Supplementary Information

Associated factors to the consumption of non-nutritive sweeteners in the Mexican adult population

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Table S1. Questionnaire: Spanish version of the Healthy Eating Index (Índice de Alimentación Saludable)*

			e cereales y sus , pan de caja o b		tortilla de maíz,	
			ume verduras co ampiñones, cala			
Questions	3. ¿Con qué frecuencia consume frutas frescas como manzana, plátano, pera, guayaba, fresa, naranja, papaya, piña, etc.? NO aplica para jugos o aguas de sabor con fruta.					
	4. ¿Con qué frecuencia consume lácteos bajos en grasa como leche, yogurt quesos blancos (panela, requesón, fresco o cottage)?				leche, yogurt o	
Answers	Daily	3 or more times a week but not daily	1 or 2 times a week	Less than 1 time a week	Never or almost never	
Score	10	7.5	5	2.5	0	
Questions	5. ¿Con qué frecuencia consume carnes rojas no procesadas de res, ternera, cerdo o cordero?				de res, ternera,	
	6. ¿Con qué frecuencia consume leguminosas cocidas como frijoles, lentejas, habas, garbanzos, alubias, soya, etc.?					
Answers	Daily	3 or more times a week but not daily	1 or 2 times a week	Less than 1 time a week	Never or almost never	
Score	2.5	7.5	10	5	0	
			sume embutidos tocino, longaniza			
Questions	 8. ¿Con qué frecuencia consume postres y dulces como pan dulce, galleta caramelos, chocolate con azúcar, helados, etc.? 9. ¿Con qué frecuencia consume refrescos o bebidas con azúcar añadida com Coca-Cola, Pepsi, Jumex, Boing, etc.? 				dulce, galletas,	
					r añadida como	
Answers	Daily	3 or more times a week but not daily	1 or 2 times a week	Less than 1 time a week	Never or almost never	
Score	0	2.5	5	7.5	10	
Variety of diet	2 points are given for each "Daily" response to questions 1 to 4 and 1 point for each "1 or 2 times a week" response to questions 5 and 6.					
Interpretation			naire ranges from nanges (50 to 80 p			

^{*}Adapted from Norte Navarro AI, Ortiz Moncada R. [Spanish diet quality according to the healthy eating index]. Nutr Hosp. 2011;26(2):330–6. https://doi.org/10.3305/nh.2011.26.2.4630

Table S2. Questionnaire: Food Frequency Questionnaire adapted to products containing Non-Nutritive Sweeteners in the Mexican Market*

		uencia consume sob Sweet'N Low, etc.)?	ores de sustituto de	e azúcar (Splenda,
	tés industrializados	encia consume bebio s, botellas de agua c ton, Bonafont Levité	le sabor) como Coc	
		encia consume yogu sin azúcar de sabor,		
	4. ¿Con qué frecue O, D'Gari, Pronto,	encia consume gelati etc.)?	nas de caja versión	regular o light (Jell-
Questions	5. ¿Con qué frecuencia consume chicles o pastillas sin azúcar (T Clorets, Halls, Orbit, etc.)?			
	6. ¿Con qué frecue Zuko, Frutimax, etc	ncia consume sabor c.)?	izantes de agua en ¡	oolvo (Clight, Tang,
	mermelada, miel, o	uencia consume po caramelos, merengue car, jarabe Hershey's on't Worry, etc.?	es, etc.) como Turín	o Larín sin azúcar,
	8. ¿Con qué frecuencia consume cereales light o sin azúcar (avena er con sabor, granola, hot cakes, galletas) como Granvita 0% azúcar, (línea 0%, Stila, Taifeld's, Gamesa sin azúcar, etc.?			
Answers	Every day	At least once a week but not every day	At least once a month but not every week	Never or very few times a year
Score	3	2	1	0
Interpretation		the questionnaire ra		

^{*}Adapted from: Romo-Romo A, Almeda-Valdés P, Brito-Córdova GX, Gómez-Pérez FJ. [Prevalence of non-nutritive sweeteners consumption in a population of patients with diabetes in Mexico]. Gac Med Mex. 2017;153(1):61–74. Available from: https://www.medigraphic.com/pdfs/gaceta/gm-2017/gm171j.pdf

Table S3. Differences in the variables evaluated between tertiles of NNS consumption in health professionals. Mexico, November 2020-June 2021

	Tertile 1	Tertile 2	Tertile 3	P*
	(n= 632)	(n= 753)	(n= 595)	
Female sex, n (%)	523 (82.8%)	634 (84.2%)	498 (83.7%)	0.64
Age, years	31 [25-40]	30 [23-38]	31 [25-40]	< 0.01
Economic income, n (%)				0.06
Category 1 (Low)	263 (41.6%)	334 (44.4%)	225 (37.8%)	
Category 2	189 (29.9%)	222 (29.5%)	169 (28.4%)	
Category 3 (High)	180 (28.5%)	197 (26.2%)	201 (33.8%)	
Chronic diseases, n (%)	65 (10.3%) [°]	110 (14.6%)	92 (Ì5.5%)	< 0.01
Weight, kg	64.0 ± 12.8	66.9 ± 14.2	68.2 ± 14.0	< 0.01
BMI, kg/m ²	24.2 ± 4.0	25.1 ± 4.4	25.5 ± 4.4	<0.01
Smoking habit, n (%)	38 (6.0%)	72 (9.6%)	55 (9.2%)	0.03
Physical activity, METs-min/w	1,075 [396-2,116]	1,306 [462-2,520]	1,380 [462-2,652]	<0.01
Sedentarism, h/d	7 [5-10]	7 [5-9]	7 [5-9]	0.98
Physical activity level, n (%)				<0.01
Low	235 (37.2%)	226 (30.0%)	176 (29.6%)	
Moderate	193 (30.5%)	240 (31.9%)	173 (29.1%)	
High	204 (32.3%)	287 (38.1%)	246 (41.3%)	
Diet quality	71.2 ± 11.8	71.1 ± 11.5	73.8 ± 11.2	<0.01
Diet quality category, n (%)				0.01
Unhealthy	29 (4.6%)	32 (4.2%)	15 (2.5%)	
Needs changes	440 (69.6%)	539 (71.6%)	395 (66.4%)	
Healthy	163 (25.8%)	182 (24.2%)	185 (31.1%)	

NNS: non-nutritive sweeteners; BMI: body mass index; METs: metabolic equivalents of task. Values are means ± SDs or medians [IQRs] unless otherwise indicated. *Differences were evaluated with Pearson's Chi-square test for trend, one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) or Kruskal–Wallis test, as appropriate.

Table S4. Differences in the variables evaluated between tertiles of NNS consumption in general population. Mexico, November 2020-June 2021

	Tertile 1	Tertile 2	Tertile 3	P*
	(n= 1,094)	(n= 1,142)	(n= 822)	
Female sex, n (%)	913 (83.5%)	925 (81.0%)	635 (77.3%)	<0.01
Age, years	31 [23-43]	28 [22-40]	32 [24-44]	<0.01
Economic income, n (%)				<0.01
Category 1 (Low)	626 (57.2%)	612 (53.6%)	341 (41.5%)	
Category 2	247 (22.6%)	287 (25.1%)	225 (27.4%)	
Category 3 (High)	221 (20.2%)	243 (21.3%)	256 (31.1%)	
Chronic diseases, n (%)	142 (13.0%)	165 (14.4%)	169 (20.6%)	< 0.01
Weight, kg	65.9 ± 14.5	67.7 ± 15.4	71.2 ± 15.7	< 0.01
BMI, kg/m ²	24.9 ± 4.7	25.4 ± 4.8	26.3 ± 5.0	<0.01
Smoking habit, n (%)	143 (8.3%)	196 (10.3%)	182 (12.8%)	<0.01
Physical activity, METs-min/w	960 [291-2,312]	973 [297-2,118]	1,207 [396-2,565]	< 0.01
Sedentarism, h/d	7 [5-10]	7 [5-10]	7 [5-10]	0.43
Physical activity level, n (%)				< 0.01
Low	422 (38.6%)	425 (37.2%)	274 (33.3%)	
Moderate	329 (30.1%)	356 (31.2%)	226 (27.5%)	
High	343 (31.3%)	361 (31.6%)	322 (39.2%)	
Diet quality	67.6 ± 10.7	67.3 ± 11.4	$68.\hat{0} \pm 11.\hat{5}$	0.03
Diet quality category, n (%)				0.01
Unhealthy	57 (5.2%)	86 (7.6%)	44 (5.4%)	
Needs changes	905 (82.7%)	907 (79.4%)	647 (78.7%)	
Healthy	132 (12.1%)	149 (13.0%)	131 (15.9%)	

NNS: non-nutritive sweeteners; BMI: body mass index; METs: metabolic equivalents of task. Values are means ± SDs or medians [IQRs] unless otherwise indicated. *Differences were evaluated with Pearson's Chi-square test for trend, one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) or Kruskal–Wallis test, as appropriate.