Detection of DDoS in SDN environment using SVM and Entropy based mechanism.

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Contents

Introduction

- SDN separates intelligence from the hardware.
- SDN controller acts as network Operating System.
- This networking paradigm faces a lot of issues.
- DDoS attack makes the network resources unavailable.

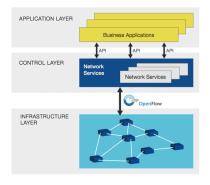


Figure 1: SDN Architecture

Problem Statement

 To provide a solution for the detection of DDoS attack in SDN environment using SVM and Entropy based mechanism and monitoring OpenFlow statistics.

Motivation

- Number of cyber attacks is increasing day by day.
- Reluctance to adopt SDN due to lack of security solutions.
- A single DDoS attack can cost an enterprise over \$1.6 million.
- SDN market is expected to grow to \$56 Billion by 2022.
- Automation of attack detection is required.

Objective

- To apprehend different types of network attacks which can be launched on SDN.
- To compare different types of DDoS detection techniques.
- To propose the best effective method for a specific environment.
- To grasp an overview about the different network monitoring tools.

Scope

- Set up of SDN environment.
- Entropy and SVM based DDoS detection method.
- OpenFlow Monitoring application using OpenDaylight API.

Literature Survey

| Title | Author | Journal and Year | Description |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|
| DDoS Detection and Analysis in SDN-based En- vironment Using Support Vector Machine Classifier | Kokila RT, S. Thamarai Selvi, Kannan Govin- darajan | IEEE 2014 | This paper provides information about DDoS attack in SDN environment using Support Vector Machine to classify the attack. |
| An Entropy-Based Distributed DDoS Detection Mecha- nism in Software- Defined Network- ing | Rui Wang, Zhip- ing Jia, Lei Ju | IEEE 2015 | This paper provides information about DDoS attack in SDN environment using Entropy based mechanism to classify the attack. |
| Software-Defined Networking:The New Norm for Networks | Open Networking Foundation | ONF White Paper, 2012 | Description about Software Defined Networks |
| Detection of DDoS Attacks using Enhanced Support Vector Machines with Real Time Gener- ated Dataset | T.Subbulakshmi, Dr. S. Mercy Shalinie, D. AnandK, K.Kannatha | IEEE 2013 | Provided information how to create and use datasets for SVM. |
| OpenFlow Switch Specification | Open Networking Foundation | Version 1.3.2 2013 | Description about Open- Flow Protocol |

Architecture Diagram

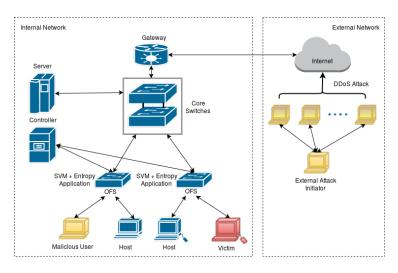


Figure 2: System Architecture

Mathematical Model

```
\begin{split} S &= \{\{I\}, \{P\}, \{O\}\} \\ I &= \{N\} \\ \text{where,} \\ N &= \{ \text{ Network Statistics } \}, \\ F &= \{F_i \mid F_i \in T, \forall i \mid F_i = \text{ Individual entry } \}, \\ T &= \{ \text{ Flow Table } \}, \\ F &\subseteq N \\ P &= \{ P_{EBD}, P_{SVM} \} \\ O &= \{ O_{EBD} \cup O_{SVM} \} \end{split}
```

Mathematical Model

```
P_{EBD} (I_{EBD}, O_{EBD})
    • I_{EBD} = \{U_i \mid U_i = (Src. Addr., Dest. Addr., Port no., Count), U_i \subset F_i\}
   \bullet P_i = \frac{C_i}{N}
   • \varepsilon = \sum_{i=0}^{n} -P_{i} \log P_{i}
    • (\lambda < \varepsilon) \rightarrow (\beta = 0)
       (\lambda > \varepsilon) \rightarrow (\beta = 1)
    • O_{EBD} = \{ \beta \mid \beta \in (0, 1) \}
    • O_{ERD} = \{z \mid \exists z, z \in \beta\}
PSVM (ISVM, OSVM)
    • I_{SVM} = \{V_i \mid V_i = (Src. Addr., Dest. Addr., Port no., Time, Prot., Count)\}
    • RBF = e^{-\gamma(|x_1-x_2|)+c}
    v = \overline{\omega} * x + b
    • (y < -1) \to (\alpha = 1)
       (y > 1) \rightarrow (\alpha = 0)
    • O_{SVM} = \{\alpha \mid \alpha \in (0, 1)\}
    • O_{SVM} = \{x \mid \exists x, x \in \alpha\}
```

Algorithmic Strategies

Software Specifications

- Linux based Operating System.
- OpenDayLight Controller 0.4.2 Berrylium SR2.
- Open vSwitch (OVS).
- PicOS / OpenSwitch.
- Oracle VirtualBox.
- Mininet 2.2.1.
- POX Controller.
- LibSVM.
- Python 2.7 or above.
- Nagios Core.
- NodeJS + AngularJS (JavaScript Framework).

Hardware Specifications

- Any Enterprise, Data Center, Campus Network Topology with 100/1000 Mbps.
- Switches that support OpenFlow Protocol / Whitebox Switches.
 - HPE Altoline 6900 48G ONIE AC Switch.
 - Pica8 P-3297 48 X 1Gbe.
 - HP 2920 Switch Series.
- Server Running the Controller
 - Dell PowerEdge R720

Dataset Specifications

- "DDoS attack 2007" dataset provided by the Center for Applied Internet Data Analysis(CAIDA).
- The 1998 DARPA's network traffic dataset provided by MIT Lincoln Lab.
- The 2000 DARPA intrusion detection scenario specific dataset provided by MIT Lincoln Lab which contains:

| Data Category | No. of training instances | No. of test in- stances | |
|---------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Break In | 156 | 374 | |
| DDoS | 963 | 1035 | |
| Installsw | 318 | 204 | |
| IPSweep | 101 | 684 | |
| Normal | 2500 | 2501 | |
| Probe | 54 | 94 | |
| Total | 4092 | 4892 | |

Table 1: 2000 DARPA Dataset details

Results of Entropy Based Discretization

- Machine with Ubuntu 14.04, i5 CPU and 8G RAM.
- Mininet as a network simulator (Tree Topology, 800Mbps Link speed, 20 hosts).
- Open vSwitch.Floodlight controller.
- CAIDA's "DDoS Attack 2007" dataset.

| S. No | Average Traffic Rate(Mbps) | Attack Rate(pkts/s) |
|-------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Exp.1 | 50 | 50-200 |
| Exp.2 | 100 | 300-500 |
| Exp.3 | 500 | 1000-2000 |

Table 2: parameter values of the Traffic

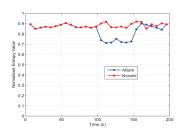


Figure 3: The normalized entropy value of IPdst Flow

Results of SVM based Method

- The normal traffic data is included from 1998 DARPA dataset.
- The attack traffic data is included from 2000 DARPA dataset.

| Cost | Gamma | Classification Accuracy(%) | False Positive |
|------|-------|----------------------------|----------------|
| 10 | 0.1 | 94.23 | 0.011 |
| 10 | 0.01 | 95.11 | 0.008 |
| 10 | 0.001 | 93.86 | 0.013 |

Table 3: Accuracy with different parameters

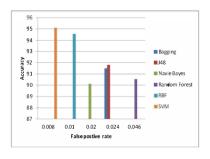


Figure 4: Camparison of classification methods

Conclusion

- Considering advantages and benefits delivered by SDN, its security issues need to be resolved.
- Thus this project is aimed at providing a solution for detection of DDoS attacks in SDN using Support Vector Machine and Entropy based discretization and evaluating the effectiveness of both the methods in a specific environment.

References

- "DDoS Detection and Analysis in SDN-based Environment Using Support Vector Machine Classifier" -Kokila RT, S. Thamarai Selvi, Kannan Govindarajan - 2014 Sixth International Conference on Advanced Computing(ICoAC) - Department of Computer Technology, Anna University (MIT Campus), Chennai.
- "An Entropy-Based Distributed DDoS Detection Mechanism in Software-Defined Networking" - Rui Wang, Zhiping Jia, Lei Ju - 2015 IEEE Trustcom/BigDataSE/ISPA - School of Computer Science and Technology Shandong University Jinan, China.
- "Software-Defined Networking: The New Norm for Networks and Open Networking Foundation" - Open Networking Foundation - ONF White Paper April 13, 2012.
- T.Subbulakshmi , Dr. S. Mercy Shalinie, V.GanapathiSubramanian, K.BalaKrishnan, D. AnandK, K.Kannathal - IEEE-ICoAC 2011 - Department of CSE, TCE Madurai, India.
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Thank You...