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Assignment 2

Exercise 1:

- a. $\Theta((4n + 1)(4^{\log_2(n)}))$
 $= \Theta(4n^3 + n^2)$
 $= \Theta(n^3)$
- b. $t_1(n) = n^2 + n$
 $t_2(n) = n^2$
- c. $t_3(n) = n^2$ since $t_3(2n) = (2n)^2 = 4n^2 = \theta(n^2)$
- d. $t_4(n) = 2^n$ since $t_4(2n) = 2^{2n}$

Exercise 2:

	A	B	O	o	Ω	ω	Θ
a.	$\log^k n$	n^ϵ	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
b.	n^k	c^n	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
c.	\sqrt{n}	$n^{\sin n}$	No	No	No	No	No
d.	2^n	$2^{n/2}$	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
e.	$n^{\log c}$	$c^{\log n}$	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
f.	$\log(n!)$	$\log(n^n)$	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

Exercise 3:

- a. $(n \cdot n)\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) = \frac{n^3}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow \Theta\left(\frac{n^3}{2}\right)$
 $= \Theta(n^3)$
- b. $n + \frac{n}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow \Theta\left(n + \frac{n}{2}\right)$

$$= \Theta(n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c. } (n \cdot n)(n \cdot n) &= n^4 \\ \Rightarrow \Theta(n^4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{d. } \Theta(\log_2 n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{e. } (n)(\log_2(n \cdot n)) \\ \Rightarrow (n)(\log_2(n^2)) \\ \Rightarrow (n)(2 \log_2 n) \\ = \Theta(n \log_2 n) \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 4:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a. } S_1 &= 500 + 501 + 502 + \dots + 999 \\ n &= 999 - 500 + 1 = 500, \quad a = 500, \quad d = 501 - 500 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_1 &= (500)(500) + \left(\frac{1(500(500-1))}{2}\right) \\ &= 250000 + \left(\frac{249500}{2}\right) \\ &= 250000 + 124750 \\ &= 374750 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b. } S_2 &= 1 + 3 + 5 + \dots + 999 \\ n &= \frac{999-1}{2} + 1 = 500, \quad a = 1, \quad d = 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_2 &= (500)(1) + \left(\frac{2(500(500-1))}{2}\right) \\ &= 500 + (500(500-1)) \\ &= 500 + (500(499)) \\ &= 500 + 249500 \\ &= 250000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{c. } n = 30, k = 4$$

$$\text{Number of possible committees} = \binom{n}{k} = \binom{30}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \binom{n}{k} &= \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} \\ \Rightarrow \binom{30}{4} &= \frac{30!}{4!(30-4)!} = \frac{30!}{4!26!} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{30 \cdot 29 \cdot 28 \cdot 27 \cdot 26!}{4!26!}$$

$$= \frac{30 \cdot 29 \cdot 28 \cdot 27}{24}$$

$$= 27405$$

There are 27405 possible combinations.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{d. } C_n &= \binom{n}{4} \\
 \binom{n}{4} &= \frac{n!}{4!(n-4)!} \\
 &= \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)(n-4)(n-5)\dots}{4! \cdot (n-4)(n-5)\dots} \\
 &= \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{4!} \\
 &= \frac{n^4 - 6n^3 + 11n^2 - 6n}{24} \\
 &= \Theta(n^4) \\
 C_n &= \Theta(n^4) \quad \therefore C_n \neq o(n^3)
 \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 5:

Lower Bound:

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_n &\geq \int_0^n x^2 \sqrt{x} dx \\
 &= \int_0^n x^{5/2} \\
 &= \left. \frac{2}{7} x^{7/2} \right|_0^n \\
 &= \frac{2}{7} n^{7/2} \\
 &= n^{7/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Upper Bound:

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_n &\leq \int_1^{n+1} x^2 \sqrt{x} dx \\
 &= \int_1^{n+1} x^{5/2} \\
 &= \left. \frac{2}{7} x^{7/2} \right|_1^{n+1} \\
 &= \frac{2}{7} (n+1)^{7/2} - \frac{2}{7} \\
 &= \frac{2}{7} (n+1)^{7/2} \\
 &= (n+1)^{7/2} \\
 &= n^{7/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \Theta(n^{7/2})$$