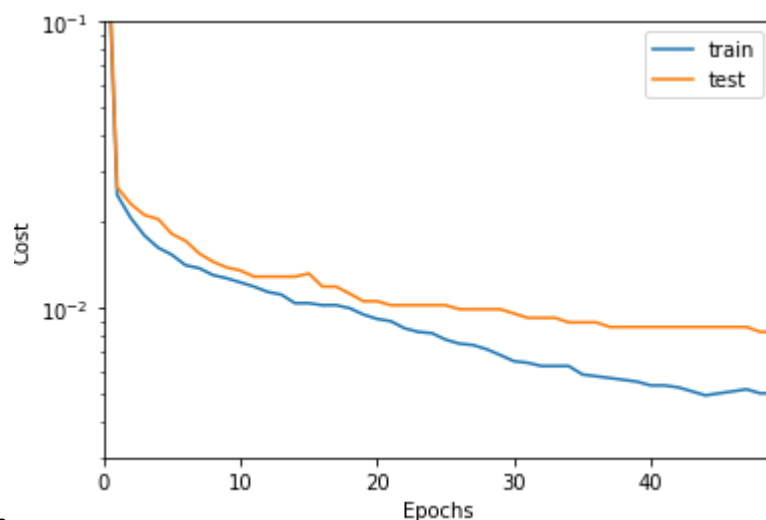


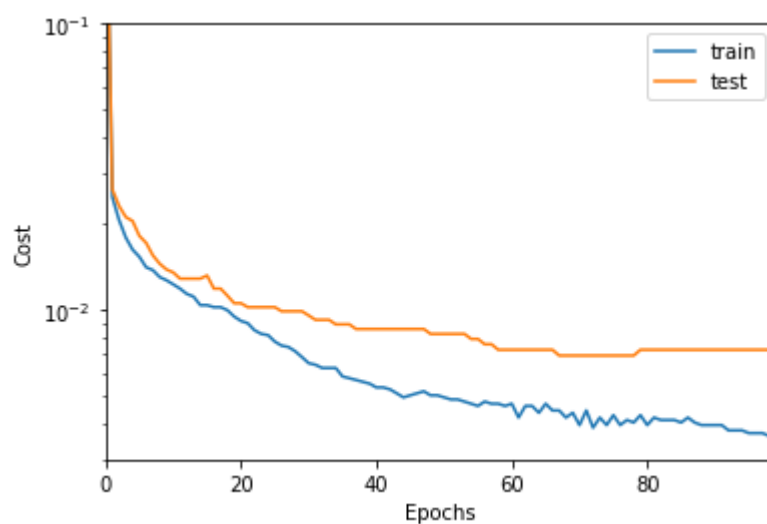
T-DeLearn PW02 - Exercise 3

- Capocasale Romain
- Demeusy Jean
- 06.03.2021

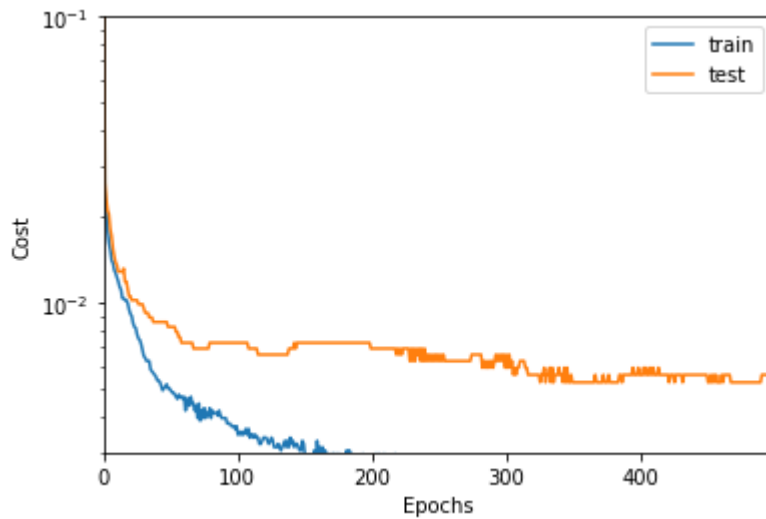
D - Analyse the dependency of the final error rate on the number of epochs. What is the goal of the learning and how many epochs make sense ?



50 epochs



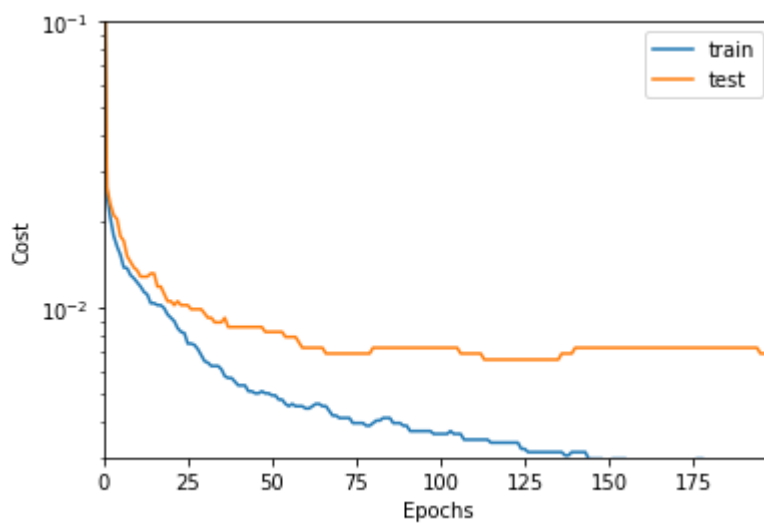
100 epochs



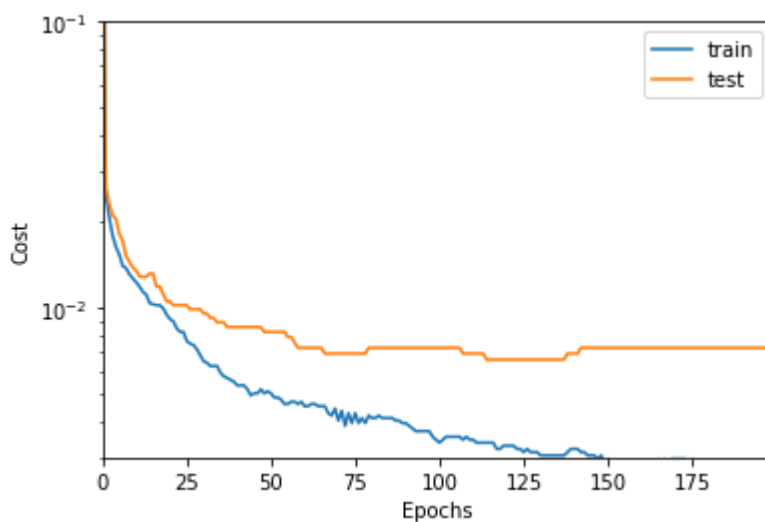
500 epochs

We can see that the error on the test set drops to 0 just before the 200 epochs. For the test error we can see that it stops decreasing also around 200 epochs. 200 epochs seems to be a good choice.

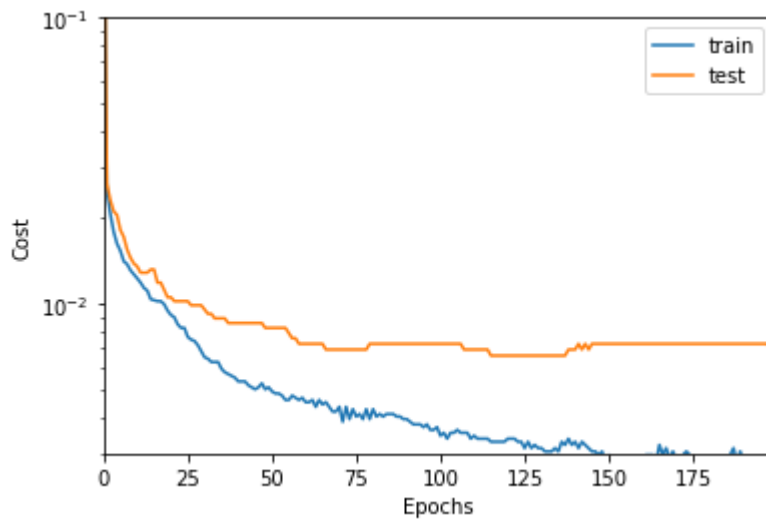
E - Analyse the dependency on the learning rate by trying different values, Describe what you observe. How large can you choose the learning rate until the learning breaks down ?



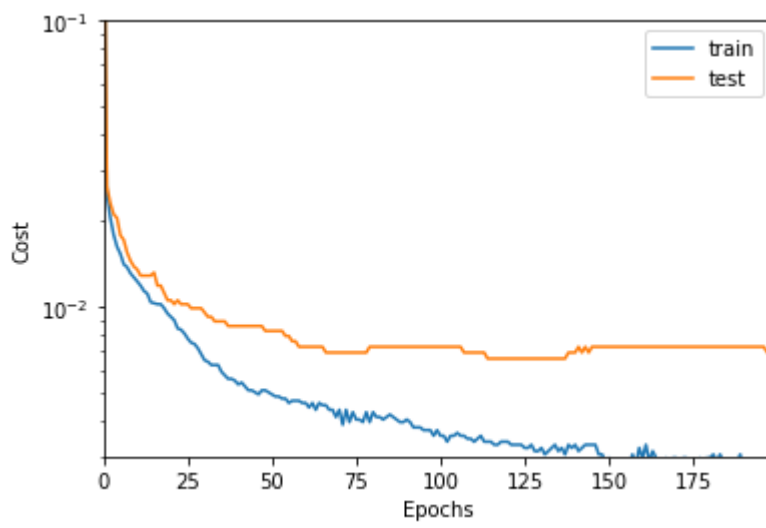
alpha=0.01



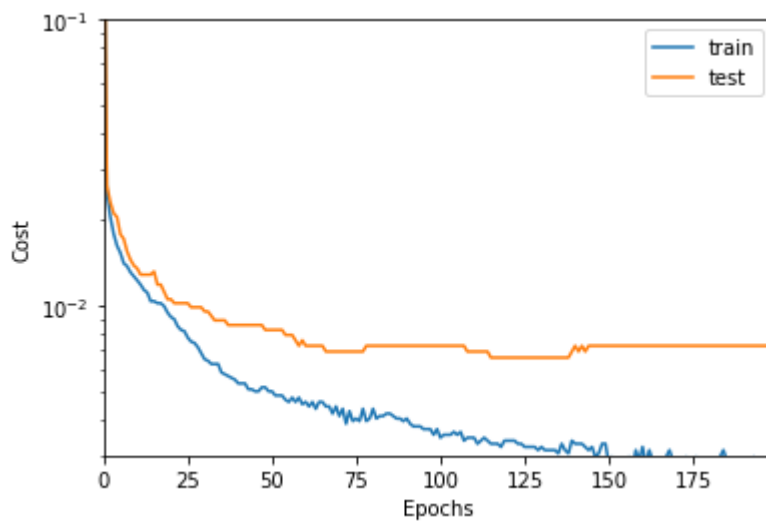
alpha=0.05



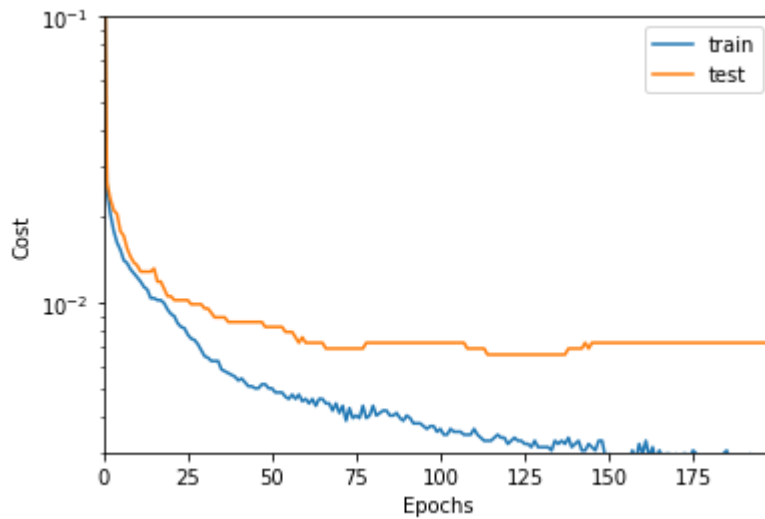
$\alpha=0.1$



$\alpha=1$



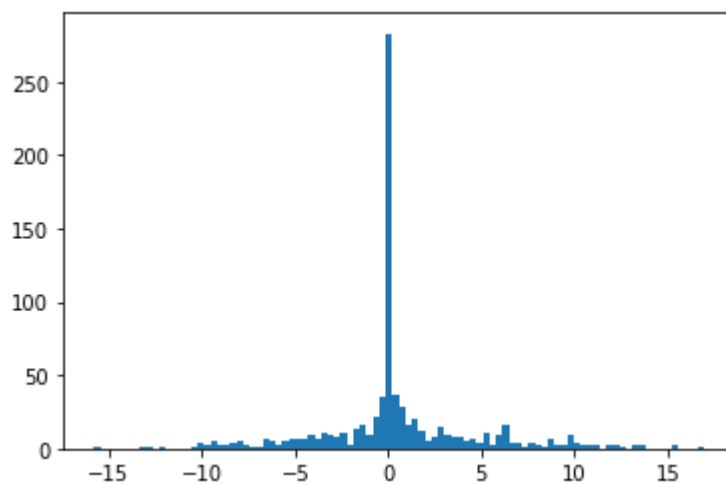
$\alpha=5$



alpha=10

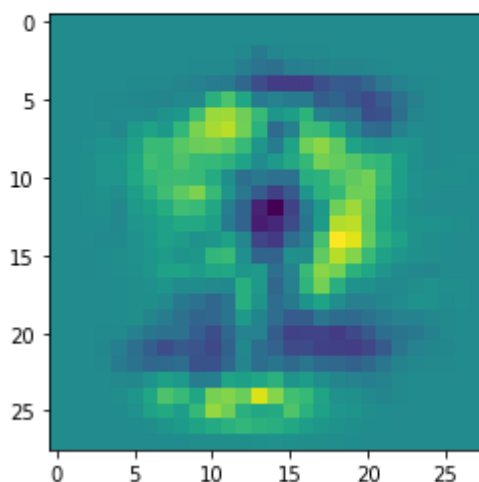
We can see that learning rates greater than 0.05 are slightly more difficult to converge to 0.

F - Plot a histogram of the weights finally obtained from learning. A strong peak at zero remains. Why? You may understand this when plotting the weights as an image.



Weights Histogramms

```
plt.imshow(gradD.w.reshape((28,28)))
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x17864210d00>
```



Weights Image

We can see that the many 0 come from the black background on the background around the numbers.

F - Also compare this image with the misclassified test images. Try to explain



We can see that most of the errors come from numbers that even a human would not be able to classify between a 1 and a 7. Typically the image on the second line of the first column is very hard to classify.