

Management Plan

Mold & Co in China

Marie Chiaverini Baptiste Saclier Vadim Crochet Antoine Caillet Romain Junca

Tutor: Thierry BLANC

Table of contents

1	Intr	$\operatorname{roduction}$	5
2	Pro	ject description	5
	2.1	Specifications	6
	2.2	Forces	7
	2.3	Weaknesses	7
	2.4	Social & Environmental guidelines	7
		2.4.1 Social engagement for project human resources	7
		2.4.2 Environmental guidelines	8
	2.5	Local investments & suppliers	8
3	Act	ors and Stakeholders	9
	3.1	Actors impacting the project	10
	3.2	Setting up teams	10
4	Pro	ject planning	11
	4.1	Tasks	12
		4.1.1 Management Plan	12
		4.1.2 Executive Plan	13
	4.2	Gantt diagram	14
5	Rec	quired resources	14
6	Ris	ks management plan	15
	6.1	Plan	16
	6.2	Description of the system	16
	6.3	Definition of the risk assessment	16
	6.4	Calculation of the criticality and risk priority numbers	17
7	Cal	culation of the criticality and risk priority numbers	17
	7.1	Prevention and correction of the risks	20

8	Indi	icators	of progression and success	20
	8.1	Quant	itatives KPIs	21
		8.1.1	Developing a Dynamic and Efficient Economy	21
		8.1.2	Developing efficient machines	21
		8.1.3	Developing efficient employers	21
		8.1.4	Qualitative KPIs	22
9	Con	clusio	n	22
10	Anr		Project Gantt diagram	23

List of figures

1	Table of stakeholders	10
2	Table of teams working on the project	11
3	Work Breakdown Structure of the project	12
4	Table of severity level	17
5	Table of occurence level	17
6	Table of detection level	17
7	Severity occurences	18
8	Risk table	19
9	Table of severity	20

Introduction

This document describes all aspects of the ChineseTooth project which the main goal is to install IT systems around the new production line in the eco-city of Taijin. This project includes a social and ecological aspect in order to fit to the requirements of Taijin city guidelines.

In this document, we describe what are the goals, the processes, the planning and the risk of such deployment in China.

Project description

The main goal is to install a toothbrush production line in the eco-city of Taijin in China. Our company is working for MOLD & Co. to make this production line a reality.

Ou main guidelines in this project is to install a production line that can produce a great amount of toothbrushes within an eco-city. This project needs to be respectful of the surrounding environnement and social aspects of the project's stakeholders.

2.1 Specifications

This project has to achieve the following specifications.

The production line must contains all the required machines to automate the production of toothbrushes. Theses machines include moulting machine, stamping machine, tufting machine, bristle cutter machine, bristle trimming machine and Packaging machine. These machines need to be bought and connected to each other in order to build the full product.

To connect all the machines in the assembly line, the project requires also a full digital connection to an internal network. This network group all connected machines and database servers to store monitoring informations about the production. These informations need to represent the current production, the past production and potential errors in the production line.

The production line is fully automated throw this network and the production is regulated to produce exactly what is needed. This automatisation brings many advantages including the environmental impact reduction, reduction of the storage requirement of finished products and 24/7 production in case of huge demand.

The informations collected need to be displayed to the employees in charge of the production line. These informations are displayed throught an interface reading the monitoring data from the database. A master server has to be installed in order to control all machines and to control the production flow.

Several materials are required to produce toothbrushes. These materials are plastic, nylon, brass wire, paper box packing, plastinc hard container packaging, high frequency blister packaging and Blister card packaging. The project must include a storage space for all these material and human resources to load the resources in the appropriate machines.

All the production line machines, storage and digital network requires engineering the organise all these components depending on the space available and the shape of the building. Engineering human resources are required to create, configure and install manitoring system. Human resources may also be required to manipulate machines, connect

each machine to the other and install network.

2.2 Forces

The forces of the project are mainly focused on the high effeciency of the production line. This high effeciency is garanteed by the monitoring system and the automatic management of the amount of product produced on the assembly line. This project represents a great opportunity to modernize the production of MOLD & Co. and automate the assembly line. By automating the assembly line, MOLD & Co. gain a lot of money on storage of manufatured products and human resources.

2.3 Weaknesses

This project have also small weakness that may have an impact on risks (Risk managment will be covered in the section 6).

The main weakness are the important amount of advanced technologies that requires a great amount of high qualified employees in charge of the installing and maintaining the autonomous system of the assembly line. Another weakness is the requirement of heavy and pricy machines that can represent a major part of the project's costs.

2.4 Social & Environmental guidelines

As our project takes place in the eco-city of Tianjin, it must include proper social and environmental guidelines. These are guidelines and must be evaluated during the project to qualify if these are possible to set up with MOLD & Co. budget.

2.4.1 Social engagement for project human resources

These guidelines includes social engagements for the well being of employees and human resources during the project.

Working hours For employeese better productivity, it could be good to restrict to 8 hours the day of work to complete a full week withing 44 hours. We must audit reguarly our employees about their opinion and well-being within the company through feedbacks.

Human rights and equity Our project must respect the human rights about children labor or unpaid employees. These are forbidden. Finally, our employees salary musn't depend on genre, race or physical ability.

Health Thus, our project is about health product. We must establish health requirements to reduce baterial or viruses risks during toothbrushes production. We must include protection against noise and injury risks on the production line. That include collective equipments like protective foam, barrier, etc. But also personnal equipment like hear protections, gloves, etc. And we could give an introduction to the handling of machines for all employees to avoid injuries.

2.4.2 Environmental guidelines

Waste and recycling We must establish a plan and write good practicies about material waste in order to reduce our wast that have a huge environmental impact. Our automation system must optimise production in order to reduce waste. We could also collect rainwater in order to use it in bathrooms or for floor washig.

Effeciency We could invest in machines that are more profitable and resource-efficient to reduce the resources required to get the assembly line working. Moreover, it could be good to progressively invest in renewable energy in order to reduce our energy-related environmental impact. This includes solar panels, wind turbines or heat pumps that can be installed outside of the building or on employees parking.

Building optimizations The whole building could include some automations to reduce environmetal impact and reduce energy waste. These automations includes auto-switch lights and computers when there are not used.

Machine repairs To reduce environmental impact and keep our machines as long as possible, it's possible to introduce a repair culture during the project and after. This repair guidelines include bying repairable machines, recycle spare parts of deffective machines and train employees about machine repair.

Delivery guidelines Delivery is a huge part of our envronmental impact. To reduce this environmental impact, we could group most of our delivery to reduce waste of space in polluting transports like trucks. We could also promote rail transport over trusk transport. This transport method are way less polluting but more expensive. But High-speed train are developing in china and it could be reduced in the future.

2.5 Local investments & suppliers

Local investment It could be good, to participate in local project of Tainin. This investments could represent a good opportunity to communictae of the green engagement of MOLD & Co..

suppliers guidelines MOLD & Co. must audit it's suppliers in order to evaluate there social and environmental impact and be sure they fits with our own requirements.

Local implication Our factory is in a city and MOLD & Co. must communicate with local authorities about what it's happening in the factory. Local authorities include Tanjin City Hall and People's Republic of China government. MOLD & Co. must inform authorities about environmental risks and how we will manage in such case. We also require to be informed about local chinese health and sanitary requiremet in order to be consistent with it.

Actors and Stakeholders

We have assembled all the actors of the project in a clear and precise way in order to identify them. You will first find the different actors who have an impact on the project. Secondly, the stakeholders and their position in the project. Finally, the teams that need to be set up.

3.1 Actors impacting the project

You will find below a table containing all the actors having an impact on the project. All the stakeholders were identified and analysed according to the client's needs by the Cesi conseil team.

There are four columns:

Name: it is the name of the actor and stakeholder.

External or Internal to MOLD & Co. companie: The actor in question is internal or external to MOLD & Co.. This is its positioning within the project.

State: what type of domain is the actor affiliated.

Influence level: this is the level of importance of the actor in the project.

Name	External or internal	Status	Influence level
Mold and Co - HR depart-	Internal	Supervision	Important
ment			
Mold and Co - Production	Internal	Manufacturation	Important
department			
Mold and Co's direction	Internal	Client	Important
Cesi conseil	External	Provider	Important
Mold and Co's - It depart-	Internal	Supervision	Medium
ment			
Mold and Co's - Mainte-	Internal	Supervision	Medium
nance department			
Mold and Co's - Logistic	Internal	Supervision	Medium
department			
Tianjin city hall	External	Notice of construction	Important
People's Republic of	External	Supervision	Important
China government			
Suppliers	External	Supply	Important

Figure 1 – Table of stakeholders

3.2 Setting up teams

Following the stakeholder analysis for this project, we set up teams to maximize the company's production and meet the Chinese company's standards.

These are three teams distributed as a service to ensure the proper functioning of the company Chinetooth.

Name	Objective	influence level
Human Resource department	Recruit new employees, retain them	Important
	and develop their skills.	
Engineering department	Conception, resource planning, schedu-	Important
	ling, recording and traceability of pro-	
	duction activites	
Assembly line installation department	storage and installation of machines	Important

Figure 2 – Table of teams working on the project

Humain resource department: will help to maintain a stable workforce over the long term.

Engineering department: its objective is to continuously improve the management of flows and stocks included in the work chain that begins with suppliers and ends with intermediate or end customers. There are three engineer department, one for machine, second for network and the last for industrie 5.0.

Assembly line installation department: the role of the marketing department is to define a company's strategy by proposing products and services that will promote the development and sustainability of Mold & Co. There are three teams, one for resource installation, second for network installation and the last for IoT installation.

Project planning

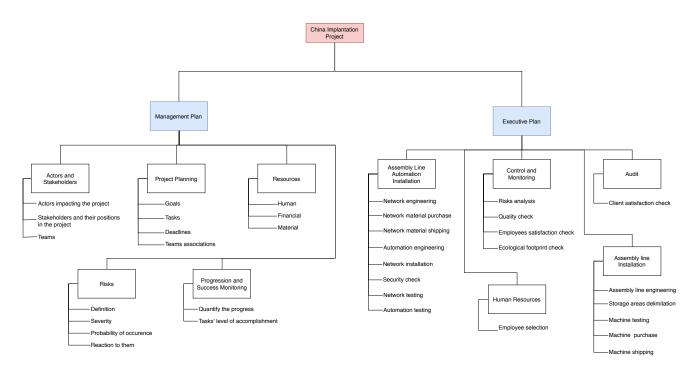


Figure 3 – Work Breakdown Structure of the project

4.1 Tasks

The project is separated in many tasks that represents all steps needed to reach the goal of the project. These tasks are separated in two categories: *Managment plan* in which all the tasks represents the redaction od the management plan of the project and *Executive plan* the represent the active part of the project in which the assembly line is installed.

4.1.1 Management Plan

The management plan is the part in which each step of the project is defined. The management plan is defined as a frame for the project and theses tasks must be achieved before all executive task. This part begins with a precise description of the project and goals followed by the 5 next parts.

Actors and Steakholders In this parts, we must think and describe all the avtors involved in the project. These actors are steakholders and can interact in some way with the project. The description includes their position, their importance and the manner that they interact with the project. This task have also a goal of definition different teams that are required to bring this project to life.

Project planning Within this task, we must think and describe all the tasks required to finish the full project, the time and resources required to achieve each task and what are task dependencies. In this task, we must define what are deadlines and when to make debreiefing and evaluate the progression of the project.

Resources In this part of the project, we must identify and write the required resources to achieve each task defined in the *Project planning* part. These resources include: human resources, financial resources and material resources.

Risks In this task, we must define the primary risks that can occur during the project and how to reduce the side effect of each risk. Each risk have a severity and prbabilty rate that represent the criticity of it. Higher the criticity is, important the risk must be and planned with caution.

Progression and success monitoring Finally, in the progression monitoring we must identify what indicator can represent the progression or the success of each task and the whole project. These indicator will be used all along the project to define it's progression and if some task are taking late.

4.1.2 Executive Plan

The executive plan indicates all actions done after the work on the management plan. This category includes the installation of the assembly line and its automation, but also its control and monitoring, in addition of the human resources and an audit of the client.

Assembly Line Installation This part aims to identify the processes brought by the installation of the assembly line. After an assembly line engineering, in which we study the building disposal, where and how the machines will connect with themselves, we also study the place for the storage areas. We then test the machines after their purchase and their shipping.

Assembly Line Automation installation This part is about the automation of the assembly line, which includes a network engineering (the study of the disposal of the network in the building), the purchase of the material for this network (routers, switches, etc.) and their shipping to the building, before their installation and test. We also study the automation of the machines, how it will work, and how to put it in place, with also a testing session and a security check.

Human Resources The human resources part identify the employee selection process. Those employees must be fit to the required tasks of the executive plan. To the study of the

building and other engineering around the machines to the installation of the automation of those machines, and their control and monitoring.

Control and Monitoring After the installation of the machines and their automation set, we must control and regulate them. This includes the risks analysis process, which means a constant control and verification of the assumed risks but also an answer plan in the case of a crisis situation. We also check on the quality of the machines, their cleanliness and their working order, but also on the employee's satisfaction as we want to be sure they work in an environnement as comfortable as possible. In the same way, we want a constant control of the ecological footprint of the building to respect our environmental engagements.

Audit Finally, this task is required to retreive some feedback from the client. These feedback can lead to an improvement process and can be added to our quality pipeline in order to continuously improve our practices.

4.2 Gantt diagram

The Gantt diagram of this project recapitulating all our planning is in the first Annex of this document. This is an export of Microsoft Project's file of this project.

Required resources

Risks management plan

Considering that Mold & Co's new production plant implies an important and complex system, we have to identify and evaluate all the risks inherent to this system in order to limit them the most possible. This risk analysis will allow us to help designing the new production system by establishing the most efficient preventive and correctives measures.

In order to deal with the risk management, we decided to use the FMECA Method on the means of production of Mold & Co company. This means that we consider all the risks related to the operation of the assembly line system.

6.1 Plan

For that purpose, we have to, as a first step, describe the overall production system. Then we will be able to identify all the threats. After this step, we will identify all the threats that could affects the system and assess them in order to define their criticality.

Ultimately, we will see how to compensate these eventual failure modes where appropriate.

6.2 Description of the system

The assembly line system is composed of two main parts: the mechanical system and the computing's one.

By the way, we estimate that these two systems are interdependent. In other words, we have to take into account that if the mechanical part of the assembly line fails, the entire system cannot work anymore and vice versa.

Actually, mechanical part of the production chain can work independently but if the computing system is not working, the mechanical will encounter problems about its regulation and monitoring.

6.3 Definition of the risk assessment

According to the FMECA Method, we have to assess three different values in the table of risk.

First of all, the Severity (S) which equals to the importance of the consequences that the risk could induce on the production of the factory. More the risk can affect the production line, more the Severity level is high as the following table shows:

Then we have to assess the Occurrence (O) of the risks. The occurrence enables us to

Severity definition	Severity level	Associated color
Insignificant	1	green
Minor	2	light green
Significant	3	yellow
Serious	4	orange
Major	5	red

Figure 4 – Table of severity level

measure the likelihood of the risk. Mire the risk is potential, more the Occurrence value is high as we can see as below:

Occurrence definition	Occurrence level	Associated color
Remote	1	green
Very low	2	light green
Low	3	yellow
Moderate	4	orange
Major	5	red

Figure 5 – Table of occurence level

Finally, the Detection (D) is measured according to the ease for the operators to discover a failure mode. As we can see on the below table, higher the value is, harder it is to detect the issue.

Detection definition	Detection level
Blatant	1
Easily identifiable	2
Discreet	3
Hard to identify	4
Very hard to identify	5

Figure 6 - Table of detection level

6.4 Calculation of the criticality and risk priority numbers

In sum, Severity, Occurrence and Detection are arbitrarily assessed whereas Criticality and RPN are calculated from these same data.

Especially, we have the following relations:

- Criticality = Severity Occurrence
- RPN = Severity Occurrence Detection = Criticality Detection

These last two measures enable us to prioritize the risk in order to make the further effort in order to limit them and eventually resolve them if ever they occur.

Calculation of the criticality and risk priority numbers

In sum, Severity, Occurrence and Detection are arbitrarily assessed whereas Criticality and RPN (Risk Priority Number) are calculated from these same data.

Especially, we have the following relations:

$$Criticality = Severity \times Occurrence$$

 $RPN = Severity \times Occurrence \times Detection = Criticality \times Detection$

These last two measures enable us to prioritize the risk in order to make the further effort in order to limit them and eventually resolve them if ever they occur.

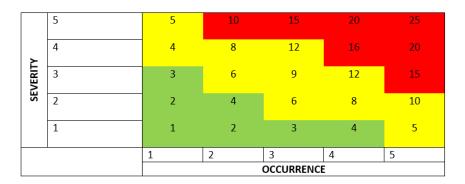


Figure 7 – Severity occurences

After having defined all the measure required in order to assess the risks. We can now list them,

evaluate their Severity (S), Occurrence (O), Detection (D) and thus calculate for each one, their criticality (C) and their Risk Priority Number (RPN).

Identifier	Failure mode	Failure causes	Failure effect	Detection method	Corrective actions	$^{\infty}$	0	Д	C	RPN
A	Power outage	Equipment disfunction	Stop of the production	Beep	Inverter and external batteries	ಬ	4		20	20
В	Noise pollution	Equipment disrup-	Employee's discom-	Error message	ic r	-	2	2	2	4
		tion	fort		surement and earplugs					
C	Inherent materiel	Obsolescence	Slowdown or stop of the production	Error message	Periodic mainte-	ಬ	4	2	20	40
D	Earthquake	Environment	Stop of the production	Sound and tremors	Earthquake protection	4			4	4
丑	Fire	Overheat	Stop of the production	Beep (fire alarm), flames	Fire prevention system	4			4	4
뇬	Lack of raw mate-	Desynchronization	Stop of the produc-	Alert message		4	2		∞	8
	rials		tion		and Dally stock's review					
Ŋ	Short circuit	Equipment disfunction	Slowdown or stop of the production	Alert message	Circuit-breakers	4	3	1	12	12
H	Absence of a main operator	Leave	Relative stop of the production	Control presence of the employees	Control presence of the employees	က	4	-	12	12
П	Local network ou-	Broken cable	Stop of the produc-	Error message	Network connec-	ಬ	2	1	25	25
	tage		tion		tion cable redun- dancy					
J	Lightning	Environment	None	Lightning sound	Lightning rod	-		-		1
K	Flood	Water leak	Eventual stop of the production	Leak detectors	Water recycling system	2	က	-	9	9
Γ	Over-voltage	Insulation failure	Stop of the production	Alert message	Circuit-breakers	4	2	1	∞	∞
M	Vandalism	Human error	Slowdown or stop of the production	Cameras	Cameras and Intern investigation	4	2	2	∞	16
Z	Overload	Equipment dysfunction (disruption)	Slowdown or stop of the production	Error message	Regular control of the equipment's settings	4	က	2	12	24
0	Product quality defect	Human error	Slowdown of the production	Block of the equipment	Regular quality controls	2	က	_	9	9
А	Environmental pollution	Equipment dysfunction (disruption)	Penalty	Pollution traces	Regular analysis on the water and other resources	က	က	က	6	27
o	Non respect of deadlines	Wrong estimation of the delays	Economic losses	Project manage- ment	Recursive estimation	က	2	2	15	30
В	Employee's injury	Accident	Eventual slowdown of the production	Complain	None	60	-	-	8	က

Figure 8 – Risk table

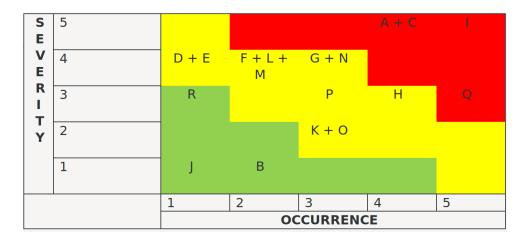


Figure 9 – Table of severity

7.1 Prevention and correction of the risks

What we can conclude from this table is that four risks: A, C, I and Q are particularly important as their criticality is in the red color so high priority.

Then we have to pay a special attention to these one and foresee strong corrective actions in order not only for prevention but also for correction.

Particularly, for these risk we decided to:

- Power outage (A): provide external batteries while the failure is not resolved
- Inherent materiel defect (C) : plan periodic maintenance on all the different machine consisting in verifying all its functionalities
- Local network outage (I): foresee a double connection on the machines for the local network so that if one is defaulting, the other will relay the connection
- Non respect of the deadlines (Q):
 - foresee provisional timeline of 10% of the time required to achieve the project
 - daily checks of the projects progress

Indicators of progression and success

The planning and development of the installation of toothbrush production line in the eco-city of Taijin in China is guided by a comprehensive set of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) covering its ecological, economic and social development.

There are seven quantitatives and three qualitatives KPIs.

8.1 Quantitatives KPIs

8.1.1 Developing a Dynamic and Efficient Economy

Use of renewable resources: using recycled resources to save money by 40%.

Control the production: Production control to avoid overproduction, which can be costly in terms of storage and resources.

Transportation: Use intelligent way of transportation in order to save mony by 60%.

Client satisfaction: Gather user feedback to improve the product.

8.1.2 Developing efficient machines

Maintenance machine: machines must be operational at least 99% of the time.

Cleaning machine: the machines must not know any dirt that may impact the quality of the product.

8.1.3 Developing efficient employers

Formation: In order to improve the quality and productivity of employees by 70%.

Developing a dynamic and efficient economy

- · Use of renewable resources
- · Control the production
- Transportation
- · Client satisfaction

Developing efficient machines

- · Machine maintenance
- · Cleaning machine

Developing efficient employers

Formation

8.1.4 Qualitative KPIs

- Maintain quality and safe production through careful monitoring of machines and production.
- Adopt safety policies for employees that will promote their well-being and the smooth running of production.
- Maintain the most eco-responsible production line by following the environmental standards in the factory.

Conclusion

The company Mold & Co called our company (Cesi conseil) to set up a 5.0 toothbrush production line. This production line is being set up in China, in Taijin. This city is known to be eco-responsible. It is therefore important to monitor social and ecological aspects in order to follow the city's standards.

The implementation of this production line will allow the company to benefit from an increase in turnover. However, with the different aspects of the installation, risks can arise. It is important to note the risk analysis in this document.

For the better of the organization of this project, the realization of a task schedule (WBS) was done. As a result, an analysis of the project's stakeholders concluded with the creation of three teams.

The implementation of KPI makes it possible to know the performance and success indicators of the implementation of the production line.

Finally, thanks to the budget, our team studied the need for the necessary resources to carry out this project.

Annex 1: Project Gantt diagram

You can found our Gantt project in the following pages.

l°	0	Mode Tâche	Nom de la tâche	Durée	Début	Fin	Prédécesseur	Noms ressources	Travail (Coût	9 М J	ı v
1		-	China Implementation Project	140 jrs	Ven 11/10/19	Jeu 21/05/20			9 631 h	117 582,12	_	
2		-5	Agreement	15 jrs	Ven 11/10/19	Mar 05/11/19			568 h	11 360,0€		
3		-	Contract	1 jr	Ven 11/10/19	Lun 14/10/19		Management Team[5	40 h	800,0€		
4			creation of a draft technical data sheet	2 jrs	Lun 14/10/19	Mer 16/10/19	3	Management Team[5]	80 h	1 600,0€		
5		-5	Special features for customers	3 jrs	Mer 16/10/19	Lun 21/10/19	4	Management Team[5]	120 h	2 400,0€		
6		-5	Risk analysis	3 jrs	Lun 21/10/19	Ven 25/10/19	5	Management Team[3	72 h	1 440,0€		
7		-	Implementation ergonomic aspect: safety	2 jrs	Ven 25/10/19	Mar 29/10/19	6	Management Team[3]	48 h	960,0€		
8		-5	Planning	3 jrs	Lun 21/10/19	Ven 25/10/19	5	Management Team[2	48 h	960,0€		
9		-5	Kick-off meeting	1 jr	Mar 29/10/19	Mer 30/10/19	6;8;7	Management Team[5]	40 h	800,0Œ		
10		-5	Technical data sheet	3 jrs	Mer 30/10/19	Mar 05/11/19	9	Management Team[5]	120 h	2 400,0€		
11		-5	Study and classifications	22 jrs	Mar 05/11/19	Mar 10/12/19			1 272 h	19 280,0€		
			Tâche			Récapitulatif	f inactif	l Tâc	thes externes			
			Fractionne	ement		Tâche manu	elle	Jak	ons externes	♦		
			Jalon		♦	Durée uniqu	iement	Éch	néance	+		
,		anagemei	nt_plan	ative		·	oitulatif manuel		ancement			
ate	: Jeu	10/10/19	, .	atif du projet		Récapitulatif			gression manue			
					u	•		E Pro	gression manue	THE .		
			Tâche ina			Début uniqu		_				
			Jalon inac	tif	♦	Fin uniquem	ent	3				
						Page 1	1					

l°	Mode Tâche	Nom de la tá	iche	Durée	Début	Fin	Prédécesseur	Noms ressources	Travail	Coût	9 M J	V
12		the so refere manu	ences, facturing ogistics	3 jrs	Mar 05/11/19	Ven 08/11/19	10	Engineers[7]	168 h	2 520,0€		_
13	-5		zing and tion of the s	6 jrs	Ven 08/11/19	Mar 19/11/19	12	Engineers[3]	144 h	2 160,0€		
14	-5	stren	nesses, and	6 jrs	Ven 08/11/19	Mar 19/11/19	12	Engineers[4]	192 h	2 880,0€		
15	-5	Quali defin	,	5 jrs	Mar 19/11/19	Mer 27/11/19	14;13	Engineers[7]	280 h	4 200,0€		
16	-5			4 jrs	Mer 27/11/19	Mar 03/12/19	15	Engineers[7]	224 h	3 360,0€		
17	-5	Defin miles		3 jrs	Mar 03/12/19	Lun 09/12/19	12;13;14;15	Engineers[7]	168 h	2 520,0Œ		
18	-5	kick-c study	off meeting	1 jr	Lun 09/12/19	Mar 10/12/19	17	Engineers[7];Mana Team[5]	ager 96 h	1 640,0€		
			Tâche			Récapitulati	f inactif		Tâches externes		_	
			Fractionne	ement					Jalons externes	♦		
,	Manageme		Jalon		♦	Durée uniqu			Échéance	.		
Date : J	eu 10/10/1	9	Récapitula				pitulatif manuel	p	Avancement	U-		
			Tâche inac	atif du projet	U	Récapitulati Début uniqu		I I	Progression manu	iene ———		
			Jalon inac			Fin uniquem]				
						Page						_

l°	A	Mode Tâche	Nom de la tâche	Durée	Début	Fin	Prédécesseur	Noms ressources	Travail	Coût	9 M J
19		Tacrie	Supply and manufacturing	42 jrs	Mar 10/12/19	Ven 14/02/20			1 984 h	20 320,0€	
20		-5	Production line	42 jrs	Mar 10/12/19	Ven 14/02/20			992 h	10 160,0€	
21		- 9	Purchase order of the machinery	2 jrs	Mar 10/12/19	Jeu 12/12/19	18	Engineers; Manageme Team	32 h	560,0€	
22		-9	Reception and storage of machines	40 jrs	Jeu 12/12/19	Ven 14/02/20	21	Engineers;Technician[960 h	9 600,0€	
23		-5	Network	42 jrs	Mar 10/12/19	Ven 14/02/20			992 h	10 160,0Œ	
24			Purchase order of network equipments	2 jrs	Mar 10/12/19	Jeu 12/12/19	18	Management Team;Engineers	32 h	560,0€	
25			Reception and storage of network equipments	40 jrs	Jeu 12/12/19	Ven 14/02/20	24	Engineers;Technician[960 h	9 600,0€	
26		-5	Pull List	5 jrs	Ven 14/02/20	Ven 21/02/20			560 h	8 800,0Œ	
27			Kick-off meeting assembly	5 jrs	Ven 14/02/20	Ven 21/02/20	18;22;25	Management Team[5];Engineers[7];	560 h	8 800,0€	
			Tâche			Récapitulati	inactif	l Tâc	hes externes		
			Fractionn	ement		Tâche manu	elle	Jalo	ns externes	♦	
			Jalon		♦	Durée uniqu			éance	+	
-		anagemei	nt_plan	ative		•	oitulatif manuel		ncement		
Jate	: Jeu	10/10/19	'	atif du projet	_	Récapitulatif			gression manu	ıelle	
			Tâche ina	. ,	•	Début uniqu		E	9. 2331011 1110110		
			Jalon inac			Fin uniquem		3			
						1					

۰	A	Mode Tâche	Nom de la tâcl	he	Durée	Début	Fin	Prédécesseur	Noms ressources	Travail	Coût	9 M J
18	•	Tache	Assembly	, Wiring	40 jrs	Lun 24/02/20	Lun 27/04/20			3 392 h	35 520,0€	
9		-	Produc installa	tion line ition	26 jrs	Lun 24/02/20	Ven 03/04/20			2 128 h	21 960,0€	
)		Environmen preparation			8 jrs	Lun 24/02/20	Ven 06/03/20	27	Engineers[4];Technic	ii 640 h	6 720,0€	
1		-5	Installation of the production line		14 jrs	Ven 06/03/20	Lun 30/03/20	30	Engineers[4];Technic	iii 1 232 h	12 600,0€	
2		-5			4 jrs	Lun 30/03/20	Ven 03/04/20	31	Engineers[3];Technic	ii 256 h	2 640,0€	
3		-5			18 jrs	Lun 30/03/20	Lun 27/04/20			1 264 h	13 560,0€	
34		-5	Environment preparation		4 jrs	Lun 30/03/20	Ven 03/04/20	31	Engineers[4];Technic	ii 288 h	3 120,0€	
15		-5	Installation of the network		10 jrs	Ven 03/04/20	Mar 21/04/20	34	Engineers[4];Technic	ii 720 h	7 800,0€	
36				testing 4 jrs		Mar 21/04/20	Lun 27/04/20	35	35 Engineers[3];Technic		2 640,0€	
37		-5	Tests		15 jrs	Lun 27/04/20	Mer 20/05/20			1 384 h	17 760,0€	
<u> </u>		-5			15 jrs	Lun 27/04/20					17 760,0€	
				Tâche			Récapitulatif			iches externes	^	
				Fractionne	ement	•				lons externes :héance	•	
Projet : Management_plan		nt_plan	Jalon In Récapitulative		—	Durée uniqu	iement pitulatif manuel		neance vancement			
Date : Jeu 10/10/19			'		itive itif du projet	1	Récapitulatif			ogression manu	uollo.	
				Tâche inac	. ,	u	Début uniqu		E	ogression mant	Jelle	
				Jalon inac		\$	Fin uniquem]			
				Jaion mac	ui .	<u> </u>	i iii uiiiqueiii	iciit.	-			

0	0	Mode Tâche	Nom de la tâche	Durée	Début	Fin	Prédécesseurs	Noms ressources	Travail	Coût	9 M	JΙV
8		-5	Test of the installation	12 jrs	Lun 27/04/20	Ven 15/05/20	32;36	Engineers[7];Technicia	1 152 h	13 680,0€		
19		-9	Technical approval	1 jr	Ven 15/05/20	Lun 18/05/20	38	Management Team[5];Engineers[7]	96 h	1 640,0€		
10		-3	Top delivery meeting	1 jr	Lun 18/05/20	Mar 19/05/20	39	Management Team[5];Engineers[7]	96 h	1 640,00€		
11		-9	Customer pre-reception	1 jr	Mar 19/05/20	Mer 20/05/20	40	Management Team[5]	40 h	800,00€		
42		-5	Delivery	1 jr	Mer 20/05/20	Jeu 21/05/20			8 h	120,0€		
43		-5	Production line locking	e 1 jr	Mer 20/05/20	Jeu 21/05/20	41	Engineers	8 h	120,0€		
14		-5	Team training	60,38 jrs	Ven 14/02/20	Mer 20/05/20			463 h	4 422,12€		
45		*	Production line	5 jrs	Ven 14/02/20	Ven 21/02/20		Technician[7];HR	263 h	2 283,72€		
16		*	Network Installation	5 jrs	Ven 20/03/20	Sam 28/03/20	45	Technician[3];HR	160 h	1 519,2€		
47		*	Employee training	5 jrs	Mer 13/05/20	Mer 20/05/20	45;46	HR	40 h	619,2€€		
			Tâche			Récapitulati	finactif	Tâc	hes externes			
			Fraction	nement		Tâche manu	elle	Jalo	ns externes	\Diamond		
Jalon					♦	Durée uniqu	iement	Éch	éance	•		
:.	4. 14.	anageme										

Récapitulatif manuel

Début uniquement

Page 5

Fin uniquement

E

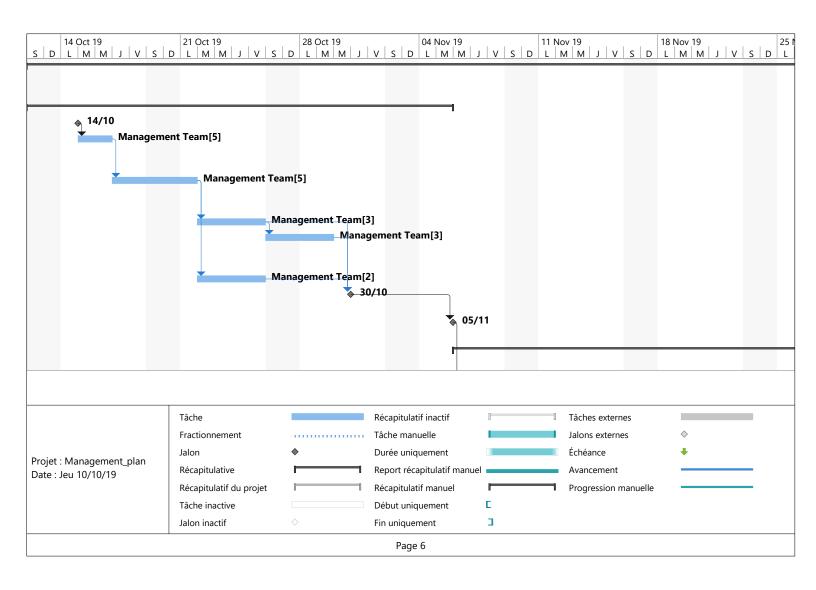
J

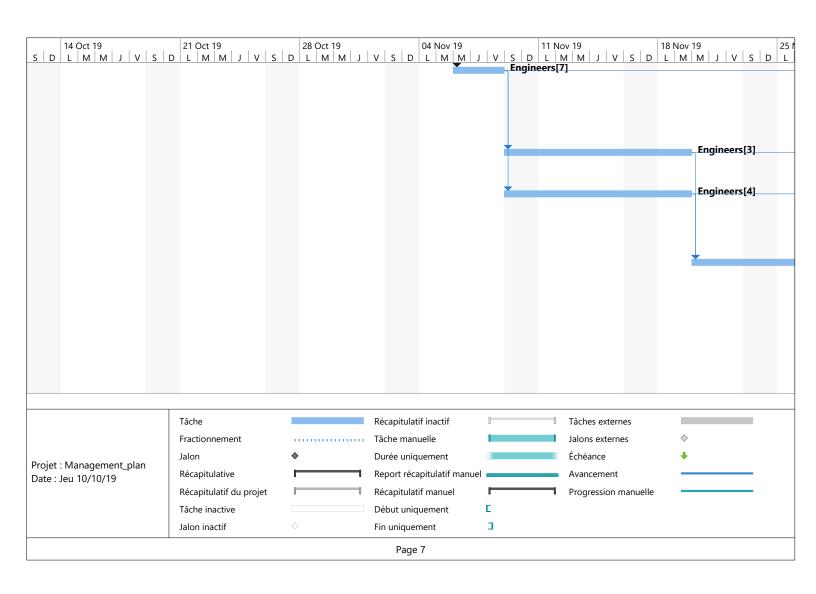
Progression manuelle

Récapitulatif du projet

Tâche inactive

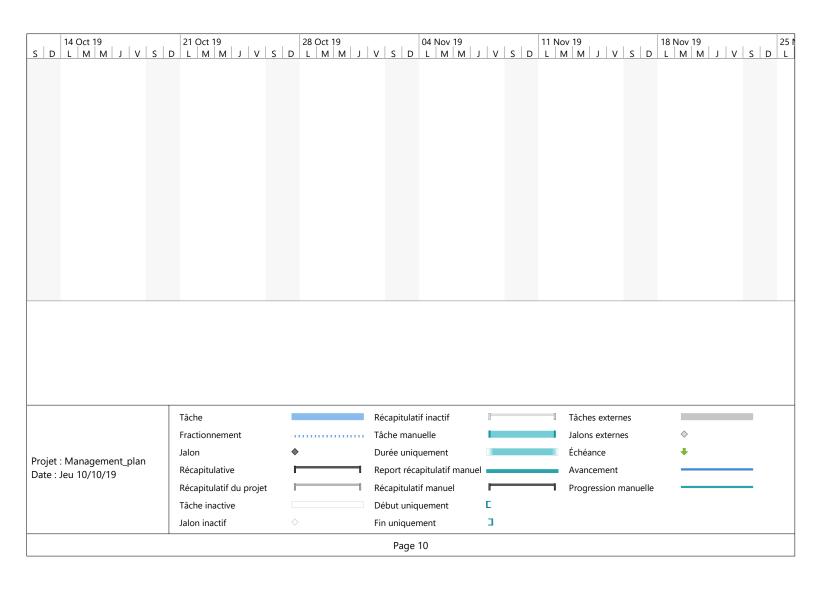
Jalon inactif

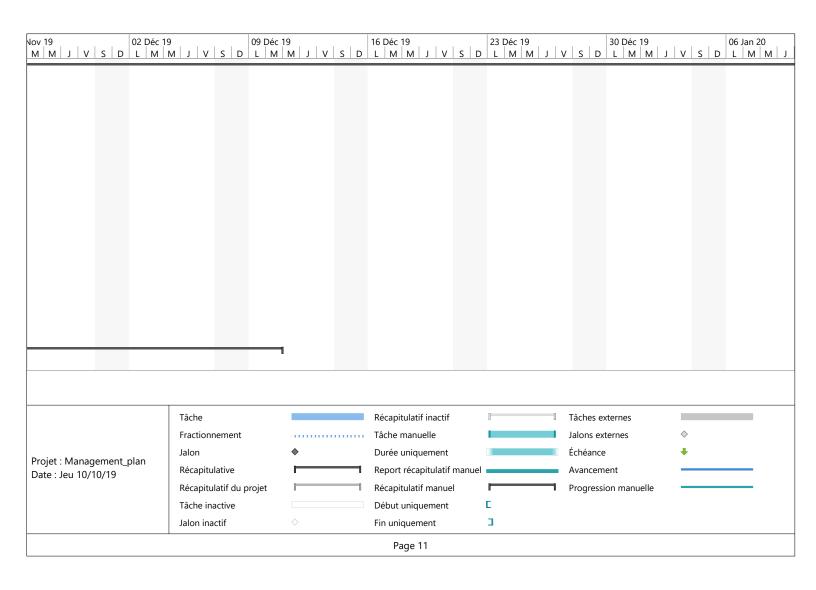


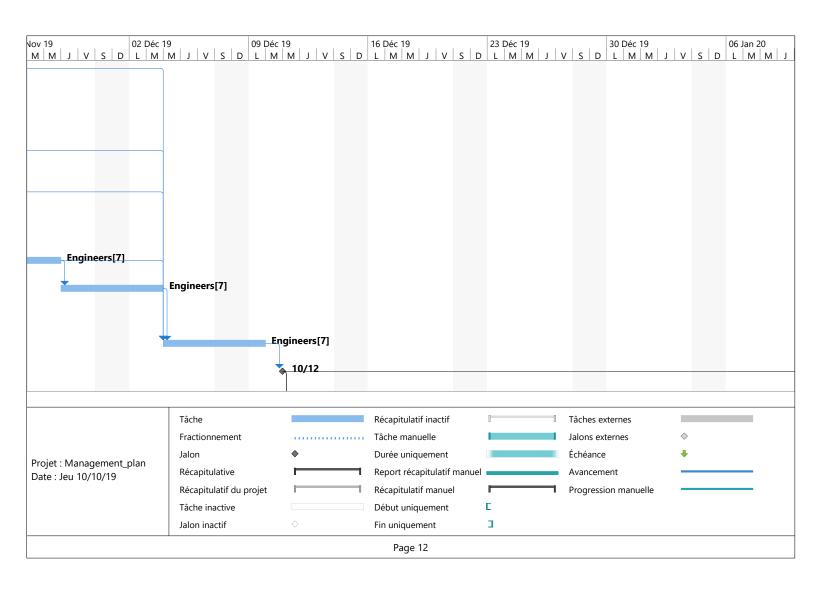


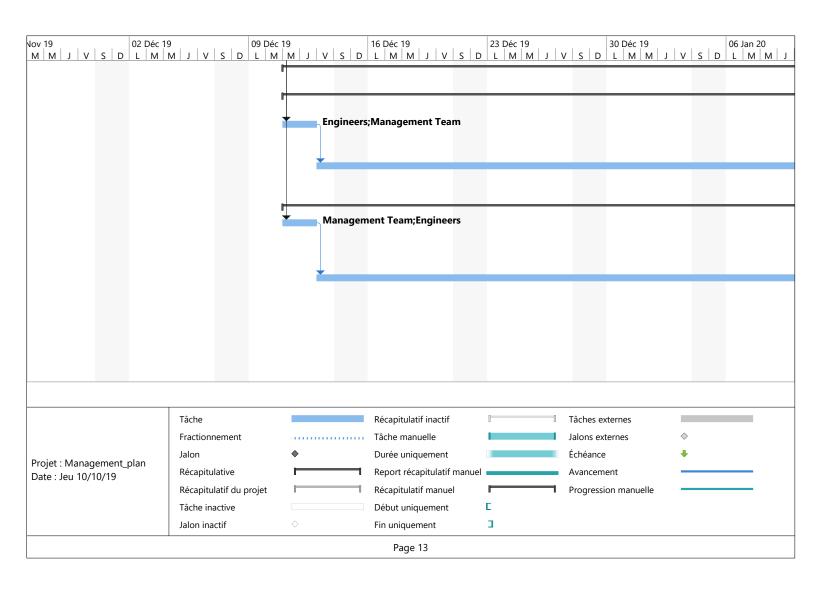
	14 Oct 19 L M M J		c -	21 Oct 19	9	.,	. -	28 O	ct 19	1.1	., -		04 No	/ 19		_		11 Nov	/ 19		, _		18 No	v 19	,	_ .	
D	L M M J	V	SD	L M	M J	V	SD	L	M M	J	V S	D	L N	M	JV	S	D	L M	M	J \	/ S	D	L N	1 M	JV	SI	<u>) </u>
				Tâche							Dácar	it. Jati	f inacti	.	П				Tâch	es exte	rnoc		_			_	-
				Fractionne	omont						Tâche									s exter			<	,			
				Jalon	ement								uement						Éché		1162		,	L			
	Management	t_plan		Récapitula	ntivo.					_			pitulati		ıol —					cemen							
ate : Je	eu 10/10/19			Récapitula		roist				_			f manu		ICI					ression		مالم					
				Recapitula Tâche ina		ojet	u			u			uemen		E				riogi	ession	man	uene				_	
				Jalon inac																							
			1 -	Jaion inac	LII						Fin ur	iiquen	ient		_												

14 Oct 19 5 D L M M J V S	21 Oct 19	28 Oct 19	04 Nov 19	11 N	lov 19	18 Nov 19
D L M M J V S	D L M M J V S	D L M M J	V S D L M M .	JVSDL	M M J V S D	L M M J V S L
	Tâche		Récapitulatif inactif	1 1	Tâches externes	
			Tâche manuelle			♦
	Fractionnement				Jalons externes Échéance	•
ojet : Management_plan	Jalon Proposite letitor	•	Durée uniquement			
te : Jeu 10/10/19	Récapitulative		Report récapitulatif manue		Avancement	
	Récapitulatif du projet		Récapitulatif manuel		Progression manuelle	
	Tâche inactive		Début uniquement	C .		
	Jalon inactif	♦	Fin uniquement	3		
			Page 9			



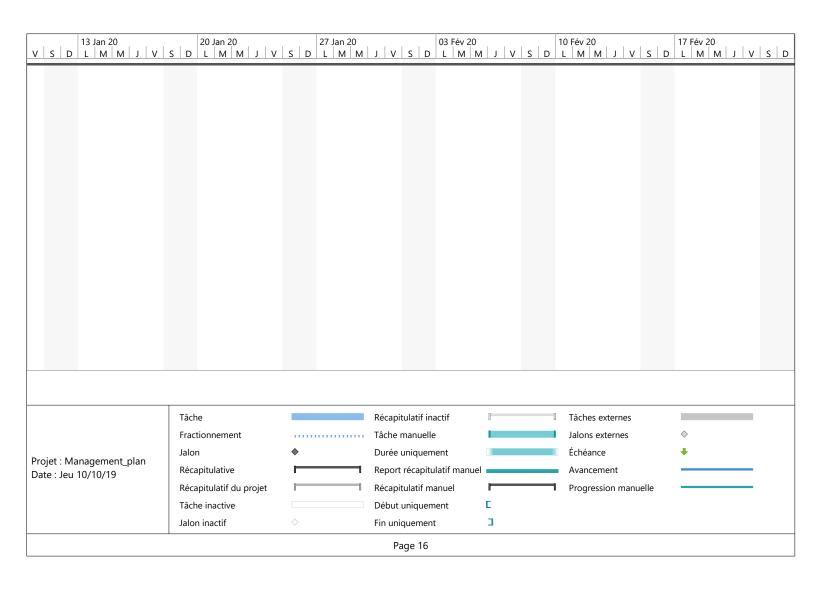




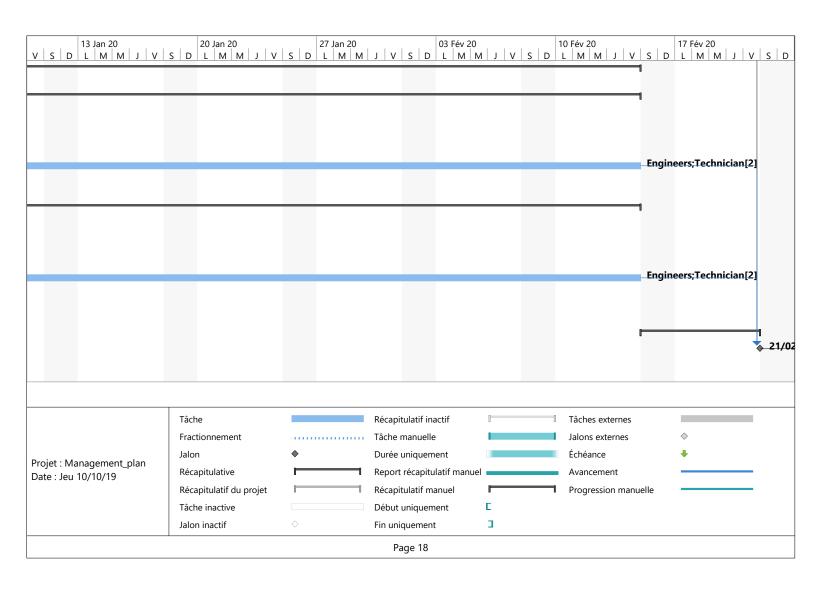


ov 19	02 Déc 19			09 Déc 19	9		16 Déc 19		23 Déc 19			30 Déc 19			06 Jan 20
M M J V S D	L M N	1 J V	S D	LM	M J V	S D	L M M J V	S D	L M M	JV	S D	L M M J	V	S D	L M M
		Tâche					Récapitulatif inactif				Tâches ex	rternes			
		Fraction	nement				Tâche manuelle				Jalons ext		\Diamond		
		Jalon			•		Durée uniquement				Échéance		1		
rojet : Management_p	lan	Récapitu	lativo				Report récapitulatif	manuel			Avancem		_		
ate : Jeu 10/10/19			ilatif du p	roint	1		Récapitulatif manue					on manuelle			
				rojet	ш	U					riogressi	on manuelle			
		Tâche in					Début uniquement								
		Jalon ina	ictif		\langle		Fin uniquement		3						
							Page 14								

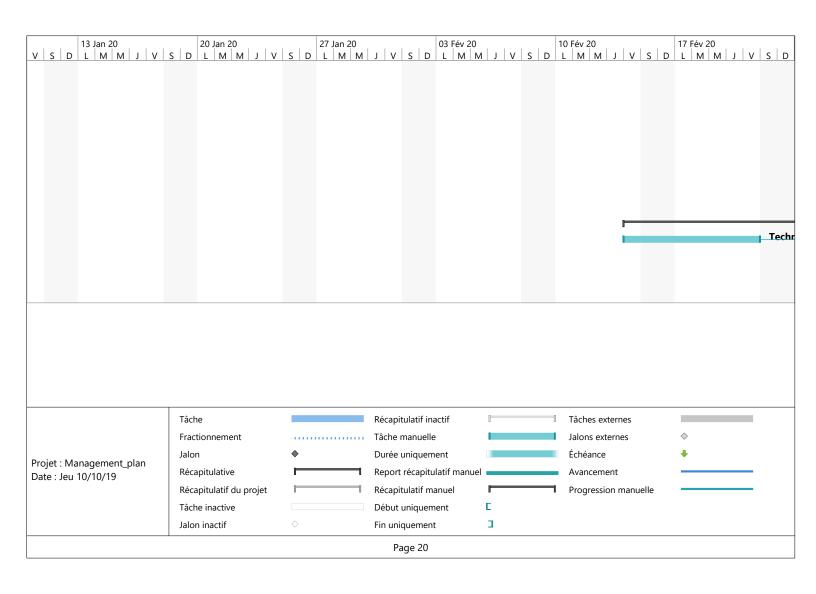
Nov 19 M M J V	S D	02 Déc	19 M	ı v	s D	09 Déc	19 м	ı v	SD	16 Déc 19	4 1 V	s D	23 Déc	19 M I	v s r	30 D	е́с 19 м м		, 5	D (06 Jan 2 L M	20 M J
101 101 3 0	3 5		, , , , ,	5 0	3 5	2 111	, , , , ,	<i>y</i> •	3 5		., , , ,	7 7 7	2 111	141 3	V 3 L		141 141	, , , ,			_ 101	1111 3
			Tâ	iche						Récapitul	atif inactif				Tâches	externe	es					
			Fr	actionne	ement					Tâche ma	nuelle				Jalons e	externes	S	<	>			
Projet : Mana	gement	plan		lon			♦			Durée un				II	Échéan	ce		4	ŀ			
Date : Jeu 10/		.piaii		écapitul						Report ré					Avance							
				écapitul		orojet				Récapitul			_		Progres	sion m	anuelle	•				
				iche ina Ion inac						Début un Fin uniqu			C 3									
			Ja	ion inac	.uf								_									
										Pag	e 15											



	12 lan 20	1		20 Jan 20			27 Jan 20			02 564 20			10 Fév 20	1		17 56., 20		
v s ı	13 Jan 20 D L M	, м т v	s D	ZU Jan ZU	1 V	s D	27 Jan 20	1 1 1	s D	I M N	4 1 V	SD	I M) М т V	s D	I M M	$ 1 \mathbf{v}$	5
V J I	D L IWI	141 7 7	3 1		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3 5			3 5		, , , ,	3 1	2 141	141 3 4	3 1 5		1 3 1 4	
			Tâch	ie				Récapi	tulatif in	actif			□ Tâche:	s externes				
			Frac	tionnement				Tâche	manuelle				Jalons	externes		\Diamond		
			Jalo	า		♦		Durée	uniquem	ent			Échéa	nce		•		
	Managemer		Réca	pitulative						latif manue	el .			ement				
vate : Je	u 10/10/19			pitulatif du	proiet				tulatif m					ession man	uelle			
				e inactive	iJ				uniquen		E		9.					
				n inactif					iquemen		3							
			1 3010							-								
								P	age 17									

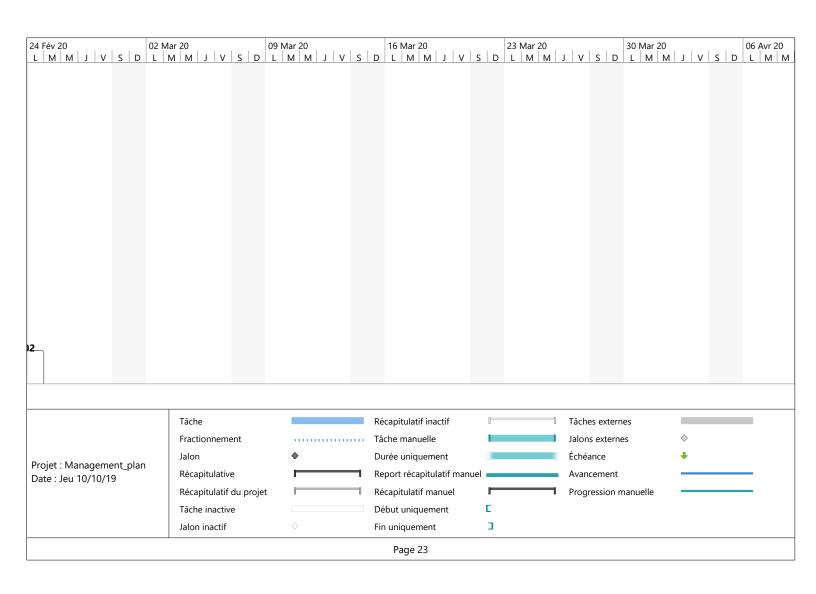


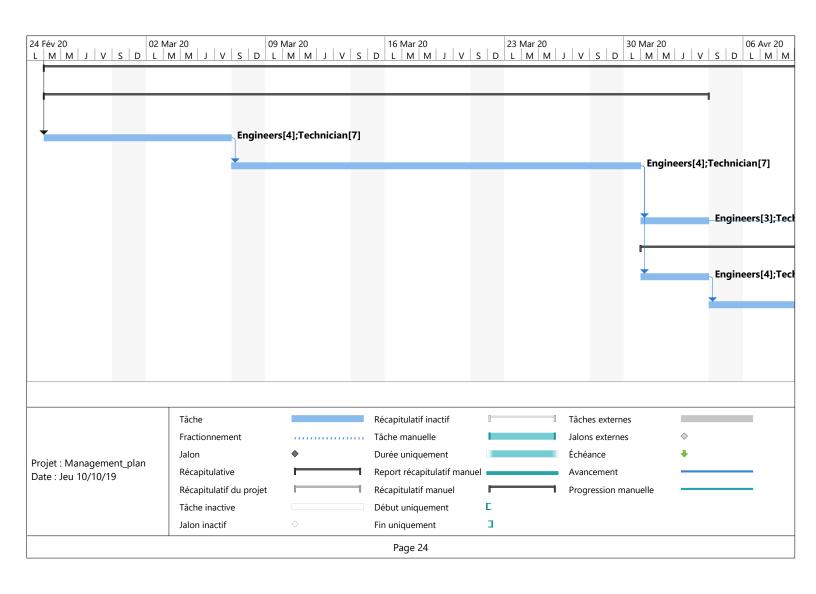
13 Jan 20	20 Jan 20	27 Jan 20	03 Fé	/ 20	10 Fév 20	17 Fév 20
V S D L M M J V	S D L M M J V	S D L M M	J V S D L N	M J V S	D L M M J V S	D L M M J V S
	Tâche		Récapitulatif inactif	Λ	Tâches externes	
	Fractionnement		Tâche manuelle		Jalons externes	
	Jalon	•	Durée uniquement		Échéance	•
rojet : Management_plan	Récapitulative		Report récapitulatif m	anuel	Avancement	<u> </u>
ate : Jeu 10/10/19	Récapitulatif du projet		Récapitulatif manuel	ander .	Progression manuelle	
	Tâche inactive		Début uniquement	C	• Progression manuelle	
	Jalon inactif			3		
	Jaion inactif		Fin uniquement			
			Page 19			

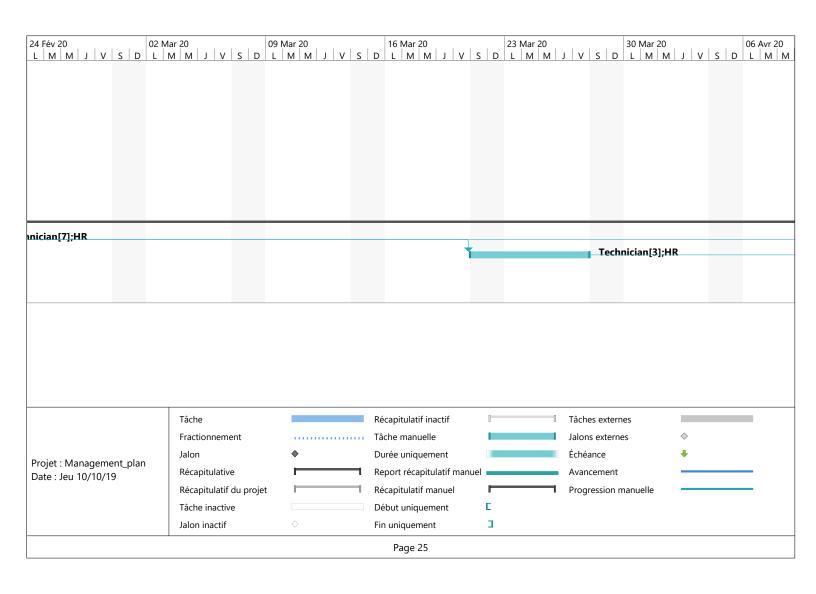


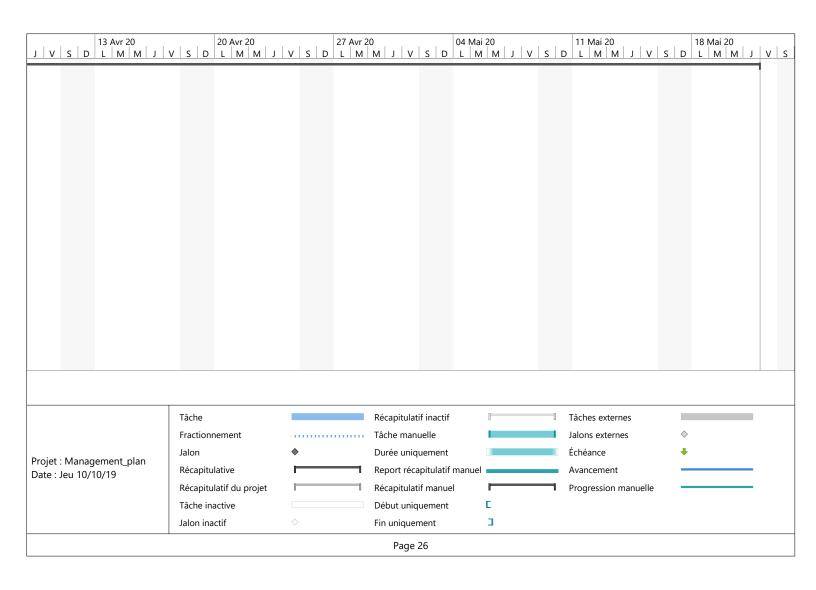
24 Fév 20 02 I L M M J V S D L	Mar 20 M M J V	S D	09 Mar 20 L M M J V	S D	16 Mar 20 L M M J V	s D	23 Mar 20 L M M	JV	s D	30 Mar 20 L M M	JV	S D	06 Avr 20 L M
								_					
	Tâche			D	écapitulatif inactif			Tâchor	s externe	25			_
	Fractionneme	nt			âche manuelle		٠		externe				
	Jalon		♦		Purée uniquement			Échéar		3	•		
Projet : Management_plan	Récapitulative				eport récapitulatif manue	el		Avance					
Pate : Jeu 10/10/19	Récapitulatif o				écapitulatif manuel					anuelle			_
	Tâche inactive				ébut uniquement	Е		5					
	Jalon inactif				in uniquement	3							

24 Fév 20 0	2 Mar 20	,	09 Mar 20	1 1	16 Mar 20	1	23 Mar 20			30 Mar 20	1 1		06 Avr 20
L M M J V S D I	L M M J V	S D	L M M J V	S D	L M M J V	S D	L M M	JV	S D	L M M	JV	S D	L M
	Tâche			Re	écapitulatif inactif			Tâche	es extern	es			
	Fractionneme	nt			iche manuelle			Jalon	s externe	es	\Diamond		
	Jalon		♦	D	urée uniquement			Échéa	ance		•		
Projet : Management_plan	Récapitulative	<u> </u>			eport récapitulatif manu	ıel 🚃			cement				
Pate : Jeu 10/10/19	Récapitulatif o				écapitulatif manuel				ession m	nanuelle			
	Tâche inactive				ébut uniquement	E		9.					
	Jalon inactif	-			n uniquement	3							
	Jaion machi												
					Page 22								









1 V S D	3 Avr 20	V C D	20 Avr 20 L M M J		27 Avr 20) Na 1 37	c c	04 Mai 20	1 1 2		11 Mai 20		18 Mai 20	
VSD	L M M J	VSD	L M M J	VSD	LIM	MIJV	3 D	L M M	JVS	D	L MI MI J	VSL) L M M	JV
		Tâche				Récapitulat	if inactif			Т	âches externes			
		Fractionr	nement			Tâche man	uelle			J,	alons externes	<	>	
		Jalon		♦		Durée uniq	uement			É	chéance	4	Ļ	
ojet : Manage ite : Jeu 10/10	ment_pian /19	Récapitu	lative			Report réca	apitulatif	manuel		A	vancement	-		-
itc . Jeu 10/10	, 13		latif du projet			Récapitulat				-1 P	rogression man	uelle -		-
		Tâche ina				Début unio		Е			-			
		Jalon ina				Fin unique		3						
						Page	4 1							

J	3 Avr 20	v c 5	20 Avr 20	1	27 Avr 20)		04 Mai 20		11 Mai 20 D L M M J V	18	3 Mai 20	
VSD	L M M J	VSD	L M M J	VSD	L M	M J V	SD	L M M J	VS	D L M M J V	SDL	. M M J	V
						- /	161 .16	n					
						Récapitulat	if inactif		ı.	Tâches externes	♦		
		Tâche											
		Fractionr	nement			Tâche man				Jalons externes	Ť		
ojet : Manage	nent_plan	Fractionr Jalon		♦		Durée uniq	uement			Échéance	•		
ojet : Manage ate : Jeu 10/10	ment_plan /19	Fractionr Jalon Récapitu	lative	♦		Durée uniq Report réca	uement apitulatif n			Échéance Avancement	+		
ojet : Manage ate : Jeu 10/10	ment_plan /19	Fractionr Jalon Récapitu Récapitu	lative latif du projet	♦		Durée uniq Report réca Récapitulat	uement apitulatif n if manuel			Échéance	+		
ojet : Manage ate : Jeu 10/10	ment_plan /19	Fractionr Jalon Récapitu Récapitu Tâche ina	lative latif du projet active	\	1	Durée uniq Report réca Récapitulat Début uniq	uement apitulatif n if manuel uement	E		Échéance Avancement	+		
ojet : Manage tte : Jeu 10/10	ment_plan /19	Fractionr Jalon Récapitu Récapitu	lative latif du projet active	♦□□		Durée uniq Report réca Récapitulat	uement apitulatif n if manuel uement			Échéance Avancement	+		

