <outputs></outputs>
                                                                                     // 3
        <track></track>
        <track></track>
      </audio>
    </media>
  </sequence>
</xmeml>
```

Format and Outputs

At lines numbered 1 and 2, the format element in Listing 3-10 encodes information about the video and audio media, while, at line numbered 3, the outputs element encodes information about the audio media. These elements and their subelements are equivalent to the sequence settings in Final Cut Pro.

Listing 3-11 shows sample format information for a video track. See Elements Catalog (page 79) for details about the elements displayed here.

Listing 3-11 Format information for a video track

```
<video>
    <format>
        <samplecharacteristics>
            <width>720</width>
            <height>480</height>
            <anamorphic>FALSE</anamorphic>
            <pixelaspectratio>NTSC-CCIR-601</pixelaspectratio>
            <fielddominance>lower</fielddominance>
            <rate>
                <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
                <timebase>30</timebase>
            </rate>
            <colordepth>24</colordepth>
            <codec>
                <name>Apple DV - NTSC</name>
                <appspecificdata>
                    <appname>Final Cut Pro</appname>
                    <appmanufacturer>Apple Computer, Inc.</appmanufacturer>
                    <appversion>4.0</appversion>
                    <data>
                        <qtcodec>
                                                                                   // 1
                        </qtcodec>
                    </data>
                </appspecificdata>
            </codec>
        </samplecharacteristics>
        <appspecificdata>
            <appname>Final Cut Pro</appname>
            <appmanufacturer>Apple Computer, Inc.</appmanufacturer>
            <appversion>4.0</appversion>
```

At line numbered 1, the qtcodec element provides information (omitted) about a QuickTime codec.

At line numbered 2, the fcpimageprocessing element encodes details about image processing settings.

Listing 3-12 shows sample format and outputs information for an audio track.

Listing 3-12 Format information for an audio track

```
<audio>
    <format>
        <samplecharacteristics>
                                                                                     // 1
            <depth>16</depth>
            <samplerate>48000</samplerate>
        </samplecharacteristics>
    </format>
    <outputs>
                                                                                     // 2
        <group>
            <index>1</index>
            <numchannels>2</numchannels>
            <downmix>4</downmix>
            <channel>
                <index>1</index>
            </channel>
            <channel>
                <index>2</index>
```

```
</channel>
</group>
</outputs>
```

At line numbered 1, the samplecharacteristics element encodes information about the audio depth and sample rate.

At line numbered 2, the outputs element specifies information about the audio output settings.

Media in a Sequence

To add media to a sequence, you use a clipitem subelement in the track element.

Listing 3-13 A sequence with a video track

```
<sequence id = "Sequence 1">
    <media>
        <video>
            <format>
            </format>
            <track>
                <clipitem id = "Seq1Clip1">
                    <name>Rob Dialog</name>
                    <duration>751</duration>
                    <in>0</in>
                                                                                    // 1
                    <out>751</out>
                    <start>0</start>
                                                                                    // 2
                    <end>751</end>
                    <file id = "Rob Dialog">
                        <name>Rob Dialog</name>
                        <pathurl>. . .</pathurl>
                        <duration>751</duration>
```

```
</file>
<sourcetrack>
<mediatype>video</mediatype>
<trackindex>1</trackindex>
</sourcetrack>
</clipitem>
</track>
</track>
</video>
</media>
...
</sequence>
```

A clipitem encoded in a track is similar to a clip in the Browser. It has a name, duration, timecode, associated media file, and so on. A clipitem in a sequence track is similar to a clipitem in a track of a clip. The only difference is that you can have more than one clipitem per track in a sequence.

At line numbered 1, it has in and out subelements that indicate the portion of the source media file to reference. At line numbered 2, it has start and end subelements that specify the relative position of the clip in the parent sequence. (See Timing Values (page 49).)

At line numbered 3, the sourcetrack element indicates the media track to use in the source media file; in this case, video track 1.

To encode the stereo audio that goes with this video clip, you use an audio element and the first two track subelements within it.

Listing 3-14 An audio element with two tracks

```
<duration>751</duration>
            <in>0</in>
            <out>751</out>
            <start>0</start>
            <end>751</end>
            <file id = "Rob Dialog">
            . . .
            </file>
            . . .
        </clipitem>
     </track>
</video>
<audio>
                                                                            // 2
    <format>
    </format>
    <outputs>
    </outputs>
    <track>
        <clipitem id = "Seq1Clip1">
                                                                            // 3
            <file id = "Rob Dialog"/>
                                                                            // 4
            <sourcetrack>
                                                                            // 5
                <mediatype>audio</mediatype>
                <trackindex>1</trackindex>
            </sourcetrack>
        </clipitem>
    </track>
    <track>
                                                                            // 6
        <clipitem id = "Seq1Clip1">
            <file id = "Rob Dialog"/>
            <sourcetrack>
                <mediatype>audio</mediatype>
                <trackindex>2</trackindex>
```

At line numbered 2, you have the start tag of the audio element.

At line numbered 3, you can reference the id attribute specified earlier at line numbered 1. See The id Attribute (page 14) You don't have to repeat all the information for duration, the in and out points, and so on.

At line numbered 4, you can reference the id attribute for the media file and then override the source track information at line numbered 5. You are using the same source media that you used for the video track, but are now referencing audio track 1. Starting at line numbered 6, you can construct the information for the second audio track in the same manner.

Linking

With the video track and the two audio tracks encoded, you now need to link the tracks together so that they are managed as a single component within the sequence. You do this using the link element.

Listing 3-15 The link element

```
<link>
                                                                                 // 1
          <mediatype>video</mediatype>
          <trackindex>1</trackindex>
          <clipindex>1</clipindex>
      </link>
      <link>
          <mediatype>audio</mediatype>
          <trackindex>1</trackindex>
          <clipindex>1</clipindex>
          <groupindex>1</groupindex>
      </link>
      <link>
          <mediatype>audio</mediatype>
          <trackindex>2</trackindex>
          <clipindex>1</clipindex>
          <groupindex>1</groupindex>
      </link>
      <file id = "Rob Dialog">
        . . .
      </file>
    </clipitem>
  </track>
</video>
<audio>
  <format> . . . </format>
  <outputs> . . . </outputs>
  <track>
    <clipitem id = "Seq1Clip1">
      <file id = "Rob Dialog">
        . . .
      </file>
    </clipitem>
  </track>
  <track>
```

The link information always appears in the first track in the group of tracks that you are linking together. Here, this is the video track at line numbered 1, which is linked with the two audio tracks. Since the two audio clips use the id convention to reference the contents of the video clip, all three clips use the same link information.

Alternatively, you can link tracks together using the id attribute and the linkclipref element.

Listing 3-16 The linkclipref element

```
<media>
 <video>
   <format> . . .</format>
   <track>
      <clipitem id = "Seq1Clip1v">
        <name>Clip 001</name>
        <duration>751</duration>
        <in>0</in>
        <out>751</out>
        <start>0</start>
        <end>751</end>
        k>
            <linkclipref>Seq1Clip1v</linkclipref>
                                                                                  // 1
        </link>
        <link>
            <linkclipref>Seq1Clip1a1</linkclipref>
                                                                                  // 2
            <groupindex>1</groupindex>
        </link>
        k>
```

```
<linkclipref>Seq1Clip1a2</linkclipref>
                                                                                  // 3
           <groupindex>1</groupindex>
       </link>
       <file id = "Rob Dialog">
       </file>
     </clipitem>
  </track>
 </video>
<audio>
   <format> . . </format>
   <outputs> . . </outputs>
   <track>
     <clipitem id = "Seq1Clip1a1">
       <file id="Rob Dialog"/>
     </clipitem>
  </track>
   <track>
     <clipitem id = "Seq1Clip1a2">
       <file id="Rob Dialog"/>
     </clipitem>
   </track>
 </audio>
</media>
```

Note that you cannot use linkclipref for multiple clips in a track with the same ID.

Transitions

A sequence usually includes transitions between video clips you can encode with a transitionitem element. Listing 3-17 shows an example of a sequence with a single video track with a transition between two clips.

Listing 3-17 A transition between video clips

```
<sequence>
<name>Sequence 1</name>
```

```
<duration>243</duration>
<media>
    <video>
        <format> . . </format>
        <track>
            <clipitem>
                <name>Bloomies</name>
                <duration>248</duration>
                <in>74</in>
                <out>227</out>
                                                                                // 1
                <start>0</start>
                <end>-1</end>
                                                                                // 2
                <file id = "Bloomies1">
                    <duration>248</duration>
                </file>
                . . .
            </clipitem>
            <transitionitem>
                                                                                // 3
                <rate>. . .</rate>
                <start>123</start>
                <end>153</end>
                <alignment>center</alignment>
                <effect>
                                                                                // 4
                    <name>Cross Dissolve</name>
                    <!-- encoding details for the effect -->
                </effect>
            </transitionitem>
            <clipitem>
                <name>Jeremy Solo</name>
                <duration>188</duration>
                <in>36</in>
                                                                                // 5
                <out>156</out>
                <start>-1</start>
                                                                                // 6
```

At line numbered 3, the transitionitem element encodes the start and end of the transition.

At line numbered 4, the effect subelement determines the specific transition that is used. See Encoding Effects (page 43) for a discussion of effects.

In the Viewer, the Out point for the first clip in the sequence (Bloomies) was set at 212. Note that at line numbered 1, the Out point is extended to 227 to provide additional frames for input into the transition effect. In a similar fashion, the In point for the second clip (Jeremy Solo) at line numbered 5 is changed to 36 from its original setting of 51. Also, because the end time for the first clip now depends on the next item in the sequence, the end element at line numbered 2 is set to -1. This indicates that the value should be computed. Similarly, the start element for the second clip at line numbered 6 is set to -1.

PSD Files as Sequences

Final Cut encodes a Photoshop PSD file with multiple layers as a sequence (rather than a clip) when you import it into the Browser. The stillframe element is set to TRUE and the layerindex element is used to specify the various layers in the file.

Encoding a Project

Listing 3-18 shows skeleton XML for a Final Cut Pro project that has two bins and one sequence.

Listing 3-18 A project

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xmeml>
<xmeml version="5">
                                                                                    // 1
    ct>
        <name>Swing</name>
        <children>
                                                                                    // 2
            <bin>
                                                                                    // 3
                <name>Audio</name>
                <children>
                                                                                    // 4
                    <cli>id="Jumptown.aif">
                        <name>Jumptown.aif</name>
                    </clip>
                </children>
            </bin>
            <sequence id="Dance">
                                                                                    // 5
                <name>Dance</name>
                . . .
            </sequence>
            <bin>
                                                                                    // 6
                <name>Video</name>
                <children>
                    <cli>id="Bloomies">
                        <name>Bloomies</name>
                    </clip>
                    <clip id="Jeremy Solo">
                        <name>Jeremy Solo</name>
                         . . .
                    </clip>
                    <clip id="Johnny n Cari">
```

```
<name>Johnny n Cari</name>
                    </clip>
                    <cli>id="0verhead">
                        <name>0verhead</name>
                    </clip>
                    <cli>id="Rob Dialog">
                        <name>Rob Dialog</name>
                        . . .
                    </clip>
                    <cli>id="Round n Round">
                        <name>Round n Round</name>
                    </clip>
                </children>
            </bin>
        </children>
   </project>
</xmeml>
```

At line numbered 1, the project start-tag initiates the encoding for the project. The next line specifies the name of the project (Swing).

At lines numbered 2 and 4, the required children elements enclose elements in a project or bin.

At line numbered 3, the first bin (Audio) is encoded. It contains a single audio clip.

At line numbered 5, the sequence (Dance) is encoded. Note that a children subelement is not specified.

At line numbered 6, the second bin (Video) is encoded. In contains six clips.

Encoding Effects

Effects in Final Cut Pro are generally categorized as transition effects or filter effects. You encode an effect using either the transitionitem or filter element, and the effect subelement. Listing 3-17 at lines numbered 3 and 4 shows a skeleton example of a transition effect (a cross dissolve). Listing 3-19 shows the encoding for a filter effect (a gaussian blur).

Listing 3-19 A gaussian blur effect

```
<filter>
    <start>-1</start>
    <end>-1</end>
    <effect>
        <name>Gaussian Blur</name>
                                                                                // 1
        <effectid>Gaussian Blur</effectid>
                                                                                // 2
        <effectcategory>Blur</effectcategory>
        <effecttype>filter</effecttype>
                                                                                // 3
        <mediatype>video</mediatype>
                                                                                 // 4
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>channel</parameterid>
                                                                                // 5
            <name>Channel</name>
            <valuemin>1</valuemin>
            <valuemax>7</valuemax>
            <valuelist>
                                                                                 // 6
                <valueentry>
                     <name>Alpha+RGB</name>
                     <value>1</value>
                </valueentry>
                <valueentry>
                     <name>Alpha</name>
                     <value>2</value>
                </valueentry>
                <valueentry>
                     <name>RGB</name>
                     <value>3</value>
                </valueentry>
                <valueentry>
```

```
<name>Red</name>
                     <value>4</value>
                </valueentry>
                <valueentry>
                    <name>Green</name>
                    <value>5</value>
                </valueentry>
                <valueentry>
                    <name>Blue</name>
                    <value>6</value>
                </valueentry>
                <valueentry>
                    <name>Luminance</name>
                    <value>7</value>
                </valueentry>
            </valuelist>
            <value>1</value>
                                                                                // 7
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>radius</parameterid>
            <name>Radius</name>
            <valuemin>0</valuemin>
            <valuemax>100</valuemax>
            <value>2</value>
                                                                                // 8
        </parameter>
    </effect>
</filter>
```

At lines numbered 1 and 2, either the element name or the element effectid is required to identify a particular effect. The element effectid is language independent. The element name may be localized, depending on the application generating the document. (When parsing installed effects, applications should look first at effectid and use name as a fallback if no matching effect is found.)

At lines numbered 3 and 4, both elements effecttype and mediatype are required in order to provide the application parsing the document with enough information to correctly identify the effect, or to map it to a reasonable substitute. (The mediatype element also allows inherited effects to be propagated to the correct type of track or clip.)

The gaussian blur effect has two parameters: channel and radius. Both parameters use parameterid and name. The element parameterid is language independent, while name can be localized.

At line numbered 5, the channel parameter is a pop-up list with seven choices. At line numbered 6, the valuelist element encodes the names and ordinal value of each of these choices. The encoding for the actual selection from the list occurs at line numbered 7, where value is set to 1. Alternatively, you can use the name of the pop-up list choice for the value element (<value>Alpha+RGB</value>).

Important: The valuelist element is not required for import. When you export an effect with a pop-up list parameter, valuelist provides a convenient summary of the pop-up options. In general, this document does not provide detailed information about effects and their parameters in the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format. To see the interchange format details for an effect, you can apply the effect to a clip and then export that clip in XML.

Keyframes

At line numbered 8 in Listing 3-19 the radius parameter is encoded with a static value of 2. Suppose, however, that you want to use keyframes to modify the effect over time. (A keyframe is a combination of a time value and optional curve or interpolation information.)

Listing 3-20 shows the radius parameter encoded with three keyframe elements, which replace the value element at line numbered 7 in Listing 3-19 To "smooth out" the behavior of the effect, you can add Bezier handles for the last two keyframe elements.

Listing 3-20 Radius parameter with keyframes and Bezier handles

```
</keyframe>
    <keyframe>
                                                                             // 3
        <when>50</when>
        <value>17</value>
       <inscale>0</inscale>
        <inbez>
            <horiz>9.5</horiz>
            <vert>3.14159
        </inbez>
        <outscale>0</outscale>
        <outbez>
            <horiz>9.5</horiz>
            <vert>0</vert>
        </outbez>
    </keyframe>
    <keyframe>
                                                                              // 4
        <when>88</when>
       <value>4</value>
        <inscale>0</inscale>
        <inbez>
            <horiz>9.5</horiz>
            <vert>-3.14159
        </inbez>
    </keyframe>
</parameter>
```

At line numbered 1, the interpolation element identifies the interpolation method for the keyframes. Since this clip is for use in Final Cut Pro, the interpolation method is FCPCurve. See Keyframe Interpolation (page 161) for details of the Final Cut Pro interpolation method.

At line numbered 2, the encoding for the first keyframe sets when at 35 and value at 5.

At line numbered 3, the second keyframe includes information for a Bezier handle that is specific to the FCPCurve format. It consists of an offset (inbez and outbez) and a magnitude (inscale and outscale).

At line numbered 4, note that the last keyframe has a one-sided Bezier handle.

You can also set the range of an effect. By default, an effect uses the in and out values from its parent clip. The effect modifies the media within this range. You can alter this by encoding specific start and end points for filter or transitionitem.

XMEML Topics

This chapter details information about selected Final Cut Pro XML topics, including

- Notes on the XML Interchange Format
- Timing Values
- Managing Project Components
- Managing QuickTime Metadata
- Speed XML

Notes on the XML Interchange Format

Here are some additional details about the Interchange Format.

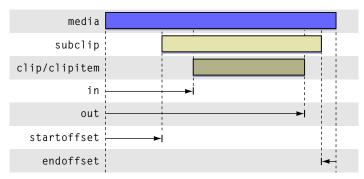
- You cannot encode user interface information such as the size and position of a window, the source and destination settings for a track, or the height of a sequence track in an XML interchange format document.
- Transitions or filters in the Browser are not included in an XML export.
- Custom names for columns in the Browser are not included in an XML export. Exporting a project with custom column names and then reimporting it causes loss of data.
- The drop/non-drop character of a timecode value is not included in an XML export.
- Third party effects and custom master templates are not exported with the XML. If you export a sequence using one and then import the sequence on a machine where the effect or template is not available, the system replaces it with a default effect or default master template.
- If you create a transition between two clips in a sequence, export the sequence, and then import it into the same project, the icon on the transition in the original sequence may lose its name.
- The volume level for the audio track of a clip is encoded by the Audio Levels effect. The parameter Level expresses linear gain rather than decibels. To convert gain to decibels, use the formula decibels = 20 * log10(Level). Conversely, to convert decibels to gain, use Level = 10 ^ (decibels / 20).

For a summary description of changes to the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format and Final Cut, see Versions of XMEML and Final Cut (page 173).

Timing Values

Figure 4-1 illustrates the timing elements that encode the relation between clips, subclips and media.

Figure 4-1 Media Timing Values

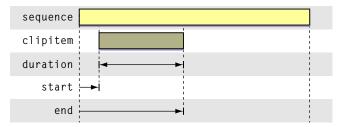


The elements in and out encode the initial and final points that specify the media content associated with a clip or clipitem. (In contrast, the elements start and end illustrated below specify the placement of a clipitem in a sequence.) The elements startoffset and endoffset encode the offset values specifying a subclip.

To convert in and out to timecode values, use the starting timecode in the media, if there is one. For media without timecodes, the default starting timecode is 00:00:00:00. For media with more than one timecode (such as media with source, aux1, aux2, sound), look for the primarytimecode subelement and use that value.

Figure 4-2 illustrates the elements that encode timing values for a clipitem in a sequence.

Figure 4-2 Sequence Timing Values



The elements start and end encode the start and end of a clipitem in an enclosing sequence. The element duration encodes the length of a clipitem. Note that the duration value for a clipitem may not match the duration value of the corresponding media, even when the clipitem and the media file are perfectly aligned. Applying speed to a clipitem, changing its framerate, or other edits can alter the duration of the clipitem.

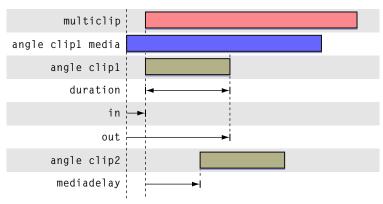
To convert start and end to timecode values, use the timecode in the containing sequence, or, for Browser clips, the timecode on the file of the containing clip.

Note: In Final Cut Pro, the timing values for the elements out and end are computed differently from the timing values for start and in.

To calculate or interpret the value for start and in, Final Cut numbers the first frame as frame 0. On the other hand, to calculate or interpret the value for out and end, Final Cut numbers the first frame as frame 1. In other words, Final Cut uses two distinct ordinal numbering schemes when calculating or interpreting the values for these elements

Figure 4-3 illustrates the relationships of timing elements for a multiclip and multiclip angles.





The angle encoding for clip 1 shows that an angle clip can use in and out encoding to indicate which portion of the media should be used for the clip.

Syncing by in point (synctype 1) means that all the in points for each angle clip are lined up at the beginning of the multiclip. In that case no mediadelay is required.

The simplified angle encoding for clip 2 shows how you can line up angle clips in a multiclip. The second angle will be black from the beginning of the multiclip for the duration specified in mediadelay. Then the second angle clip is displayed. (Note that it doesn't make sense for the mediadelay to be negative since you can simply mark a later in on the clip to achieve the same result.)

A good way to understand these timing values is to create the desired multiclip alignment in Final Cut Pro, then modify something (like the in point for one clip) and make another multiclip, then compare the XML for the multiclips and see where they differ.

Speed and Special Keyframes

Final Cut encodes speed on a clipitem with an array of special keyframes.

The specification of a special keyframe includes the elements when and value, where when is the position of the keyframe in the clipitem and value is the corresponding position in the underlying media. The element when is always integral; value may be fractional, which indicates that it will be blended into the next frame.

The first keyframe always has a value of 0 for when, and the last keyframe always has the duration of the clipitem as the value for when

Speed can be either constant or variable.

- If speed is constant, a graph of the when-value pairs is linear.
- If speed is variable, the values of the when-value pairs are arbitrary and the resulting graph is non-linear.

Special and Virtual Keyframes

Final Cut exports four special keyframes for a clipitem with speed. They are:

- 1. speedkfstart—the first keyframe. Not present if speedkfin is on the first frame.
- 2. speedkfin—the keyframe at the in point.
- 3. speedkfout—the keyframe at the out point.
- 4. speedkfend—the last keyframe. Not present if speedkfout is at the end.

At times, Final Cut writes out a speed keyframe in the XML that is not actually on the clipitem. These "virtual" keyframes are flagged with the Boolean element speedvirtualkf set to TRUE.

Final Cut ignores virtual keyframes on import unless they are on the first or last keyframe.

The anchoroffset Element

The anchoroffset element is new in version 5 of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format (xmeml). It is an optional value that describes an offset from a keyframe for playback. Final Cut Pro uses it to preserve accuracy over speed changes.

For example, if you apply 200% speed to a clipitem, the frames would play back at: 0, 2, 4, ... But if <code>speedkfin</code> is set at 3, playback would start from a frame that is no longer available. To adjust, Final Cut adds an *anchoroffset* of 1.0 so that the fames would play back at 1, 3, 5, 7, ... starting correctly from the frame specified by <code>speedkfin</code>

Keyframe Adjustments

For historical reasons, there are two modifications you should keep in mind when reading or writing special keyframes for speed.

- Last Frame Adjustment—Final Cut increments when and value in the last keyframe by 1.
- Constant Reverse Adjustment—For constant reverse keyframes, Final Cut increments all value settings by 1, except for value in the last keyframe if it has already been incremented by a Last Frame adjustment.

Importing Speed Keyframes

Final Cut interprets speed keyframes at import differently for variable and constant speed.

- For variable speed, Final Cut interprets speed keyframes as specified.
- For constant speed, Final Cut constructs its speed graph by:
 - 1. Reading the value specification of the first keyframe.
 - 2. Determining the number of frames used by reading the value specification of the last keyframe and subtracting value specification of the first keyframe.
 - 3. Setting the duration of the speed graph as the when specification of the last keyframe.
 - 4. Adjusting the speed graph as required to ensure that the graph's setting at the in point matches the speedkfin specification. Note that if a keyframe is flagged as virtual and is not the first or last keyframe, Final Cut ignores that keyframe.

Exporting Speed Keyframes

Final Cut writes keyframes for speed following these conventions:

- If a keyframe does not exist at speedkfn or speedkfout, Final Cut adds one and marks it as virtual.
- Final Cut applies the adjustments mentioned in the "Keyframe Adjustments" section above. Note these points:
 - The setting for when in the last keyframe must agree with the duration of the clipitem.
 - If speed is constant and if the keyframe settings do not produce a linear graph, Final Cut adjusts the settings to produce a linear graph, while maintaining the settings for speedkfin.

Identifying Media

One common reason for reading speed keyframes is to identify the media frames used at speedkfin, or at speedkfout, or between speedkfin and speedkfout.

- For the in point in the media, use the setting of value in the speedkfin keyframe.
- For the out point in the media, start with the setting of value in the speedkfout keyframe. Subtract from this the slope between the speedkfout keyframe and the preceding keyframe. This calculation is required because speedkfout uses 1-based ordering—see Note (page 50).
- For the extent of the media used when speed is contstant, inspect the value settings at speedkfin and speedkfout; for variable speed, inspect the keyframes between speedkfin and speedkfout.

Managing Project Components

The Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format lets you modify or update open projects using the elements uuid and updatebehavior. As well, you can use the itemhistory element to track the edit history of a clipitem.

The uuid and updatebehavior Elements

The uuid element uniquely and persistently identifies individual components (clips, bins, and sequences) in a project. Since it is saved with the project file, you can use it to track detailed changes during your workflow.

Important: A uuid entry is only guaranteed uniqueness on a per project basis. If you copy a clip from one project to another, the uuid entry for the clip remains the same. Likewise, if you export a clip and then import it into a different project, the uuid entry is unchanged. If you then modify the clip in one project, the clip in the other project has a matching UUID but is no longer identical. The UUID has ceased to be a unique identifier.

The updatebehavior element allows you to modify UUID-identified components in an open project. The target component in a project can be a clip, bin, or sequence. As well, you can use updatebehavior to modify metadata in a QuickTime file. (See About master clips (page 17))

A target component is identified by its uuid entry. For example, here is a XML snippet that replaces a clip in the Browser:

Listing 4-1 Replacing a Clip in the Browser

```
<!--Information about the replacement clip -->
</clip>
```

When this snippet is imported, Final Cut Pro looks for a component in the project with a matching UUID. If it finds one, it replaces the component with the clip specified in the interchange format document. (In this case, the replacement clip appears at the topmost level of the Browser.) If it doesn't find the target clip, nothing happens.

To replace a clip in a bin, you have to specify the bin and all its contents. For example, Listing 4-2 replaces a clip in Bin 1.

Listing 4-2 Replacing a Clip in a Bin

Similarly, to replace a particular clipitem in a sequence, you must replace the entire sequence.

The way you specify the location of the replacement component in the import document has precedence. For example, if the target clip is in Bin 1 and if you import a snippet such as Listing 4-1 Final Cut Pro removes the clip from Bin 1 and puts the replacement clip at the top level of the Browser.

The desired behavior at the time of import is specified by the entry for updatebehavior. The valid entries are:

replace: fround Replaces the target component if found. If not found, does nothing.

replaceoradd Replaces the target component if found. If not found, adds the imported component to the project.

addifnot found Adds the imported component to the project if the target component is not found. If the target

component is found and if the target component is a bin, the attributes of the bin are ignored and the children of the bin are processed according to their updatebehavior settings.

add Adds the imported component to the project. If a component with the same uuid entry is

present, changes the uuid entry of the imported object.

remove Removes the target object if found. If not found, does nothing.

Note: Only add is supported for PSD files or multiclips.

The itemhistory Element

The first time you export the XML for a clipitem, Final Cut creates a UUID for the item. If you modify the clipitem and export it again, Final Cut generates a new UUID for the item. The element itemhistory encodes a list of the UUIDs associated with a particular clipitem. The top UUID in the list is the current UUID for the item and is guaranteed to be unique. The rest of the list is a historical record of the UUIDs associated with the item. (The bottom UUID item in the list is the initial UUID generated for the clipitem or the UUID of the original item from which the current item was derived.)

For example, suppose you export a clipitem for the first time. It is assigned an initial UUID:

```
<itemhistory>
    <uuid>3510A3C8-5C79-4AA4-9A81-38B40397C0DC </uuid>
    </itemhistory>
```

You then blade the clipitem and export both items. The XML for the first item is:

```
<itemhistory>
  <uuid>CC70F2BC-1777-4FF6-8846-58A8A3D2DA0E</uuid>
  <uuid>3510A3C8-5C79-4AA4-9A81-38B40397C0DC</uuid>
</itemhistory>
```

The XML for the second item is:

```
<itemhistory>
    <uuid>DD30375E-5CF3-4EB7-B209-36624768C4BB</uuid>
```

```
<uuid>3510A3C8-5C79-4AA4-9A81-38B40397C0DC</uuid>
</itemhistory>
```

The common final UUID for the two items shows that they have a common origin.

Managing QuickTime Metadata

Final Cut Pro 5.1.2 supports metadata in QuickTime files. When Final Cut Pro opens or re-reads a QuickTime file with metadata, it caches a copy of the metadata in the project. (The file is the authoritative source of the metadata; if the file changes, the cached copy changes.)

To manage QuickTime metadata, version 3 of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format provides the element metadata and its subelements. (See QuickTime Metadata (page 109)) With these new elements, you can display the metadata in a project by exporting an interchange format document. In additionl, you can actually modify the metadata in a QuickTime file by importing an interchange format document with appropriately specified elements.

In Final Cut Pro, QuickTime metadata appears at the movie or track levels; that is, the parents of metadata can be file, video, or audio. Here is an XML fragment that displays some metadata at the movie level.

Listing 4-3 Sample Metadata

```
<media>
```

When you import interchange format documents with metadata information, Final Cut Pro caches the imported metadata. However, when Final Cut Pro reconnects referenced QuickTime files to the project, the metadata in these files replaces the metadata you imported.

You can permanently alter the metadata in a QuickTime file by using the element updatebehavior as a subelement of metadata. In this context, updatebehavior has two valid entries: add or remove. Here is an XML fragment using add.

Listing 4-4 Adding Metadata

Metadata in QuickTime files is stored as a key-value pair. In Listing 4-4 the value and the key are added to the metadata in the file. If the file already has an identical key, the imported value does not replace any existing values. Instead, the new value is stored alongside the existing values for that key. Note that a key is specified with a reverse-dns string to help ensure uniqueness.

Using remove, on the other hand, does affect existing metadata in a file. Here is an example:

Listing 4-5 Removing Metadata

```
<metadata>
    <updatebehavior>remove</updatebehavior>
    <storage>QuickTime</storage>
    <key>com.mycompany.myapp.myid.mymd</key>
</metadata>
```

This removes the specified key and all its associated values from the file. (Note that it is not necessary to specify the subelements type, size, or value.)

When you import an interchange format document with metadata specifications, Final Cut Pro first processes the specifications with remove, and then those with add. (This allows you to easily replace values for a particular key from a single import document.)

Applications of the Interchange Format

This chapter describes three tools based on the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format that developers might create to help streamline certain postproduction tasks. It includes these sections:

- Enhancing a Batch List (page 59) shows how a batch list can include extra features usually associated with a "paper edit."
- Simplifying Subtitling (page 64) demonstrates how the time-consuming subtitling process can be simplified and made significantly more efficient.
- Choosing Effect Parameters (page 70) illustrates how an editor can more easily choose appropriate parameters for an effect.
- Other Possibilities (page 77) lists some other ideas for applications of the interchange format.

Enhancing a Batch List

A filmmaker may generate tens or hundreds of hours of footage during production. Frequently, this footage is logged into a word processor, spreadsheet, or database program. The filmmaker may then use this information to create a batch list for import into Final Cut Pro.

Using the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format, a developer can create a simple tool that greatly enhances the capabilities of the traditional batch list, integrating into it many of the editing decisions usually expressed in a paper edit. For example, the tool can translate information from a spreadsheet file into an interchange format document that represents separated bins of clips, predefined sequences containing selected categories of clips, and even clips with effects already applied.

Listing 5-1 shows a brief example of an enhanced batch list in the interchange format. In this example, there is a single bin with five offline clips. The logging information entered for each clip in the spreadsheet has also allowed the tool (at the user's request) to set up a sequence of all the clips of a couple dancing.

Listing 5-1 An enhanced batch list

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xmeml>
<xmeml version="5">
```

```
<name>EnhancedBatchList
   <children>
       <bin>
           <name>Dance shots</name>
           <children>
               <cli>id="Bloomies">
                   <name>Bloomies</name>
                   <duration>248</duration>
                   <rate>
                       <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
                       <timebase>30</timebase>
                   </rate>
                   <logginginfo>
                       <lognote>couple</lognote>
                   </logginginfo>
                   <timecode>
                       <string>02:12:02;17</string>
                       <source>source</source>
                       <reel>
                           <name>002</name>
                       </reel>
                   </timecode>
               </clip>
               <cli>id="Jeremy Solo">
                   <name>Jeremy Solo</name>
                   <duration>188</duration>
                   <rate>
                       <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
                       <timebase>30</timebase>
                   </rate>
                   <logginginfo>
                       <le><lognote>solo male</le>
                       <good>FALSE</good>
```

```
</logginginfo>
    <timecode>
        <string>02:42:35;14</string>
        <source>source</source>
        <reel>
            <name>002</name>
        </reel>
    </timecode>
</clip>
<clip id="Johnny n Cari">
    <name>Johnny n Cari</name>
    <duration>148</duration>
    <rate>
        <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
        <timebase>30</timebase>
    </rate>
    <logginginfo>
        <lognote>couple</lognote>
        <good>FALSE</good>
    </logginginfo>
    <timecode>
        <string>02:41:42;10</string>
        <source>source</source>
        <reel>
            <name>002</name>
        </reel>
    </timecode>
</clip>
<cli>id="0verhead">
    <name>0verhead</name>
    <duration>321</duration>
    <rate>
        <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
        <timebase>30</timebase>
    </rate>
```

```
<logginginfo>
                <le><lognote>group</lognote>
                <good>FALSE</good>
            </logginginfo>
            <timecode>
                <string>02:39:26;28</string>
                <source>source</source>
                <reel>
                    <name>002</name>
                </reel>
            </timecode>
        </clip>
        <cli>id="Round n Round">
            <name>Round n Round</name>
            <duration>308</duration>
            <rate>
                <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
                <timebase>30</timebase>
            </rate>
            <logginginfo>
                <lognote>couple</lognote>
                <good>FALSE</good>
            </logginginfo>
            <timecode>
                <string>02:12:18;07</string>
                <source>source</source>
                <reel>
                    <name>002</name>
                </reel>
            </timecode>
        </clip>
    </children>
</bin>
<sequence id="Couples">
```

```
<name>Couples</name>
<duration>704</duration>
<rate>
    <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
    <timebase>30</timebase>
</rate>
<timecode>
    <rate>
        <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
        <timebase>30</timebase>
    </rate>
    <string>01:00:00;00</string>
    <frame>107892</frame>
    <source>source</source>
    <displayformat>DF</displayformat>
</timecode>
<media>
    <video>
        <track>
            <clipitem>
                <name>Bloomies</name>
                <start>0</start>
                <end>248</end>
                <file id="Bloomies1"/>
            </clipitem>
            <clipitem>
                <name>Johnny n Cari</name>
                <start>248</start>
                <end>396</end>
                <file id="Johnny n Cari"/>
            </clipitem>
            <clipitem>
                <name>Round n Round</name>
                <start>396</start>
                <end>704</end>
```

Simplifying Subtitling

Using the capabilities of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format and text generators, a developer can create a tool or suite of tools to help simplify and streamline the subtitling process.

First, an editor completes the offline edit without subtitles. Then the editor adds a new slug video track and creates through edits at the points where the subtitling should change. For those parts of the video where no subtitling should appear, the editor deletes the matching portion of the slug track.

The editor then exports the sequence in the interchange format. The slug track in the resulting document contains the start and end information required to correctly specify the start and end of a text generator for each subtitle.

In addition, the editor puts text for the subtitles in a database or spreadsheet.

The subtitling tool now reads the exported file for the start and end information, and the spreadsheet or database for the actual subtitle text. It then generates a new interchange format document that substitutes a text generator for each section of the slug track, providing the appropriate subtitle text for each generator.

The editor then imports this new interchange format file and make any necessary refinements or adjustments.

Listing 5-2 shows an abbreviated example of a project with two subtitles.

At line numbered 1, the first subtitle generator effect uses the id attribute. The first generator effect in the track can set all the parameters, such as fontname, fontsize, and origin, and so on.

At line numbered 2, the next generator effect in the track can reference this id and use the same settings, overriding only the str parameter to change the subtitle text. This means you can change parameters, such as the font or text style, in the first generator effect and have the changes apply to all the subtitles in the sequence. (At line numbered 3, the encoding details for the audio tracks are omitted.)

Listing 5-2 Subtitling

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xmeml>
<xmeml version="5">
<sequence id="SampleSubtitles">
    <name>SampleSubtitles</name>
   <duration>219</duration>
    <rate>
        <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
        <timebase>30</timebase>
    </rate>
    <timecode>
        <rate>
            <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
            <timebase>30</timebase>
        </rate>
        <string>01:00:00;00</string>
        <frame>107892</frame>
        <source>source</source>
        <displayformat>DF</displayformat>
    </timecode>
    <media>
        <video>
            <track>
                <clipitem>
                <name>Rob Dialog</name>
                <duration>751</duration>
                <rate>
                <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
                <timebase>30</timebase>
                </rate>
                <in>0</in>
                <out>219</out>
                <start>0</start>
                <end>219</end>
```

```
<file id="Rob Dialog1">
                <name>Rob Dialog</name>
<pathurl>file://localhost/NTSC%20TutorialDance%20Shots/Rob%20Dialog</pathurl>
                    <media>
                        <video/>
                    </media>
                </file>
                </clipitem>
            </track>
            <track>
                <generatoritem>
                    <name>Text</name>
                    <duration>3600</duration>
                    <rate>
                        <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
                        <timebase>30</timebase>
                    </rate>
                    <in>1650</in>
                    <out>1784</out>
                    <start>0</start>
                    <end>134</end>
                    <enabled>TRUE</enabled>
                    <anamorphic>FALSE</anamorphic>
                    <alphatype>black</alphatype>
                    <effect id = "subtitle">
                                                                                   // 1
                        <name>Text</name>
                        <effectid>Text</effectid>
                        <effectcategory>Text</effectcategory>
                        <effecttype>generator</effecttype>
                        <mediatype>video</mediatype>
                        <parameter>
                            <parameterid>str</parameterid>
                            <name>Text</name>
```

```
<value>If you look at the Lindy Hop&#13;you'll see a
couple just moving</value>
                        </parameter>
                         <parameter>
                             <parameterid>fontname</parameterid>
                             <name>Font</name>
                             <value>Futura</value>
                        </parameter>
                        <parameter>
                             <parameterid>fontsize</parameterid>
                             <name>Size</name>
                             <valuemin>0</valuemin>
                             <valuemax>1000</valuemax>
                             <value>36</value></parameter>
                        <parameter>
                         <parameterid>fontstyle</parameterid>
                             <name>Style</name>
                             <valuemin>1</valuemin>
                             <valuemax>4</valuemax>
                             <valuelist>
                                 <valueentry>
                                     <name>Plain</name>
                                     <value>1</value>
                                 </valueentry>
                                 <valueentry>
                                     <name>Bold</name>
                                     <value>2</value>
                                 </valueentry>
                                 <valueentry>
                                     <name>Italic</name>
                                     <value>3</value>
                                 </valueentry>
                                 <valueentry>
                                     <name>Bold/Italic</name>
                                     <value>4</value>
```

```
</valueentry>
    </valuelist>
    <value>3</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<parameterid>fontalign</parameterid>
<name>Alignment</name>
<valuemin>1</valuemin>
<valuemax>3</valuemax>
<valuelist>
    <valueentry>
        <name>Left</name>
        <value>1</value>
    </valueentry>
    <valueentry>
        <name>Center</name>
        <value>2</value>
    </valueentry>
        <valueentry><name>Right</name>
        <value>3</value>
    </valueentry>
</valuelist>
<value>2</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>fontcolor</parameterid>
    <name>Font Color</name>
    <value>
        <alpha>255</alpha>
        <red>255</red>
        <green>255</preen>
        <blue>255</blue>
    </value>
</parameter>
```

```
<parameter>
                        <parameterid>origin</parameterid>
                            <name>0rigin</name>
                            <value>
                                <horiz>0</horiz>
                                <vert>0.34375
                            </value>
                        </parameter>
                    </effect>
                    <sourcetrack>
                        <mediatype>video</mediatype>
                    </sourcetrack>
                </generatoritem>
                <generatoritem>
                    <start>135</start>
                    <end>219</end>
                    <effect id ="subtitle2">
                                                                                 // 2
                        <name>Text</name>
                        <effectid>Text</effectid>
                        <effectcategory>Text</effectcategory>
                        <effecttype>generator</effecttype>
                        <mediatype>video</mediatype>
                        <parameter>
                            <parameterid>str</parameterid>
                            <name>Text</name><value>They're constantly
moving
 they're always on the go</value>
                        </parameter>
                    </effect>
                </generatoritem>
                <enabled>TRUE
                <locked>FALSE</locked>
            </track>
        </video>
        <audio>
                                                                                 // 3
```

```
</media>
</sequence>
</xmeml>
```

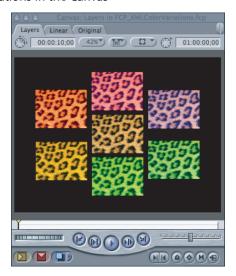
Choosing Effect Parameters

Many effects have multiple parameters that offer a wide range of choices. Finding the right combination of settings for a desired effect can be a time-consuming task. To help an editor more quickly identify appropriate parameter settings, a developer can create a "parameter exploration" tool that quickly displays a range of alternative treatments for a clip in the Canvas.

The tool asks an editor to choose a clip and an effect, and then to specify the parameters to be varied and the increments for the variations. The tool then generates an interchange format document for import into Final Cut Pro.

Figure 5-1 shows what the tool might produce. In this case, the clip is a still frame and the applied effect is Color Corrector 3-way. The original clip (in the center) and six variations are displayed in the Canvas.





Listing 5-3 displays part of the interchange format document created by the tool. It shows two of the seven tracks. In particular, note these points:

At line numbered 1, the stillframe element indicates that the clip is a still frame.

At line numbered 2, duration is set to 2. (Note that for still frames, the value for duration indicates time in minutes, rather than the number of frames.)

Lines numbered 3 through 8 are the parameters in the effect that vary from clip to clip. In the second track, they change at lines numbered 11 through 16.

At line numbered 9, the clip is scaled to fit with the other clips in the Canvas window.

At line numbered 10, the horizontal and vertical settings for the Center parameter control the position of the clip in the Canvas. These values are changed for the second clip at line numbered 17.

Listing 5-3 Effect parameter settings

```
<track> <!-- the first track -->
    <clipitem>
        <name>Faux Fur.jpg</name>
        <duration>3901</duration>
        <rate>
            <ntsc>TRUE</ntsc>
            <timebase>30</timebase>
        </rate>
        <in>1800</in>
        <out>2100</out>
        <start>0</start>
        <end>300</end>
        <stillframe>TRUE</stillframe>
                                                                                   // 1
        <file id="Faux Fur.jpg1">
            <name>Faux Fur.jpg</name>
            <pathurl>file://localhost/Faux%20Fur.jpg</pathurl>
            <duration>2</duration>
            <media>
                <video>
                    <duration>2</duration>
                                                                                   // 2
                    <stillframe>TRUE</stillframe>
                    <samplecharacteristics>
                        <width>720</width>
                        <height>480</height>
```

```
</samplecharacteristics>
        </video>
    </media>
</file>
<filter>
    <enabled>TRUE
   <start>-1</start>
    <end>-1</end>
    <effect id = "colorcorrector3way">
        <name>Color Corrector 3-way</name>
        <effectid>Color Corrector 3-way</effectid>
        <effectcategory>Color Correction</effectcategory>
        <effecttype>filter</effecttype>
        <mediatype>video</mediatype>
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>dispmode</parameterid>
            <name>Display Mode</name>
            . . .
            <value>1</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>label1</parameterid>
            <name>Blacks Controls</name>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>blacklevel</parameterid>
            <name>Level</name>
            <valuemin>-196</valuemin>
            <valuemax>254</valuemax>
            <value>0</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>b_hue</parameterid>
            <name>Angle</name>
```

```
<valuemin>-180</valuemin>
    <valuemax>180</valuemax>
                                                                   // 3
    <value>-33</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>b_mag</parameterid>
    <name>Magnitude</name>
    <valuemin>0</valuemin>
    <valuemax>200</valuemax>
    <value>0</value>
                                                                   // 4
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>label2</parameterid>
    <name>Midrange Controls</name>
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>mids</parameterid>
    <name>Level</name>
    <valuemin>0</valuemin>
    <valuemax>200</valuemax>
    <value>100</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>m_hue</parameterid>
    <name>Angle</name>
    <valuemin>-180</valuemin>
    <valuemax>180</valuemax>
    <value>-33</value>
                                                                   // 5
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>m_mag</parameterid>
    <name>Magnitude</name>
    <valuemin>0</valuemin>
    <valuemax>200</valuemax>
    <value>0</value>
                                                                   // 6
```

```
</parameter>
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>label3</parameterid>
            <name>Highlight Controls
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>highlights</parameterid>
            <name>Level</name>
            <valuemin>64</valuemin>
            <valuemax>509</valuemax>
            <value>255</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>h_hue</parameterid>
            <name>Angle</name>
            <valuemin>-180</valuemin>
            <valuemax>180</valuemax>
            <value>-33</value>
                                                                          // 7
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <parameterid>h_mag</parameterid>
            <name>Magnitude</name>
            <valuemin>0</valuemin>
            <valuemax>200</valuemax>
            <value>0</value>
                                                                          // 8
        </parameter>
        . . . <!-- other parameter settings are defaults -->
    </effect>
</filter>
<filter>
    <effect id = "basicmotion">
        <name>Basic Motion</name>
        <effectid>basic</effectid>
        <effectcategory>motion</effectcategory>
```

```
<effecttype>motion</effecttype>
                <mediatype>video</mediatype>
                <parameter>
                    <parameterid>scale</parameterid>
                    <name>Scale</name>
                    <valuemin>0</valuemin>
                    <valuemax>1000</valuemax>
                    <value>25</value>
                                                                                  // 9
                </parameter>
                <parameter>
                    <parameterid>center</parameterid>
                    <name>Center</name>
                    <value>
                                                                                  // 10
                        <horiz>-2.98023e-08</horiz>
                        <vert>-0.00524935
                    </value>
                </parameter>
            </effect>
        </filter>
        . . .
    </clipitem>
    <enabled>TRUE</enabled>
    <locked>FALSE</locked>
</track>
<track> <!-- start of the second track -->
    <clipitem>
        . . .
        <filter>
            <enabled>TRUE</enabled>
            <start>-1</start>
            <end>-1</end>
            <effect id = "colorcorrector3way">
                <parameter>
                    <parameterid>b_hue</parameterid>
```

```
<name>Angle</name>
    <valuemin>-180</valuemin>
    <valuemax>180</valuemax>
    <value>-12</value>
                                                                   // 11
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>b_mag</parameterid>
    <name>Magnitude</name>
    <valuemin>0</valuemin>
    <valuemax>200</valuemax>
    <value>20</value>
                                                                   // 12
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>m_hue</parameterid>
    <name>Angle</name>
    <valuemin>-180</valuemin>
    <valuemax>180</valuemax>
    <value>-12</value>
                                                                   // 13
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>m_mag</parameterid>
    <name>Magnitude</name>
    <valuemin>0</valuemin>
    <valuemax>200</valuemax>
    <value>20</value>
                                                                   // 14
</parameter>
<parameter>
    <parameterid>h_hue</parameterid>
    <name>Angle</name>
    <valuemin>-180</valuemin>
    <valuemax>180</valuemax>
    <value>-12</value>
                                                                   // 15
</parameter>
```

```
<parameter>
                    <parameterid>h_mag</parameterid>
                    <name>Magnitude</name>
                    <valuemin>0</valuemin>
                    <valuemax>200</valuemax>
                    <value>20</value>
                                                                                 // 16
                </parameter>
           </effect>
       </filter>
       <filter>
           <effect id = "basicmotion">
                <parameter>
                    <parameterid>center</parameterid>
                    <name>Center</name>
                    <value>
                                                                                 // 17
                       <horiz>--0.275591</horiz>
                       <vert>-0.167979
                    </value>
                </parameter>
           </effect>
       </filter>
   </clipitem>
   <enabled>TRUE
   <locked>FALSE</locked>
</track>
```

Other Possibilities

Here are some other possible projects and tools based on the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format:

Production companies often use a database program to track all film or video shots during production.
 Exporting this database information to interchange format documents could allow for the quick creation of video dailies from film, HD, or SD footage. The interchange format document could edit together footage into a sequence with text generator slates before each shot.

- A production house could archive all clips ever used in Final Cut Pro projects in one central database by
 exporting each project as an interchange format document and then translating the clip information in
 that document into a central database.
- A production house could maintain version-tracking of sequences. For example, a sequence could be
 exported and the interchange format document stored in a central repository. Later, if an editor wants to
 see a previous version of a sequence, she can retrieve the earlier version from the repository and import
 it into Final Cut Pro.
- An editor could easily find and replace clips with other clips. For example, an editor might want to change all medium shots of scene 10 to close ups.
- A tool could automatically generate Final Cut Pro sequences with foreground and background plates in place, and the appropriate chromakey effect already applied to the foreground elements. This could save an editor significant time.
- A tool could randomly sort the clips in a sequence, instead of the pseudo-random editing done by hand. For example, starting with 100 different clips, the tool could generate 100 sequences, each with the clips in a different random order.

Elements Catalog

This chapter describes all the elements of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format.

Important: This chapter uses two descriptive conventions. The plus (+) sign precedes a subelement that is required. An asterisk (*) precedes a subelement that cannot be inherited and must be explicitly encoded.

Information about the elements of the Final Cut Pro Interchange Format is presented in the following sections:

- Major Elements (page 79)
- Clips (page 82)
- Video and Audio (page 90)
- Common Elements (page 94)
- Rate and Timecode (page 96)
- Effects (page 98)
- The Time Remap Effect (page 103)
- Application Specific Data (page 104)
- Film Data (page 107)
- QuickTime Metadata (page 109)
- Import Options (page 110)

Major Elements

xmeml

Description Root element for an XML Interchange Format document.

Attribute version (for example: version = "5")

Subelements importoptions, project, bin, clip, sequence

Notes You can encode multiple xmeml elements in a single document, as long as there is an xmeml

document type declaration at the top of the file.

project

Description Encodes a Final Cut Pro project.

Parent xmeml

Subelements +name, +children

bin

Description Encodes a bin, a named container within a project.

Parents xmeml, children

Subelements +*name, +*children, *labels, *comments, uuid, updatebehavior

children

Description Encloses a collection of elements within a bin or project.

Parents bin, project

Subelements clip, sequence, bin

sequence

Description Encodes a collection of clips and generators sequenced in relation to each other by time, layer,

and position.

Parents xmeml, children, clipitem

Subelements +name, +duration, +rate, in, out, *timecode, media, *marker, sequence, *labels,

*comment, *masterclipid, *ismasterclip, *descriptionlogginginfo, filmdata,

file, pixelaspectratio, uuid, updatebehavior

Attribute id

media

Description Encodes specific media tracks for a clip or a sequence.

Parents clip, sequence, file

Subelements *video, *audio

track

Description Encodes data specific to one or more video or audio elements for a track.

Parents video, audio

Subelements *clipitem,*generatoritem,*transitionitem,enabled,locked,*outputchannelindex

locked

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not a track is locked.

Parent track

Notes If TRUE, the parent track is locked and cannot be modified in the Timeline. The default is FALSE.

outputchannelindex

Description An integer specifying the output channel index for a track.

Parent track

link

Description Encodes a link between different clips in a sequence.

Parent clipitem

Subelement +linkclipref or (+mediatype, +trackindex, +clipindex, +groupindex)

linkclipref

Description A string specifying a clip id attribute that encodes a link between sequence items sharing the

same clip reference.

Parent link

Notes You cannot use linkclipref with multiple clips in a track with the same id.

clipindex

Description An integer specifying the clip index.

Parent link

groupindex

Description An integer specifying the index of a group of audio outputs.

Parent link

Notes A groupindex element specifies a subset in an audio link array. (A video link should not

have a groupindex subelement.) Items sharing a groupindex are part of a stereo pair. The groupindex should never exceed the number of audio items specified in the link array.

uuid

Description A unique identifier.

Parents clip, sequence, bin, itemhistory

Notes Valid entries are in the standard UUID format. For the hex characters A through F, case is ignored.

Note that UUID's for clips, sequences, and bins are guaranteed to be unique only within a single

project. If you copy or import a clip from one project to another, the uuid entry remains the same. Note also that the UUID element, which is a subelement of data, is distinct from uuid.

updatebehavior

Description Allows an imported interchange format document to modify an open project or metadata in

a QuickTlme file.

Parents clip, sequence, bin, metadata

Notes Valid entries are replaceiffound, replaceoradd, addifnotfound, add, remove.

(Only add is a valid entry for PSD files and multiclips.) See Managing Project Components (page 53) The default entry is add. If you use updatebehavior and add with a clip, and if there is clip with the same UUID already in the project, then Final Cut assigns a new UUID to the clip

you're importing.

itemhistory

Description A list of UUIDs associated with a clipitem.

Parent clipitem

Subelements uuid

Notes Final Cut generates a UUID for a clipitem when the item is first exported, and subsequently

whenever the item is modified and exported again. The top UUID in the list is the current UUID for the item and is guaranteed to be unique. The rest of the list is a historical record of the UUIDs associated with the item. (The bottom UUID item in the list is the initial UUID generated for the clipitem or the UUID of the original item from which the current item was derived.).

See itemhistory (page 82)

Clips

clip

Description Encodes a clip in the Browser.

Parents xmeml, children

Subelements +name, +duration, +rate, in, out, *masterclipid, *subclipmasterid, *ismasterclip,

*logginginfo, *enabled, *file, *timecode, *media, marker, *anamorphic, *alphatype, *alphareverse, *labels, *comments, sourcetrack, *compositemode, subclipinfo, filter, stillframe, *stillframeoffset, *startoffset, *endoffset, defaultangle, subframeoffset, start, end, pixelaspectratio, filmdata, uuid, updatebehavior

Attribute id

clipitem

Description Encodes a clip in a track.

Parent track

Subelements +*name, +duration, +rate, +*start, +*end, link, syncoffset, *enabled, *in, *out,

*masterclipid,*subclipmasterid,ismasterclip,*logginginfo, file,*timecode, *marker,*anamorphic,*alphatype,*alphareverse,*labels,*comments,sourcetrack, *compositemode,subclipinfo,*filter,stillframe,*stillframeoffset,*sequence,

multiclip, mediadelay, subframeoffset, *mixedratesoffset,filmdata,
pixelaspectratio, fielddominance, gamma, primarytimecode*itemhistory

Attribute id

Notes Note that start, end, link, syncoffset, and enabled are subelements of clipitem, but

not of clip.

file

Description Encodes a media file reference for use within a clip.

Parents clip, clipitem

Subelements +duration, +rate, +*name or +pathurl (or both), *timecode, *media, width, height,

mediaSource

Attribute id

pathurl

Description A UTF-8 string specifying a pathname for a file.

Parent file

Notes A file referenced by pathurl must be on a local volume. The URL must start with

file://localhost or file:///.

A character that is not a legal URL character according to the RFC 2396 standard needs to be escaped by writing it in hexadecimal notation preceded by the % character. (To process URL

strings programmatically, you can use functions such as

CFURLCreateStringByAddingPercentEscapes in the Carbon library.)

mediaSource

Description A string describing a media source (such as a slug) built in to Final Cut Pro.

Parent file

anamorphic

Description A Boolean value characterizing a piece of video used in a track.

Parents clip, clipitem, generatoritem, samplecharacteristics

Notes If TRUE, video has a 16:9 aspect ratio. If FALSE, video has a 4:3 aspect ratio.

alphatype

Description A string specifying the alpha mode for a clip.

Parents clip, clipitem, generatoritem, media, video

Notes Valid entries are none, straight, black, or white. Note that these entries are always in

English, even for versions of Final Cut Pro in other languages.

alphareverse

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not Reverse Alpha is set.

Parents clip, clipitem

composite mode

Description A string specifying the composite mode for a clip.

Parents clip, clipitem

Notes Valid entries are normal, add, subtract, difference, multiply, screen, texturize,

hardlight, softlight, darken, lighten, mask, or lumamask. Note that these entries are

always in English, even for versions of Final Cut Pro in other languages.

masterclipid

Description A string specifying the master clip id.

Parents clip, clipitem, sequence

Notes You do not have to encode a masterclipid element before you encode any affiliate clips.

(In a sequence, all clips are affiliate or independent clips. Independent clips have no

masterclipid element.)

subclipmasterid

Description A string specifying the id of the parent clip for a subclip.

Parents clip, clipitem, generatoritem

ismasterclip

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not a clip is a master clip.

Parents clip, clipitem, sequence

Notes If ismasterclip is not encoded, the clip is assumed to be an affiliate or independent clip.

logginginfo

Description Encodes logging information for a clip.

Parents clip, clipitem

Subelements *description, *scene, *shottake, *lognote, *good, scenenote, shotnote, takenote

description

Description A string describing a clip or sequence.

Parents logginginfo, sequence

scene

Description A string specifying a scene identifier or name for a clip.

Parent logginginfo

shottake

Description A string specifying a shot or take identifier.

Parent logginginfo

lognote

Description A string specifying the logging note for a clip.

Parent logginginfo

good

Description A Boolean value specifying the state for a clip.

Parent logginginfo

scenenote

Description A string with scene information from the Cinema Tools database.

Parent logginginfo

shotnote

Description A string with shot information from the Cinema Tools database.

Parent logginginfo

takenote

Description A string with take information from the Cinema Tools database.

Parent logginginfo

labels

Description Encodes Label and Label 2 information for a clip.

Parents clip, clipitem, bin, sequence

Subelements *label, *label2

label

Description Specifies Label information for a clip.

Parent labels

Notes Since the user can modify label names in User Preferences, the system matches imported

information for this element against the current Label settings in Final Cut Pro.

label2

Description A string specifying Label 2 information.

Parent labels

comments

Description Encodes comment information for a clip.

Parents clip, clipitem, bin, sequence

Subelements *mastercomment[n], *clipcommenta, *clipcommentb

Notes Four masterComment subelements, and two unique comment subelements are available.

mastercomment[n]

Description A string specifying a master comment.

Parent comments

Notes Valid elements are mastercomment1 through mastercomment4. The mastercomment [n]

element specifies text stored inside a clip definition. This information is shared between master

and affiliate clips and is kept consistent if modified inside Final Cut Pro.

clipcommenta, clipcommentb

Description A string specifying a unique clip comment.

Parent comments

Notes The elements clipcommenta and clipcommentb contain comment text stored inside a clip

definition. This information is unique to each clip instance.

sourcetrack

Description Encodes details of the media connected with a clip.

Parents clip, clipitem, generatoritem

Subelements mediatype, trackindex

Notes The designated media can be a specific piece of media or a nested sequence with multiple

types of media.

start

Description An integer specifying the relative starting point for a clip in a track. (See Timing Values (page

49).)

Parents clipitem, generatoritem

Notes A value of -1 indicates that a clipitem in a sequence is preceded by a transition. The actual

value of start is computed from the beginning of the transition.

end

Description An integer specifying the relative ending point for a clip in a track. (See Timing Values (page

49).)

Parents clipitem, generatoritem

Notes A value of -1 indicates that a clipitem in a sequence is followed by a transition. The actual

value of end is computed from the end of the transition.

subclipinfo

Description Encodes offset information for a subclip.

Parents clip, clipitem

Subelements *startoffset, *endoffset

startoffset

Description An integer specifying the offset in frames from the start media value, calculated using the In

point of the clip from which the subclip was created.

Parents subclipinfo, clip, clipitem

endoffset

Description An integer specifying the offset in frames from the end media value, calculated using the Out

point of the clip from which the subclip was created.

Parents subclipinfo, clip, clipitem

stillframe

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not a clip is a still frame.

Parents clip, clipitem

Notes Photoshop PSD files, jpeq files, tiff files, or other still images imported into Final Cut have

stillframe set to TRUE.

stillframeoffset

Description An integer specifying the offset in frames from the start media value to the frame to use as a

freeze frame.

Parents clip, clipitem

syncoffset

Description An integer specifying the offset in frames from the beginning of the first track in a group of

linked tracks that have been marked in sync.

Parents clip, clipitem

multiclip

Description Encodes a multiclip.

Parents clipitem

Subelements +name, +angle, collapsed, synctype

angle

Description Encodes an angle is a multiclip.

Parents multiclip

Subelements activevideoangle, activeaudioangle, +clip

activevideoangle

Description A Boolean value specifying if an angle is the active angle in a multiclip.

Parents angle

Notes Only one angle in a multiclip can be active at a time. Default setting is FALSE. If no angles are

specified as active, the first angle is assumed to be the active angle.

activeaudioangle

Description A Boolean value specifying if an angle is the active angle in a multiclip.

Parents angle

Notes Only one angle in a multiclip can be active at a time. Default setting is FALSE. If no angles are

specified as active, the first angle is assumed to be the active angle.

collapsed

Description A Boolean value specifying if a multiclip is collapsed or not.

Parents multclip

Notes Default is FALSE.

synctype

Description An integer specifying the synchronizatrion for the multiclip.

Parents multclip

Notes Valid entries are 1 (In point), 2 (Out point), 3 (timecode), 4 (aux 1 timecode), and 5 (aux 2

timecode).

mediadelay

Description Integer specifying the starting offset (in frames) for a clipitem used in a multiclip or

subclip. (See Figure 4-3 (page 50)).

Parents clipitem

defaultangle

Description A string identifying the angle of a clip in the Browser.

Parents clip

subframe of fset

Description Specifies the offset when a track is slipped by less than a frame.

Parents clip, clipitem

mixedratesoffset

Description An integer specifying an offset for footage played at mixed rates

Parent clipitem

Notes In points are stored in the frame rate of a sequence. Before the introduction of

mixedratesoffset in version 6 of Final Cut, this could cause problems. For example, if you edited a 60fps clip with an in point of 3 into a 30fps sequence, the in point became 1 and Final Cut played frame 2 instead of frame 3. Final Cut 6, however, uses mixedratesoffet to handle these mixed rates situations. In this example, the value of mixedratesoffset would be set to +1 and the sequence would play correctly from frame 3. Note that mixedratesoffset is

only available in version 4 of xmeml.

gamma

Description Number specifying the gamma setting for a still.

Parents clipitem

Notes Specifies a still gamma setting when a gamma setting is supported by the codec. The entry is

a decimal with three digits of precision. The thousandths place is rounded up. For example, an entry of 1.2345 becomes 1.235. If gamma is unspecified, Final Cut Pro uses the source gamma

setting.

Video and Audio

video

Description Encodes data specific to video media.

Parent media

Subelements track, *duration, format, *samplecharacteristics, in, out, stillframe, *layerindex,

*alphatype, trackcount (version 1 only)

Notes Video data that you can encode for specific video tracks includes In and Out points, video

format, and rate information.

layerindex

Description An integer specifying a layer in source media such as a PhotoShop PSD file.

Parent video

Notes Valid entries are from 1 to the number of layers in the media.

audio

Description Encodes data specific to audio media.

Parent media

Subelements *in, *out, track, format, outputs, *channelcount, channeldescription, rate,

*samplecharacteristics,*duration, layout, audiochannel, trackcount (version 1

only)

Notes Audio data that you can encode for specific audio tracks include In and Out points and audio

format information.

channelcount

Description An integer specifying the number of audio channels.

Parent audio

trackcount

Description For version 1 of the interchange format only. An integer specifying the number of tracks defined

for the parent media type.

Parents video, audio

Notes The trackcount element is required when explicitly encoding the subelements of a file

element where there is more than one track of a particular media type. It is optional for clips or sequences, where trackcount is implied by the number of track elements encoded.

channeldescription

Description A string specifying the audio channels.

Parent audio

Notes Valid entries are mono, stereo, A1, A2, or A1+A2.

layout

Description A string specifying the layout of an the audio channels.

Parent audio

Notes Valid entries are mono, and stereo. Default is stereo.

audiochannel

Description Encodes information about an audio channel.

Parent audio

Subelements channellabel, sourcechannel

channellabel

Description A string labelling the channel

Parent audiochannel

Notes Valid entries are left, right, and discrete.

sourcechannel

Description An integer specifying the source channel.

Parent audiochannel

Notes Valid entries are 1 or greater.

outputs

Description Encodes information about audio outputs.

Parent audio

Subelement *group

Notes The information corresponds to the outputs tab of the sequence settings.

group

Description Encodes information about a group of audio output channels.

Parent outputs

Subelements index, numchannels, downmix, channel

index

Description An integer specifying the index of a group or channel.

Parents group, channel

numchannels

Description An integer specifying the number of channels in a group.

Parent group

downmix

Description An integer specifying the amount of volume adjustment, in decibels, to apply to each channel

when performing a downmix for the specified group.

Parent group

Notes Valid entries are +10, +6, +4, +2, 0, -2, -4, -6, or -10.

channel

Description Encodes the output device index of a channel in a group.

Parent group

Subelement index

format

Description Encodes format information for video or audio media in a track.

Parents video, audio

Subelements samplecharacteristics, appspecificdata

samplecharacteristics

Description Encodes characteristics of video or audio media.

Parents video, audio, format

Subelements Video: *width, *height, anamorphic, pixelaspectratio, fielddominance, rate,

colordepth, codec

Audio: depth, samplerate

width

Description An integer specifying the width, in pixels, of video media.

Parent samplecharacteristics, file

height

Description An integer specifying the height, in pixels, of video media.

Parent samplecharacteristics, file

pixelaspectratio

Description A string specifying the pixel aspect ratio.

Parent samplecharacteristics

Notes Valid entries are NTSC-601, PAL-601, square, DVCPR0HD-720P or HD-(960x720),

 $DVCPROHD-1080i60 \text{ or } HD-(1280\times1080), DVCPROHD-1080i50 \text{ or } HD-(1440\times1080).$

fielddominance

Description A string specifying the field dominance.

Parent samplecharacteristics

Notes Valid entries are none, lower, upper, odd, or even.

colordepth

Description An integer specifying the color depth.

Parent samplecharacteristics

Notes Valid entries are 8, 6, or 24.

codec

Description Encodes details about a codec.

Parent samplecharacteristics

Subelements name, appspecificdata

depth

Description An integer specifying the bit depth of audio media.

Parent samplecharacteristics

Notes Valid entries are 8 or 16.

samplerate

Description An integer specifying the audio sample rate.

Parent samplecharacteristics

Notes Valid entries are 32000, 44100, or 48000.

Common Elements

Common elements are subelements of more than one parent element.

name

Description A string specifying a name.

Parents project, bin, sequence, clip, clipitem, multiclip, generatoritem, file, marker,

effect, interpolation, source, transitionitem

duration

Description An integer specifying duration in number of frames. (See Timing Values (page 49).)

Parents sequence, clip, clipitem, generatoritem, file, video, audio, transitionitem

Notes The number is interpreted based on the frame rate in effect at the time. Note that in the case

of still frames, the value for duration represents minutes rather than frames.

enabled

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not the parent element is enabled.

Parents track, clipitem, clip, generatoritem, sequence, filter

Notes If you do not specify enabled, the default setting is TRUE.

marker

Description Encodes a named time or range of time in a clip or sequence.

Parents clip, clipitem, sequence

Subelements +*name, +in, +out,*marker, *comment, color

color

Description Encodes the color value of a marker.

Parent marker

Subelements red, green, blue, or alpha.

comment

Description A string describing a marker.

Parent marker

in

Description An integer specifying a starting time. (See Timing Values (page 49).)

Parents sequence, clip, clipitem, generatoritem, marker, effect

Notes The valid range is from \emptyset to the duration of the component. The value must be less than the

value of out. A value of -1 indicates that no in point is set for a browser clip or a sequence. Also, you can use -1 to override an existing encoding with an undefined or default value. Like

duration, the value of in is interpreted based on the frame rate in effect at the time.

out

Description An integer specifying an ending time. (See Timing Values (page 49).)

Parents sequence, clip, clipitem, generatoritem, marker, effect

Notes The valid range is from \emptyset to the duration of the component. The value must be greater than

the value of in. A value of -1 indicates that no out point is set for a browser clip or a sequence. Also, you can use -1 to override an existing encoding with an undefined or default value. Like duration, the value of out is interpreted based on the frame rate in effect at the time.

mediatype

Description A string defining the media type.

Parents link, sourcetrack, effect

Notes Valid strings are video or audio.

trackindex

Description An integer specifying the track index in a link element or in a media source.

Parents link, sourcetrack

Notes If the media has a single video track and no audio tracks, specifying trackindex may cause

an error.

Rate and Timecode

rate

Description Encodes a time scale to interpret time values for a clip, sequence, timecode, or other component.

Parents sequence, clip, clipitem, generatoritem, timecode, audio, effect

Subelements +timebase (for video: ntsc)

timebase

Description An integer specifying the timebase of the frame rate.

Parent rate

Notes You use timebase in conjunction with ntsc to define the time scale. See Table B-1 (page 160)

ntsc

Description A Boolean value specifying the NTSC rate reduction.

Parent rate

Notes If you set ntsc to TRUE, the NTSC rate reduction (0.01%) is applied to timebase. See Table

B-1 (page 160)

timecode

Description Encodes a timecode value for a clip, sequence, or file.

Parents sequence, clip, clipitem, file, value, generatoritem

Subelements +*string or (+frame and +displayformat), +rate, field, reel, source, format

Attribute id

Notes A timecode represents the address of a particular video frame on a time-based media storage

device, such as a videotape recorder. Note that timecode requires a rate definition (local or inherited), and either a string subelement, or frame and displayformat subelements. (You can also specify all three subelements.) For example, a string set to 01:00:2;05 with a rate of 29.97 fps translates to a frame count of 107657 formatted using drop frame notation.

string

Description A string specifying a timecode.

Parent timecode

Notes The value is based on an SMPTE timecode string, with a semicolon indicating that the drop

frame format is being used. The application uses the current frame rate to interpret this value.

(If you specify string, you do not need to specify frame and displayformat.)

frame

Description An integer specifying the frame count.

Parent timecode

Notes This element defines a frame count that Final Cut Pro interprets into a timecode using the

parent rate and format definitions. Note that f rame contains an actual frame count, not simply a time index. For a drop frame timecode, the skipped numbers are taken into account. The frame count starts at zero, and rolls over at 23 hours, 59 minutes, 59 seconds, and n frames

(where n is the frame rate).

displayformat

Description A string specifying the format modifier to use for the parent timecode element.

Parent timecode

Notes Valid values are DF (for drop frame) or NDF (for non-drop frame) Note that values other than

NDF are valid only for a timecode with a rate of 30 frames per second. If not specified, non-drop

frame timecode formatting is used.

field

Description An integer specifying the field offset for a timecode.

Parent timecode

Notes Valid values are 0 or 1, with a default to 0 if field is not specified.

reel

Description Encodes the source identifier for a timecode.

Parent timecode

Subelement +*name

Notes In common usage, reel identifies the source archive device or media (videotape) from which

the timecode was taken.

source

Description A string specifying either the timecode source or the track identifier.

Parent timecode

Notes Valid entries are source, aux1, aux2, or sound. If not specified, source is assumed.

Effects

Note: To see the interchange format and parameter details for a effect, you can apply the effect to a clip and then export the clip as an interchange format document.

generatoritem

Description Encodes information about a generator in a track.

Parent track

Subelement +name, +duration, +rate, in, out, start, end, enabled, anamorphic, alphatype, effect,

sourcetrack, filter, timecode, primarytimecode, alphareverse, link, logginginfo,

labels, comments, mediadelay, fielddominance, filmdata, subframeoffset,

masterclipid, compositemode, syncoffset, marker, subclipmasterID

primarytimecode

Description A string specifying the default timecode to display for this item.

Parents generatoritem, clipitem

transitionitem

Description Encodes a transition in a track.

Parent track

Subelements rate, *start, *end, *alignment, effect, *name

alignment

Description A string specifying an alignment for a transition.

Parent transitionitem

Notes Valid entries are start, center, end, end-black, or start-black.

filter

Description Encodes a filter effect.

Parents clip, clipitem

Subelements *enabled, *start, *end, effect

effect

Description Encodes an effect or processing operation.

Parents transitionitem, filter, generatoritem

Subelements +*name, +*effectid, +*effecttype, +*mediatype, *effectcategory, parameter,

keyframe, appspecificdata, wipecode, wipeaccuracy, rate, startratio, endratio,

reverse, duration, privatestate, multiclip, effectclass

Notes You should encode an effect so that the importing application can accurately find the matching

effect. If the effect is not found, the application may use a generic proxy effect.

effectid

Description A string providing a language-independent constant identifier for an effect.

Parent effect

effectcategory

Description A string specifying the category of an effect.

Parent effect

effecttype

Description A string specifying the type of an effect.

Parent effect

Notes Valid entries are filter, transition, motion, or generator.

effectclass

Description A string specifying an FxPlug effect.

Parent effect

Notes The only valid entry is FxPlug. For any other effects, you should leave this element unspecified.

wipecode

Description An integer specifying the SMPTE wipe code.

Parent effect

wipeaccuracy

Description An integer specifying the SMPTE wipe accuracy.

Parent effect

startratio

Description For a transition effect, a number specifying what fraction of the effect has been executed at

the start of the transition.

Parent effect

Notes Valid entries in the range 0.0 to 1.0. The default is 0.0.

endratio

Description For a transition effect, a number specifying what fraction of the effect will have been executed

at the end of the transition.

Parent effect

Notes Valid entries in the range 0.0 to 1.0. The default is 1.0.

reverse

Description For a transition effect, a Boolean value indicating whether or not an effect should be reversed,

with the end result applied to the start and vice versa.

Parent effect

Notes The default is FALSE.

privatestate

Description Data for an After Effects plug-in effect.

Parent effect

parameter

Description Encodes a parameter for an effect.

Parent effect

Subelements +name or +parameterid (or both), +value or +keyframe (but not both),

parameterspecifier, valuemin, valuemax, valuelist, interpolation,

appspecificdata, privatestate, parameterspecifier

parameterid

Description A string providing a constant identifier for an effect parameter.

Parent parameter

Notes For an AudioUnits effect, you should use both parameterid and parameterspecifier.

parameterspecifier

Description A string providing a constant identifier for an AudioUnit effect parameter.

Parent parameter

Notes The parameter specifier element is only supported for for AudioUnit effects. When combined

with the effectid element, it unambiguously identifies a particular parameter for an AudioUnit effect. The value of parameterspecifier is a combination of the values AudioUnitParameterID, AudioUnitScope, and AudioUnitElement. It is packaged as a string with colon-separated decimal

numeric values. For example, if an AudioUnit parameter has an ID of 42, a scope of

kAudioUnitScope_Global, and an element of 1, the encoding for the parameterspecifier element would be the string 42:0:1.

valuemin

Description A number specifying the minimum value for a parameter.

Parent parameter

valuemax

Description A number specifying the maximum value for a parameter.

Parent parameter

valuelist

Description Encodes information about a pop-up list in a parameter.

Parent parameter

Subelements valueentry

valueentry

Description Encodes information about the choice in a pop-up list in a parameter.

Parent valuelist

Subelements name, value

Notes The entry for value indicates the ordinal position of the item in the pop-up list.

value

Description Encodes or specifies a fixed value for an effect parameter or a keyframe.

Parents parameter, keyframe, valueentry, timecode, (metadata)

Subelements red, green, blue, alpha, horiz, vert, timecode, clip, sequence

Notes For some parameters, the subelements red, green, and blue are required. For others, the

horz and vert subelements are required. In some cases, you can directly specify a numeric

or Boolean value in value and not use any subelements.

keyframe

Description Encodes a keyframe for an effect.

Parent parameter

Subelements +*when, +*value, interpolation, *inscale, *outscale, *inbez,

*outbez,*speedvirtualkf, *speedkfin, *speedkfout, *speedkfstart, *speedkfend,

*origvalue, *hadbezierin, *hadbezierout

when

Description An integer specifying the time location for a keyframe.

Parent keyframe

inscale

Description A number specifying the incoming magnitude value for a keyframe.

Parent keyframe

Notes The value is specific for keyframes using the FCPCurve interpolation.

inbez

Description Encodes the incoming handle value for a keyframe.

Parent keyframe

Subelements horiz, vert

outscale

Description A number specifying the outgoing magnitude value for a keyframe.

Parent keyframe

Notes The value is specific for keyframes using the FCPCurve interpolation.

outbez

Description Encodes the outgoing handle value for a keyframe.

Parent keyframe

Subelements horiz, vert

red, green, blue

Description A number specifying color information for an effect parameter.

Parents value, color

alpha

Description An integer specifying the alpha value of a channel.

Parents value, color

Notes Valid entries are from 0 to 255. 0 is transparent; 255 is opaque.

horiz, vert

Description A number specifying the horizontal or vertical coordinate. When these values specify the Center

parameters in the Motion settings, they are scale values ranging from -100 to 100. This allows the size of the image to change at import time while still maintaining the positioning.

Parents value, inbez, outbez

Notes The value is specific for keyframes using the FCPCurve interpolation. When used as subelements

of inbez and outbez, these elements represent polor coordinates. The horiz element is the

radius and the vert element is the angle in radians.

interpolation

Description Encodes the type of curve interpretation and data to use in the parent element

Parents keyframe, parameter

Subelement +*name

Notes The interpolation element only occurs in an effect parameter with keyframes. For Final Cut

Pro, the interpolation method is FCPCurve. See Keyframe Interpolation (page 161) for more

information about this method.

The Time Remap Effect

The Time Remap effect allows you to set the constant speed, variable speed, and playback direction for a clipitem. When you use this effect, Final Cut automatically creates two "virtual" keyframes in the graphdict parameter at the beginning and end of the item. For keyframes in this parameter, value encodes the frame in the media file to be remapped to a time encoded by when. Virtual keyframes in the graphdict parameter also use these additional elements:

speedvirtualkf

Description A Boolean value indicating whether a keyframe has been created by Final Cut (TRUE) or by the

user (FALSE).

Parent keyframe

speedkfin

Definition A Boolean value indicating whether a virtual keyframe is at the setting for in.

Parent keyframe

speedkfout

Definition A Boolean value indicating whether a virtual keyframe is at the the setting for out.

Parent keyframe

speedkfstart

Definition A Boolean value indicating whether a virtual keyframe is at the setting for start.

Parent keyframe

speedkfend

Definition A Boolean value indicating whether a virtual keyframe is at the setting for end.

Parent keyframe

origvalue

Definition An integer indicating the original value of the value element.

Parent keyframe

anchoroffset

An optional double value that specifies an offset from a keyframe for playback. See The

anchoroffset Element (page 51).

Parent keyframe

hadbezierin

A Boolean value indicating whether keyframe once had an in Bezier handle.

Parent keyframe

Notes

Not required, not inherited.

hadbezierout

Definition A Boolean value indicating whether a virtual keyframe once had an out Bezier handle.

Parent keyframe

Application Specific Data

appspecificdata

Description Encodes application-specific data.

Parents format, codec, parameter

Subelements appname, appmanufacturer, appversion, data

appname

Description A string specifying the application name.

Parent appspecificdata

appmanufacturer

Description A string specifying a manufacturer.

Parent appspecificdata

appversion

Description A string specifying a version number.

Parent appspecificdata

data

Description Encodes data about an application or codec.

Parent appspecificdata

Subelements fcpimageprocessing, qtcodec, qteffectid, UUID

fcpimageprocessing

Description Encodes information about image processing.

Parent data

Subelements useyuv, usesuperwhite, rendermode

useyuv

Description A Boolean value specifying the use of YUV color space.

Parent fcpimageprocessing

usesuperwhite

Description A Boolean value specifying the use of super-white.

Parent fcpimageprocessing

rendermode

Description A string specifying the color space to be used for rendering.

Parent fcpimageprocessing

Notes Valid entries YUV8BPP, RGB, Float10BPP, or Float

qtcodec

Description Encodes QuickTime-specific codec identification and configuration information.

Parent data

Subelements codecname, codectypename, codectypecode, codecvendorcode, spatialquality,

temporalquality, keyframerate, datarate

codecname

Description A string specifying the registered name for the codec.

Parent qtcodec

codectypename

Description A string specifying the registered short name (type name) for the codec.

Parent qtcodec

codecty pecode

Description A string specifying the registered fourCC (4-byte) type code for the codec.

Parent qtcodec

codecvendorcode

Description A string specifying the registered fourCC (4-byte) vendor or manufacturer code for the codec.

Parent qtcodec

spatialquality

Description An integer specifying the spatial compression quality.

Parent qtcodec

Notes Valid entries are in the range 0 through 1023. This property may not be supported by a particular

codec.

temporalquality

Description An integer specifying the temporal compression quality.

Parent qtcodec

Notes Valid entries are in the range 0 through 1023. This property may not be supported by a particular

codec.

keyframerate

Description An integer specifying the keyframe rate for the codec.

Parent qtcodec

Notes A value of 0 indicates that keyframes should not be used. This property may not be supported

by a particular codec.

datarate

Description An integer specifying the data rate limit for a codec and QuickTime.

Parent qtcodec

Notes A value of 0 indicates that no data rate limit should be used by QuickTime. This property may

not be supported by a particular codec.

qteffectid

Description An integer specifying a QuickTime effect id.

Parent data

UUID

Description A string specifying a unique identifier for an application or codec.

Notes The UUID element is distinct from the uuid element.

Parent data

Film Data

filmdata

Description Encodes metadata imported from Cinema Tools.

Parent clip, clipitem

Subelements appspecificdata, filmslate, cameraroll, labroll, keycode, dailyroll, inknumber,

filmstandard, telecinespeed

Notes You cannot enter or edit this data from Final Cut Pro, but you can import it.

filmslate

Description Encodes information about the scene and take.

Parent filmdata

Subelements scene, take, slate

Notes The Cinema Tools database has separate text field for Scene and Take, which appear

concantenated as Slate in the application.

scene

Description A string describing the scene.

Parent filmslate

take

Description A string describing the take.

Parent filmslate

slate

Description A string specifying the Cinema Tools Slate information.

Parent filmslate

cameraroll

Description A string describing the camera roll.

Parent filmdata

labroll

Description A string describing the lab roll.

Parent filmdata

dailyroll

Description A string describing the daily roll.

Parent filmdata

keycode

Description Encodes information about the keycode for a film.

Parent filmdata

Subelements +prefix, +feetframes, perfoffset, reversed

prefix

Description Prefix information for the keycode.

Parent keycode, inknumber

Notes Appers in Browser concatenated with feetframes.

feetframes

Description A string representing feet (four digits) and frames (two digits).

Parent keycode, inknumber

Notes Appers in Browser concatenated with prefix.

perfoffset

Description A string describing the 3-perf offset.

Parent keycode

reversed

Description A Boolean value set to TRUE if the keycode runs backwards.

Parent keycode

inknumber

Description Encodes information about the keycode for a film.

Parent filmdata

Subelements +prefix, +feetframes

filmstandard

Description A string specifying a supported format: 35mm4p, 35mm3p, or 16mm20.

Parent filmdata

telecinespeed

Description A string specifying the telecine speed: 24, 25, or 30.

Parent filmdata

OuickTime Metadata

metadata

Description Encapsulates metadata in a QuickTime file.

Parents file, video, audio

Subelements +storage, +key, updatebehavior, size, type, value

Notes A metadata specification, regardless of it's purpose, requires storage and key subelements.

To add or remove metadata from a QuickTime file, use the updatebehavior subelement with

add or remove. See About master clips (page 17)

storage

Description A string defining the storage container for a specified metadata.

Parent metadata

Notes The only valid entry is QuickTime.

key

Description A reverse-dns string identifying the metadata.

Parent metadata

Notes Reverse-dns strings (such as com.mycompany.myid.md1) help ensure uniqueness.

size

Description A number defining the size in bytes of the metadata.

Parent metadata

Notes While not absolutely required for strings, this specification is important for numbers and binary

data blocks.

type

Description A string defining the type of metadata.

Parent metadata

Notes Valid entries are binary, UTF8, UTF16, MacRoman, signed, unsigned, float32, and

float64.

value

Description The data stored as metadata in the QuickTime file.

Parents metadata, (parameter, keyframe, valueentry, timecode)

Notes All data values are stored as plain text, with the exception of binary data elements. These are

uuencoded and wrapped in a CDATA scope.

Import Options

importoptions

Description Encodes import options specific to Final Cut Pro.

Parent xmeml

Subelements *createnewproject,*targetprojectname,*defsequencepresetname,

*filterreconnectmediafiles, *filterincludemarkers, *filterincludeeffects,

*filterincludesequencesettings,

*displaynonfatalerrors,*createfcpprojectatxmlfilepath,

*deletethisxmlfileatimport

Notes Using importoptions allows you to bypass the Import XML dialog shown in Figure 2-3 (page

11) and import an interchange format document directly into Final Cut Pro. (You must specify the subelements createnewproject and defsequencepresetname to do this.) The

subelements specify the same choices as those in the dialog.

createnewproject

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not to create a new project.

Parent importoptions

Notes If TRUE, the system creates a new project with the name "Untitled Project [n]."

targetprojectname

Description A string specifying the target project.

Parent importoptions

Notes The components specified in the interchange format document are imported into the target

project.

defsequencepresetname

Description A string specifying the name of a sequence preset.

Parent importoptions

Notes For a list of valid entries, see the pop-up list on the XML Import dialog. Using the entry

useFirstClipSettings or any invalid entry is the same as using the Auto setting in the

Import XML dialog. (See Importing Documents (page 10).)

filterreconnectmediafiles

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not to reconnect clips to media files on import.

Parent importoptions

Notes The default setting is TRUE.

filterincludemarkers

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not to import encoded markers.

Parent importoptions

Notes The default setting is TRUE.

filterincludeeffects

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not to import encoded effects.

Parent importoptions

Notes The default setting is TRUE.

filterincludes equences ettings

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not to imported encoded sequence settings.

Parent importoptions

Notes The default setting is TRUE.

display non fatal errors

Description A Boolean value specifying whether or not to display nonfatal errors.

Parent importoptions

Notes The default setting is TRUE.

create fcpproject atxml file path

Description A Boolean value indicating whether a project file should be created at the same location as the

imported xml file.

Parent importoptions

Notes If this element is set to TRUE, importing the xml file /foo/bar/clouds.xml would create the file

/foo/bar/clouds.fcp.

delete this xml file a timp or t

Description A Boolean value indicating whether an xml file should be deleted at the end of import.

Parent importoptions

Notes By default, the value for this element is FALSE. If critical errors are encountered during import,

the file is not deleted.

DTD for the Interchange Format

The Document Type Definition (DTD) for the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format lets you independently validate an interchange format document before you import it into Final Cut Pro.

Note: The Final Cut Pro XML DTD is not integrated into the Final Cut Pro import process. That is, Final Cut Pro does not validate a file against the DTD during import.

There are five separate DTDs for versions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the interchange format.

Using the DTDs

The DTDs for the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format are available in text file format. You can find these files on the Apple Developer web site at the following URL: http://developer.apple.com/appleapplications/download.

You can use these DTDs to validate an interchange format document prior to importing the document into Final Cut Pro.

Note: Successful validation does not necessarily guarantee successful import. That is, it is possible for a document to pass validatation with the DTD and still not import into Final Cut Pro without issues.

You can use the xmllint program available in OS X version 10.3 to validate an interchange format document. Follow these steps:

- 1. Place a copy of the DTD file in the same folder with the interchange format document you want to validate.
- 2. Open the Terminal application and navigate to the directory with the DTD file.
- 3. Execute the following command line: %xmllint --noout --dtdvalid fcpxmlv1.dtd myxmlfile.file where myxmlfile.xml is the name of the file you want to validate

DTD for Version 1 of the Interchange Format

Listing A-1 Version 1 DTD

```
<!-- Copyright 2005 Apple Computer, Inc.
<!-- Final Cut Pro XML DTD v2.0 for Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format v1.0-->
<!-- May 10, 2005
<!ELEMENT xmeml (project | sequence | bin | clip | importoptions)*>
<!ATTLIST xmeml version NMTOKENS #REQUIRED>
<!--
                         MAJOR ELEMENTS
<!--
              Top-level containers specifiable under xmeml root.
<!ELEMENT importoptions (createnewproject | targetprojectname |</pre>
defsequencepresetname | displaynonfatalerrors | filterreconnectmediafiles |
filterincludemarkers | filterincludeeffects | filterincludesequencesettings)*>
<!ELEMENT project (name | children)*>
<!ELEMENT children (bin | clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT bin (name | children | labels | comments)*>
<!ELEMENT clip (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | anamorphic |
alphatype | alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid | ismasterclip | labels
| comments | stillframeoffset | subclipinfo | logginginfo | stillframe | file |
marker | filter | sourcetrack | subframeoffset | timecode | media | start | end
 | startoffset | endoffset | pixelaspectratio)*>
<!ATTLIST clip id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT sequence (name | duration | rate | timecode | in | out | marker | media</pre>
  | sequence | ismasterclip | labels | comments | logginginfo | description |
masterclipid | file | pixelaspectratio | fielddominance | filter)*>
```

```
<!ATTLIST sequence id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!--
                     COMMON ELEMENTS
<!--
            Use as necessary to complete top-level containers.
<!ELEMENT clipitem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start | end |</pre>
anamorphic | alphatype | alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid |
ismasterclip | labels | comments | stillframeoffset | sequence | subclipinfo |
logginginfo | stillframe | timecode | syncoffset | file | primarytimecode | marker
 | filter | sourcetrack | link | subframeoffset | pixelaspectratio |
fielddominance)*>
<!ATTLIST clipitem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT transitionitem (name | rate | start | end | alignment | effect)*>
<!ELEMENT generatoritem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start |</pre>
end | anamorphic | alphatype | effect | sourcetrack | filter | timecode |
primarytimecode | alphareverse | link | logginginfo | labels | comments |
mediadelay | fielddominance | subframeoffset | masterclipid | compositemode |
syncoffset | marker )*>
<!ATTLIST generatoritem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT filter (start | end | effect | enabled)*>
<!ELEMENT sourcetrack (mediatype | trackindex)*>
<!ELEMENT file (name | rate | duration | media | timecode | pathurl | width |
height | mediaSource)*>
<!ATTLIST file id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT media (video | audio)*>
<!ELEMENT video (in | out | track | format | samplecharacteristics | duration |
trackcount | stillframe | alphatype | layerindex)*>
<!ELEMENT audio (in | out | track | format | outputs | trackcount |
channeldescription | rate | samplecharacteristics | filter | duration)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT track (clipitem | transitionitem | generatoritem | enabled | locked |</pre>
outputchannelindex)*>
<!ELEMENT format (#PCDATA | samplecharacteristics | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT samplecharacteristics (width | height | anamorphic | pixelaspectratio |</pre>
fielddominance | colordepth | codec | depth | samplerate | rate)*>
<!ELEMENT codec (name | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT appspecificdata (appname | appmanufacturer | appversion | data)*>
<!ELEMENT data (fcpimageprocessing | qtcodec | qteffectid )*>
<!ELEMENT fcpimageprocessing (useyuv | usesuperwhite | rendermode)*>
<!ELEMENT qtcodec (codecname | codectypename | codectypecode | codecvendorcode |
spatialquality | temporalquality | keyframerate | datarate)*>
<!ELEMENT logginginfo (description | good | scene | shottake | lognote)*>
<!ELEMENT outputs (group)*>
<!ELEMENT group (index | numchannels | downmix | channel)*>
<!ELEMENT channel (index)>
<!ELEMENT timecode (rate | string | frame | source | displayformat | format | reel
 | field)*>
<!ELEMENT rate (ntsc | timebase)*>
<!ELEMENT reel (name)>
<!ELEMENT link (mediatype | trackindex | clipindex | groupindex | linkclipref)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT valuelist (valueentry)*>
<!ELEMENT valueentry (name | value)*>
<!ELEMENT value (#PCDATA | horiz | vert | alpha | red | green | blue | timecode |</pre>
clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT marker (name | in | out | comment)*>
<!ELEMENT effect (name | effectid | effectcategory | effecttype | mediatype |</pre>
parameter | wipecode | wipeaccuracy | startratio | endratio | reverse | rate |
duration | keyframe | appspecificdata | privatestate )*>
<!ELEMENT parameter (name | parameterid | interpolation | valuemin | valuemax |</pre>
keyframe | valuelist | value | appspecificdata | privatestate)*>
<!ELEMENT keyframe (when | value | inscale | outscale | inbez | outbez |</pre>
interpolation | hadbezierin | hadbezierout | speedkfstart | speedkfend | speedkfin
  | speedkfout | speedvirtualkf | origvalue)*>
<!ELEMENT inbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT outbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT interpolation (name)*>
<!ELEMENT labels (label | label2)*>
<!ELEMENT comments (mastercomment1 | mastercomment2 | mastercomment3 | mastercomment4</pre>
| clipcommenta | clipcommentb)*>
<!ELEMENT subclipinfo (startoffset | endoffset)*>
<!--
                           TERMINALS
```

```
<!ELEMENT in (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT out (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT index (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT numchannels (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT downmix (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT width (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT height (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT anamorphic (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT pixelaspectratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT fielddominance (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT duration (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT masterclipid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT ismasterclip (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT good (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT lognote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT scene (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT ntsc (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT timebase (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codecname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codectypename (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codectypecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codecvendorcode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT spatialquality (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT temporalquality (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT keyframerate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT datarate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT string (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT frame (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT source (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT displayformat (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediatype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT trackindex (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT clipindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT groupindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT when (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT qteffectid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectcategory (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effecttype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT privatestate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT parameterid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT valuemin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT valuemax (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT inscale (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT outscale (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alpha (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT red (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT green (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT blue (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT start (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT end (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipeaccuracy (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT reverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphatype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphareverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT compositemode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommenta (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommentb (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment1 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment3 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment4 (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT comment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframe (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT syncoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT colordepth (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appmanufacturer (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appversion (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT enabled (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT locked (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT outputchannelindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT depth (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT useyuv (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT usesuperwhite (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT rendermode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT samplerate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT createnewproject (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT targetprojectname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT defsequencepresetname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT displaynonfatalerrors (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterreconnectmediafiles (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludemarkers (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludeeffects (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludesequencesettings (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT trackcount (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channeldescription (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT subframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT linkclipref (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT description (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT shottake (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alignment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT horiz (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT vert (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT pathurl (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT layerindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT field (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT primarytimecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT hadbezierin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT hadbezierout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfstart (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfend (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedvirtualkf (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediaSource (#PCDATA)*>
```

DTD for Version 2 of the Interchange Format

Listing A-2 Version 2 DTD

```
<!-- Copyright 2005 Apple Computer, Inc.
<!-- Final Cut Pro XML DTD v1.0 for Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format v2.0-->
<!-- May 10, 2005
<!ELEMENT xmeml (project | sequence | bin | clip | importoptions)*>
<!ATTLIST xmeml version NMTOKENS #REQUIRED>
<!--
                        MAJOR ELEMENTS
<!--
            Top-level containers specifiable under xmeml root.
<!ELEMENT importoptions (createnewproject | targetprojectname |</pre>
defsequencepresetname | displaynonfatalerrors | filterreconnectmediafiles |
filterincludemarkers | filterincludeeffects | filterincludesequencesettings)*>
<!ELEMENT project (name | children)*>
<!ELEMENT children (bin | clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT bin (name | children | labels | comments)*>
<!ELEMENT clip (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | anamorphic |
alphatype | alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid | ismasterclip | labels
| comments | stillframeoffset | subclipinfo | logginginfo | stillframe | file |
marker | filter | sourcetrack | subframeoffset | timecode | media | start
 | startoffset | endoffset | pixelaspectratio | defaultangle | filmdata)*>
<!ATTLIST clip id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT sequence (name | duration | rate | timecode | in | out | marker | media</pre>
  | sequence | ismasterclip | labels | comments | logginginfo | description |
masterclipid | filmdata | file | pixelaspectratio | fielddominance | filter)*>
```

```
<!ATTLIST sequence id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!--
                    COMMON ELEMENTS
<!--
              Use as necessary to complete top-level containers.
<!ELEMENT clipitem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start | end |</pre>
anamorphic | alphatype | alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid |
ismasterclip | labels | comments | stillframeoffset | sequence | subclipinfo |
logginginfo | stillframe | timecode | syncoffset | file | marker | filter |
sourcetrack | link | subframeoffset | multiclip | primarytimecode | mediadelay |
filmdata | pixelaspectratio | fielddominance)*>
<!ATTLIST clipitem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT filmdata (appspecificdata | filmslate | cameraroll | labroll | keycode</pre>
| dailyroll | inknumber | filmstandard | telecinespeed)*>
<!ELEMENT filmslate (scene | take | slate )*>
<!ELEMENT keycode (prefix | feetframes | perfoffset | reversed )*>
<!ELEMENT inknumber (prefix | feetframes)*>
<!ELEMENT multiclip (name | angle | collapsed | synctype)*>
<!ATTLIST multiclip id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT angle (clip | activevideoangle | activeaudioangle )*>
<!ELEMENT transitionitem (name | rate | start | end | alignment | effect)*>
<!ELEMENT generatoritem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start |</pre>
end | anamorphic | alphatype | effect | sourcetrack | filter | timecode |
primarytimecode | alphareverse | link | logginginfo | labels | comments |
mediadelay | fielddominance | filmdata | subframeoffset | masterclipid |
compositemode | syncoffset | marker )*>
<!ATTLIST generatoritem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT filter (start | end | effect | enabled)*>
<!ELEMENT sourcetrack (mediatype | trackindex)*>
<!ELEMENT file (name | rate | duration | media | timecode | pathurl | width |
height | mediaSource) *>
<!ATTLIST file id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT media (video | audio)*>
<!ELEMENT video (in | out | track | format | samplecharacteristics | duration |
trackcount | stillframe | alphatype | layerindex)*>
<!ELEMENT audio (in | out | track | format | outputs | channelcount |
channeldescription | rate | samplecharacteristics | layout | audiochannel |
trackcount | filter | duration )*>
<!ELEMENT track (clipitem | transitionitem | generatoritem | enabled | locked |</pre>
outputchannelindex)*>
<!ELEMENT format (#PCDATA | samplecharacteristics | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT samplecharacteristics (width | height | anamorphic | pixelaspectratio |</pre>
fielddominance | colordepth | codec | depth | samplerate | rate)*>
<!ELEMENT codec (name | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT appspecificdata (appname | appmanufacturer | appversion | data)*>
<!ELEMENT data (fcpimageprocessing | qtcodec | qteffectid | UUID )*>
<!ELEMENT fcpimageprocessing (useyuv | usesuperwhite | rendermode)*>
<!ELEMENT qtcodec (codecname | codectypename | codectypecode | codecvendorcode |</pre>
spatialquality | temporalquality | keyframerate | datarate)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT logginginfo (description | good | scene | shottake | lognote | takenote
| shotnote | scenenote)*>
<!ELEMENT outputs (group)*>
<!ELEMENT group (index | numchannels | downmix | channel)*>
<!ELEMENT channel (index)>
<!ELEMENT audiochannel ( channellabel | sourcechannel)*>
<!ELEMENT timecode (rate | string | frame | source | displayformat | format | reel
| field)*>
<!ELEMENT rate (ntsc | timebase)*>
<!ELEMENT reel (name)>
<!ELEMENT link (mediatype | trackindex | clipindex | groupindex | linkclipref)*>
<!ELEMENT valuelist (valueentry)*>
<!ELEMENT valueentry (name | value)*>
<!ELEMENT value (#PCDATA | horiz | vert | alpha | red | green | blue | timecode |</pre>
clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT marker (name | in | out | comment)*>
<!ELEMENT effect (name | effectid | effectcategory | effecttype | mediatype |</pre>
parameter | wipecode | wipeaccuracy | startratio | endratio | reverse | rate |
duration | keyframe | appspecificdata | privatestate | multiclip)*>
<!ELEMENT parameter (name | parameterid | interpolation | valuemin | valuemax |</pre>
keyframe | valuelist | value | appspecificdata | privatestate)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT keyframe (when | value | inscale | outscale | inbez | outbez |</pre>
interpolation | hadbezierin | hadbezierout | speedkfstart | speedkfend | speedkfin
  | speedkfout | speedvirtualkf | origvalue)*>
<!ELEMENT inbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT outbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT interpolation (name)*>
<!ELEMENT labels (label | label2)*>
<!ELEMENT comments (mastercomment1 | mastercomment2 | mastercomment3 | mastercomment4</pre>
 | clipcommenta | clipcommentb)*>
<!ELEMENT subclipinfo (startoffset | endoffset)*>
<!--
                                TERMINALS
<!ELEMENT in (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT out (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT index (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT numchannels (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT downmix (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT width (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT height (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT anamorphic (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT pixelaspectratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT fielddominance (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT duration (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT masterclipid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT ismasterclip (#PCDATA)*>
```

<!ELEMENT good (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT lognote (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT scene (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT ntsc (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT timebase (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT codecname (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT codectypename (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT codectypecode (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT codecvendorcode (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT spatialquality (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT temporalquality (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT keyframerate (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT datarate (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT string (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT frame (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT source (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT displayformat (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT mediatype (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT trackindex (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT clipindex (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT groupindex (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT when (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT effectid (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT gteffectid (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT effectcategory (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT effecttype (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT privatestate (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT parameterid (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT valuemin (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT valuemax (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT inscale (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT outscale (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT alpha (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT red (#PCDATA)*> <!ELEMENT green (#PCDATA)*>

```
<!ELEMENT blue (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT start (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT end (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipeaccuracy (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT reverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphatype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphareverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT compositemode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommenta (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommentb (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment1 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment3 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment4 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT comment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframe (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT syncoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT colordepth (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appmanufacturer (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appversion (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT enabled (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT locked (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT outputchannelindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT depth (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT useyuv (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT usesuperwhite (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT rendermode (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT samplerate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT createnewproject (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT targetprojectname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT defsequencepresetname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT displaynonfatalerrors (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterreconnectmediafiles (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludemarkers (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludeeffects (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludesequencesettings (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT trackcount (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channeldescription (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT subframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT linkclipref (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT description (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT shottake (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alignment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT horiz (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT vert (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT pathurl (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT layerindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT field (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT primarytimecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT hadbezierin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT hadbezierout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfstart (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfend (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedvirtualkf (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT origvalue (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediaSource (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT collapsed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT synctype (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT activevideoangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT activeaudioangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediadelay (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT defaultangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channelcount (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT layout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT takenote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT shotnote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT scenenote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT take (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT slate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT cameraroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT labroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT prefix (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT feetframes (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT perfoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT reversed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT dailyroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filmstandard (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT telecinespeed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channellabel (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT sourcechannel (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT UUID (#PCDATA)*>
```

DTD for Version 3 of the Interchange Format

Listing A-3 Version 3 DTD

```
<!-- Copyright 2006 Apple Computer, Inc.
<!-- Final Cut Pro XML DTD v1.0 for Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format v3.0-->
<!-- September 14, 2006
<!ELEMENT xmeml (project | sequence | bin | clip | importoptions)*>
<!ATTLIST xmeml version NMTOKENS #REQUIRED>
<!--
                     MAJOR ELEMENTS
<!--
           Top-level containers specifiable under xmeml root.
<!ELEMENT importoptions (createnewproject | targetprojectname | defsequencepresetname</pre>
| displaynonfatalerrors | filterreconnectmediafiles | filterincludemarkers |
filterincludeeffects | filterincludesequencesettings)*>
<!ELEMENT project (name | children)*>
<!ELEMENT children (bin | clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT bin (name | children | labels | comments | uuid | updatebehavior)*>
<!ELEMENT clip (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | anamorphic | alphatype
| alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid | ismasterclip | labels | comments
| stillframeoffset | subclipinfo | logginginfo | stillframe | file | marker |
filter | sourcetrack | subframeoffset | timecode | media | start | end | startoffset
| endoffset | pixelaspectratio | defaultangle | filmdata | uuid | updatebehavior)*>
<!ATTLIST clip id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT sequence (name | duration | rate | timecode | in | out | marker | media
| sequence | ismasterclip | labels | comments | logginginfo | description |
```

```
masterclipid | filmdata | file | pixelaspectratio | fielddominance | filter | uuid
 | updatebehavior)*>
<!ATTLIST sequence id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!--
                    COMMON ELEMENTS
<!--
               Use as necessary to complete top-level containers.
                         _____
<!ELEMENT clipitem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start | end
anamorphic | alphatype | alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid | ismasterclip
 | labels | comments | stillframeoffset | sequence | subclipinfo | logginginfo |
stillframe | timecode | syncoffset | file | marker | filter | sourcetrack | link
| subframeoffset | multiclip | mediadelay | filmdata | pixelaspectratio |
primarytimecode | fielddominance | gamma)*>
<!ATTLIST clipitem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT filmdata (appspecificdata | filmslate | cameraroll | labroll | keycode</pre>
| dailyroll | inknumber | filmstandard | telecinespeed)*>
<!ELEMENT filmslate (scene | take | slate )*>
<!ELEMENT keycode (prefix | feetframes | perfoffset | reversed )*>
<!ELEMENT inknumber (prefix | feetframes)*>
<!ELEMENT multiclip (name | angle | collapsed | synctype)*>
<!ATTLIST multiclip id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT angle (clip | activevideoangle | activeaudioangle )*>
<!ELEMENT transitionitem (name | rate | start | end | alignment | effect)*>
<!ELEMENT generatoritem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start | end
 | anamorphic | alphatype | effect | sourcetrack | filter | timecode |
primarytimecode | alphareverse | link | logginginfo | labels | comments | mediadelay
 | fielddominance | filmdata | subframeoffset | masterclipid | compositemode |
syncoffset | marker )*>
```

```
<!ATTLIST generatoritem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT filter (start | end | effect | enabled)*>
<!ELEMENT sourcetrack (mediatype | trackindex)*>
<!ELEMENT file (name | rate | duration | media | timecode | pathurl | width |
height | mediaSource | metadata )*>
<!ATTLIST file id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT media (video | audio)*>
<!ELEMENT video (in | out | track | format | samplecharacteristics | duration |</pre>
trackcount | stillframe | alphatype | layerindex | metadata)*>
<!ELEMENT audio (in | out | track | format | outputs | channelcount |
channeldescription | rate | samplecharacteristics | layout | audiochannel |
trackcount | filter | duration | metadata)*>
<!ELEMENT track (clipitem | transitionitem | generatoritem | enabled | locked |</pre>
outputchannelindex)*>
<!ELEMENT format (#PCDATA | samplecharacteristics | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT samplecharacteristics (width | height | anamorphic | pixelaspectratio |</pre>
fielddominance | colordepth | codec | depth | samplerate | rate)*>
<!ELEMENT codec (name | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT appspecificdata (appname | appmanufacturer | appversion | data)*>
<!ELEMENT data (fcpimageprocessing | qtcodec | qteffectid | UUID )*>
<!ELEMENT fcpimageprocessing (useyuv | usesuperwhite | rendermode)*>
<!ELEMENT qtcodec (codecname | codectypename | codectypecode | codecvendorcode |</pre>
spatialquality | temporalquality | keyframerate | datarate)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT logginginfo (description | good | scene | shottake | lognote | takenote
| shotnote | scenenote)*>
<!ELEMENT outputs (group)*>
<!ELEMENT group (index | numchannels | downmix | channel)*>
<!ELEMENT channel (index)>
<!ELEMENT audiochannel ( channellabel | sourcechannel)*>
<!ELEMENT timecode (rate | string | frame | source | displayformat | format | reel
 | field)*>
<!ELEMENT rate (ntsc | timebase)*>
<!ELEMENT reel (name)>
<!ELEMENT link (mediatype | trackindex | clipindex | groupindex | linkclipref)*>
<!ELEMENT valuelist (valueentry)*>
<!ELEMENT valueentry (name | value)*>
<!ELEMENT value (#PCDATA | horiz | vert | alpha | red | green | blue | timecode |
clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT marker (name | in | out | comment)*>
<!ELEMENT effect (name | effectid | effectcategory | effecttype | mediatype |
parameter | wipecode | wipeaccuracy | startratio | endratio | reverse | rate |
duration | keyframe | appspecificdata | privatestate | multiclip | effectclass)*>
<!ELEMENT parameter (name | parameterid | interpolation | valuemin | valuemax |</pre>
keyframe | valuelist | value | appspecificdata | privatestate)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT keyframe (when | value | inscale | outscale | inbez | outbez |</pre>
interpolation | hadbezierin | hadbezierout | speedkfstart | speedkfend | speedkfin
| speedkfout | speedvirtualkf | origvalue)*>
<!ELEMENT inbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT outbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT interpolation (name)*>
<!ELEMENT labels (label | label2)*>
<!ELEMENT comments (mastercomment1 | mastercomment2 | mastercomment3 | mastercomment4</pre>
| clipcommenta | clipcommentb)*>
<!ELEMENT subclipinfo (startoffset | endoffset)*>
<!ELEMENT metadata (storage | key | updatebehavior | size | type | value)*>
<!--
                              TERMINALS
<!ELEMENT in (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT out (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT index (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT numchannels (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT downmix (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT width (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT height (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT anamorphic (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT pixelaspectratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT fielddominance (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT duration (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT masterclipid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT ismasterclip (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT good (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT lognote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT scene (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT ntsc (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT timebase (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codecname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codectypename (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codectypecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codecvendorcode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT spatialquality (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT temporalquality (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT keyframerate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT datarate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT string (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT frame (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT source (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT displayformat (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediatype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT trackindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT groupindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT when (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT qteffectid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectcategory (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effecttype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectclass (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT privatestate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT parameterid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT valuemin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT valuemax (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT inscale (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT outscale (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alpha (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT red (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT green (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT blue (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT start (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT end (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipeaccuracy (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT reverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphatype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphareverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT compositemode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommenta (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommentb (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment1 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment3 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment4 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT comment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframe (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT syncoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT colordepth (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appmanufacturer (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appversion (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT enabled (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT locked (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT outputchannelindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT depth (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT useyuv (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT usesuperwhite (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT rendermode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT samplerate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT createnewproject (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT targetprojectname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT defsequencepresetname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT displaynonfatalerrors (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterreconnectmediafiles (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludemarkers (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludeeffects (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludesequencesettings (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT trackcount (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channeldescription (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT subframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT linkclipref (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT description (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT shottake (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alignment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT horiz (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT vert (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT pathurl (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT layerindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT field (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT primarytimecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT hadbezierin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT hadbezierout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfstart (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfend (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedvirtualkf (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT origvalue (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediaSource (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT collapsed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT synctype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT activevideoangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT activeaudioangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediadelay (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT defaultangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channelcount (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT layout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT takenote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT shotnote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT scenenote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT take (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT slate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT cameraroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT labroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT prefix (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT feetframes (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT perfoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT reversed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT dailyroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filmstandard (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT telecinespeed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channellabel (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT sourcechannel (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT UUID (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT uuid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT updatebehavior (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT storage (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT key (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT size (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT type (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT gamma (#PCDATA)*>
```

DTD for Version 4 of the Interchange Format

Listing A-4 Version 4 DTD

```
<!-- Copyright 2007 Apple Inc.
<!-- Final Cut Pro XML DTD v1.0 for Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format v4.0-->
<!-- March 26, 2007
<!ELEMENT xmeml (project | sequence | bin | clip | importoptions)*>
<!ATTLIST xmeml version NMTOKENS #REQUIRED>
<!--
                         MAJOR ELEMENTS
<!--
              Top-level containers specifiable under xmeml root.
<!ELEMENT importoptions (createnewproject | targetprojectname | defsequencepresetname
 | displaynonfatalerrors | filterreconnectmediafiles | filterincludemarkers |
filterincludeeffects | filterincludesequencesettings | deletethisxmlfileatimport
| createfcpprojectatxmlfilepath)*>
<!ELEMENT project (name | children)*>
<!ELEMENT children (bin | clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT bin (name | children | labels | comments | uuid | updatebehavior)*>
<!ELEMENT clip (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | anamorphic | alphatype
 | alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid | ismasterclip | labels | comments
 | stillframeoffset | subclipinfo | logginginfo | stillframe | file | marker |
filter | sourcetrack | subframeoffset | timecode | media | start | end | startoffset
| endoffset | pixelaspectratio | defaultangle | filmdata | uuid | updatebehavior)*>
<!ATTLIST clip id CDATA #IMPLIED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT sequence (name | duration | rate | timecode | in | out | marker | media
| sequence | ismasterclip | labels | comments | logginginfo | description |
masterclipid | filmdata | file | pixelaspectratio | fielddominance | filter | uuid
| updatebehavior)*>
<!ATTLIST sequence id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!--
                    COMMON ELEMENTS
<!--
             Use as necessary to complete top-level containers.
<!ELEMENT clipitem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start | end |</pre>
anamorphic | alphatype | alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid | ismasterclip
| labels | comments | stillframeoffset | sequence | subclipinfo | logginginfo |
stillframe | timecode | syncoffset | file | marker | filter | sourcetrack | link
| subframeoffset | multiclip | mediadelay | filmdata | pixelaspectratio |
fielddominance | gamma | itemhistory | primarytimecode | mixedratesoffset)*>
<!ATTLIST clipitem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT filmdata (appspecificdata | filmslate | cameraroll | labroll | keycode</pre>
| dailyroll | inknumber | filmstandard | telecinespeed)*>
<!ELEMENT filmslate (scene | take | slate )*>
<!ELEMENT keycode (prefix | feetframes | perfoffset | reversed )*>
<!ELEMENT inknumber (prefix | feetframes)*>
<!ELEMENT multiclip (name | angle | collapsed | synctype)*>
<!ATTLIST multiclip id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT angle (clip | activevideoangle | activeaudioangle )*>
<!ELEMENT transitionitem (name | rate | start | end | alignment | effect)*>
<!ELEMENT generatoritem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start | end
 | anamorphic | alphatype | effect | sourcetrack | filter | timecode |
primarytimecode | alphareverse | link | logginginfo | labels | comments | mediadelay
```

```
| fielddominance | filmdata | subframeoffset | masterclipid | compositemode |
syncoffset | marker )*>
<!ATTLIST generatoritem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT filter (start | end | effect | enabled)*>
<!ELEMENT sourcetrack (mediatype | trackindex)*>
<!ELEMENT file (name | rate | duration | media | timecode | pathurl | width |
height | mediaSource | metadata )*>
<!ATTLIST file id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT media (video | audio)*>
<!ELEMENT video (in | out | track | format | samplecharacteristics | duration |
trackcount | stillframe | alphatype | layerindex | metadata)*>
<!ELEMENT audio (in | out | track | format | outputs | channelcount |
channeldescription | rate | samplecharacteristics | layout | audiochannel |
trackcount | filter | duration | metadata)*>
<!ELEMENT track (clipitem | transitionitem | generatoritem | enabled | locked |</pre>
outputchannelindex)*>
<!ELEMENT format (#PCDATA | samplecharacteristics | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT samplecharacteristics (width | height | anamorphic | pixelaspectratio |</pre>
fielddominance | colordepth | codec | depth | samplerate | rate)*>
<!ELEMENT codec (name | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT appspecificdata (appname | appmanufacturer | appversion | data)*>
<!ELEMENT data (fcpimageprocessing | qtcodec | qteffectid | UUID )*>
<!ELEMENT fcpimageprocessing (useyuv | usesuperwhite | rendermode)*>
```

```
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spatialquality | temporalquality | keyframerate | datarate)*>
<!ELEMENT logginginfo (description | good | scene | shottake | lognote | takenote
| shotnote | scenenote)*>
<!ELEMENT outputs (group)*>
<!ELEMENT group (index | numchannels | downmix | channel)*>
<!ELEMENT channel (index)>
<!ELEMENT audiochannel ( channellabel | sourcechannel)*>
<!ELEMENT timecode (rate | string | frame | source | displayformat | format | reel
| field)*>
<!ELEMENT rate (ntsc | timebase)*>
<!ELEMENT reel (name)>
<!ELEMENT link (mediatype | trackindex | clipindex | groupindex | linkclipref)*>
<!ELEMENT valuelist (valueentry)*>
<!ELEMENT valueentry (name | value)*>
<!ELEMENT value (#PCDATA | horiz | vert | alpha | red | green | blue | timecode |</pre>
clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT marker (name | in | out | comment)*>
<!ELEMENT effect (name | effectid | effectcategory | effecttype | mediatype |</pre>
parameter | wipecode | wipeaccuracy | startratio | endratio | reverse | rate |
duration | keyframe | appspecificdata | privatestate | multiclip | effectclass)*>
```

```
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keyframe | valuelist | value | appspecificdata | privatestate)*>
<!ELEMENT keyframe (when | value | inscale | outscale | inbez | outbez |</pre>
interpolation | hadbezierin | hadbezierout | speedkfstart | speedkfend | speedkfin
| speedkfout | speedvirtualkf | origvalue)*>
<!ELEMENT inbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT outbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT interpolation (name)*>
<!ELEMENT labels (label | label2)*>
<!ELEMENT comments (mastercomment1 | mastercomment2 | mastercomment3 | mastercomment4</pre>
| clipcommenta | clipcommentb)*>
<!ELEMENT subclipinfo (startoffset | endoffset)*>
<!ELEMENT metadata (storage | key | updatebehavior | size | type | value)*>
<!ELEMENT itemhistory (uuid)*>
                      TERMINALS
<!--
<!ELEMENT in (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT out (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT index (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT numchannels (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT downmix (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT width (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT height (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT anamorphic (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT pixelaspectratio (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
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<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT duration (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT masterclipid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT ismasterclip (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT good (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT lognote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT scene (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT ntsc (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT timebase (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codecname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codectypename (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codectypecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codecvendorcode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT spatialquality (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT temporalquality (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT keyframerate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT datarate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT string (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT frame (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT source (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT displayformat (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediatype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT trackindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT groupindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT when (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT qteffectid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectcategory (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effecttype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectclass (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT privatestate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT parameterid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT valuemin (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT valuemax (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT inscale (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT outscale (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alpha (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT red (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT green (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT blue (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT start (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT end (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipeaccuracy (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT reverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphatype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphareverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT compositemode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommenta (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommentb (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment1 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment3 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment4 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT comment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframe (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT syncoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT colordepth (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appmanufacturer (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appversion (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT enabled (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT locked (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT outputchannelindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT depth (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT useyuv (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT usesuperwhite (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT rendermode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT samplerate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT createnewproject (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT targetprojectname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT defsequencepresetname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT displaynonfatalerrors (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterreconnectmediafiles (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludemarkers (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludeeffects (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludesequencesettings (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT createfcpprojectatxmlfilepath (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT deletethisxmlfileatimport (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT trackcount (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channeldescription (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT subframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT linkclipref (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT description (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT shottake (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alignment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT horiz (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT vert (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT pathurl (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT layerindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT field (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT primarytimecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT hadbezierin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT hadbezierout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfstart (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT speedkfend (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedvirtualkf (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT origvalue (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediaSource (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT collapsed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT synctype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT activevideoangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT activeaudioangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediadelay (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT defaultangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channelcount (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT layout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT takenote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT shotnote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT scenenote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT take (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT slate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT cameraroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT labroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT prefix (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT feetframes (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT perfoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT reversed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT dailyroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filmstandard (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT telecinespeed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channellabel (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT sourcechannel (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT UUID (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT uuid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT updatebehavior (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT storage (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT key (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT size (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT type (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT gamma (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mixedratesoffset (#PCDATA)*>
```

DTD for Version 5 of the Interchange Format

Listing A-5 Version 5 DTD

```
<!-- Copyright 2009 Apple Inc.
<!-- Final Cut Pro XML DTD v1.0 for Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format v5.0-->
<!-- July 9, 2009
<!ELEMENT xmeml (project | sequence | bin | clip | importoptions)*>
<!ATTLIST xmeml version NMTOKENS #REQUIRED>
<!--
                         MAJOR ELEMENTS
<!--
              Top-level containers specifiable under xmeml root.
<!ELEMENT importoptions (createnewproject | targetprojectname | defsequencepresetname
 | displaynonfatalerrors | filterreconnectmediafiles | filterincludemarkers |
filterincludeeffects | filterincludesequencesettings | deletethisxmlfileatimport
| createfcpprojectatxmlfilepath)*>
<!ELEMENT project (name | children)*>
<!ELEMENT children (bin | clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT bin (name | children | labels | comments | uuid | updatebehavior)*>
<!ELEMENT clip (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | anamorphic | alphatype
 | alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid | ismasterclip | labels | comments
 | stillframeoffset | subclipinfo | logginginfo | stillframe | file | marker |
filter | sourcetrack | subframeoffset | timecode | media | start | end | startoffset
 | endoffset | pixelaspectratio | defaultangle | filmdata | uuid | updatebehavior
 | subclipmasterid)*>
<!ATTLIST clip id CDATA #IMPLIED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT sequence (name | duration | rate | timecode | in | out | marker | media
| sequence | ismasterclip | labels | comments | logginginfo | description |
masterclipid | filmdata | file | pixelaspectratio | fielddominance | filter | uuid
| updatebehavior)*>
<!ATTLIST sequence id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!--
                    COMMON ELEMENTS
<!--
             Use as necessary to complete top-level containers.
<!ELEMENT clipitem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start | end |</pre>
anamorphic | alphatype | alphareverse | compositemode | masterclipid | ismasterclip
| labels | comments | stillframeoffset | sequence | subclipinfo | logginginfo |
stillframe | timecode | syncoffset | file | marker | filter | sourcetrack | link
| subframeoffset | multiclip | mediadelay | filmdata | pixelaspectratio |
fielddominance | gamma | itemhistory | primarytimecode | mixedratesoffset |
subclipmasterid)*>
<!ATTLIST clipitem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT filmdata (appspecificdata | filmslate | cameraroll | labroll | keycode</pre>
| dailyroll | inknumber | filmstandard | telecinespeed)*>
<!ELEMENT filmslate (scene | take | slate )*>
<!ELEMENT keycode (prefix | feetframes | perfoffset | reversed )*>
<!ELEMENT inknumber (prefix | feetframes)*>
<!ELEMENT multiclip (name | angle | collapsed | synctype)*>
<!ATTLIST multiclip id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT angle (clip | activevideoangle | activeaudioangle )*>
<!ELEMENT transitionitem (name | rate | start | end | alignment | effect)*>
<!ELEMENT generatoritem (name | duration | rate | enabled | in | out | start | end
| anamorphic | alphatype | effect | sourcetrack | filter | timecode |
primarytimecode | alphareverse | link | logginginfo | labels | comments | mediadelay
```

```
| fielddominance | filmdata | subframeoffset | masterclipid | compositemode |
syncoffset | marker | subclipmasterid)*>
<!ATTLIST generatoritem id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT filter (start | end | effect | enabled)*>
<!ELEMENT sourcetrack (mediatype | trackindex)*>
<!ELEMENT file (name | rate | duration | media | timecode | pathurl | width |
height | mediaSource | metadata )*>
<!ATTLIST file id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT media (video | audio)*>
<!ELEMENT video (in | out | track | format | samplecharacteristics | duration |
trackcount | stillframe | alphatype | layerindex | metadata)*>
<!ELEMENT audio (in | out | track | format | outputs | channelcount |
channeldescription | rate | samplecharacteristics | layout | audiochannel |
trackcount | filter | duration | metadata)*>
<!ELEMENT track (clipitem | transitionitem | generatoritem | enabled | locked |</pre>
outputchannelindex)*>
<!ELEMENT format (#PCDATA | samplecharacteristics | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT samplecharacteristics (width | height | anamorphic | pixelaspectratio |</pre>
fielddominance | colordepth | codec | depth | samplerate | rate)*>
<!ELEMENT codec (name | appspecificdata)*>
<!ELEMENT appspecificdata (appname | appmanufacturer | appversion | data)*>
<!ELEMENT data (fcpimageprocessing | qtcodec | qteffectid | UUID )*>
<!ELEMENT fcpimageprocessing (useyuv | usesuperwhite | rendermode)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT qtcodec (codecname | codectypename | codectypecode | codecvendorcode |
spatialquality | temporalquality | keyframerate | datarate)*>
<!ELEMENT logginginfo (description | good | scene | shottake | lognote | takenote
| shotnote | scenenote)*>
<!ELEMENT outputs (group)*>
<!ELEMENT group (index | numchannels | downmix | channel)*>
<!ELEMENT channel (index)>
<!ELEMENT audiochannel ( channellabel | sourcechannel)*>
<!ELEMENT timecode (rate | string | frame | source | displayformat | format | reel
| field)*>
<!ELEMENT rate (ntsc | timebase)*>
<!ELEMENT reel (name)>
<!ELEMENT link (mediatype | trackindex | clipindex | groupindex | linkclipref)*>
<!ELEMENT valuelist (valueentry)*>
<!ELEMENT valueentry (name | value)*>
<!ELEMENT value (#PCDATA | horiz | vert | alpha | red | green | blue | timecode |</pre>
clip | sequence)*>
<!ELEMENT marker (name | in | out | comment)*>
<!ELEMENT effect (name | effectid | effectcategory | effecttype | mediatype |</pre>
parameter | wipecode | wipeaccuracy | startratio | endratio | reverse | rate |
duration | keyframe | appspecificdata | privatestate | multiclip | effectclass)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT parameter (name | parameterid | parameterspecifier | interpolation |</pre>
valuemin | valuemax | keyframe | valuelist | value | appspecificdata |
privatestate)*>
<!ELEMENT keyframe (when | value | inscale | outscale | inbez | outbez |</pre>
interpolation | hadbezierin | hadbezierout | speedkfstart | speedkfend | speedkfin
 | speedkfout | speedvirtualkf | origvalue | anchoroffset)*>
<!ELEMENT inbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT outbez (horiz | vert)*>
<!ELEMENT interpolation (name)*>
<!ELEMENT labels (label | label2)*>
<!ELEMENT comments (mastercomment1 | mastercomment2 | mastercomment3 | mastercomment4</pre>
 | clipcommenta | clipcommentb)*>
<!ELEMENT subclipinfo (startoffset | endoffset)*>
<!ELEMENT metadata (storage | key | updatebehavior | size | type | value)*>
<!ELEMENT itemhistory (uuid)*>
<!--
                                TERMINALS
<!ELEMENT in (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT out (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT index (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT numchannels (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT downmix (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT width (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT height (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT anamorphic (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT pixelaspectratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT fielddominance (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT duration (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT masterclipid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT ismasterclip (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT subclipmasterid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT good (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT lognote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT scene (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT ntsc (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT timebase (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codecname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codectypename (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codectypecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT codecvendorcode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT spatialquality (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT temporalquality (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT keyframerate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT datarate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT string (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT frame (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT source (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT displayformat (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediatype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT trackindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT groupindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT when (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT gteffectid (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectcategory (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effecttype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT effectclass (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT privatestate (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
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<!ELEMENT parameterspecifier (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT valuemin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT valuemax (#PCDATA)*>
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<!ELEMENT green (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT blue (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT start (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT end (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipecode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT wipeaccuracy (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endratio (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT reverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphatype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alphareverse (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT compositemode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT label2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommenta (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT clipcommentb (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment1 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment2 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment3 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mastercomment4 (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT comment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT stillframe (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT syncoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT colordepth (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appname (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT appmanufacturer (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT appversion (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT enabled (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT locked (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT outputchannelindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT depth (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT useyuv (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT usesuperwhite (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT rendermode (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT samplerate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT createnewproject (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT targetprojectname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT defsequencepresetname (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT displaynonfatalerrors (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterreconnectmediafiles (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludemarkers (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludeeffects (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filterincludesequencesettings (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT createfcpprojectatxmlfilepath (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT deletethisxmlfileatimport (#PCDATA)*>
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<!ELEMENT channeldescription (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT subframeoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT startoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT endoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT linkclipref (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT description (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT shottake (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT alignment (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT horiz (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT vert (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT pathurl (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT layerindex (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT field (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT primarytimecode (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT hadbezierin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT hadbezierout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfstart (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfend (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfin (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedkfout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT speedvirtualkf (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT origvalue (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediaSource (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT collapsed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT synctype (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT activevideoangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT activeaudioangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mediadelay (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT defaultangle (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channelcount (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT layout (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT takenote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT shotnote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT scenenote (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT take (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT slate (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT cameraroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT labroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT prefix (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT feetframes (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT perfoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT reversed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT dailyroll (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT filmstandard (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT telecinespeed (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT channellabel (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT sourcechannel (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT UUID (#PCDATA)*>
```

```
<!ELEMENT updatebehavior (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT storage (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT key (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT size (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT type (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT type (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT gamma (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT mixedratesoffset (#PCDATA)*>
<!ELEMENT anchoroffset (#PCDATA)*>
```

Frame Rates

Table B-1 displays the settings for the elements timebase and ntsc that are required to specify various video types and frame rates.

Table B-1 Frames per second

Туре	Canonical rate	Actual rate	FCP rate	timebase	ntsc
24P	23.98/23.976	23.97602397	23.976	24	true
Film	24	24.00	24	24	false
PAL	25	25.00	25	25	false
NTSC/HD	29.97	29.97002997	29.97	30	true
Video/HD	30	30.00	30	30	false
HD	50	50.00	50	50	false
HD	59.94	59.94005994	59.94	60	true
HD	60	60.00	60	60	false

Keyframe Interpolation

This appendix describes the algorithms that Final Cut Pro uses to interpolate keyframes with Bezier curves (other than speed).

About Final Cut Pro Interpolation

Final Cut Pro uses both 1D and 2D Bezier curves to interpolate keyframes. The 2D Bezier algorithm is a simple extension of the 1D algorithm.

The heart of the math Final Cut Pro uses to find a given point on a Bezier curve is described in the article "Quick and Simple Bezier Curve Drawing" by Robert Miller, which appears in *Graphic Gems* Volume 5, page 206. Final Cut Pro modifies this algorithm to account for acceleration in a curve. As a result, Final Cut Pro users can change the velocity of motion into and out of a keyframe.

In Final Cut Pro, Bezier curves are represented by an approximation of a curve made up of 40 linear segments. The Bezier code itself is divided into two parts. The first part constructs a Bezier structure and calculates the location of all 40 constituent segments of the curve. The second part of the code finds the location of a given time on the curve.

To create the structure that represents a Bezier curve, Final Cut Pro first initializes a number of variables. This first set of variables—the acceleration coefficients— enables the user to ease the effect into the endpoints of the curve. This is done by biasing them either into or out of the endpoints using an exponential scaling factor to create a power curve.

Listing C-1 Acceleration coefficients

```
leftScale = curve[i].scale[1];
leftVal = pow(10, -leftScale) - 1.0;
rightScale = curve[i+1].scale[0];
rightVal = pow(10, -rightScale) - 1.0;
```

The scale values leftScale and rightScale are obtained from a UI widget. The values of this float scale factor range from 1 (biased away from the endpoint) to -1 (biased toward the endpoint).

Next, Final Cut Pro initializes the Cartesian location of the control points of the Bezier curve segment by looking at the values passed in as an array of Bezier points, FloatPt *seg. These values represent the location of the control points of the Bezier curve.

Listing C-2 Control points

```
MakeBezSegment(Bezier curve, int32 index, FloatPt *seg) {
    FloatPt temp;
    seg[0] = curve[index].location;
    seg[3] = curve[index+1].location;
    if (curve[index].vector[1].length == 0) {
        seg[1].h = seg[0].h + (seg[3].h - seg[0].h) / 2.0 / SCALE_MULT_CONST;
        seg[1].v = seg[0].v + (seg[3].v - seg[0].v) / 2.0 / SCALE_MULT_CONST;
    }
    else {
        PolarToCart(&curve[index].vector[1], &temp);
        seg[1].h = seg[0].h + temp.h * SCALE_MULT_CONST;
        seg[1].v = seg[0].v + temp.v * SCALE MULT CONST;
    }
    if (curve[index+1].vector[0].length == 0) {
        seg[2].h = seg[3].h + (seg[0].h - seg[3].h) / 2.0 / SCALE_MULT_CONST;
        seg[2].v = seg[3].v + (seg[0].v - seg[3].v) / 2.0 / SCALE_MULT_CONST;
    }
    else {
        PolarToCart(&curve[index+1].vector[0], &temp);
        seg[2].h = seg[3].h + temp.h * SCALE_MULT_CONST;
        seg[2].v = seg[3].v + temp.v * SCALE_MULT_CONST;
    }
}
```

With this initialization work complete, Final Cut Pro now employs the algorithm found in the Robert Miller article to quickly and iteratively compute the location of points on the curve. First, Final Cut Pro initializes the values of the vertices of the control polygon of the Bezier curve:

Listing C-3 Locations

```
BezierForm(FloatPt *p, FloatPt *c, int numCtlPoints) {
   Int32 i, multiplier;

   for (i = 0; i <= numCtlPoints - 1; i++) {
        if (i == 0) multiplier = 1;
        else if (i == 1) multiplier = numCtlPoints - 1;
        else multiplier = multiplier * (numCtlPoints - i) / i;

        c[k].h = p[k].h * multiplier;
        c[k].v = p[k].v * multiplier;
   }
}</pre>
```

Now Final Cut Pro is ready to calculate the final position of each linear segment that represents the Bezier curve. It makes this calculation using the final control points of the curve and the acceleration coefficients calculated earlier.

Final Cut Pro loops over the 40 segments that make up the curve. For each point, it calculates the distance along the curve as a fraction, for example 0, 1/40th, 2/40th, 3/40th, ... 39/40th, 40/40th. Then it determines whether the point is on the left or right half of the curve and applies the appropriate acceleration value. It multiples the acceleration constant calculated at the outset by a contribution factor that yields a desired acceleration factor.

Listing C-4 Linear segments

```
// ^8
        contribution *= contribution;
        scale = 1.0 + leftVal * contribution;
}
else scale = 1.0;
}
else {
    if (rightScale != 0.0) {
        contribution = ((percent * 2) - 1.0);
        contribution *= contribution;
                                                 // ^2
        contribution *= contribution;
                                                 // ^4
        contribution *= contribution;
                                                 // ^8
        scale = 1.0 + rightVal * contribution;
    }
    else scale = 1.0;
}
```

In effect, these calculations push the segments of the curve in one direction or the other, either "squishing" the curve segments toward an endpoint, or "pulling" them away.

Now Final Cut Pro pulls these values together. First. it fixes the position of each control point which was calculated using Miller's algorithm BezierForm. See Listing C-3 (page 163) Using the final scaling factor calculated in Listing C-4 (page 163) the program can stretch or shrink the magnitude of this linear segment of the curve. It can calculate the value of the curve at any point by interpolating between these control points.

Listing C-5 Bezier curve

```
BezierCurve(FloatPt *c, FloatPt *pt, float t) {
   int32         i, n;
   float         t1, tt, u;
   FloatPt        b[NUM_CONTL_POINTS];

   n = NUM_CONTL_POINTS - 1;
   u = t;

   b[0].h = c[0].h;
```

```
b[0].v = c[0].v;
for (i =1; i <=n; i++) {
    b[i].h = c[i].h * u;
    b[i].v = c[i].v * u;
    u = u * t;
}

(*pt).h = b[n].h; (*pt).v = b[n].v;

t1 = 1 - t;
tt = t1;
for (k = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    (*pt).h += b[i].h * tt;
    (*pt).v += b[i].v * tt;
    tt = tt * t1;
}
```

Now that Final Cut Pro has all the information needed about the Cartesian position of the current line segment along the actual curve, it can update the Bezier structure representing the curve with this data. This process involves recording the start and end position of the segment and calculating the line connecting these points, while scaling the line segment by the calculated acceleration factor. Looping around from point to point, the application calculates the position of all 40 points of the curve.

Lastly, before finishing with this segment of the curve, Final Cut Pro calculates the time value for each segment point. Later, it uses these time values to look up and interpolate values between the segment points. This process is a simple matter of calculating the current position on the curve and then using this value to compute the total time along the curve this position represents.

Apple Events and Final Cut Pro

Final Cut Pro version 5.1.2 and later offers support for Apple events that external applications can use to directly manage the import and export of XML in a Final Cut project.

These custom Apple events provide the following functions:

- Open a project file.
- Close a project file, either saving or discarding any changes.
- Retrieve the XML representation of a project file.
- Send XML data to Final Cut Pro directly for import.
- Update the media file.

To alert the user to changes in a project that result from these import or export operations, there are also several Apple events that control the display of project information, including:

- Select a single item in the Browser and highlight it for the user.
- Open individual items from the Browser into the Viewer window.
- Use Final Cut's built-in Find mechanism to locate specific elements of a project.

Final Cut Pro 6.0.2 provided Apple Events in support of the following functions:

- Get a list of all open project files.
- Update information about a media file.
- Get an XML representation of all available effects.
- Retrieve the XML representation of a single item.

New in Final Cut Pro 7.0

Final Cut Pro 7.0 provides new Apple Events that support the following functions:

- Save a specified project file.
- Get a table of contents (bins, clips, sequences) for a specified project.

Note: The Apple Developer website provides sample code that demonstrates the use of Apple events in Final Cut Pro. The sample code includes a header file you can use in constructing your own application.

Final Cut Pro Apple Events

Open Project (kFCPOpenProjectFile 'ofcP')

Description Opens a specified project file. If the project file is already open, the event brings it to the

foreground inside Final Cut Pro.

Parameter kFCPProjectFileKey 'fcpP' typeFSRef/typeFileURL. The project file to open.

Close Project (kFCPSaveAndCloseProjectFile 'cfcP')

Description Closes the specified project file, either saving any changes or discarding them.

Parameters kFCPProjectFileKey 'fcpP' typeFSRef/typeFileURL. The project to close. If the

project is not open, nothing happens. If no project is specified, the most recently opened file

is closed.

kFCPProjectFileCloseFlagsKey 'fcCF' typeSInt32. A flag controlling the behavior

of the close event. The possible values are:

kFCPSaveAndCloseProject - saves any changes and then closes the file.

kFCPDiscardAndCloseProject - discards any changes and closes the file.

If no flag is specified, the default behavior is save and close.

Save Project As (kFCPSaveProjectFileAs 'sfcP')

Description Saves the specified project file, possibly to a new name and location. If the specified project is

not open, nothing happens. If no project file is specified, the top-most open project is saved.

Parameters kFCPProjectFileKey 'fcpP'. The project file to save (FSRef).

kFCPProjectFileURL 'fcpU'. The name and location for the saved project file (file url).

kFCPProjectFileOverwriteFlag 'fsOF'. An optional Boolean flag controlling overwriting. TRUE means Final Cut Pro overwrites a project file with the same name and location; FALSE means Final Cut Pro cancels the save operation if a project exists with the same name and

location. The default setting is FALSE.

Get Table of Contents (kFCPGetProjectTOC 'eTCX')

Description Returns a Table of Contents list of bins, clips, and sequences in the given project. If no project

file parameter is sent, the top-most project is used.

Parameter kFCPProjectFileKey 'fcpP' . The project file to list.

Results kFCPXMLDataKey 'xmlD'. An XML stream listing out a 'table of contents' for the project.

Each listing includes the name, uuid, duration, and rate information for the specified item.

Get Open Projects List (kFCPGetAllOpenProjects 'fcLP')

Description Returns a list of open project files as FSRefs. Only projects with an associated file are returned.

Results kFCP0penProjectList 'fc0P'. An AEList of AERecords, each of which has a

kFCPOneOpenProjectFile parameter.

kFCPOneOpenProjectFile 'fcPf'. A single path to a project file in the list of open projects. This parameter only occurs within the AEList returned by kFCPOpenProjectList. Its value

is a file FSRef.

Get Project XML (kFCPGetDocumentXML 'eXML')

Description Requests the XML representation of a Final Cut project. If the project file is closed, it is first

opened. The project is always brought to the foreground in Final Cut. If no project file is specified,

Final Cut Pro returns XML for the front-most project.

Parameters kFCPProjectFileKey 'fcpP' typeFSRef/typeFileURL. The project to operate on.

kFCPXMLDataVersion 'xmlV' typeFloat. The version of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange

Format to use. If unspecified, then the current version is used.

Results kFCPXMLDataKey 'xmlD' typeUTF8Text. The XML data for the project represented as a

UTF-8 string.

Get Item XML (kFCPGetItemXML 'gXML')

Description Requests the XML representation of a single item in a Final Cut Pro project by UUID.

Parameters kFCPProjectFileKey 'fcpP' typeFSRef/typeFileURL. The project to operate on. If

you omit this parameter and specify a UUID parameter only, Final Cut looks for the item in the

front-most project.

kFCPItemUUID 'fcIU' typeUTF8Text. The UUID for the item. If you omit this parameter and specify a project that is open, Final Cut returns the XML for the front-most sequence, whether this sequence is in the specified project or not. If you omit this parameter and specify a project that is closed, Final Cut opens the project, makes any open sequence in that project

front-most, and returns the XML for that sequence.

 $\verb|kFCPXMLDataVersion'| xmlV' typeFloat. The version of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange$

Format to use. If unspecified, then the current version is used.

Results kFCPXMLDataKey 'xmlD' typeUTF8Text. The XML data for the item represented as a UTF-8

string.

Import XML (kFCPImportXMLToDocument 'iXML')

Description Directly imports XML into Final Cut Pro without referencing XML saved on disk. You can specify

a specific project file to import the XML into. If you don't specify a file, the XML is imported

into a new, untitled project. Using updatebehavior, you can specify whether the imported items replace items in the project or are simply appended to the project.

Parameter

kFCPProjectFileKey 'fcpP' typeFSRef/typeFileURL. The project to import into. If unspecified, a new untitled project is created.

kFCPXMLDataKey 'xmlD' typeUTF8Text. The XML data to import represented as a UTF-8 string. Note this is a buffer of XML data, not a URL. See the sample code for Apple Events in Final Cut Pro.

Get All Effects (kFCPGetAllEffectsXML 'eFXX')

Description Allows an application to request the XML representation of all installed effects.

Parameters kFCPXMLDataVersion 'xmlV' typeFloat. An optional value controlling the version of

the XML Interchange Format to use. The default is the current version.

Results kFCPXMLDataKey 'xmlD' typeUTF8Text. The XML data represented as a UTF-8 string.

NOTE: The XML for effects cannot be imported back into Final Cut Pro.

Update Media File (kFCPUpdateMediaFile 'udfF')

Description Requests Final Cut Pro to examine a media file modification time and perform a silent reconnect

or update if necessary.

Parameters kFCPMediaFileKey 'fcpM' typeFSRef/typeFileURL. The media file to examine and

update.

kFCPUpdateFileIgnoreModDate 'fIMD'. An optional Boolean flag controlling updating. TRUE means Final Cut Pro updates the media file regardless of its modification time; FALSE means Final Cut Pro updates the media file only if it has changed since the last time Final Cut examined the file. The default setting is FALSE.

Select Item (kFCPSelectItemInBrowser 'fcSI')

Description Highlights a specified item or items in the Browser window. Use this event to bring one or more

items to the attention of the user.

Parameters kFCPProjectFileKey 'fcpP' typeFSRef/typeFileURL. The project file to operate on.

kFCPItemUUID 'fcIU' typeUTF8Text. The UUID of a single item to select in the Browser.

kFCPItemsToSelectList 'fcSL' AEDescList. A list specifying multiple items to select

at the same time. The parameter is an AEList of AERecords each of which has a single

kFCPItemUUID parameter.

NOTE: You can use either a kFCPItemUUID parameter or a kFCPItemsToSelectList

parameter, but not both.

Open Item (kFCPOpenItemInProject 'fcOI')

Description Opens a specified item. Clips open in the Viewer; sequences in the Timeline; bins in a separate

window.

Parameters kFCPProjectFileKey 'fcpP' typeFSRef/typeFileURL. The project file to operate on.

kFCPItemUUID 'fcIU' typeUTF8Text. The UUID of the item to open.

Find Items (kFCPFindItemsInProject 'ffcP')

Description

Searches for items. If the Find Results window is active, the search takes place among elements in this window. Otherwise, the search takes place in the Browser. The search results are displayed in a new Find Results window. This lets you bring multiple items to the attention of the user at one time.

The kFCPFindParameters list contains one or more entries that compose the search criteria. You can use multiple entries to precisely control the results obtained. For example, one entry can specify that the Name column of the items must start with a string 'Camera' and the next entry specifies that the Notes column must not contain the string 'bad take'. Each criteria entry is made up of four elements: the string to search for, the way to match the string, the column to search, and whether to use matching or non-matching items. Note that each criteria entry is an AERecord, so the list consists of records, each of which contains several parameters.

Parameters

 $\verb|kFCPProjectFileKey|' fcpP'| typeFSRef/typeFileURL. The project file to operate on.$

kFCPFindLogicMode 'fndL' typeSInt32. The logic mode for the search. You can combine search criteria using AND (all criteria apply) or OR (only one criteria need apply). Possible values are:

kFCPFindLogicAnd = 0

kFCPFindLogicOr = 1

kFCPFindParameters 'fndP' typeAEList typeAERecord. An AEDescList list of criteria AERecords. The list is made up of one or more "criteria" records that define the string to search for, the string matching logic to use, whether to find matching items or items that don't match (i.e. 'skip'), and the name of a Browser column to search in. There are four criteria you can specify: kFCPFindSearchString, kFCPFindOmitCriteria, kFCPFindMatchMode and kFCPFindColumnName .

Search criteria

 ${\tt kFCPFindSearchString 'fndS' typeUFT8Text}. \textbf{ The string to search for}.$

kFCPFind0mitCriteria 'fnd0' typeSInt32. The way the seach criteria should be used. A zero value means find items that match the search string. A non-zero value means find items that don't match the seach string. (That is, skip any item matching the search string.)

kFCPFindMatchMode 'fndM' typeSInt32. The way a string should be matched. Valid entries are:

```
kFCPFindMatchStartsWith = (1 << 0)
kFCPFindMatchContains = (1 << 1)
kFCPFindMatchEquals = (1 << 2 )
kFCPFindMatchEndsWith = (1 << 3)
kFCPFindMatchLessThan = (1 << 4)
kFCPFindMatchGreaterThan = (1 << 5)</pre>
```

kFCPFindColumnName 'fndC' typeUTF8Text. Restricts the search to a specific Browser column. If not specified or if the passed string is not a valid entry, then all columns are searched. Valid column names are: name, duration, in, out, start, end, scene, shottake, lognote, good, label, label2, mastercomment1, mastercomment2, mastercomment3, mastercomment4, clipcommenta, clipcommentb.

Versions of XMEML and Final Cut

This appendix provides information about versions of the Final Cut Pro XML Interchange Format, as well as information about changes in versions of the Final Cut Pro application itself that are relevant to XMEML.

Versions of XMEML

Version 1

Version 1 of the interchange format was released with Final Cut Pro 4.0.

The elements of version 1 of the interchange format are specified in DTD for Version 1 of the Interchange Format (page 114) All of the elements of version 1 are valid in subsequent versions except for trackcount, which is deprecated in version 2 and later.

Version 2

Version 2 of the interchange format was released with Final Cut Pro 5.0

Version 2 of the interchange format introduced these new elements:

- filmdata and its subelements appspecific data, films late, cameraroll, labroll, keycode, dailyroll, inknumber, films tandard, telecinespeed.
- filmslate and its subelements scene, take, slate.
- multiclip and its subelements name, angle, collapsed, synctype.
- angle and its subelements clip, activevideoangle, activeaudioangle.
- audiochannel and its subelements channellabel, sourcechannel.
- mediadelay
- channelcount
- layout
- takenote
- shotnote

- scenenote
- feetframes
- perfoffset
- reversed
- channellabel
- UUID

Version 3

Version 3 of the interchange format was released with Final Cut Pro 5.1.2.

Version 3 introduces support for these new capabilities:

- Management of metadata in QuickTime files. See About master clips (page 17)
- Management of project components. See Managing Project Components (page 53)
- Support for FxPlug plug-in effects. See effectclass (page 99)
- Support for specifying a gamma setting for a still. See gamma (page 90)

The new elements in version 3 of the interchange format are:

- uuid
- updatebehavior
- metadata and its subelements storage, key, updatebehavior, size, type, value.
- effectclass
- gamma

Version 4

The new elements in version 4 of the interchange format (released with Final Cut Pro version 6.0) are:

- itemhistory see itemhistory (page 82)
- mixedratesoffset see mixedratesoffset (page 89)
- createfcpprojectatxmlfilepath see createfcpprojectatxmlfilepath (page 112)
- deletethisxmlfileatimport see deletethisxmlfileatimport (page 112)

Version 5

Version 5 of the interchange format was released with Final Cut Pro 7.0.

Version 5 of the interchange format includes these new elements:

- subclipmasterid see subclipmasterid (page 84)
- parameterspecifier see parameterspecifier (page 100)
- color see color (page 94)
- anchoroffset—see The anchoroffset Element (page 51).

Versions of Final Cut Pro

Changes in Final Cut Pro 6.0.2

- The end-of-line delimiter in an exported XML file is now the LF (line feed) character, rather than the CR (carriage return) character. This facilitates editing with standard text editors.
- An empty element instance (such as <value></value>, or <value/>) is now treated as an empty string rather than 0. But an instance that references another instance with an id (for example, <file id = "FooBar"/>), is processed as if it were a duplicate of referenced instance.
- Only the filters specified are added when an XML document is imported into Final Cut Pro. For example,
 no Shift Field filter is added automatically when an imported clip is brought into a sequence with a different
 field dominance setting.
- The element importoptions lets you control options for importing an XML document into Final Cut Pro. Specifying the subelements createnewproject and defsequencepresetname suppresses the Import XML dialog. You no longer need to specify the subelement targetprojectname to do this. (This means you can import the XML into the default project and still suppress the dialog.)
- The anamorphic setting in the imported XML document is now respected even if a media file has a different property. If necessary, the user must change the anamorphic setting in the sequence by hand to conform to the actual property of the media.

Changes in Final Cut Pro 7.0

Importing XML with timecode information retains the timecode information, even if the clips created are
reconnected to media later, as long as the specified timecode data in the XML does not conflict with the
specified tracks in the media file. (If the media file specifies a source timecode, XML should specify an Aux1
to avoid conflict). Any specified sound timecode is now exported.

- The behavior of addifnot found has changed. Specifically, you can now update the contents of a bin without having to specify every object in the bin—see updatebehavior (page 82).
- Speed handling is improved to be more accurate—see The anchoroffset Element (page 51). FCP now pins
 bezier handles so that they cannot cause random, unexpected spikes in the wrong direction.
- A clipitem with a speed effect and an overlapping transition now imports properly.
- Using an audio unit effect across localized systems no longer loses parameter settings, provided the new element parameterspecifier is used.
- Importing a text string that starts with "true" or "false" now properly imports the string as text, while retaining TRUE and FALSE as Boolean values in other places.
- Audio only angles of multiclips now round-trip (export and import) correctly.
- The multiclip round-trip process is improved in terms of acuracy of edits as well as effects, transition, and marker handling.
- Mishandling of link itemindex now logs an error.
- Improved memory management and other fixes increase the stability of XML export and import.
- FCP import is more strict about the UUID element. The element must have the proper format or it is rejected and an error logged.
- FCP escapes most illegal characters on XML export. Since the FCP Export engine is now completely revised, FCP may escape some of these characters differently.

Document Revision History

This table describes the changes to Final Cut Pro 7 XML Interchange Format.

Date	Notes
2009-07-23	Updated for version 5 of the interchage format released with Final Cut Pro 7.0.
2009-02-04	Minor changes to documentation.
2007-11-14	Minor changes for Final Cut Pro 6.0.2
2007-10-10	Minor corrections.
2007-05-21	Updated for version 4 of the interchange format released with Final Cut Pro 6.0.
2006-09-26	Updated for version 3 of the interchange format released with Final Cut Pro 5.1.2.
2004-03-16	Information about inheritance added to Elements Catalog (page 79)
2003-11-14	Updated for release of Final Cut Pro 4.1
2003-06-23	First version for beta 1 release of XML feature

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Index

A	clip element 15,82		
activeaudioangle element 88	clip encoding 15		
activevideoangle element 88	clipcommenta element 86 clipcommentb element 86		
alignment element 98			
alpha element 102	clipindex element 81 clipitem element 24,32,83 codec element 93 codecname element 106		
alphareverse element 84			
alphatype element 84			
anamorphic element 83			
anchoroffset element 104	codectypecode element 106 codectypename element 106		
angle element 88			
appmanufacturer element 105	codecvendorcode element 106		
appname element 105	collapsed element 89 color element 94 colordepth element 93 comment element 95		
appspecificdata element 104			
appversion element 105			
audio element 33, 90			
Audio Levels 48	comments element 86		
audiochannel element 91	compositemode element 84		
additionallies clement 31	createfcpprojectatxmlfilepath element 112		
В	createnewproject element 111		
batch list encoding 59	 D		
Bezier curves 161	-		
Bezier handles 45, 46	dailyroll element 108		
bin element 80	data element 105		
blue element 102	datarate element 107		
	defaultangle element 89		
C	defsequencepresetname element 111		
	deletethisxmlfileatimport element 112		
cameraroll element 108	depth element 93		
channel element 92	description element 85		
channelcount element 90	displayformat element 20,97		
channeldescription element 91	displaynonfatalerrors element 112		
channellabel element 91	documents		
children element 42,80	errors during import 12		

exporting 9	filterreconnectmediafiles element 111		
importing 10	format element 29,92		
validating 113	frame element 20,97		
downmix element 92			
DTDs 113	G		
duration element 15,94	gamma element 90		
	generatoritem element 64,98		
<u>E</u>	good element 85		
effect element 43,98	green element 102		
effectcategory element 99	group element 92 groupindex element 81		
effectclass element 99			
effectid element 44,99			
effecttype element 45,99	н		
enabled element 94	hadbezierin element 104		
encoding	hadbezierout element 104		
effects 43	height element 93		
multiclips 26	horiz element 103		
projects 41	nor 12 ciclicit. 103		
end element 15, 33, 87			
endoffset element 87	<u> </u>		
endratio element 100	id attribute 14, 35, 37, 64		
errors importing documents 12	importing documents 10		
exporting documents 9, 23	importoptions element 12, 110		
	in element 95		
F	inbez element 46, 102		
FCPCurve interpolation 46	index element 92		
fcpimageprocessing element 31, 105	inheritance convention 14, 18		
feetframes element 108	inknumber element 109		
field element 97	inscale element 46, 102		
fielddominance element 93	interpolation element 46, 103		
file element 18, 19, 83	interpolation method 46, 161		
filmdata element 107	ismasterclip element 17,84		
filmslate element 107	itemhistory element 55,82		
filmstandard element 109			
filter element 43,98	K		
filterincludeeffects element 111	key element 110		
filterincludemarkers element 111	keycode element 108		
filterincludesequencesettings element 112	keyframe element 45, 101		

keyframe encoding 45	out element 95	
keyframerate element 106	outbez element 46, 102	
	outputchannelindex element 81	
L	outputs element 29, 32, 91	
label element 86	outscale element 46, 102	
label2 element 86		
labels element 86	P	
	toralomont 100	
labroll element 108	parameter element 100	
layerindex element 90	parameter settings 70	
layout element 91	parameterid element 45, 100	
link element 35, 81	parameterspecifier element 100	
linkclipref element 37,81	pathurl element 18,83	
linking 35	perfoffset element 109	
locked element 81	pixelaspectratio element 93	
logginginfo element 85	prefix element 108	
lognote element 85	primarytimecode element 98	
	privatestate element 100	
M	project element 42,80	
marker element 94	project encoding 41	
masterclipid element 17,84	PSD files 40, 88, 90	
mastercomment element 86		
media element 19, 20, 80	Q	
mediadelay element 89	qtcodec element 31, 106	
mediaSource element 83	qteffectid element 107	
mediatype element 45, 95	querrectiu element 107	
metadata element 56, 109		
mixedratesoffset element 89	R	
multiclip element 88	rate element 15, 96	
•	red element 102	
multiclip encoding 26	reel element 20,97	
	rendermode element 105	
N	reverse element 100	
name element 15, 44, 94	reversed element 109	
ntsc element 96		
numchannels element 92	S	
		
0	samplecharacteristics element 32,92	
	samplerate element 94	
origvalue element 104	scene element 85, 108	

scenenote element 85	track element 24, 32, 80		
sequence element 29,80	trackcount element 91		
sequence encoding 29	trackindex element 95		
shotnote element 85	transitionitem element 38,43,98		
shottake element 85	type element 110		
size element 110			
slate element 108	U		
source element 20, 97			
sourcechannel element 91	updatebehavior element 24,53,57,82 usesuperwhite element 105		
sourcetrack element 87			
spatialquality element 106	useyuv element 105		
speedkfend element 104	UUID element 107		
speedkfin element 103	uuid element 24, 53, 81		
speedkfout element 103			
speedkfstart element 104	V		
speedvirtualkf element 103	validating documents 113		
start element 15, 33, 87	value element 45, 101, 110		
startoffset element 87	valueentry element 101		
startratio element 99	valuelist element 45, 101		
stillframe element 70,88	valuemax element 101 valuemin element 101 vert element 103		
stillframeoffset element 88			
storage element 109			
string element 20,96	video element 24, 90		
subclip encoding 24			
subclipinfo element 26, 87	W		
subclipmasterid element 84			
subframeoffset element 89	when element 102		
subtitle encoding 64	width element 93		
syncoffset element 88	wipeaccuracy element 99		
synctype element 89	wipecode element 99		
т	X		
take element 108	xmeml element 15,79		
takenote element 85			
targetprojectname element 111			
telecinespeed element 109			
temporalquality element 106			
timebase element 96			
timecode element 19, 20, 96			