# Threading and Multiprocessing

Advanced Python Programming

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## Why bothering with threading / multiprocessing?

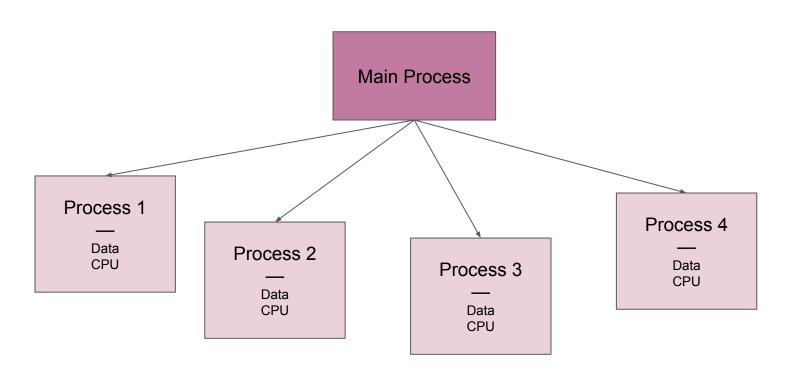
## Why bothering with threading / multiprocessing?

## To run our programmes faster

#### What's a process?

- Execution environment for a programme
- A programme can be run in *parallel* in multiple processes
- Each process has different data and computer resources

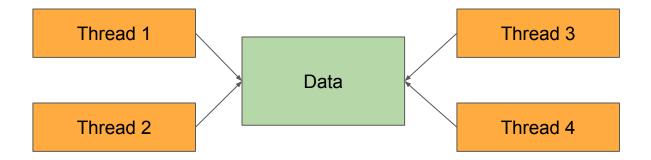
## Multiprocessing



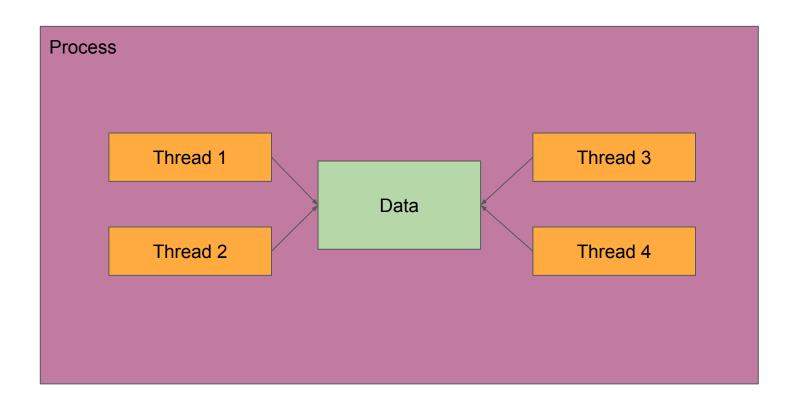
#### What's a thread?

- Unit of execution in a process
- A process can have multiple threads (*concurrency*)
- Threads in a process share data and CPU

## Multithreading



### Multithreading



#### Global Interpreter Lock (GIL)

- Process lock
- GIL prevents multiple threads from executing simultaneously
- Multiple threads can run concurrently
- GIL enforces threads are executed serially

#### Multiprocessing vs threads

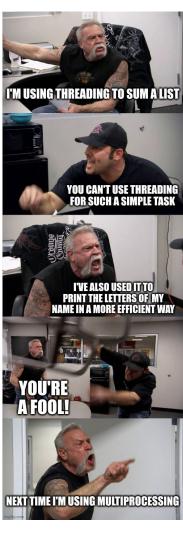


#### Multiprocessing pros and cons

- +
- Significant performance boost
- Make the most out of your multi-core CPU
- -
- Significant overhead to manage processes
- Entire memory copied in each subprocess

#### Threads pros and cons

- +
- Run tasks concurrently
- Don't be blocked by slow tasks (e.g., I/O)
- -
- Increase complexity of the programme
- Overhead to manage threads



#### Use cases

#### Multiprocessing

- CPU bound tasks
  - o Crunching data
  - Data preprocessing
  - 0 ...

#### Threading

- I/O
- Network access
- GUI
- Audio programming