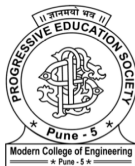


Detection of DDoS in SDN environment using SVM and Entropy based discretization.

Achyuth Rao - 41056
Akib Shaikh - 41062
Arun Pottekat - 41054
Pranav Tale - 41070

Guide:- Prof. Mrs. Aparna Junnarkar



PES's Modern College Of Engineering

Contents

- Introduction
- Problem Statement
- Motivation
- Objective
- Scope
- Literature Survey
- Architecture Diagram
- UML Diagrams
- Mathematical Model
- Algorithmic Strategies
- Algorithmic Strategies
- Software Specifications
- Hardware Specifications
- Dataset Specifications
- Test Cases
- Results of Entropy Based Discretization
- Results of SVM based Method
- Conclusion
- References

Introduction

- SDN separates intelligence from the hardware.
- SDN controller acts as network Operating System.
- This networking paradigm faces some issues.
- DDoS attack makes the network resources unavailable.

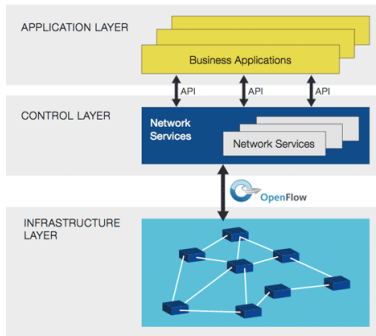


Figure 1: SDN Architecture

Problem Statement

- To provide a solution for the detection of DDoS attack in SDN environment using SVM and Entropy based mechanism and monitoring OpenFlow statistics.

- Number of cyber attacks is increasing day by day.
- Reluctance to adopt SDN due to lack of security solutions.
- A single DDoS attack can cost an enterprise over \$1.6 million.
- SDN market is expected to grow to \$56 Billion by 2022.
- Automation of attack detection is required.
- Integration of Machine Learning and Data Mining with SDN.

- To apprehend different types of network attacks which can be launched on SDN.
- To compare different types of DDoS detection techniques.
- To propose the best effective method for a specific environment.
- To grasp an overview about the different network monitoring tools.

- Set up of SDN environment.
- Entropy and SVM based DDoS detection method.
- OpenFlow Monitoring application using OpenDaylight API.

Literature Survey

| Title | Author | Journal and Year | Description |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|
| DDoS Detection and Analysis in SDN-based Environment Using Support Vector Machine Classifier | Kokila RT, S. Thamarai Selvi, Kannan Govindarajan | IEEE 2014 | This paper provides information about DDoS attack in SDN environment using Support Vector Machine to classify the attack. |
| An Entropy-Based Distributed DDoS Detection Mechanism in Software-Defined Networking | Rui Wang, Zhiping Jia, Lei Ju | IEEE 2015 | This paper provides information about DDoS attack in SDN environment using Entropy based mechanism to classify the attack. |
| Software-Defined Networking: The New Norm for Networks | Open Networking Foundation | ONF White Paper, 2012 | Description about Software Defined Networks |
| Detection of DDoS Attacks using Enhanced Support Vector Machines with Real Time Generated Dataset | T.Subbulakshmi, Dr. S. Mercy Shalinie, D. AnandK, K.Kannatha | IEEE 2013 | Provided information how to create and use datasets for SVM. |
| OpenFlow Switch Specification | Open Networking Foundation | Version 1.3.2 2013 | Description about Open-Flow Protocol |

Architecture Diagram

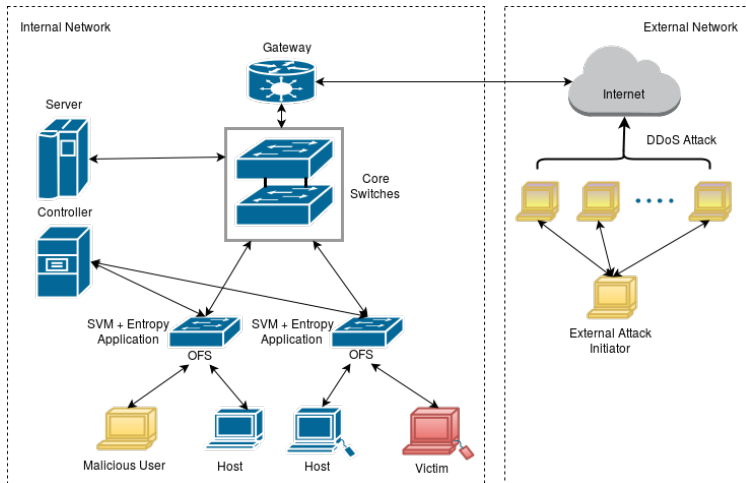


Figure 2: System Architecture

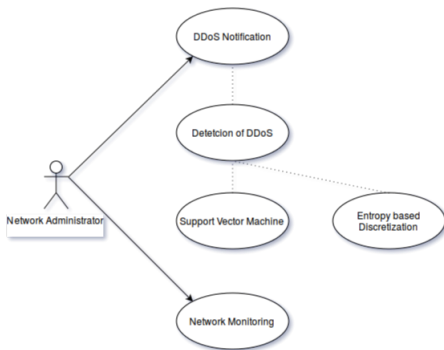


Figure 3: Use Case Diagram

UML Diagrams

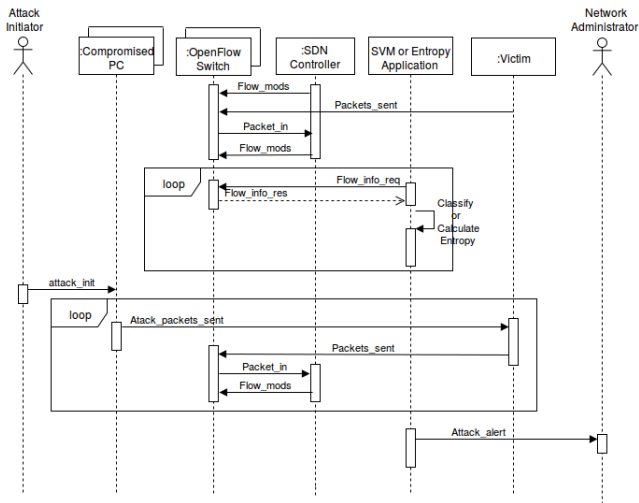


Figure 4: Sequence Diagram

$$S = \{\{I\}, \{P\}, \{O\}\}$$

$$I = \{N\}$$

where,

$$N = \{ \text{Network Statistics} \},$$

$$F = \{F_i \mid F_i \in T, \forall i \text{ } F_i = \text{Individual entry} \},$$

$$T = \{ \text{Flow Table} \},$$

$$F \subseteq N$$

$$P = \{P_{EBD}, P_{SVM}\}$$

$$O = \{O_{EBD} \cup O_{SVM}\}$$

Mathematical Model

$$P_{EBD} (I_{EBD}, O_{EBD})$$

{

- $I_{EBD} = \{U_i \mid U_i = (\text{Src. Addr.}, \text{Dest. Addr.}, \text{Port no.}, \text{Count}), U_i \subset F_i\}$

- $P_i = \frac{C_i}{N}$

- $\varepsilon = \sum_{i=0}^n -P_i \log P_i$

- $(\lambda < \varepsilon) \rightarrow (\beta = 0)$

- $(\lambda > \varepsilon) \rightarrow (\beta = 1)$

- $O_{EBD} = \{\beta \mid \beta \in (0, 1)\}$

}

$$P_{SVM} (I_{SVM}, O_{SVM})$$

{

- $I_{SVM} = \{V_i \mid V_i = (\text{Src. Addr.}, \text{Dest. Addr.}, \text{Port no.}, \text{Time}, \text{Prot.}, \text{Count})\}$

- $RBF = e^{-\gamma(|x_1 - x_2|) + c}$

- $y = \bar{w} * x + b$

- $(y \leq -1) \rightarrow (\alpha = 1)$

- $(y \geq 1) \rightarrow (\alpha = 0)$

- $O_{SVM} = \{\alpha \mid \alpha \in (0, 1)\}$

}

Algorithmic Strategies

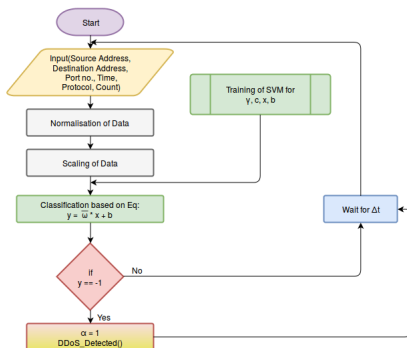


Figure 5: Flowchart: Support Vector Machine Algorithm

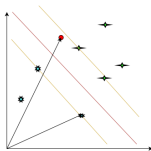


Figure 6: Support Vector Machine Graph

Algorithmic Strategies

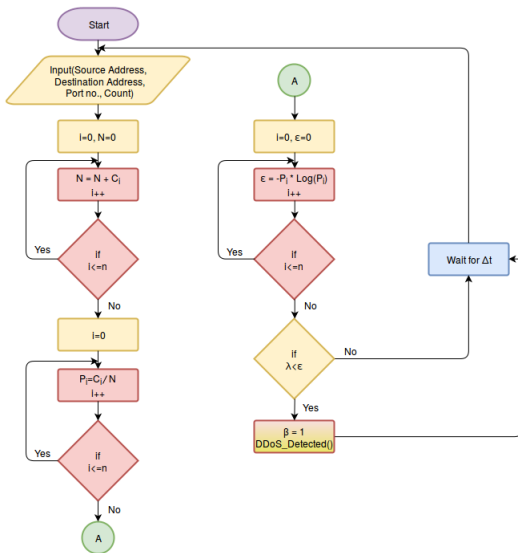


Figure 7: Flowchart: Entropy Based Discretization Mechanism

Software Specifications

- Linux based Operating System.
- OpenDayLight Controller - 0.4.2 Berrylium SR2.
- Open vSwitch (OVS).
- PicOS / OpenSwitch.
- Oracle VirtualBox.
- Mininet 2.2.1.
- POX Controller.
- LibSVM.
- Python 2.7 or above.
- Nagios Core.
- NodeJS + AngularJS (JavaScript Framework).

Hardware Specifications

- Any Enterprise/ Data Center/ Campus Network Topology with 100/1000 Mbps.
- Manageable switches that support OpenFlow Protocol / Whitebox Switches.
 - HPE Altoline 6900 48G ONIE AC Switch.
 - Pica8 P-3297 48 X 1Gbe.
 - HP 2920 Switch Series.
- Server Running the Controller
 - Dell PowerEdge R720

Dataset Specifications

- "DDoS attack 2007" dataset provided by the Center for Applied Internet Data Analysis(CAIDA).
- The 1998 DARPA's network traffic dataset provided by MIT Lincoln Lab.
- The 2000 DARPA intrusion detection scenario specific dataset provided by MIT Lincoln Lab which contains:

| Data Category | No. of training instances | No. of test instances |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Break In | 156 | 374 |
| DDoS | 963 | 1035 |
| Installsw | 318 | 204 |
| IPSweep | 101 | 684 |
| Normal | 2500 | 2501 |
| Probe | 54 | 94 |
| Total | 4092 | 4892 |

Table 1: 2000 DARPA Dataset details

Test Cases

| Id | Description | Scenario | Expected Output |
|-----------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Time span between attack detection and alert generation | Attack has occurred | Instantaneous alert generation |
| 2 | Normal Network Traffic, Log file not altered and attack is not detected | SDN functioning in normal mode | Alert not generated |

Scenario: Attack Traffic

| Id | Description | Input | Expected Output |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Simple DoS attack | Large no. of same type of packets | Attack detected |
| 2 | UDP flood attack | Large no. of UDP packets | Attack detected |
| 3 | Varying DDoS attack bandwidth | Large no. of packets | DDoS attack should be detected only when bandwidth exceeds normal threshold traffic. |

Results of Entropy Based Discretization

- Machine with Ubuntu 14.04, i5 CPU and 8G RAM.
- Mininet as a network simulator (Tree Topology, 800Mbps Link speed, 20 hosts).
- Open vSwitch.
- Floodlight controller.
- CAIDA's "DDoS Attack 2007" dataset.

| S. No | Average Traffic Rate(Mbps) | Attack Rate(pkts/s) |
|-------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Exp.1 | 50 | 50-200 |
| Exp.2 | 100 | 300-500 |
| Exp.3 | 500 | 1000-2000 |

Table 2: parameter values of the Traffic

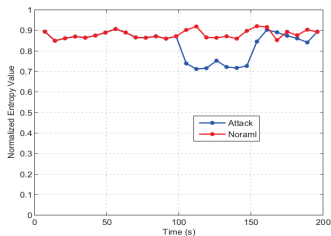


Figure 8: The normalized entropy value of IPdst Flow

Results of SVM based Method

- The normal traffic data is included from 1998 DARPA dataset.
- The attack traffic data is included from 2000 DARPA dataset.

| Cost | Gamma | Classification Accuracy(%) | False Positive |
|------|-------|----------------------------|----------------|
| 10 | 0.1 | 94.23 | 0.011 |
| 10 | 0.01 | 95.11 | 0.008 |
| 10 | 0.001 | 93.86 | 0.013 |

Table 3: Accuracy with different parameters

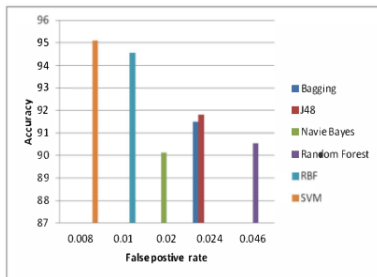


Figure 9: Comparison of classification methods

- Proposing a solution for DDoS detection in SDN environment and also comparing the effectiveness of both methods (SVM and Entropy based Discretization) in a specific environment which would be a step towards solving the security issues and accelerating the adoption of SDN.

- "DDoS Detection and Analysis in SDN-based Environment Using Support Vector Machine Classifier" - Kokila RT, S. Thamarai Selvi, Kannan Govindarajan - 2014 Sixth International Conference on Advanced Computing(ICoAC) - Department of Computer Technology, Anna University (MIT Campus), Chennai.
- "An Entropy-Based Distributed DDoS Detection Mechanism in Software-Defined Networking" - Rui Wang, Zhiping Jia, Lei Ju - 2015 IEEE Trustcom/BigDataSE/ISPA - School of Computer Science and Technology Shandong University Jinan, China.
- "Software-Defined Networking:The New Norm for Networks and Open Networking Foundation" - Open Networking Foundation - ONF White Paper April 13, 2012.
- T.Subbulakshmi , Dr. S. Mercy Shalinie, V.GanapathiSubramanian, K.BalaKrishnan, D. AnandK, K.Kannathal - IEEE-ICoAC 2011 - Department of CSE, TCE Madurai, India.
- "OpenFlow Switch Specification" - Open Networking Foundation - Version 1.3.2 2013.

Thank You...