

INF10004 Database Analysis and Design: Assignment 01

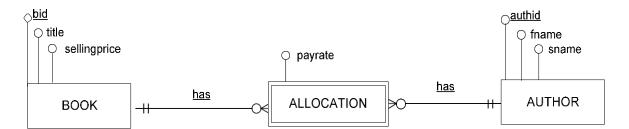
This is a group assignment with a maximum of 3-4 students per group

Assessment Value = 10% (see blackboard for due date):

Submission Requirements

- Create a text file that contains all the statements required for all tasks of this assignment.
- Your scripts must work with Oracle iSQL Junior
- You must submit your assignment via BB by the due date. (Note: Late submissions will attract a penalty). Only one submission per group allowed.
- Group must **demonstrate** the assignment to your tutor using your script using ISQL Junior. Make sure that you have a soft copy of the script with you in the lab.

A database analyst has developed the following ER Diagram.



Task 1

1A. Create Text File

Create a text file named ASSIGNMENT_01.TXT (Use notepad++ to create a TXT file and then choose the language as SQL)

Add group member details: Student ID(s) and Student name(s) the first line of this file.

e.g. /* 17385606 Chandrika Kumaratunga

12435689 Mahinda Rajapaksa */

1B. Create Tables and Constraints

Write Create Table SQL statements based on the above ERD.

- All tables must have primary keys.
- All tables must have appropriate foreign key constraints.
- Foreign keys must have the same name, datatype and size of the primary key that they refer to
- The following columns datatypes and sizes must be used

bid, authid	number(4)
title, sname, fname	varchar2(30)
sellingprice, payrate	number(6,2)

 The following constraints must be applied to the appropriate tables. All unique and check constraints must be named.

Table	Column	Туре	Range
author	sname & fname	Unique	
book	title	Not Null	
book	sellingprice	Check	not negative
allocation	payrate	Check	1 to 79.99

Append the SQL statements to the ASS2.TXT file.

Prefix each CREATE TABLE statement with a **prompt** statement.

e.g.

```
Prompt Creating Table Employee;
CREATE TABLE
  Employee(...
  empid NUMBER(3),
  empname VARCHAR2(20) Not Null,
  empage NUMBER(3),
  Primary Key (empid),
  CONSTRAINT UC_EMPAGE UNIQUE (empage),
...
);
```

1C. Valid Insert Statements

Append **SQL Insert statements** to the .TXT file that will add the data to the **3 tables** based on the following information:

This sample data has been obtained from **handwritten documents** supplied by the client. The data below has not been stored or obtained from a computer system.

Table 1 Author Details

Author ID	Surname	First Name	
40	Ziggle	Carl	
42	Taylor	Tayla	
44	Merdovic	Damir	
45	Grossman	Paul	
47	Ziggle	Annie	
48	Zhao	Cheng	
50	Phan	Annie	

Table 2 Book Details

Book ID	Book Title	Selling Price
101	Knitting with Dog Hair	6.99
105	Avoiding Large Ships	11
107	Dealing with stuff	6.5
108	Teach fish to sing	10.99
109	Guide to hands free texting	10.5
113	You call that a lecture?	17.5

Table 3 Allocation Details

Item ID	Author	Pay Rate
101	42	\$25
101	45	\$32
108	47	\$35
113	48	\$40
109	47	\$42
105	42	\$26
105	47	\$25
105	40	\$19
107	42	\$35
108	40	\$45

1D. Invalid insert statements

Write 4 Insert that will fail because of data constraints.

Statement 1 must fail due when adding a duplicate combination of author sname & fname.

Statement 2 must fail due when adding a textboox with a null title.

Statement 3 must fail due when adding a book with a negative selling price.

Statement 4 must fail due when adding an allocation out of range payrate..

Append SQL Insert statements to the .TXT file.

Prefix each statement with comment (use - - symbol).

1E. SQL Queries

Write the following queries and add each to the .TXT file. Prefix each statement with an appropriate **comment (use - - symbol)** so the SQL statement can correctly identify.

Query	Requirement	Sample Output
1	Write a query that lists rows from the	101 42 25
	allocation table.	101 45 32
	Columns:	105 40 19
	book id	105 42 26
	author id	105 47 25
	 payment rate 	107 42 35
	Sequence:	108 40 45
	book id	108 47 35
	author id	109 47 42
		113 48 40
2	Write a query that lists rows from the allocation and book tables. Columns:	101 Knitting with Dog Hair 42 25 101 Knitting with Dog Hair 45 32 105 Avoiding Large Ships 40 19 105 Avoiding Large Ships 42 26 105 Avoiding Large Ships 47 25 107 Dealing with stuff 42 35 108 Teach fish to sing 40 45 108 Teach fish to sing 47 35 109 Guide to hands free texting 47 42 113 You call that a lecture? 48 40

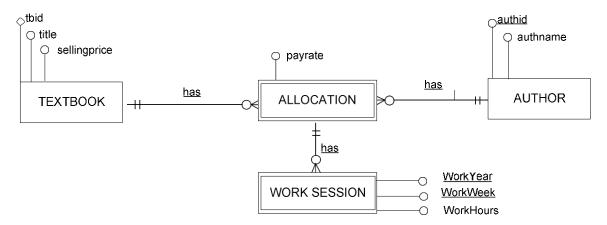
		1			
3	Write a query that lists rows from the allocation, book and author tables.				
	Columns:	101 Knitting with Dog Hair	6.99	42	Taylor
	book id	101 Knitting with Dog Hair	6.99	45	Grossman
	book title	105 Avoiding Large Ships	11	40	Ziggle
		105 Avoiding Large Ships		42	Taylor
	book price	105 Avoiding Large Ships		47	Ziggle
	author id	107 Dealing with stuff		42	Taylor
	author name	108 Teach fish to sing		40	Ziggle
	payment rate	108 Teach fish to sing 109 Guide to hands free texting		47 47	Ziggle Ziggle
	Sequence:	113 You call that a lecture?		48	Zhao
	• book id	110 Tod Call that a loctaro:	117.0	10	Znao
	author id				
4	Write a query that lists the average price				
	of rows in the book table.				
		Average Price			
	The heading must match the example	10.58			
	shown.				
5	Write a query that lists rows from the				
	book table				
	Columns:				
	 book id 				
	 book title 				
	book price	101 Knitting with Dog Hair	6.99		
	Restriction:		3.5		
	 Only list rows that have a 	109 Guide to hands free texting			
	price less than the average				
	price				
	Sequence:				
	• book id				
6	Write a query that counts the total				
	number of rows in the allocation table				
	grouped by book id Columns:	BID COUNT(*)			
	• book id	107 1			
	• count	109 1			
	Sequence:	113 1			
	• count	101 2			
	• book id	108 2			
		105 3			
7	Write a query that counts the total				
	number of rows in the allocation table				
	grouped by book id Columns:	BID TITLE	COUN	1T(*)	
	book id	107 Dealing with stuff	1		
	book title	109 Guide to hands free texting			
	• count	113 You call that a lecture?	1		
	Sequence:	101 Knitting with Dog Hair	2		
	• count	108 Teach fish to sing	2		
	book id	105 Avoiding Large Ships	3		

8	Write a query that counts the total number of rows in the allocation table grouped by book id. Only show totals greater than 1 Columns: • book id					
		BID T	TTI E			COUNT(*)
	book title			la Dana	1 1 = :	* * *
	• count		(nitting wit		Hai	
	Sequence:	108 T	each fish	to sing		2
	• count	105 A	Avoiding L	arge S	hips	3
	book id					
9	Write a query that lists rows from the allocation and author tables.		SNAME	FNAME		
	Columns:	40	Ziggle	Carl	105	
	author id	40	Ziggle	Carl	108	
	author name	42	Taylor	Tayla	101	
	book id	42 42	Taylor	Tayla	105	
	Sequence:	45	Taylor Grossman	Tayla	10	
	author id	47	Ziggle	Annie	10	
	book id	47	Ziggle	Annie	108	
		47	Ziggle	Annie	109	
		48	Zhao	Cheng	113	
10	Write a query that lists rows from the allocation and author tables. Columns: • author id					
	author name		DISNAME	FNAM		
	book id	40	Ziggle	Carl	_	05
	Sequence:	40	Ziggle	Carl	_	08
	author id	42	Taylor	Tayla	_	01
	book id	42	Taylor	Tayla	_	05
	book id	42	Taylor	Tayla	_	07
	Ensure that all authors are listed even if	44	Merdovic	_		24
	do not included in the allocation table	45	Grossma			01
		47	Ziggle	Annie	10	
		47 47	Ziggle	Annie Annie	_	08 09
		48	Ziggle Zhao	_		13
		50	Phan	Cheng	, ,	15
11	Write a query that lists rows from the			FNAME		
	allocation, book and author tables. Columns:	40 40	Ziggle	Carl Carl	_	Avoiding Large Ships Teach fish to sing
		42	Ziggle Taylor	Tayla	_	Knitting with Dog Hair
	author id	42	Taylor	Tayla		Avoiding Large Ships
	author name	42	Taylor	Tayla	_	Dealing with stuff
	book id	44	Merdovic	Damir		
	book title	45	Grossman	Paul	101	Knitting with Dog Hair
	Sequence:	47	Ziggle	Annie	105	Avoiding Large Ships
	author id	47	Ziggle	Annie	_	Teach fish to sing
	book id	47	Ziggle	Annie		Guide to hands free texting
		48	Zhao	Cheng	113	You call that a lecture?
	Ensure that all authors are listed	50	Phan	Annie		
	- even if they are not included in the allocation table					

Task 2:

The ERD has been modified. A new entity named WorkSession has been added.

This entity is used to record the number of hours worked in a week by an author on the development of a book



2A. Create Tables and Constraints

Write Create Table SQL statements Work Session table that you have created

- The table must have a primary key.
- The table must have appropriate foreign key constraints.
- Foreign keys must have the same name, datatype and size of the primary key that they refer to
- The following columns datatypes and sizes and named constraints must be used

Column	DataType	Constraint
WorkYear	number(4)	Range 2011 - 2013
WorkWeek	number(2)	Range 1-52
WorkHours	number(4,2)	Range 0.5 – 99.99

Append the SQL statements to the .TXT file.

Prefix the CREATE TABLE statement with a comment.

2B. Valid Insert Statements

Append **SQL Insert statements** to the .TXT file that will add the data to the **worksession table** based on the following information:

Item Id	Author Id	Year	Week	Hours
101	42	2012	5	5
101	42	2012	6	4
101	42	2012	7	5
101	45	2012	5	10
101	45	2012	7	10
105	42	2012	5	6
105	47	2012	4	8
105	47	2012	6	7
105	47	2012	8	8
108	40	2011	52	4
108	40	2012	4	15
108	40	2012	6	6
108	47	2012	8	4
109	47	2012	5	5
109	47	2012	6	5
113	48	2012	10	15
113	48	2012	11	4
113	48	2012	12	1

2C. Invalid Insert Statements

Write five **Insert** SQL statements that **must fail** because of foreign key constraints and data constraints. Append **SQL Insert statements** to the .TXT file.

Prefix each statement with a Comment.

Item Id	Author Id	Year	Week	Hours	Reason for failure
101	48	2012	1	1	bid/authid combination does NOT exist in parent
109	42	2012	2	2	bid/authid combination does NOT exist in parent
101	42	2014	9	6	out of range workyear
101	45	2012	55	3	out of range workweek
108	40	2012	7	120	out of range workhours

2D. SQL Queries

Write the following queries and add each to the .TXT file. Prefix each statement with an appropriate comment.

Query	Requirement	Sampl	e Output	1	
1	Write a query that lists rows from the	authi	d workyea	ır workwe	ek workhoui
	work table.	40	2011	52	4
	Columns:	40	2012	4	15
	author id	40	2012	6	6
	work year	42	2012	5	6
	work week	42	2012	5	5
	work hours	42	2012	6	4
	Sequence:	42	2012	7	5
	author id	45	2012	5	10
	work year	45	2012	7	10
İ	work week	47	2012	4	8
		47	2012	5	5
		47	2012	6	7
		47	2012	6	5
		47	2012	8	4
		47	2012	8	8
		48	2012	10	15
		48	2012	11	4
		48	2012	12	1
2	Write a query that sums the total	auth	id worky	ear Total	hours
	number of hours worked by each author by each year.	47	2012	37	
	Columns:	40	2012	21	
	author id	42	2012	20	
	work year	45	2012	20	
	total hours	48	2012	20	
	Sequence:	40	2011	4	
	 total hours descending 	70	2011	-1	
	author id				

3	Write a query that lists rows from the work table. Columns:	Output need to determined by the group
4	Write a query that sums the total	BID authid workyear Total hours
	number of hours worked by each book by each author by each year.	101 42 2012 14
	Columns:	101 45 2012 20 105 42 2012 6
	book id	105 42 2012 6 105 47 2012 23
	author id	105 47 2012 23 108 40 2011 4
	work year	108 40 2012 21
	total hours	108 47 2012 4
	Sequence:	109 47 2012 10
	book id	113 48 2012 20
	author id	
	work year	
5	Copy and Modify above query	BID authid workyear Total Pay
	The 4th column must show the total	101 42 2012 350
	hours worked multiplied by the pay	101 45 2012 640
	rate for the author/book.	105 42 2012 156
		105 47 2012 575
		108 40 2011 180
		108 40 2012 945
		108 47 2012 140
		109 47 2012 420
		113 48 2012 800

Task 3:

Write a series of **SQL** statements that **DROP** all tables that were created in Tasks above.

(NOTE: You must determine the **correct** sequence in which to drop these tables). Each statement must end with a semi-colon.

```
E.g.: DROP TABLE BRANCH;
DROP TABLE EMPLOYEE;
```

SQL script Instructions

Your SQL statement must follow these rules:

- a. Each SQL statement must end with a semi colon;
- Each SQL statement must be preceded by a **comment** (Except Insert statements where only1 statement is required for where multiple rows are inserted in to the same table)
- Each SQL Keyword in a Query (SELECT, FROM, WHERE etc) must be at the beginning of a new line

```
--Example
Filename:
SAMPLE 1.TXT:
/* 17385606 Chandrika Kumaratunga
   12435689 Mahinda Rajapaksa */
-- Create the employee table;
CREATE TABLE employee (
                    NUMBER,
empid
empname VARCHAR2(30) PRIMARY KEY);
-- Insert data into employee table;
INSERT INTO employee (empid, empname) VALUES (1, 'Olga');
INSERT INTO employee (empid, empname) VALUES (2, 'Boris');
-- Query 1a;
SELECT
                     empid, empname
FROM
                     employee
                     empid >= 1
WHERE
                     empid <=5
AND
ORDER BY 2;
```