

# numpy\_introduction

December 23, 2025

```
[1]: import numpy as np
```

## 0.1 Datatypes & Attributes

```
[2]: # Numpy main datatype is ndarray -> n dimensional array
a1 = np.array([1,2,3])
a1
```

```
[2]: array([1, 2, 3])
```

```
[3]: type(a1)
```

```
[3]: numpy.ndarray
```

```
[4]: a2 = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5.4,6.4]])
a3 = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5.4,6.4],[11,22,33]])
```

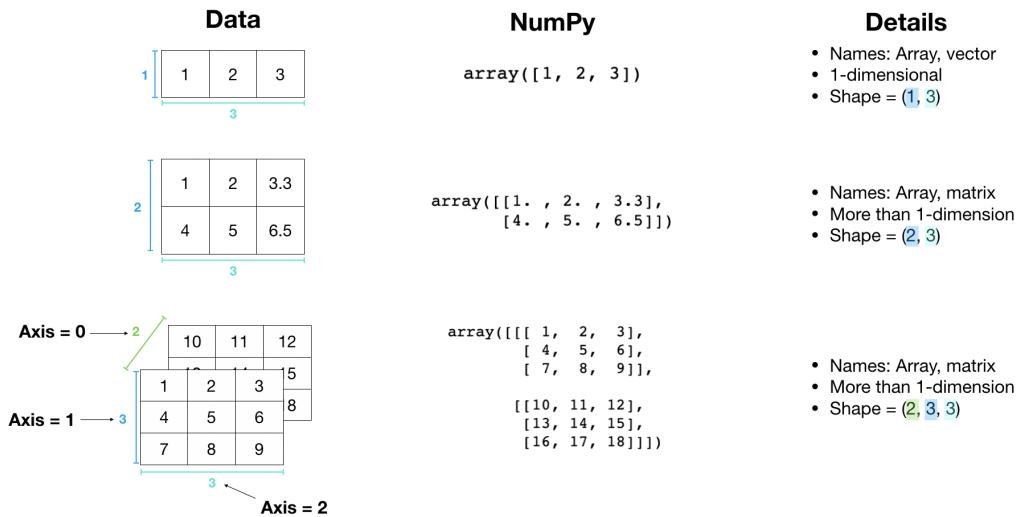
```
[5]: a2
```

```
[5]: array([[1. , 2. , 3. ],
 [4. , 5.4, 6.4]])
```

```
[6]: a3
```

```
[6]: array([[ 1. ,  2. ,  3. ],
 [ 4. ,  5.4,  6.4],
 [11. , 22. , 33. ]])
```

# Anatomy of a NumPy array



```
[7]: # Attributes
```

```
a1.shape
```

```
[7]: (3,)
```

```
[8]: a2.shape #2 rows and 3 columns
```

```
[8]: (2, 3)
```

```
[9]: a3.shape
```

```
[9]: (3, 3)
```

```
[10]: a1.ndim, a2.ndim, a3.ndim # number of dimensions
```

```
[10]: (1, 2, 2)
```

```
[11]: a1.dtype, a2.dtype, a3.dtype
```

```
[11]: (dtype('int64'), dtype('float64'), dtype('float64'))
```

```
[12]: a1.size, a2.size, a3.size # number of elements
```

```
[12]: (3, 6, 9)
```

```
[13]: type(a2), type(a1)
```

```
[13]: (numpy.ndarray, numpy.ndarray)
```

```
[14]: # Create a dataframe from numpy array
import pandas as pd

df = pd.DataFrame(a2)
df
```

```
[14]:      0    1    2
0   1.0  2.0  3.0
1   4.0  5.4  6.4
```

## 0.2 2.Creating Arrays

```
[15]: sample_array = np.array([1,2,3])
sample_array
```

```
[15]: array([1, 2, 3])
```

```
[16]: sample_array.dtype
```

```
[16]: dtype('int64')
```

```
[17]: ones = np.ones((2,3)) #Return a new array of given shape and type, filled with
      ↪ones.
ones
```

```
[17]: array([[1., 1., 1.],
           [1., 1., 1.]])
```

```
[18]: ones.dtype
```

```
[18]: dtype('float64')
```

```
[19]: type(ones)
```

```
[19]: numpy.ndarray
```

```
[20]: zeros = np.zeros((2,3)) ##Return a new array of given shape and type, filled
      ↪with zeros.
zeros
```

```
[20]: array([[0., 0., 0.],
           [0., 0., 0.]])
```

```
[21]: range_array = np.arange(0,10,2)
range_array
```

```
[21]: array([0, 2, 4, 6, 8])
```

```
[22]: random_array = np.random.randint(0,10,size=(3,5))
random_array
```

```
[22]: array([[5, 9, 0, 9, 0],
 [5, 8, 9, 2, 9],
 [9, 9, 6, 0, 4]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[23]: random_array.size
```

```
[23]: 15
```

```
[24]: random_array.shape
```

```
[24]: (3, 5)
```

```
[25]: random_array_2 =np.random.random((5,3))
```

```
[26]: random_array_2
```

```
[26]: array([[0.61596038, 0.3983683 , 0.93923186],
 [0.84746258, 0.1496947 , 0.32426165],
 [0.42687376, 0.91447911, 0.51702518],
 [0.76914842, 0.90265542, 0.7927374 ],
 [0.63775467, 0.54112805, 0.32653233]])
```

```
[27]: random_array_2.shape
```

```
[27]: (5, 3)
```

```
[28]: random_array_3 = np.random.rand(5,3)
```

```
[29]: random_array_3
```

```
[29]: array([[0.10695915, 0.22946684, 0.08465808],
 [0.55546917, 0.33517269, 0.61499288],
 [0.82264613, 0.72205008, 0.81184655],
 [0.07587898, 0.2204324 , 0.19228433],
 [0.31720758, 0.2418619 , 0.15043071]])
```

```
[30]: # Pseudo-random numbers
np.random.seed(seed=0) #create random numbers but take them along the seed
random_array_4 = np.random.randint(10, size=(5,3))
random_array_4
```

```
[30]: array([[5, 0, 3],
 [3, 7, 9],
 [3, 5, 2],
 [4, 7, 6],
```

```
[8, 8, 1]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[31]: random_array_4.shape
```

```
[31]: (5, 3)
```

```
[32]: np.random.seed(seed=0)
random_array_5 = np.random.random((5,3))
random_array_5
```

```
[32]: array([[0.5488135 , 0.71518937, 0.60276338],
       [0.54488318, 0.4236548 , 0.64589411],
       [0.43758721, 0.891773 , 0.96366276],
       [0.38344152, 0.79172504, 0.52889492],
       [0.56804456, 0.92559664, 0.07103606]])
```

```
[33]: random_array_5 = np.random.random((5,3))
random_array_5
```

```
[33]: array([[0.0871293 , 0.0202184 , 0.83261985],
       [0.77815675, 0.87001215, 0.97861834],
       [0.79915856, 0.46147936, 0.78052918],
       [0.11827443, 0.63992102, 0.14335329],
       [0.94466892, 0.52184832, 0.41466194]])
```

```
[34]: np.unique(random_array_4)
```

```
[34]: array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9], dtype=int32)
```

### 0.3 3.Viewing arrays and matrices

```
[35]: a1
```

```
[35]: array([1, 2, 3])
```

```
[36]: a2
```

```
[36]: array([[1. , 2. , 3. ],
       [4. , 5.4, 6.4]])
```

```
[37]: a1[0]
```

```
[37]: np.int64(1)
```

```
[38]: a2.shape
```

```
[38]: (2, 3)
```

```
[39]: a2[0]
```

```
[39]: array([1., 2., 3.])
```

```
[40]: a2[1]
```

```
[40]: array([4., 5.4, 6.4])
```

```
[41]: a2[:2, :2]
```

```
[41]: array([[1., 2.],  
           [4., 5.4]])
```

```
[42]: a4 = np.random.randint(10, size = (2,3,4,5)) # fromm inner to outer  
a4.shape
```

```
[42]: (2, 3, 4, 5)
```

```
[43]: a4
```

```
[43]: array([[[[3, 2, 7, 2, 0],  
              [0, 4, 5, 5, 6],  
              [8, 4, 1, 4, 9],  
              [8, 1, 1, 7, 9]],  
  
             [[[9, 3, 6, 7, 2],  
               [0, 3, 5, 9, 4],  
               [4, 6, 4, 4, 3],  
               [4, 4, 8, 4, 3]],  
  
             [[[7, 5, 5, 0, 1],  
               [5, 9, 3, 0, 5],  
               [0, 1, 2, 4, 2],  
               [0, 3, 2, 0, 7]]],  
  
            [[[5, 9, 0, 2, 7],  
              [2, 9, 2, 3, 3],  
              [2, 3, 4, 1, 2],  
              [9, 1, 4, 6, 8]],  
  
             [[[2, 3, 0, 0, 6],  
               [0, 6, 3, 3, 8],  
               [8, 8, 2, 3, 2],  
               [0, 8, 8, 3, 8]],  
  
             [[[2, 8, 4, 3, 0],  
               [4, 3, 6, 9, 8],
```

```
[0, 8, 5, 9, 0],  
[9, 6, 5, 3, 1]]]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[44]: #Get the first 4 numbers of the inner most array
```

```
[45]: a4[:, :, :, :, 3]
```

```
[45]: array([[[[3, 2, 7],  
              [0, 4, 5],  
              [8, 4, 1],  
              [8, 1, 1]],  
  
             [[9, 3, 6],  
              [0, 3, 5],  
              [4, 6, 4],  
              [4, 4, 8]],  
  
             [[7, 5, 5],  
              [5, 9, 3],  
              [0, 1, 2],  
              [0, 3, 2]]],  
  
            [[[5, 9, 0],  
              [2, 9, 2],  
              [2, 3, 4],  
              [9, 1, 4]],  
  
             [[2, 3, 0],  
              [0, 6, 3],  
              [8, 8, 2],  
              [0, 8, 8]],  
  
             [[2, 8, 4],  
              [4, 3, 6],  
              [0, 8, 5],  
              [9, 6, 5]]]], dtype=int32)
```

## 0.4 4. Manipulating & comparing Arrays and Matrices

### 0.4.1 Arithmetic

```
[46]: a1
```

```
[46]: array([1, 2, 3])
```

```
[47]: ones
```

```
[47]: array([[1., 1., 1.],
       [1., 1., 1.]])
```

```
[48]: ones = np.ones(3)
```

```
[49]: ones
```

```
[49]: array([1., 1., 1.])
```

```
[50]: a1 + ones # add together the elements of both arrays at the same position
```

```
[50]: array([2., 3., 4.])
```

```
[51]: a1-ones
```

```
[51]: array([0., 1., 2.])
```

```
[52]: a1*ones
```

```
[52]: array([1., 2., 3.])
```

```
[53]: a2
```

```
[53]: array([[1. , 2. , 3. ],
       [4. , 5.4, 6.4]])
```

```
[54]: a1*a2 # only possible when the dim is equal or one of them 1
```

```
[54]: array([[ 1. ,  4. ,  9. ],
       [ 4. , 10.8, 19.2]])
```

```
[55]: a1 / ones
```

```
[55]: array([1., 2., 3.])
```

```
[56]: ones / a1
```

```
[56]: array([1.          , 0.5          , 0.33333333])
```

```
[57]: a2 // a1 # Floor division removes the decimals
```

```
[57]: array([[1., 1., 1.],
       [4., 2., 2.]])
```

```
[58]: a2 ** 2 # pow
```

```
[58]: array([[ 1. ,  4. ,  9. ],
       [16. , 29.16, 40.96]])
```

```
[59]: np.square(a2)
[59]: array([[ 1. ,  4. ,  9. ],
       [16. , 29.16, 40.96]])

[60]: np.add(a1,ones)
[60]: array([2., 3., 4.])

[61]: a1%2
[61]: array([1, 0, 1])

[62]: np.exp(a1)
[62]: array([ 2.71828183,  7.3890561 , 20.08553692])

[63]: np.log(a1)
[63]: array([0.          , 0.69314718, 1.09861229])
```

#### 0.4.2 Aggregation

Aggregation = performing the same operation on a number of things

```
[64]: listy_list = [1,2,3]
[65]: type(listy_list)
[65]: list
[66]: sum(listy_list)
[66]: 6
[67]: a1
[67]: array([1, 2, 3])
[68]: type(a1)
[68]: numpy.ndarray
[69]: np.sum(a1)
[69]: np.int64(6)
[70]: sum(a1)
```

```
[70]: np.int64(6)

[71]: # Use Python methods on Python DT and Numpy Methods on Numpy DT

[72]: #create a massive np array

[73]: massive_array = np.random.random(100000)
massive_array.size

[73]: 100000

[74]: massive_array[:10]

[74]: array([0.39486929, 0.61880856, 0.47486752, 0.47013219, 0.71607453,
       0.287991 , 0.38346223, 0.74916984, 0.87845219, 0.10286336])

[75]: %timeit sum(massive_array) # Python
%timeit np.sum(massive_array) # NP # Performance is faster

17.6 ms ± 1.71 ms per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 7 runs, 100 loops each)
79.9 µs ± 6.99 µs per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 7 runs, 10,000 loops each)

[76]: np.mean(a2)

[76]: np.float64(3.6333333333333333)

[77]: np.max(a2)

[77]: np.float64(6.4)

[78]: np.min(a2)

[78]: np.float64(1.0)

[79]: np.std(a2) # Deviation from the mean of each element [1,2,3] mean = 2 .....

[79]: np.float64(1.8669642619920597)

[80]: np.var(a2) # Variance = Quadratic Deviation
# Higher variance = wider range of numbers
# Lower variance = lower range of numbers

[80]: np.float64(3.485555555555564)
```

## 1 Demo of std and var

```
[81]: high_var_array = np.array([1,100,200,300,4000,5000])
low_var_array = np.array([2,4,6,8,10])
```

```
[82]: np.var(high_var_array), np.var(low_var_array)
```

```
[82]: (np.float64(4296133.472222221), np.float64(8.0))
```

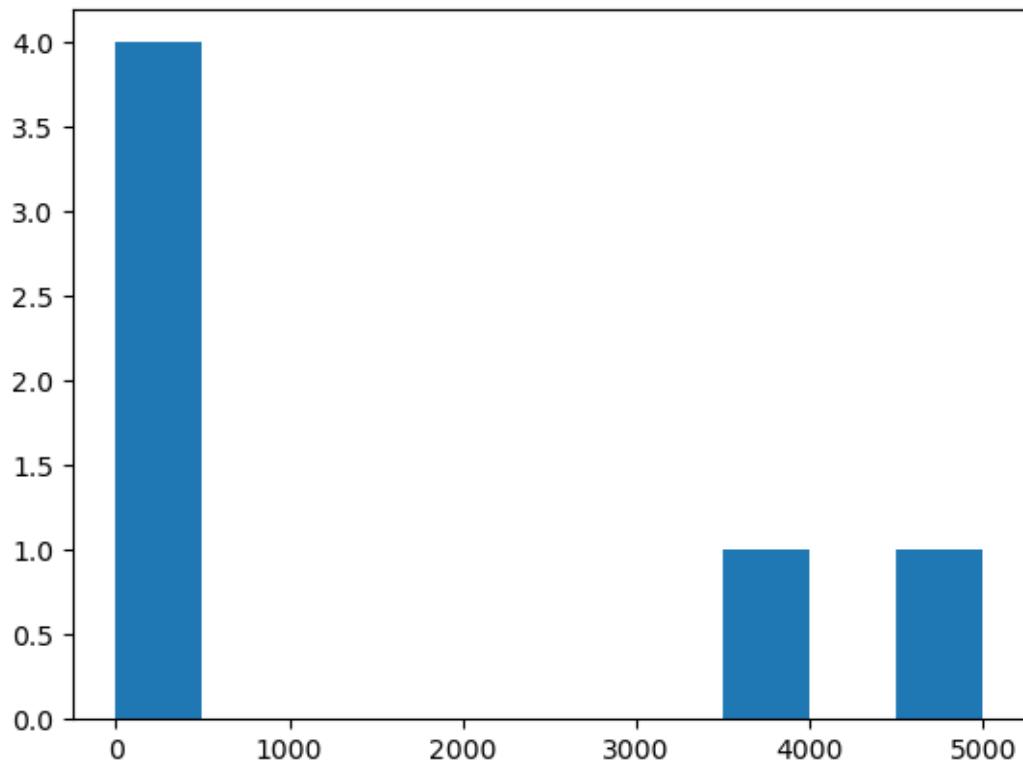
```
[83]: np.std(high_var_array), np.std(low_var_array)
```

```
[83]: (np.float64(2072.711623024829), np.float64(2.8284271247461903))
```

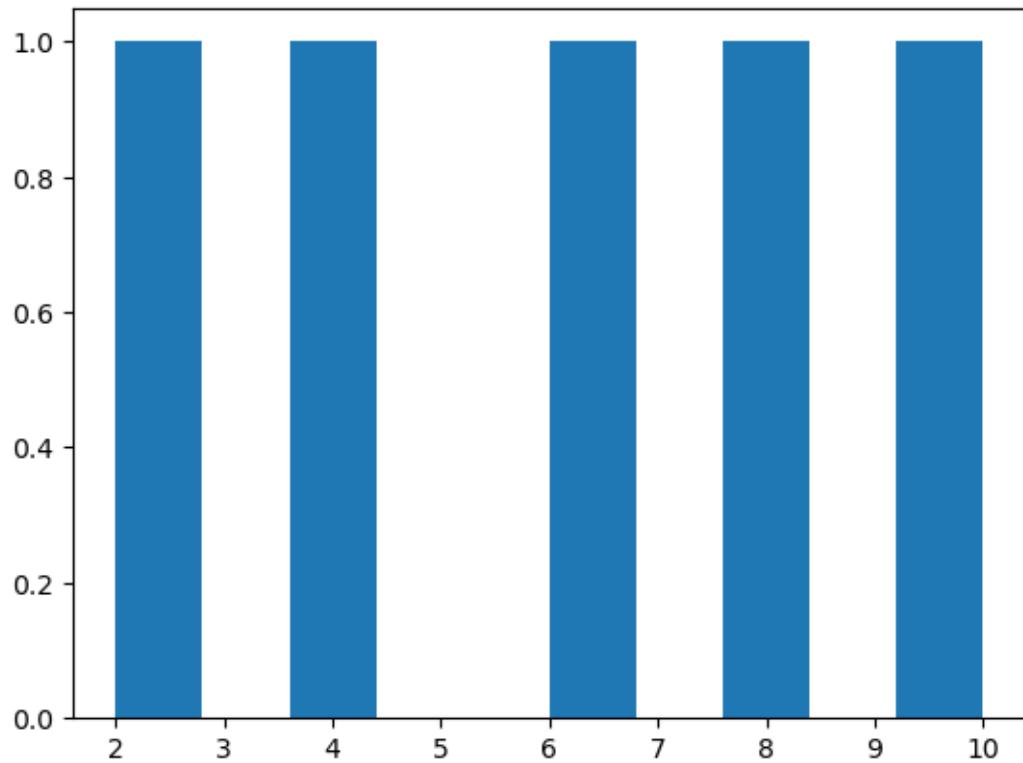
```
[84]: np.mean(high_var_array), np.mean(low_var_array)
```

```
[84]: (np.float64(1600.1666666666667), np.float64(6.0))
```

```
[85]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.hist(high_var_array)
plt.show()
```



```
[86]: plt.hist(low_var_array)
plt.show()
```



### 1.0.1 Reshaping & Transposing

```
[87]: a2.shape
```

```
[87]: (2, 3)
```

```
[88]: a3.shape
```

```
[88]: (3, 3)
```

```
[89]: a2.reshape(2,3,1).shape
```

```
[89]: (2, 3, 1)
```

```
[91]: a2_reshape = a2.reshape(2,3,1)
```

```
[92]: a2_reshape.shape
```

```
[92]: (2, 3, 1)
```

```
[94]: a2_reshape
```

```
[94]: array([[1. ,  
           [2. ,  
           [3. ],  
  
           [[4. ,  
             [5.4],  
             [6.4]]]])
```

```
[95]: a2
```

```
[95]: array([[1. , 2. , 3. ],  
           [4. , 5.4, 6.4]])
```

```
[96]: #Transpose = switches the axis  
a2.T
```

```
[96]: array([[1. , 4. ],  
           [2. , 5.4],  
           [3. , 6.4]])
```

```
[98]: a2.T.shape
```

```
[98]: (3, 2)
```

## 1.0.2 DOT PRODUCT

```
[99]: np.random.seed(0)  
  
mat1 = np.random.randint(10, size =(5,3))  
mat2 = np.random.randint(10, size =(5,3))  
  
mat1
```

```
[99]: array([[5, 0, 3],  
           [3, 7, 9],  
           [3, 5, 2],  
           [4, 7, 6],  
           [8, 8, 1]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[100]: mat2
```

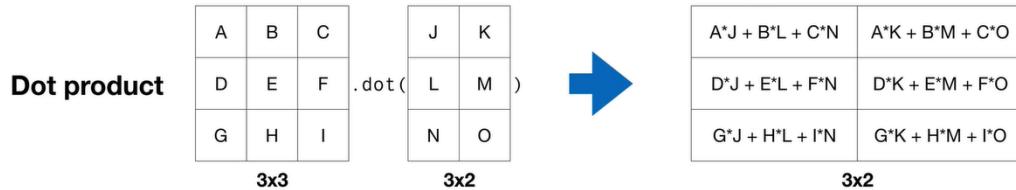
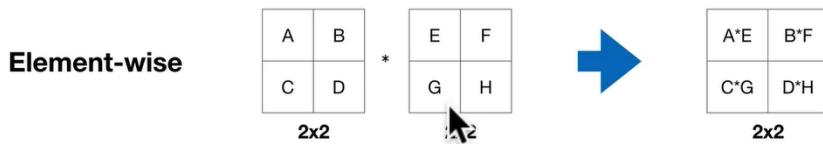
```
[100]: array([[6, 7, 7],  
           [8, 1, 5],  
           [9, 8, 9],  
           [4, 3, 0],  
           [3, 5, 0]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[101]: mat1 * mat2 #Element Wise multiplication (hadamard product)
```

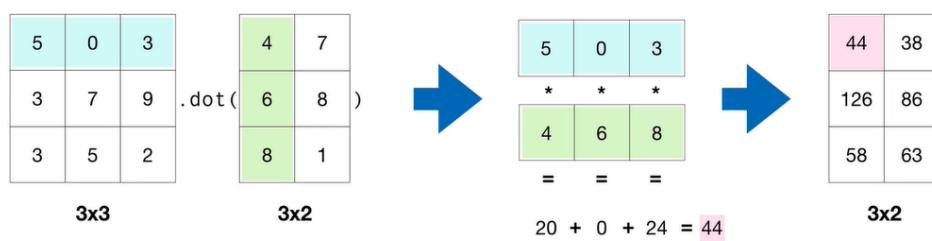
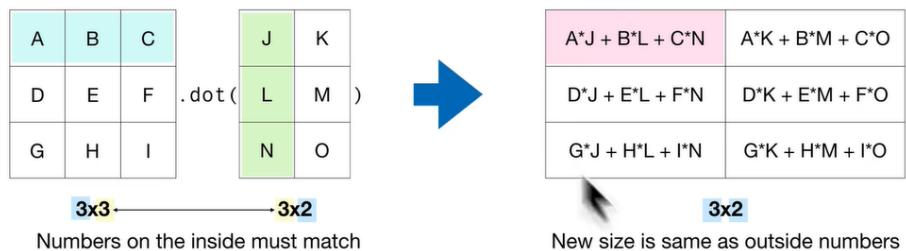
```
[101]: array([[30, 0, 21],
   [24, 7, 45],
   [27, 40, 18],
   [16, 21, 0],
   [24, 40, 0]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[102]: # DOT Product -> Viele Werte x feste Regeln + Ergebnis
```

## Dot product vs. element-wise



## Dot product



```
[104]: mat3 = np.dot(mat1,mat2.T)
```

```
[105]: mat3
```

```
[105]: array([[ 51,  55,  72,  20,  15],
   [130,  76, 164,  33,  44],
   [ 67,  39,  85,  27,  34],
   [115,  69, 146,  37,  47],
   [111,  77, 145,  56,  64]], dtype=int32)
```

## 1.1 Dot Product example (nut butter sales)

```
[108]: np.random.seed(0)
# Number of jars sold
sales_amounts = np.random.randint(20, size=(5,3))
sales_amounts
```

```
[108]: array([[12, 15,  0],
   [ 3,  3,  7],
   [ 9, 19, 18],
   [ 4,  6, 12],
   [ 1,  6,  7]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[110]: # Create weekly_sales DataFrame
weekly_sales = pd.DataFrame(sales_amounts, index = ["mon", "tues", "Wed", "Thurs", "Fri"], columns=["Almond butter", "Peanut Butter", "Cashew Butter"])
weekly_sales
```

```
[110]:      Almond butter  Peanut Butter  Cashew Butter
mon                 12              15              0
tues                3               3              7
Wed                  9              19             18
Thurs                4               6             12
Fri                  1               6              7
```

```
[111]: # Create the prices Array
prices = np.array([10, 8, 12])
prices
```

```
[111]: array([10,  8, 12])
```

```
[113]: # Create Prices DF
butter_prices = pd.DataFrame(prices.reshape(1,3), index = ["Prices"], columns=["Almond butter", "Peanut Butter", "Cashew Butter"])
butter_prices
```

```
[113]:      Almond butter  Peanut Butter  Cashew Butter
Prices                 10              8              12
```

```
[114]: total_sales = prices.dot(sales_amounts)
```

```
-->-----  
ValueError                                     Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[114], line 1  
----> 1 total_sales = prices.dot(sales_amounts)  
  
ValueError: shapes (3,) and (5,3) not aligned: 3 (dim 0) != 5 (dim 0)
```

```
[115]: # Shapes arent aligned lets transpose
```

```
[116]: total_sales = prices.dot(sales_amounts.T)  
total_sales
```

```
[116]: array([240, 138, 458, 232, 142])
```

```
[117]: # Create daily_sales  
daily_sales = butter_prices.dot(weekly_sales.T)  
daily_sales
```

```
[117]: mon   tues   Wed   Thurs   Fri  
Prices  240    138    458    232    142
```

```
[119]: weekly_sales["Total"] = daily_sales.T  
weekly_sales
```

```
[119]:      Almond butter  Peanut Butter  Cashew Butter  Total  
mon            12           15            0       240  
tues           3            3            7       138  
Wed            9           19           18       458  
Thurs          4            6           12       232  
Fri            1            6            7       142
```

### 1.1.1 Comparison Operators

```
[120]: a1
```

```
[120]: array([1, 2, 3])
```

```
[121]: a2
```

```
[121]: array([[1. , 2. , 3. ],  
           [4. , 5.4, 6.4]])
```

```
[122]: a1>a2
```

```
[122]: array([[False, False, False],  
           [False, False, False]])
```

```
[123]: bool_array = a1>=a2  
bool_array
```

```
[123]: array([[ True,  True,  True],  
 [False, False, False]])
```

```
[124]: #return always a bool Array
```

## 1.2 5. Sorting Arrays

```
[125]: random_array
```

```
[125]: array([[5, 9, 0, 9, 0],  
 [5, 8, 9, 2, 9],  
 [9, 9, 6, 0, 4]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[126]: random_array = np.random.randint(10,size=(3,5))
```

```
[127]: random_array
```

```
[127]: array([[7, 8, 1, 5, 9],  
 [8, 9, 4, 3, 0],  
 [3, 5, 0, 2, 3]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[130]: random_array.shape
```

```
[130]: (3, 5)
```

```
[131]: np.sort(random_array)
```

```
[131]: array([[1, 5, 7, 8, 9],  
 [0, 3, 4, 8, 9],  
 [0, 2, 3, 3, 5]], dtype=int32)
```

```
[132]: np.argsort(random_array) #-> which index has a high Value
```

```
[132]: array([[2, 3, 0, 1, 4],  
 [4, 3, 2, 0, 1],  
 [2, 3, 0, 4, 1]])
```

```
[133]: a1
```

```
[133]: array([1, 2, 3])
```

```
[134]: np.argsort(a1)
```

```
[134]: array([0, 1, 2])
```

```
[135]: np.argmin(a1) # minimum Value at which index
[135]: np.int64(0)
[136]: np.argmax(a1)
[136]: np.int64(2)
[139]: np.argmax(random_array, axis=1) # axis 1 is vertically and 0 ist horizontally
[139]: array([4, 1, 1])
[138]: random_array
[138]: array([[7, 8, 1, 5, 9],
   [8, 9, 4, 3, 0],
   [3, 5, 0, 2, 3]], dtype=int32)
```

### 1.3 6.Practical Example

```
[142]: # Turn an image into a NumPy Array
from matplotlib.image import imread

panda = imread("./panda.png")
type(panda)

[142]: numpy.ndarray

[145]: panda.size, panda.shape, panda.ndim
[145]: (24465000, (2330, 3500, 3), 3)

[146]: panda[:5]
[146]: array([[[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],
   [0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],
   [0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],
   ...,
   [0.16470589, 0.12941177, 0.09411765],
   [0.16470589, 0.12941177, 0.09411765],
   [0.16470589, 0.12941177, 0.09411765]],

  [[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],
   [0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],
   [0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],
   ...,
   [0.16470589, 0.12941177, 0.09411765],
   [0.16470589, 0.12941177, 0.09411765],
```

```
[0.16470589, 0.12941177, 0.09411765]],  
[[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],  
[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],  
[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],  
...,  
[0.16470589, 0.12941177, 0.09411765],  
[0.16470589, 0.12941177, 0.09411765],  
[0.16470589, 0.12941177, 0.09411765]],  
[[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],  
[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],  
[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],  
...,  
[0.16862746, 0.13333334, 0.09803922],  
[0.16862746, 0.13333334, 0.09803922],  
[0.16862746, 0.13333334, 0.09803922]],  
[[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],  
[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],  
[0.05490196, 0.10588235, 0.06666667],  
...,  
[0.16862746, 0.13333334, 0.09803922],  
[0.16862746, 0.13333334, 0.09803922],  
[0.16862746, 0.13333334, 0.09803922]]],  
shape=(5, 3500, 3), dtype=float32)
```



```
[148]: car = imread("./car-photo.png")
```

```
[149]: car.shape, car.size, car.ndim
```

```
[149]: ((431, 575, 4), 991300, 3)
```

```
[ ]:
```